THE JOHN DAUGHARTY FAMILY

In compiling our (Daughtry) family history, we initially intended to confine it very closely to 'our' spelling, with slight variants, thinking the Dougherty and Daugharty families were really not close 'kins-folk', but we soon learned to be not so sure of this. Therefore, we became intrigued with the Daughartys when we bumped into them living just across the 15 Mile Creek in Bulloch County in the early 1800's. Our ancestor (Jacob Daughtry) and his children were on the Emanuel County side of the creek (the creek was the line). The Daugharty family soon left, but the fact they were there prompted much conjecture as to possible inter-family relationships, and resulted in considerable research of the idea.

The fact that the Daughartys for the most part have retained this spelling of the name, are (like Daughtry) one of the smaller clans, and went on to settle one of our favorite areas in South Georgia and North Florida, encouraged us to explore and present what we could of their family history.

We have made considerable effort to document the story of the earliest Daughartys, but there are very few 'tracks'. We have therefore had to rely largely, and with respect to the more contemporary descendants, almost completely on information from contributors. No doubt a few inadvertent errors, and many omissions will be detected. We invite any corrections or additions.

The earliest ancestor of this family about whom we find some documented facts is:

1. John Daugharty. (born______, died ca. 1795). Married Judith_

We do not know the year or the circumstances of his birth in or possible immigration to the British Colonies in North America.

It seems likely that he came as a child with or was born to a family of Doughartys who immigrated to the South Carolina Colony in the early 1700's, coming from Ireland as Protestant refugees or indentured persons seeking opportunity and freedom to make a new and better life for themselves. There are numerous records available including printed lists of immigrants, in which some Dougharty names appear, however, these lists are by no means complete, especially as regards passengers prior to about 1800.

This ancestor is believed to have been an adult and in the Camden, S.C. area by 1759, as we find that one John Doughaty (or Dougherty) "served" as a private in the Cherokee War (1759-60) under Col. Richard Richardson whose men were mainly from old Camden District of Craven County, and some men from the Western area of Williamsburg County".

We do find the will³ of one John Dougherty, signed by him 1 February 1788; in Richland County, S. Carolina, and filed for probate in February 1795 in Kershaw County, Camden District, S. Carolina. John Dougherty's will named his wife Judith, sons John, Dennis, and Samuel, and daughters Margaret (Perry) and Mary (Dukes) as beneficiaries. The estate documents as well as the will itself shows his name variously as Doharty, Dougharty, and Dougherty.

Camden is the county seat of Kershaw County in South Carolina. This is an area in which there was much settlement by the immigrants as well as migrants from the more northern colonies in the 1700's, and was the scene of considerable fighting during the Revolutionary War period. History tells us there were many 'Tories' in this area, and the general swing to the Revolutionary cause did not occur until the War was almost over.

For the sake of simplicity, we will henceforth show the name as Daugharty, as we find it most frequently today in this line; however, as stated before, we found it spelled variously as Doharty, Dougharty and Dougherty, but know it applied to the same person or persons. As with other families who have the same problem (of spelling) many of our ancestors were illiterate, or nearly so, and their names are therefore spelled as some government or military official, or census-taker thought it should be.

This John Daugharty as shown by his will, therefore was father of another John⁽²⁾ as well as Samuel⁽³⁾, Dennis⁽⁴⁾, and two daughters, Margaret⁽⁵⁾ and Mary⁽⁶⁾.

We find records of land grants to John Daugharty in South Carolina as follows (and there are others):

3 April 1764: Colonial (Crown) grant of 100 acres on Wateree River, Craven County, S.C. (Ref: Royal Land Grants, Vol III, p82, S.C. State Archives, Columbia).

19 March 1773: Colonial (Crown) grant of 100 acres in Camden District on Rise Creek and the Twenty-Five Mile Creek (Ref: Royal Land Grants, Vol 28, p486, S.C. State Archives, Columbia).

We find at least two records of Revolutionary War service in the South Carolina militia, one for a John Dougherty, and one for a John Dougharty. It is difficult — nay, impossible to be certain; however we believe that one is for service of the father and the other for the son John:

John Dougherty — there is record⁴ dated 27 Sept 1779 of an account due him for 110 days militia duty as private in 1779; the amount due being seven pounds, seventeen shillings, one penny and a half-penny sterling.

Attached to above we find an authorization dated 14 February 1791 by John Dougherty in which he asks the Commissioner of the Treasury Dept at Columbia (S.C.) to "please deliver my publick indent an also the interst thereof to James Craig to bring to me and this receipt to you shall be a discharge for the same. Your Commissioner will oblige Sir. I am very feeble now". Signed by John Dougherty (his mark).

It appears likely to us that the above service record belongs to John Dougherty the father who died a few years later (1795) in Kershaw County.

2. John Dougharty (John¹) (born ca. 1740, died ca. 1817-19): This service record⁴ we believe to be that of the son John who later went to Georgia. This record is for "31 days duty under command of Capt James Gore, as a horseman at 20 p. pr. day, sterling". Certified by James Gore, Capt., 24 April 1781. This is in the form of an account of the State of South Carolina to John Dougharty, furnished him on that date, to which he referred in an affidavit before a J.P. on 10 January 1784, in which he stated that no part of the account had been paid. This John Dougharty on 17 May 1785 authorized⁴ one Thomas

Lehre to go (apparently to the State Treasury Office in either Charleston or Columbia) and receive for him an Indented Certificate for the amount due. This 'Indent' was an obligation of the State; it provided for annual interest, and was due to mature 14 April 1787. It provided also that it was negotiable as payment for purchase of confiscated property at any public sale (presumably of land). The records show that the same Thomas Lehre was authorized by John to collect the 'Indent' and thereafter for several years the annual interest payments as well.

On 21 January, 1785, John Doharty received grant of 100 acres in Camden District, S.C.' on Welches Fork the Waters of Sandy River'. We are inclined to think this was the son John Daugharty, as his authorization of Thomas Lehre 17 May 1785 bore that date and named 'Sandy River' as the place of penning the document.

As to 'what happened' with the ancestor John Dougherty's children, Samuel, Dennis, Margaret, and Mary, after his death in 1795, we have not learned at this writing. The South Carolina State Census of 1790 shows three John Doughertys in Camden District (one in Richland County and two in York County) and a James Dougherty in Ninety-Six District, Greenville County but no Samuel or Dennis.

We find that the other son, John Daugharty(2) came to Georgia sometime before 1796, with his wife (whose name is in doubt). His only known son at that time, (Dempsey)(7) and Mary, his wife had (we believe) already come to the Effingham⁶ and Screven County area, to a section which was 'cut' into Bulloch County in 1796.

Documentation of his life after coming to Georgia is meager, due to unfortunate circumstances such as the destruction by fire of census, land and estate records, as well as negligence and indifference to establishing and caring for records and books, such as books of account, and particularly family Bibles, used by many pioneer families to record birth, deaths and marriages.

We do find some of his 'tracks', to wit:

Granted 200 acres of pineland in Bulloch County 'on the 15 Mile Creek above the old Indian Ford, bounded N.W. by said creek on all other sides by vacant land'. The warrant dated 16 May 1799, surveyed the 28th August, 1799, advertised the 27th September, 1799 and, we believe from a later document, granted 8 November 1799.

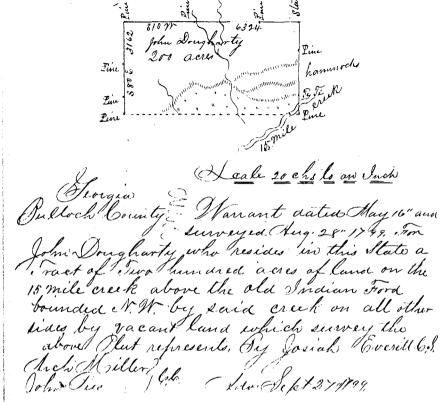
Granted 200 acres in Bulloch County on the 15 Mile Creek, bounded by own land, all other sides by vacant land. Warrant dated 12 May, 1800, surveyed 7 June, 1800, adv. 16 June 1800. This document shows 'Demcy

Doughtry', his son as one of two chain-carriers on the survey.

28 June, 1800: Witnessed the will of Henry Parrish, pioneer and founder of a family which flourished and spread over Georgia, largely in the wiregrass' area of South Georgia, and whose descendants are a credit to him. Another witness to the will was Jacob Mincey, who married Abigail Daughtry, dau. of Michael. (See the Michael Dougherty line).

1804 - Granted⁸ 200 Acres in Bulloch County.

1804 - Witnessed a document in Bulloch County by William Holloway concerning heirs of John Gay.



Warrant for Land Grant of 200 Acres, State of Georgia, Bulloch County, in 1799 to John Daugharty (2)

1805 - As resident of Bulloch County, drew 2 'blanks' in the 1805 Georgia Land Lottery.

20 July 1809 - Warrant for 300 acres in Montgomery County on Mile Creek at the Ohoopee River, bounded all sides by vacant land.

5 May, 1812 - listed and advertised as property tax defaulter⁹ in Bulloch County (with many others); the sale date of lands, scheduled for September. 1813. The outcome of this we have not as yet determined.

1815 and 1816 - the Tattnall County tax digest shows John Daugharty with 200 acres in the 'Altamahaw River swamps' area of Tattnall County, McElvey's district. The tract is shown to have been obtained from a 'Sikes'.

1812 - is believed to have moved to Montgomery County perhaps as early as 1805, later 'cut' into or removed to Tattnall County; his son Dempsey and family also moved there later.

13 December, 1816 - granted 300 acres in Montgomery County (presumably the same land for which he received warrant in 1809). It was common practice in those days for people to obtain warrants for land, perhaps never

mile breek Two hundred acres of land on the Plat represents

Warrant for Land Grant of 200 Acres, State of Georgia, Bulloch County, in 1800 to John Doughtry (2)

survey it, or survey it, and sell the rights to it, or the grant if obtained, to others and never see the land. In this case, John probably (in his old age) decided to obtain the grant, and sell the land, although no deed record is found.

1817 - again John Daugharty appears on the Tattnall tax digest, with the same 200 acres from a 'Sikes', and the other a 300 acre tract which came from 'Daugarty'. Most likely the 300 acres is that granted John orginally in Montgomery County.

1817-1819 - believed to have deceased in Tattnall County (this based on information from his descendants). Among these are Harvey M. Burnette, who was admitted 9 June 1953 to membership in the Sons of the American Revolution on the basis of John's Revolutionary War service. His national number is 76565, and he became a member of the Wiregrass Chapter, S.A.R. At the present writing, we are not aware of a known grave site for John and/or his family.

As to who was John's wife and mother of his children, and surviving widow, we find conflicting information: the 1820¹⁰ Tattnall County census records one Nancy Daugharty as head of household, with her age being 27-45, and in the household are two children, one male and one female, both under 10 years of age. As she is the only female Daugharty head of household of record in the entire State of Georgia that year, it is easy to assume that she was John's widow. If she was as much as 45 years of age, this would permit her being Dempsey's mother. At the same time we must consider that John was at least 65 years old or older in 1819, and the two small children's births would have occurred 15 or more years after that of other son Dennis (9), at an age between 55 and 60.

Also, in re: Nancy, we find that she drew a lot of 250 acres in Rabun County in the 1820 Georgia Land Lottery; she is listed as resident of Tattnall County, McKinnes District. In 1821, on the Tattnall County tax digest, she is listed as owning no land in Tattnall, but had 250 acres in Rabun County; the return was made in her behalf by William M. Stewart, agent. She was listed as resident of McKinnes District.

To complicate this further, we find record of a land¹¹ sale by one Daniel Daugharty in Tattnall County in 1810, but no further record of who he was or what happened to him. A later search finds him on the Tattnall County tax digest in 1809 where he owned 202½ acres in Laurens County and 419(?) acres in Tattnall County. The thought occurs that Nancy was his widow rather than John's.

Yet another fact to consider is the record of a marriage¹² in Montgomery County on 19 May 1810, of one John Doughtry and Lettis Cooks, and the fact that John is believed to have been living in this County at that time. We do not find record of another John D. anywhere in the area. Neither do we find subsequent record of a Lettis Doughtry or Daugharty.

Also, though as yet we have no proof of this Dennis being Nancy Daugharty's male child under 10 found on the 1820 Tattnall census, we find on the 1840 Monroe¹³ County, Georgia census:

Dennis Dortry	age 20-30
Female in household	age 20-30
1 female in household	under age 5
2 males in household	under age 5

Again, on the 1850¹⁴ Carroll County census (very close to Monroe County) we find:

Dennis Dougherty	age 37, Farmer (b.1813, Georgia)
Eleanor	age 37
Frances	age 14
Charles	age 12
Robert A.	age 10
Martha	age 5

Time limitations have prevented our further research of this family, but we think there is a probable relationship here that merits further investigation. After many hours of serious reflection on and consideration of the known facts, one of which is that these Daughartys are the only ones we can document in Georgia in this time frame, we believe that John Daugharty (2) who deceased in Tattnall County ca. 1817-19, was at the time of his death with a second wife (Lettis Cooks) and that he had fathered by his first wife (unknown) at least three male children, who were in order of their birth Dempsey(7), Daniel(8) and Dennis(9), and that Nancy Dougherty was Daniel's widow. It appears very likely to us that the Dennis Dougherty on 1840 and 1850 census was Daniel and Nancy's child and that he was named after his uncle, Daniel's brother.

This, then, is our 'scenario' for the John Daugharty family in Georgia. As previously stated, we invite any documentation or other valid evidence which would either support or correct our conclusions.

The most valuable sources of information about the children (Dempsey, Daniel, and Dennis) of John Daugharty have been the family charts and letters from his descendants, two or three sketches in Folks Huxford's "Pioneers of Wiregrass Georgia", and census data.

7. Dempsey Daugharty(John², John¹) born ca. 1777 in South Carolina, died ca. 1848-50 in Hamilton or Columbia County, Florida, married Mary (Mollie) Pierce (or Pearce) born ca. 1780, died ca. 1861. Dempsey Daugharty is believed to have moved from South Carolina to the Effingham/Screven County, Georgia area about 1794, and was either already married or married shortly after their arrival in Georgia.

We are able to follow Dempsey Daugharty fairly well from extant records

some of which find him:

4 June 1800: As chain carrier on survey of land granted John, his father, on 15 Mile Creek, Bulloch County.

27 June 1804: Commissioned Captain, Militia, 58th District Bulloch

County.

13 December 1809: again commissioned; same as above, 58th District Bulloch County. This area was 'cut' into Emanuel County in 1812.

1810: moved to Pulaski County for a short while.

- 11 January 1811: commissioned Justice of Peace, Pulaski County.
- 1814: moved to Tattnall County, where John, his father and family had already gone.

1819: moved across the Altamaha River and settled in the new County of

Appling.

1820: The Appling15 County (Ga) census shows:

Demcy Dortrey as head of household, male, age 27-45 (b.ca.1777)

1 male under 10

1 female 27-45 1 male 16-18 1 female 17-26 1 male 19-26

1820:drew¹⁶ a lot in 2nd G.M.D., land lot #200, Sect. 2, Irwin County, in the 1820 Georgia Land Lottery. Was resident of Appling at the time.

1825: his home site in Appling County was 'cut' into the new County of Ware.

1828-1830: Served as Justice of Peace in the 719th District, Ware County (later 'cut' into Clinch and Echols Counties). The Daugharty home place was on Suwannochee Creek in present day Clinch County.

1830: The Ware¹⁷ County census shows Dempsy Daugharty as head of the

household, age 50-60 (b.ca. 1777) and

1 male 10-15 1 male 15-20

1 female 30-40

If the census age of the female is correct, a question arises as to where Dempsey's wife Mary was, as she was older, and if there is one age 30-40, who is she?

ca.1840: moved to Florida, where he spent his last years in Hamilton and Columbia County, dying there about 1848-1850.

Dempsey Daugharty was a remarkable man in his time, if we are to believe what we read and hear about him. In the section "Our Column in History", a feature of the Clinch County 'News', Homerville, Georgia, issue of 8 January 1932, is found the following account of this family:

"We are informed that Dempsey Daugharty was the first of his name in the country - that he came from Ireland. Better known as "Demps" Daugharty, he was known throughout this section as much of a man, physically, and was the champion in many community fights nowadays taken place by boxing. He was the "bully", as they called them, and short of build and rather "stocky" and somewhat bow-legged, he had a pugilistic nature. He was a man of strong build and "whipped" everyone coming up against him.

"Demps Daugharty lived in the days of "bullies", when it was considered quite the thing to be strong, brawny, pugilistic and capable of whipping anybody in the community in fair fight. They never fought in unfair (one line illegible) . . . were sure to put an end to it quickly and the one attempting it was punished. After the bout was over the fighters would rise and generally after a handshake and a drink together, would "part as good friends as ever".

"Thus it was that at a community gathering of some kind - probably a logrolling at a neighbor's house on or near Suwannochee Creek some few miles south of where Dupont now is, that Demps Daugharty told a stranger that he was the "bully" and he offered a bout. The stranger, unknown to any of them, had been treated hospitably during the day, and had engaged in fights with several others who were present and had whipped them. Rather reticent and apparently timid about fighting Demps Daugharty the latter, in contrast, was outwardly bold and inwardly sure, but after a few minutes of fair fighting Demps Daugharty called out he was whipped, and up they got, shook hands, took a drink, and the stranger remarked "I've walked a hundred miles to see Demps Daugharty and get a chance to try him- and now I'm satisfied. Goodday!" Away he walked with his shoes slung over his shoulders without (line illegible) rather outdone and completely vanquished, and didn't "banter" strangers any more after that!

"The above story, told by the late Rev. George W. Newbern (died 1892) who was a witness to the affair, identified Demps Daugharty as the "bully" to later generations. There is not a man living so far as known who remembers this pioneer champion.

"Dempsey Daugharty lived the simple life of a frontiersman - hunting, fishing, farming. We are not advised where he came to when he came to this country but evidently it was to Savannah or Charleston. We find where he was captain of the Militia in the 58th district of Emanuel County from 1804 to 1805, being commissioned June 27, 1804. Again, on Dec. 13, 1809, he was commissioned captain of an unnamed district in Emanuel County, Thomas Baggett being commissioned Ensign in the same district at the same time. The next reference we have of Dempsey Daugharty on the public records now existent, is that where he was commissioned justice of peace of the 719th district of Ware County, Nov. 11, 1828. He served as such one year. This district is now in the Eastern part of Echols County, but in those days covered the entire Southern end of what is now Clinch County."

One or two paragraphs further in this article we find:

"The records of Union Primitive Baptist Church show that Mary Daugharty (spelled "Darity") was baptized into its membership Aug. 10, 1839.

"The deed records of Clinch county shows that Mary Daugharty (spelled Darity) owned two lots of land, Nos. 156 and 157 in the 12th district. These two lots are near Thelma, and the public road from Homerville to Thelma runs through No. 156. It was on this lot that the family lived so it is said The other lot, No. 157, was granted by her from the state and conveyed to John Tomlinson April 6, 1840, witnesses Benjamin Cornelius and David Register, J.P."

According to the 1820 (Appling)¹⁵ and 1830 (Ware)¹⁷ County Census data, Dempsey Daugharty had male and female children (or members of household) for which we have no names or further documentation. The known descendants of Dempsey Daugharty (7) (John,² John¹) and wife Mary are:

10. James Daugharty, born ca. 1800 in Bulloch County, died 1878, married (#1) Nancy Bassett, daughter of Elias, born ca. 1803, died 1845; married (#2) Sarah J. Pease born ca. 1818, died ________. James Daugharty was born most likely in Bulloch County, Georgia about 1800. He was reared to manhood on what was then the Indian frontier, and reputed to have been a strong and sturdy man. He is believed to have married his first wife, Nancy Bassett in Appling County about 1825 and lived there until about 1829, when he and his family moved to Hamilton County, Florida. A few years later they returned to Georgia and are found (1840 census) in Ware¹⁷ County at a farmstead on Suwannoochee Creek which is present day Clinch County, a few miles South of Dupont. As a soldier under Capt. John J. Johnson, 2nd Regiment East Florida Volunteers, June 16 to Dec. 18, 1837; also as 1st Corporal under Capt. Jonathan Knight, in the Lowndes County Militia, 1840, he fought in the Indian uprisings of 1837-1840 in South Georgia and North Florida. His first wife died about 1845; he reputedly continued to live on his farm a few years, and

then moved to Columbia County, Florida. There he married his second wife, Sarah J. Pease, and fathered one more child. He is buried on his old-home place seven miles East of Glen. St. Mary in Baker County, Florida in an unmarked grave.

Children of James Daugharty (Dempsey⁷, John², John¹) and first wife Nancy Bassett:

11. Sarah 'Sallie' Daugharty, born 19 March, 1825 in Appling County, died 26 October 1894 in Nassau County, Fla., married 26 July 1843 in Ware County to Levin Tomlinson, born 11 April, 1818 in Bulloch County, Ga, son of William and Nancy Register Tomlinson. He was reared in Appling, Irwin, and Lanier Counties, died March, 1883 in Nassau County, Fla.

We find in "Pioneers of Wiregrass Georgia" by Folks Huxford, in Vol. 7,

Page 418-19, the following account:

"Mr. Tomlinson served four enlistments in the Indian War as follows: Private in Capt. John J. Johnson's Company, Florida Militia, June 16 to Dec. 18, 1837; private in Capt. David Johnson's Company, Ware County Militia, Nov. 1st to Dec 31, 1839; served as Livingston Tomlinson and as a

Militia, Nov. 1st to Dec 31, 1839; served as Livingston Tomlinson and as a private in Capt. Jonathan Knight's Company, Georgia Militia, Aug. 18th to Sept. 22, 1840; private in Capt. John J. Johnson's Company, Georgia Militia, Aug. 23rd. to Oct. 18, 1840. (Note: The overlapping of service is not

explained in the official rolls of the last two enlistments).

A few years later, Mr. Tomlinson sold out his holdings in Ware (now Clinch) County, and moved to Columbia County, Fla., apparently moving at or about the same time his wife's father and family moved there. In the latter 1850's he moved to Charlton County, Ga. and settled in the "Big Bend" of the St. Marys River, just across the river from Nassau County, Fla. By 1870 he had moved across the river into Nassau County, where he bought a farm near the river and lived until his death, March 8, 1883 (his tombstone gives the date as March 29 1883). His widow died Oct. 26, 1894. They were buried in a small family burying-ground on his homeplace and within sight of the river; graves are marked.

The widow applied for an Indian War widow's pension following the Act of Congress in 1892 granting such pensions; her application made in Nassau County, Fla. Jan 14, 1893, gives the date and place of their marriage, deathdate of her husband, and his service. She drew the pension until her death.

The census shows the Tomlinson's first two children were born in Georgia, the next eight in Florida, and last five in Georgia".

- 13. Elizabeth 'Bettie' Daugharty born 3 Dec. 1828, died 9 Sept. 1902 married Gideon Burnsed, who was killed in the War between the States. She is buried at Bethel (Bony Bluff) Church cemetery below Fargo, Georgia.

14. Francis Daugharty born 20 April 1830 in Hamilton County, Fla., died 1833 in Clinch County, Ga., married in 1855 to Emily Roberts, dau. of George. Emily born in 1832, Lowndes County, Ga., died 1907 in Clinch County. From the "Our Column in History" section of "The Clinch County News", Homerville, Ga. issue of 8 January, 1932, we quote the following:

"Born April 20, 1930, in what is now Clinch County (sic) Francis Daugharty spent his entire life in his native county. He was better know as

Frank Daugharty, and was the oldest son of James Daugharty.

"Frank Daugharty was known by everyone who knew him to be a man of the highest character. He was a man who lived at peace with the world, and looked after his own affairs. He and his good wife were counted among the very best of the County's families, and people never visited this part of the county without visiting Frank Daugharty and his hospitable home.

"When he was about 24 or 25 years old he married Emily, the daughter of George Roberts, an old pioneer and respectable citizen of Charlton County near the present station of Moniac. Francis and Emily Daugharty stamped the impress of their character indelibly in the minds and lives of

their children, and it has been with them all their lives since."

The article then names their children and spouses, etc, and continues: "Francis Daugharty died July 29, 1883 when he was only 53 years old. He was plowing one day, became too hot, knocked off plowing and went to Harper's Hammock and took a chill. Coming back home he went to his bed and died not long after of typhoid - pneumonia. The remains were buried at Bony Bluff or Bethel Church, and his estate was looked after by his oldest son George, and the property kept intact until all the children arrived of age. Mr. Daugharty and his wife were members of the Primitive Baptist Church at old Bethel or Bony Bluff. She united and was baptized Jan 15, 1882, and he followed on Feb 18, 1882, and was baptized into its membership which he retained at the time of his death.

"The old home place of Francis Daugharty was on lot of land 252 in the 13th District of Clinch County, which he acquired by purchase from Robert N. Brady before Brady was killed in 1874. The celebrated "Harper's Hammock" became his property also. The section was good for stockraising. Mr. Daugharty had a large stock of hogs and cows which thrived and which were rarely bothered by thieves as there were none in those days allowed to live in that immediate section. A dishonest man was not wanted and was told so. Mr. Daugharty generally sold over \$300 worth of hogs off the range every year, and the year he died he had marked over one hundred calves. The old home place is now owned by Mr. and Mrs. Rives, and the lot of land is traversed by the Suwannoochee River. In the days of Francis Daugharty, plenty of choice wild game abounded nearby and the river teemed with fish".

- 15. James Daugharty born 1833, never married, died as soldier in the War Between the States.
- 16. William Daugharty born 1834, died_____, married Charlotte Driggers, dau. of Jonas.



Francis 'Frank' Daugharty
1830-1883

Emily Roberts,
Wife of Francis Daugharty
1832-1907

17. Nancy Daugharty born ca. 1835 in Appling or Ware County, died ca. 1919, married Ichabod Foreacres (or Fourakers), born ca. 1825, died ca. 1883. He was a son of Jesse and Nancy Padgett Fourakers of Camden County and he and Nancy Daugharty reputedly lived first in Florida for a few years, after which they returned to Clinch County, Ga. and reared 14 children.

18. Martha Daugharty, born 19 May 1842 in Appling County, Ga., died 12 Dec. 1920 near Howell, Echols County; married (#1) Samuel Tumblin, who was killed in the War Between the States. She remarried (#2) in Dec., 1870, this time to James Burnett, son of John and Sophia Harvey Burnett, and she and James had nine children. After Martha's death, he married Emily Zeigler, dau. of John D. We do not know more of her, but James Burnett died 5 Nov. 1935 in Echols County.

Children of James Daugharty (10) by his second wife Sarah J. Pease:

Children of Sarah 'Sallie' Daugharty (11) (James¹⁰, Dempsey', John², John¹) and Levin Tomlinson:

- 20. Nancy Rachel Tomlinson, born 1844 in Ware County, died Married Alex Swearingen.
- 21. Rebecca Tomlinson, born 1845 in Ware County, died married James W. Daugharty, a second cousin.
- 22. Elizabeth Tomlinson, born 1846 in Columbia County, Fla., died_____ married 18 Nov 1870 William Johnson.
- 23. William Tomlinson, born 1848 in Columbia County, Fla., died married Eliza Johnson, dau. of John J.
- 24. Martha Tomlinson, born 1850 in Columbia County, Fla., died ______, never married.
- 25. James J. Tomlinson, born 1851 in Columbia County, Fla., died ______, married(#1) Harriet Roberts, dau. of George, married(#2) Rachel Johnson 12 March 1879. She was a dau. of John J.
- 26. Harris Tomlinson, born 1852 in Columbia County, Fla., died married Amanda Johnson, dau. of John J.
- 27. John Tomlinson, born 1853 in Columbia County, Fla., died ______never married.
 - 28. Francis (Frank) Tomlinson, born 1854 in Columbia County, Fla., died married Anna Malissie Henderson.

married Newton Stokes.
30. Candacy Tomlinson, born 1860 in Charlton County, Ga., died, married S.F. O'Steen.
31. Mary Tomlinson, born 1861 in Charlton County, Ga., died, married William Wingate.
32. Phoebe Tomlinson, born 1862 in Charlton County, Ga., died, married Wash Bradley.
33. Levin Tomlinson, Jr., born 1864 in Charlton County, Ga., died, married Essie Sikes.
34. Emily Tomlinson, born 1866 in Charlton County, Ga., died, married John Jackson Johnson, Jr. Children of John Daugharty (12) (James, Dempsey, John, John) and his wife Margaret Yelvington:
35. Ichabod Daugharty, born 1853 in Clinch County, Ga., died, married Jane Jones.
36. James Daugharty, born 1855 in Clinch County, Ga., died, married Matilda,
37. Martha Daugharty, born 1857 in Clinch County, Ga., died, married Samuel Peacock.
38. Levin Daugharty, born 1858 in Clinch County, Ga., died young.
39. Margaret Daugharty, born 1859 in Clinch County, Ga., died young.
40. John Daugharty, born 1861 in Clinch County, Ga., died,
married Florence Nancy Jones.
married Florence Nancy Jones. 41. Jesse Daugharty, born 1863 in Clinch County, Ga., died, married (#1) Grace Underwood, and married (#2) Jane McCorkle.
41. Jesse Daugharty, born 1863 in Clinch County Ga died

44. Elizabeth Daugharty, born 1871 in Clinch County, Ga., died

married John Culp.