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WILSON'S REPUBLICAN

W. WILSON Proprietor
T. H. DANIEL Editor



WASHINGTON, Ga.

FRIDAY JULY 3, 1857.

CAMPAGN REPUBLICAN.

We are now about entering another political contest in this State. The question is, are we at the utmost consequence to every citizen? In order to meet these questions it is of the highest importance that every voter, fast every individual, should be supplied with papers.

We therefore propose to furnish the *Repub-*
lican to voters during the canvass, to meet from the 8th of July to the 21st of October, at the following rates, in advance.

Singl Co	3 50
Ten cop	4 50
Fifteen copies	5 50
Twenty	6 50
Twenty-five copies	10 00

Let's Don't forget to come out to the nominating meeting on next Tuesday.

We are pleased to see that Lydia S. Phelps, Esq., has tendered the democratic nomination for Congress from the Seventh District.

Hon. Martin J. Crawford, democratic member to Congress from the Third District, has written a letter to the Cal. Times & Sentinel, declining to be a candidate for reelec-

Fourth District.—We learn through the information of passengers on the railroad—that Lecin J. Gattrell, Esq., formerly of this place—now of Atlanta, has been nominated by the democrats to represent the Fourth District in Congress. Hon. Hiriam Warner, the present incumbent declined to run.

First Porters.—We were shown a few days ago some specimens of the Irish potato, which we think a little finer than any we have ever seen. For smoothness and beauty, it equals any potato I ever saw, being about equal round, measured 1 1/4 inches around, and weighed with a fraction of a pound. They were given us in the garden of Dr. Pickens of this place.

Hon. Price.—We had the gratification of meeting him in the McPherson's room in the Methodist church this evening last Sabbath afternoon and sang. His discourses were altogether worthy of the man.

The Bishop, in whom we have confidence, has concluded to leave his place in Hancock and remove to Memphis, Tenn., where his position will be more central, and where the members of his denomination have presented him with a splendid residence.

Panorama of New York

We attend the exhibition of this vast painting in the Court-house last night. The gentry most propertied, Mr. Nichols, has endeavored to visit the masterpiece—the picture, and the artist, in a manner surpassing, if not exceeding, all previous efforts. And the audience, gentle and high, filled every gallery of the hall, and last night showed that the people of Washington are not wanting in taste for the elegant and the beautiful.

He exhibits again at 2 o'clock to day, and at 8 o'clock to night.

Democratic Candidate for Governor.

It will be seen, by the report of the proceedings of the democratic convention recently held in Milledgeville, published in our columns to day, that after twenty ballots, the convention nominated by acclamation Hon. J. C. Brown, of Cherokee, Judge Brown is a man of great talents, and who has been born to be a statesman.

He is a comparatively young man, little known to the people of the State, whence he came, and his nomination will be heartily ratified by all sections of the State democracy.

He is, however, not over twenty years of age—was born in Pickens District, South Carolina—came to Georgia some six years others say thirty years ago, and settled with his father in Cherokee County, where he remained until he became a man, learned his father's family history, and industriously pursued his studies to get an education, and was soon possessed of his profession, as a teacher.

He graduated with the return of the Georgia Academy, and taught in the public schools of that State for a number of years, and then continued his studies at the University of Georgia, and was therefore beaten for a second term in the Senate. He continued to apply himself to the practice of law until October, 1840, when he removed to Atlanta, Georgia, and was elected to the State Senate from his county. His superior talents won for him the respect and esteem of that body. In 1851, he joined the Southern Rights party of Georgia, and was therefore beaten for a second term in the Senate.

He continued to apply himself to the practice of law until October, 1850, when he removed to Atlanta, Georgia, and was elected to the State Senate from his county. His superior talents won for him the respect and esteem of that body. In 1851, he joined the Southern Rights party of Georgia, and was therefore beaten for a second term in the Senate.

He has since prosecuted his profession with vigor and ability, and with eminent success.

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himself the hours of his representative. As Governor of Georgia, Judge Brown will reflect credit on the place, as he has on all other places which he has filled. He is a manly man—a man equal to any emergency which he may be called on to act. To fail is what he cannot—vis-à-vis contrary to his nature. He is a man of the people, and understands their wants and dispositions, besides, he is a man of unswilled virtue, and strict, almost severe morality, happy blending in himself the character of this age with the stern one in which our fathers lived."

Fourth of July.

We have heard nothing of public demonstration this part of the country in commemoration of the event to be remembered. Indeed, we have heard of no people who forget that the fourth of July is the day when they are to meet. It is the day of the movement.

Almost everywhere else the day is held in grateful remembrance. In some States it is established as a legal by law.

It is, however, to be regretted by the rear of canon, the firing of guns, the parade of the militia, the hoisting of flags and military colors, by bands of martial and sonorous music, the waving of banners and handkerchiefs, the lively deportment of citizens by the assembly of the people, and the like, which are all directly interest to the good old story of the revolution, and by every manifestation of joyous delight.

In Georgia we hear of grand preparation for the celebration of the day which gave birth to American freedom. Some 900 or 1000 of the very flower and gallantry of the State will assemble at Milledgeville to day from various sections to have a gloriification, encampment, parade, speaking, and fun, especially in honor and recognition of that day.

And in every neighborhood there will be exercises appropriate to the occasion. But our people seem to have lost all taste for such things. Here is old Wilkes—the scene of one of the most gallant struggles in the contest for our rights here in the town of Washington, famous to do honor to the name of the father of his country—even here the Fourth of July will pass without publicly reading the declaration of Independence, or any other effort to recall to the minds of the people the thrilling events and glorious consequences connected with that declaration.

This thing right not to be so. We should never become so regardless of the past—so engrossed with the present and its business concerns—to let such an important day pass without making it, as far as we can, an occasion of universal interest.

Exercise should be selected which people, and especially young people, will be interested in, and should be taught on that day the principles of our government, and familiarized with every incident of our political history. They should be made to do a little work at least, that all can enjoy fully—fully and free—for the day always remains a day of rest.

Those remaining in the service should have a day off, and those who are not in the service should be issued from labor. There is a time of general gladness, gratitude and liberty, and a time of thanksgiving for the inestimable blessings which our hemispheres are destined to confer the anniversary of the Fourth of July.

July 5th.

We give to-day for the benefit of those who are disposed to popularize the conduct of Gov. Walker, an extra column speech to be distributed at Topka.

The extract to follow, with the comments of the Columbus *Times* and *Sentinel*, may be found in our columns to day, that after twenty ballots, the convention nominated by acclamation Hon. J. C. Brown, of Cherokee, Judge Brown is a man of great talents, and who has been born to be a statesman.

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Democratic State Convention.

Atlanta, Ga., June 21, 1857.

We make the following extracts of the proceedings of this body from our exchanges.

The Convention met in the Representative Hall, 11 o'clock A.M.

On motion of Hon. E. W. Chastain, Fa-

ther, Col. I. T. Irvin of Wilkes, was called to preside.

1st District.—L. Stephen of Hancock,

H. D. Tracy of Bibb, R. H. D.

Doughtery, and B. W. Detwiler of Wil-

kes, were called to act as delegates.

On motion the counties were called, and

the Delegates in attendance reported their names to the Secretary.

One hundred and Seven counties were re-

presented, and the Delegates were repre-

sented by the following:

B. W. Vest of Bibb, R. H. Clark of Bibb, J. A. Ramsey

of Fulton, H. C. Hall of Clay.

4th District.—H. C. Hall of Coweta.

5th District.—J. W. Unruh of Fulton,

E. W. Chastain of Fulton, W. Shropshire of Chattooga.

6th District.—J. Smith of Towns, J. E.

Brooks of Hall, A. Hall of Clark.

7th District.—L. Stephen of Hancock,

William McKinley of Baldwin J. M. Lamar of Wil-

kes, and J. W. Poole of Wilkes.

8th District.—L. T. Irvin of Wilkes, A. Walker of Richmond, E. A. Poole of Wilkes.

9th District.—J. W. Poole of Wilkes.

10th District.—J. W. Poole of Wilkes.

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**Washington,
Georgia**

Wilkes Republican

June 19, 1857

(v.4, n.41)

May 16, 1858

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