

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1886.

## BULLETS IN THE AIR.

### A FUSILADE IN THE STREETS OF JACKSONVILLE.

A Negro Thief From Atlanta the Center of a Florida Sensation—He Shoots a Policeman and Narrowly Escapes Being Killed Himself.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 15.—The Herald this evening says: For some time past a negro sneak thief named John Williams, from Atlanta, Ga., has been in this city committing depredations of various kinds. Among his numerous victims was S. Ritzeviller, who lost considerable of his goods from his store on Bay street. This man Williams was suspected, but for the past few days had been keeping himself hid. Orders had been given the police to arrest Williams on sight, and yesterday Mr. Smith, one of Ritzeviller's clerks, spying Williams attempted to arrest him, but Williams pulled a pistol and skipped out of sight, defying Mr. Smith to follow him. To-day at about 12:30 o'clock, policeman Lenhart saw Williams on Adams street, near Laura, and was about to nab him, when he ran. The policeman ordered him to halt and threatened to shoot him if he did not stop, whereupon the negro deliberately turned around and fired two shots at the officer. At the second report the policeman put both hands on his stomach and reeled as if about to fall.

All this happened nearly in front of the Club House, where the negro was first seen. Attracted by the shooting, Capt. W. C. Cooper, who was inside the Club House, immediately rushed out, and seeing the fleeing darkey kept up the pursuit.

On his way some one put a revolver into his hand. The negro kept running, notwithstanding the calls to halt. They proceeded west on Adams street, Capt. Cooper and a crowd keeping close behind the fleeing darkey. The crowd grew larger every minute. Soon a number of men in buggies joined in the chase and all was a scene of wild excitement. The pursuers began to fire their pistols at the fugitive, and he would wheel and return the fire as he ran. Finally, near Cedar and Adams streets, a shot in the head from a pistol brought the negro to the ground, and he was immediately secured by strong arms.

Sheriff Holland appeared and took charge of the coon, who was bleeding profusely. Not knowing how badly he was hurt, the sheriff got a buggy, and putting him into the vehicle, drove to the city jail, but found that he was not seriously wounded, only his scalp being injured.

While the doctors were examining Williams' wounds, Policeman Lenhart made his appearance at the jail and stated that he was not hurt severely, although he had been hit twice. On examining him it was found that one ball had entered his body below the waist and striking a rib, glanced out again, making but a slight flesh wound.

The chasing of the darkey and yelling at him to stop, and the chorus of pistol shots brought everybody in the neighborhood where it occurred into the street. Women were screaming, men were throwing themselves around loose and endeavoring to assist the officials and dodge a stray bullet. Vehicles were colliding, overturning, drivers whooping and yelling.

Captain Cooper made a very narrow escape. His coat was penetrated by two bullets, and once while close on to the negro dodged behind a tree and "saved his bacon" as the darkey's pistol fired.

No one was seriously hurt, but such crowds and confusion has not been seen in this city since the day the Federal gunboats began to shell the town, twenty-three years ago.

## AUGUSTA LETTER.

An Entertaining Account of Social Events in the Fountain City—Society Gossip, Personal Notes, Etc. From Our Regular Correspondent.

Mrs. S. A. Chapin, of Carolina, lectured to a large and enthusiastic audience at Masonic Hall, Sat. day afternoon, at the memorial service of her personal friend, the late John B. Gough, the noted temperance advocate. Mrs. Chapin is a graceful, fluent talker, who commands the attention of her hearers, and is devoting her time and energies entirely in the cause of temperance. One of the songs sung was the hymn, "Thy Will Be Done." It was sung at the funeral of Mr. Gough, whose last words were, "Young man, keep your record clear."

"St. Patrick's day in the morning" will be celebrated at the new hall of Richmond No. 7. Mr. John Armstrong, who has recently returned from Ireland and a visit to Farnell, will deliver an address to the lovers of the "Shamrock."

At the Tenorsonian entertainment of the Lucy Cobb Institute, in Athens, Miss Lizzie Alexander, of this city, was highly complimented on her rendition of a poem entitled, "Vas Bender Heaped."

Miss Adella Myers, an accomplished young lady, has returned from a delightful visit to her family. Mrs. S. C. Walton accompanies her home, and will remain a week in Augusta.

The Richmond Hussars were out yesterday to attend the funeral of their late comrade, Mr. Frank Beall. He was buried at Aberdeen church, in Columbia county.

Miss Waleka Wendenburg, who has been visiting the family of Captain Greulich, at the Arsenal, on the Hill, has returned to her home in Richmond.

Mr. Ed Barrett, the handsome and popular representative of the Chronicle in Athens, last week, was cordially welcomed among his old friends.

Rev. Chauncy Williams will lecture on the "Three Temptations," every Thursday during Lent. Young people are cordially invited to attend.

The funeral of Miss Maria Sedgwick was largely attended from the cemetery chapel, Saturday afternoon. She died in Aiken, S. C.

Miss Susie Story, a pretty and charming young lady from Hepzibah, Ga., is spending this week with Miss Annie Lizzie Ramey.

Revival services in the Christian church this week are conducted by the pastor, Mr. Lucas, assisted by Elder P. S. Rhodes.

Rev. Walter Dye preached his first sermon at the "Church of the Atonement" last Sabbath to a large congregation.

Mr. Frank Foster left yesterday for Hot Springs, Arkansas. He will join there his friend Mr. Nat Seale.

Miss Adelle Wadley is spending a charming visit with her cousin, Miss Lida Wadley, on the Hill.

Miss Ella Alexander has returned from Washington, to the delight of her many admirers.

Friends will regret to learn of the serious illness of Mrs. S. Allen and Mr. Jim Bailey.

Mrs. Wilberforce Daniels has returned from the Mardi Gras in New Orleans.

Miss Lula Byne, from Hepzibah, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. S. Houston. NIMRO.

## MEETING OF THE PHYSICIANS

Of Atlanta—Tribute to Dr. J. J. Caldwell.

At a meeting of the physicians of this city, held at the Young men's Library, Tuesday morning, the 16th, at 9 o'clock, Dr. T. J. Word was called to the chair and Dr. E. Van Goldsboro requested to act as secretary.

The chairman stated that the object of the meeting was to take some action in regard to the death of Dr. J. J. Caldwell, an old and esteemed medical brother of this city. Whereupon a committee consisting of the following persons, to-wit: Dr. R. C. Word, Dr. E. L. Connally, Dr. E. J. Roach, Dr. Stainback Wilson, Dr. J. W. Duncan, Dr. R. D. Divise, and Dr. J. S. Todd was appointed to draw up suitable resolutions expressive of the views and feelings of this meeting in regard to the sad event.

The committee after brief consultation reported as follows: WHEREAS, Dr. J. J. Caldwell, our old and highly esteemed friend and brother, departed this life on Sunday last, the 14th of March, 1886, at his residence in this city; and whereas, he was eminent and beloved in the profession, a worthy citizen, and an upright, consistent Christian man; therefore,

Resolved, That his presence as a citizen and friend and his valuable services as a physician will be greatly missed, and his departure deeply deplored by numerous friends in this their time of sore bereavement and sorrow.

Resolved, That we extend to the immediate relatives and friends of the deceased our heartfelt sympathy and condolence in this their time of sore bereavement and sorrow.

Resolved further, That these resolutions be published in the city papers and that copies of the same be furnished the family of the deceased.

On motion the above was unanimously adopted.

## JAY GOULD TALKS.

### THE RAILROAD KING GIVES HIS VERSION OF THE STRIKE.

Interview With General Master Workmen Powderly—Gould Claims There Is No Cause for the Trouble—Action of the Courts, Etc., Etc.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 17.—In an interview had by a press correspondent with Mr. Jay Gould regarding the extensive strike on the Gould Southwestern system and the Missouri Pacific he said: "I first learned of the strike while at Havana, and have been advised by telegraph of the character of the trouble more particularly since my arrival here. The strike on our system was a complete surprise to me for two reasons: first, we had acceded to all the demands which had been made upon us by our employees, and were supposed to be working in harmony with them; second, the present strike is made up on an issue with which we have nothing to do, and which we cannot possibly arbitrate or control."

"The present strike," he continued, "originated in the discharge of an employee named Hall, on the Texas and Pacific, which road is in the hands of the United States court. We have no more right to attempt to control the working of that system than the workmen themselves, and could be as completely in an attempt to do so as any other outsider."

Regarding another aspect of the strike, Mr. Gould said: "The public may not be aware of it, but the same issue was raised when some men were discharged on the Wabash railway at a time when it was in the control of the United States Court. Mr. Powderly, chief of the executive committee of the Knights of Labor, called upon me to secure the reinstatement of these men. The subject was then fully discussed, and I told Mr. Powderly that I had no power in the matter, not even an advisory one without a request from the court."

"At that interview I told Mr. Powderly that if any grievances existed among our men, if he would bring to our attention we would endeavor to right them. We recognized the necessity of remaining on good terms with our people, to whom one-half the earnings of the road go yearly. The present strike came without notice, and not in consequence of any grievance cited against us, and in view of my interview with Mr. Powderly, whom I believed to be a fair-minded man, was all the more surprising to me."

As to the future Mr. Gould said: "I am advised that great numbers of the strikers are not in sympathy with the movement, and will return to work as soon as assured protection by the civil authorities. It is our intention to resume operations as fast and as soon as the protection is afforded."

In conclusion, he declared that he did not care to discuss the features of the strike, beyond the statement that the company could not possibly join hands with the Knights of Labor against the United States supreme court in their war on another system, which he asserted the present strike involved.

## Washington Notes.

Special to ATLANTA JOURNAL.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The Chaplain of the House should inform himself beforehand. The other day, when Congressman Hahn died, in opening the session he prayed very tenderly and feelingly for the bereaved wife and children of the member who had been so suddenly taken away by death. Mr. Hahn was a bachelor!

Mr. Hammond says the Lowell bankruptcy bill, with some modifications, will be reported to the House to-morrow. There will be considerable opposition to it, and its passage is considered doubtful.

Not less than twenty Senators have applied for the floor on the issue with the administration. The debate promises to be as long as that on the educational bill, and a good deal more interesting.

The Pension Bureau investigation was resumed to-day. Commissioner Black bids fair to make good his charges of political activity made against Colonel Dudley, his predecessor.

## The Elizabeth Lockout.

ELIZABETH, N. J., March 17.—The big lockout of 600 employees at the Cordage Works is the absorbing topic in Elizabeth. Great sympathy is felt for the men. Public opinion is strongly against Manager Fulton, who is severely censured for forcing an issue by giving the men their option of being discharged or signing what is considered on all sides as a most tyrannical agreement. The employees have resolved to keep out of saloons and abstain from riotous demonstrations until the difficulty is settled. An in-presentation prevails that a majority of the workmen are members of the Knights of Labor. Such is the case, however, if any, belonging to the order. It is asserted that a combination of rope-makers has been formed to control the market, and that this, not competition, is the cause of the rope machinery being idle. It is stated the Elizabeth rope men have been