

Supervisor's Dist. No. 37
 Enumeration Dist. No. 70

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in 20 District, in the County of Sumter, State of Georgia
 during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

C. S. Gentry

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.																				
1	2	3	4			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				MACHINES.			MATERIALS.		
			5	6	7	8			10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
						9	10	11												
NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING, TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE SCHEDULE OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			NUMBER OF HOURS IN THE ORDINARY DAY OF LABOR.														
			Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for all skilled mechanics.	Average day's wages for all unskilled mechanics.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of sewing machines.	Number of cutting machines.	Number of pressing and nail-making machines.	Number soles, sole leather.	Number uppers, upper leather.	
Black James H.	10000	7	14	1		11	8	150	125	18.45	12					2			1000	1500

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

MATERIALS—Continued.					PRODUCTS					POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE									
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	IF WATER-POWER IS USED					IF STEAM-POWER IS USED				
										On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Brass in feet.	Boiler-horse power.	Horse-power.	Number of boilers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.
500	35500	632500	150	525	6000	9000	300	9525		Crawford H. Gent. Schenck									

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

1	2	3	4			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR					MONTHS IN OPERATION				TANNING							
			5	6	7	8					12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
						Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for all skilled mechanics.	Average day's wages for all unskilled mechanics.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of horse and mule tanneries.	Number of horse and mule tanneries.	Number of horse and mule tanneries.	Number of horse and mule tanneries.	Number of horse and mule tanneries.	Number of horse and mule tanneries.	
Black jeans H.	13500	8	8	1	11	8	150	125	21.10	12							150	1500	300	4500		

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

TANNING—Continued.					CURRYING					POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE									
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	IF WATER-POWER IS USED					IF STEAM-POWER IS USED				
										On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Brass in feet.	Boiler-horse power.	Horse-power.	Number of boilers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.
3600	300	7500	2000	300	300	5000	2000	300	7100										

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 6 months on full time and 6 months on half time; or 4 months on full time and 8 months on half time; or 2 months on full time and 10 months on half time. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The inquiries in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Scales and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only servicable boilers and engines are to be reported. Horse-power.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 5

[7-342.]

Enumeration Dist. No. 70

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in *Plain of Louisa*, in the County of *Sumter*, State of *Georgia*
 during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Enumerated

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PROPRIETOR, TO THE VALUE OF \$100 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL, REAL AND PERSONAL, INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				MACHINES.		MATERIALS.			
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for all hands.	Average day's wages for all hands.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Life.	Number of sewing machines.	Number of pressing machines.	Number of cutting machines.	Number skins with leather.	Number skins upper leather.
<i>Dr. H. Black</i>	<i>2,000</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>1</i>		<i>10</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>150</i>	<i>125</i>	<i>1845</i>	<i>12</i>								<i>See 9822</i>	<i>4</i>

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

MATERIALS—Continued.			PRODUCTS.						POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.										
Number of pairs of boots.	Value of all other materials.	Total value of all materials.	Number of pairs of boots.	Value.	Number of pairs of shoes.	Value.	Value of unsold products, including repairs.	Total value of all products.	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.										
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LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PROPRIETOR, TO THE VALUE OF \$100 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL, REAL AND PERSONAL, INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				TANNING.						
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for all hands.	Average day's wages for all hands.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Life.	Number of tanneries.	Number of tanneries.	Number of tanneries.	Number of tanneries.	Number of tanneries.	Number of tanneries.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

TANNING—Continued.			CURRYING.							POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.										
PRODUCTS.			MATERIALS.				PRODUCTS.			IF WATER-POWER IS USED.										
Number of skins of leather.	Number of skins.	Total value of products.	Number of skins of leather.	Number of skins.	Number of gallons of oil.	Total value of all materials.	Number of skins of leather.	Number of skins.	Total value of products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.		WHEELS.					IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.		
											Height of fall, in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Diameter, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horsepower.	Number of rollers.	Number of rollers.	Horsepower.	
22	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	

Notes.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 6 months on full time and 6 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle.
 The inquiry in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto.
 The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials, Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.
 The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.
 POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.
 Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.
 HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 5

Enumeration Dist. No. 70

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 5 and 6.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Products of Industry in _____, in the County of Sumter, State of Ga
 during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

C. S. Darley

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Estimated number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				SAWS.				MATERIALS.				PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS.		
			Males above 16 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	Average day's wages for a full year.	Average day's wages for a full year.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of saws.	Number of saws in use.	Number of circular saws.	Number of mill saws.	Number of blades.	Value of logs.	Value of mill supplies.	Total value of all materials (including value of logs).	Number of thousand feet of lumber.	Number of thousand shingles.	Number of thousand shingles.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Heavensy Paden	1500	12	12			17	18	200	65	1200	12							2	2	1000	500	1500	2500		

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—Continued.

PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS—Continued.					REMANUFACTURES.					POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.										
Number of thousand feet of lumber.	Number of thousand feet of shingles and open stock.	Total value of all products above \$500.	Total value of all other products.	Do you manufacture any of the following: (1) Paper, (2) Cordage, (3) Rope, (4) Twine, (5) Cloth, (6) Hosiery, (7) Shoes, (8) Boots, (9) Saddles, (10) Harness, (11) Carriages, (12) Wagons, (13) Bicycles, (14) Engines, (15) Pumps, (16) Mills, (17) Locomotives, (18) Steamships, (19) Iron works, (20) Foundries, (21) Machine shops, (22) Blacksmiths, (23) Gun works, (24) Gunpowder, (25) Explosives, (26) Saltpetre, (27) Soda, (28) Potash, (29) Glass, (30) Candles, (31) Soap, (32) Perfumery, (33) Drugs, (34) Chemicals, (35) Dyes, (36) Pigments, (37) Paints, (38) Varnishes, (39) Oils, (40) Fats, (41) Waxes, (42) Resins, (43) Gums, (44) Rubbers, (45) Plastics, (46) Composites, (47) Metals, (48) Minerals, (49) Fuels, (50) Other.	From what region do you procure your logs?	Do you do your own logging? If so, how many men and horses?	If so, what proportion of your logs do you bring in?	Do you ship your product in your own cars?	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall, in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Width, in feet.	Depth, in feet.	Flow, in cubic feet per minute.	Flow, in horsepower.	Signature of owner.	Number of engines.	Number of horsepower.	
28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
		2500		110		at home	yes											1	1	10

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Grand number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.					WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.				MONTHS IN OPERATION.				MATERIALS.			
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	May to November.	November to May.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	Average day's wages for a full year.	Average day's wages for an ordinary season.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of units made.	Value of all other material.	Total value of all materials.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS—Continued.

PRODUCTS.							POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
Number of thousand common bricks.	Number of thousand fire bricks.	Number of thousand special bricks.	Value of tile.	Value of drainage pipe.	Value of all other products.	From what region of all products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall, in feet.	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.					IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
									Number.	Kind.	Width, in feet.	Horsepower per revolution.	Horse-power.	Number of boilers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
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Notes.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle.
 The inquiries in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto.
 The cost of superintendence, rent, freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.
 The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.
 POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.
 Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.
 STEAM-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filing these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No.
 Enumeration Dist. No.

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 5 and 6.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

 Products of Industry in _____, in the County of Sumter, State of Georgia,
 during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED AT ANY ONE TIME DURING THE YEAR.	WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.								MONTHS IN OPERATION.			SAWS.			MATERIALS.			PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS.		
			Male above 16 years.	Female above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wage for a male hand.	Average day's wage for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Value of logs.	Value of mill supplies.	Total value of all materials (including fuel and freight).	Number of thousand feet of lumber.	Number of thousand shingles.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
<u>H. Stanton</u>	<u>1000</u>	<u>8</u>				<u>10</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>750</u>	<u>1536</u>					<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>600</u>	<u>3000</u>	

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—Continued.

PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS—Continued.					REMARKS.			POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.									
Number of thousand shingles.	Number of thousand feet of lumber.	Number of thousand feet of lumber and shingles.	Total value of all products.	Total value of all other products.	Do you manufacture any other products? (If so, specify.)	From what region do you procure your logs?	Do you or your agent? (If so, specify.)	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Length, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of rollers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
			<u>9000</u>			<u>Surrounding forest in Sumter Co. State of Georgia</u>		<u>all</u>								<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED AT ANY ONE TIME DURING THE YEAR.	WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.								MONTHS IN OPERATION.			MATERIALS.		
			Male above 16 years.	Female above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wage for a male hand.	Average day's wage for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Value of all other materials.	Total value of all materials.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS—Continued.

PRODUCTS.					POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.										
Number of thousand common bricks.	Number of thousand fire-bricks.	Number of thousand pressed bricks.	Value of tile.	Value of fire-bricks.	Value of all other products.	Total value of all products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Length, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of rollers.	Number of engines.
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33

NOTE.—If the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half-time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of superintendence, rent, freight of goods to market, and other general expense of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only reasonable tolls and outgoes are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 6-
Enumeration Dist. No. 72

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 5 and 6.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Products of Industry in *28" West & M*, in the County of *Sumter*, State of *Georgia*
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS.

J. B. Scott
Enumerator

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				SAWS.				MATERIALS.			PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS.		
		Greater number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of saws in gang.	Number of circular saws.	Number of planer saws.	Number of band saws.	Value of log.	Value of mill supplies.	Total value of all materials (including fuel and freight).	Number of thousand feet of lumber.	Number of thousand feet of shingles.
<i>W. B. Scott & Co</i>	<i>20000</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>4</i>			<i>11</i>	<i>9</i>		<i>40</i>	<i>2-10</i>	<i>4</i>			<i>8</i>	<i>1</i>				<i>25-26</i>	<i>200</i>	<i>1200</i>	<i>312</i>	

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—Continued.

PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS—Continued.					REMARKS.					POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.											
Number of thousand shaves.	Number of thousand sets of shingles.	Number of thousand feet of beam and spool stock.	Total value of all products (including fuel and freight).	Total value of all other products.	Do you manufacture any such, saws, shingles, shingles, & (1 Year No.)	If yes, give full value of such products.	Give full value of such products.	From what region do you procure your logs?	Do you do your own logging? If so, give full value of logs.	If no, what proportion of your logs do you procure from others?	Do you ship your product in your own vessels? If so, give full value of shipping.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall, in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Length, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of rollers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
			2496					Surrounding Forest	yes	24	10								1	1	13

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				MATERIALS.		
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	May to September.	September to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled workman.	Average day's wages for an unskilled laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of cubic yards.	Value of all raw material.	Total value of all materials.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS—Continued.

PRODUCTS.						POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.										
Number of thousand common bricks.	Number of thousand face bricks.	Number of thousand pressed bricks.	Value of tile.	Value of stoneware.	Value of all other products.	Total value of all products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall, in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Length, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of rollers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
														</		

NOTE.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged in the sale. Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Horse-power.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 5 and 6.

Products of Industry in Old 16th & 17th Sts, in the County of Sumter, State of Georgia
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTING TO THE VALUE OF \$200 ANNUALLY	CAPITAL, DEBTS AND PERSONALS INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS	Numbered number of persons employed during this year	AVERAGE NUMBER OF MALES EMPLOYED			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR						MONTHS IN OPERATION				SAWS				MATERIALS				PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS		
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the primary day of labor.	Average day's wage for a skilled male.	Average day's wage for an unskilled male.	Total amount paid in wages during this year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of gangs.	Number of saws in going.	Number of circular saws.	Number of supply saws.	Number of hand-saws.	Value of logs.	Value of mill supplies.	Total value of all materials (including value of logs)	Number of thousand feet of lumber produced.	Sawlogs of thousand bolts.	Number of thousand shingles.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
Tringston William M.	\$5000.00	14	14			10	9	75c	45c	184.00	8	2	2		1					3000 000.00	300 1800.00	3300.00	1000.00			
H. W. M. St.	\$2132.00	7	7			10	9	2.00	.50	750.00	3	1	4	6		1				1200.00	600.00	1800.00	315.00			

FIBRE SAW-MILL PRODUCTS—Continued.					REMAINING FACTURES					POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE											
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	IF WATER IS USED.					IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.				
												On what river is stream? (See note below.)		Height of fall, in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Diameter, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of boilers.	Number of engines.
			8000 ⁰⁰ 2650 ⁰⁰		700	700		Adjoining lands Adjoining lands	yes yes	All All	no no	On Rail Road none							1 2	1 2	4 2

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS	GRANDED NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED at any one time during the year:		AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED		WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR						MONTHS IN OPERATION.					MATERIALS	
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
		Grand number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Males above 16 years.	Females above 16 years.	Children and youth.	May to September.	October to May.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	Average number of hours worked per week.	Average number of hours worked per day for an ordinary day of labor.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of weeks used.	Value of all direct material.	Total value of all materials.
1 Maltin - Herndon	2 75.00	3 20	4 9	5	6	7 10	8 9	9 80	10 60	11 500.00	12 3	13 2	14 x	15 9	16 70	17 165 210	18 310.00 52.5	

[illegible]

NOTE:—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for; 12 months on full time; or 6 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto.

The inquiries in respect to the values of material and product are of prime importance. Inventories at all times should be taken and should be so included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

The value of experience under, Rent, Freight of goods in market, and other general expenses of a manufacturer's establishment are to be included in Materials. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged for the neighborhood only; the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price received by the manufacturer less the cost of transportation to the place where it flows.

PAPER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger streams or rivers into which it flows.

Other materials, tools and engines are to be reported.

POWER POWER.—This is of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 5
 Enumeration Dist. No. 98

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 5 and 6.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Products of Industry in _____, in the County of *Summit*, State of *Geryn*
 during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.					SAWS.		MATERIALS.		PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS.				
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	On full time only.	Number of saws in gang.	Number of circular saws.	Number of double saws.	Number of band-saws.	Value of logs.	Value of mill supplies.	Total value of all materials (including value of fuel).	Number of thousand feet of lumber.	Number of thousand shingles.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20					
Summit & Co.	\$35,000	10	10			12	10		50	\$25,000	12				1	2				4,500	\$2,000	\$4,500	1,500	1,500

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—Continued.

PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS—Continued.				REMANUFACTURES.				POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.			
Number of thousand shingles.	Number of thousand feet of lumber.	Number of thousand feet of lumber and split stock.	Total value of all products (including value of fuel).	Do you re-manufacture any of the products you produce? If so, what?	If so, what value of such re-manufactures?	From what region do you procure your logs?	Do you do your own logging? If so, what value of your logs?	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall, in feet.	Kind.	Number of mill-horse-power.
			<i>10,000</i>			<i>Summit</i>	<i>Yes</i>				<i>1</i>

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	OPERATING NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED AT ANY ONE TIME DURING THE YEAR.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.				WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.				MONTHS IN OPERATION.				MATERIALS.			
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	On full time only.	Value of all other materials.	Total value of all materials.	Total value of all products.

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS—Continued.

PRODUCTS.				POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.			
Number of thousand bricks.	Number of thousand tiles.	Number of thousand shingles.	Total value of all products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall, in feet.	Kind.	Number of mill-horse-power.
<i>19</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>21</i>	<i>22</i>				<i>23</i>

NOTE.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle.

The inquiries in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto.

The cost of transportation, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

Horse-power.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| (1.) Boot and Shoe Factories. | (5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills. | (8.) Coal Mines. |
| (2.) Cheese and Butter Factories. | (6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works. | (9.) Agricultural Implement Works. |
| (3.) Flouring and Grist Mills. | (7.) Paper Mills. | (10.) Quarries. |
| (4.) Salt Works. | | |

Page No.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 5

Enumeration Dist. No. 46

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Plains of Onira, in the County of Amherst, State of Virginia, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office:

Enumerated.

Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual producing the value as soon annually.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Average number of hands employed at any one time during the year.				Wages and Hours of Labor.				Months in Operation.				Value of Product (including material) of \$ dollar.	Value of Product (including material) of \$ dollar.	Power used in Manufacture.																																																																																																	
			Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Males above 18 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of Hands in the ordinary day of labor.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for a laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On 1/2 time only.			On 1/3 time only.	On 1/4 time only.	On 1/5 time only.	On 1/6 time only.	On 1/7 time only.	On 1/8 time only.	On 1/9 time only.	On 1/10 time only.	On 1/11 time only.	On 1/12 time only.	On 1/13 time only.	On 1/14 time only.	On 1/15 time only.	On 1/16 time only.	On 1/17 time only.	On 1/18 time only.	On 1/19 time only.	On 1/20 time only.	On 1/21 time only.	On 1/22 time only.	On 1/23 time only.	On 1/24 time only.	On 1/25 time only.	On 1/26 time only.	On 1/27 time only.	On 1/28 time only.	On 1/29 time only.	On 1/30 time only.	On 1/31 time only.	On 1/32 time only.	On 1/33 time only.	On 1/34 time only.	On 1/35 time only.	On 1/36 time only.	On 1/37 time only.	On 1/38 time only.	On 1/39 time only.	On 1/40 time only.	On 1/41 time only.	On 1/42 time only.	On 1/43 time only.	On 1/44 time only.	On 1/45 time only.	On 1/46 time only.	On 1/47 time only.	On 1/48 time only.	On 1/49 time only.	On 1/50 time only.	On 1/51 time only.	On 1/52 time only.	On 1/53 time only.	On 1/54 time only.	On 1/55 time only.	On 1/56 time only.	On 1/57 time only.	On 1/58 time only.	On 1/59 time only.	On 1/60 time only.	On 1/61 time only.	On 1/62 time only.	On 1/63 time only.	On 1/64 time only.	On 1/65 time only.	On 1/66 time only.	On 1/67 time only.	On 1/68 time only.	On 1/69 time only.	On 1/70 time only.	On 1/71 time only.	On 1/72 time only.	On 1/73 time only.	On 1/74 time only.	On 1/75 time only.	On 1/76 time only.	On 1/77 time only.	On 1/78 time only.	On 1/79 time only.	On 1/80 time only.	On 1/81 time only.	On 1/82 time only.	On 1/83 time only.	On 1/84 time only.	On 1/85 time only.	On 1/86 time only.	On 1/87 time only.	On 1/88 time only.	On 1/89 time only.	On 1/90 time only.	On 1/91 time only.	On 1/92 time only.	On 1/93 time only.	On 1/94 time only.	On 1/95 time only.	On 1/96 time only.	On 1/97 time only.	On 1/98 time only.	On 1/99 time only.	On 1/100 time only.
On what River or Stream?		Kind.		Revolutions per minute.		Horse-power.		Number of Boilers.		Number of Engines.		Horse-power.																																																																																																						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100															
Transferred to Spl. Schedule																																																																																																																		

REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches \$500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMN 2.—The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Sewing-Machines, Corsets, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

COLUMN 11.—In many establishments (as carpenter shops, blacksmith shops, &c.) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In this case column 11 will not be filled.

COLUMNS 13 to 17.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for in one or more of the columns 13 to 17, thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and 2 months idle.

COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These inquiries are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto, especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

COLUMNS 20 and 21.—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[18.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods for doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the charge at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only servicable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 29 and 30.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Page No.

Supervisor's Dist. No.

Enumeration Dist. No. 22 91

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

- (1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
 (2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
 (3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
 (4.) Salt Works.

- (5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
 (6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
 (7.) Paper Mills.

- (8.) Coal Mines.
 (9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
 (10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in the City of Quincy, in the County of DeWitt, State of Illinois, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: Quincy, Ill.Ed. Scott

Enumerator.

Name of Corporation, Company, or Individual, according to the value of such ownership.	Name of Business, Manufacture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Average number of hands employed.				Wages and Hours of Labor.						Months in Operation.			Value of Product (including Mill work, plus and Post, counting fractions of a dollar).	Value of Product (including Mill work, plus and Post, counting fractions of a dollar).	Power used in Manufacture.								If steam power is used.		
			Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed during the year.	Months above 15 years.	Months above 10 years.	Children and youth.	Men in November.	Hours in the ordinary day of labor.	November to May.	Average wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average wages for an unskilled laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On 3/4 time only.			On 1/2 time only.	On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Kind.	Revolutions per minute.	Revolutions per minute.	Revolutions per minute.	Revolutions per minute.	Revolutions per minute.	Revolutions per minute.	Revolutions per minute.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Superior Paper Co.	Paper	1500	9	7			10	10	200	100	3000	2					3000	15000										
Superior Paper Co.	Paper	1500	8	7			11	9	200	100	2500	12					3000	3000										
Superior Paper Co.	Paper	1500	8	7			11	10	150	100	6000	12					3000	18000										
Superior Paper Co.	Paper	1500	8	7			10	10	2	25	2500	12					1000	4000										

REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches \$500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMNS 2.—The kind of business or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Sewing-Machines, Corsets, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

COLUMNS 11.—In many establishments (as carpenter shops, blacksmith shops, &c.) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In this case column 11 will not be filled.

COLUMNS 13 to 17.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for in one or more of the columns 13 to 17, thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and 2 months idle.

COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These inquiries are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto, especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

[18.]—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[19.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMNS 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 29 and 30.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 7 and 8.

Received August 2, 1930

enumerated by me.

C. Garly

RECEIVED, APRIL 20, 1900

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS—Continued.

NOTES USED IN MANUFACTURE —Continued— IF FEWER POWER IN 1940.		MATERIALS.						PRODUCTS.									
		Number of bushels of wheat.	Value.	Number of bushels of other grain.	Value.	Value of supply.	Total value of all materials.	Number of barrels of wheat flour.	Number of barrels of rye flour.	Number of pounds of buck- wheat flour.	Number of pounds of barley meal.	Number of pounds of corn meal.	Number of pounds of feed.	Number of pounds of lard.	Value of all other products.	Total value of all products.	
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
					6.000	48.000	26	44326					324.000	124.000			67.000
					12.000	9.000	50	98.500					644.000	28.000			134.500
					6.000	44.000	36	45836					324.000	2.000			67.000
					12.000	9.000	50	98.500					644.000	28.000			134.500

CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES

GENERAL INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO ALL FACTORIES NAMED ABOVE

[illegible]

EXPORT AND REIMPORT FACTORIES ONLY

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES										DAIRY FACTORIES																																							
INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.										INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES ONLY.																																							
POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE										POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE																																							
IF WATER-POWER IS USED.										IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.																																							
WHEELS.										WHEELS.																																							
Number.										Number.																																							
Diameter, in feet.										Diameter, in feet.																																							
Revolutions per minute.										Revolutions per minute.																																							
Horse-power.										Horse-power.																																							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
Name of factory.										Name of factory.																																							
Location of factory.										Location of factory.																																							
Date of report.										Date of report.																																							
Name of operator.										Name of operator.																																							
Name of agent.										Name of agent.																																							
Name of owner.										Name of owner.																																							
Name of manager.										Name of manager.																																							
Name of superintendent.										Name of superintendent.																																							
Name of foreman.										Name of foreman.																																							
Name of assistant foreman.										Name of assistant foreman.																																							
Name of clerk.										Name of clerk.																																							
Name of bookkeeper.										Name of bookkeeper.																																							
Name of messenger.										Name of messenger.																																							
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Name of carpenter.										Name of carpenter.																																							
Name of miller.										Name of miller.																																							

2 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle

[illegible]

POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

Horse power.—This is an inquiry of great importance.

NOTES RELATIVE TO CHEESE AND

NOTES RELATIVE TO CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORIES.

COLUMNS 1 to 15 have reference to all factories of this class, and COLUMNS 16 to 20 have reference to manufacturers of cheese only.

COLUMNS 16 to 21 have reference to manufacturers of butter
COLUMNS 22 to 27 have reference to manufacturers of butter

COLUMNS 28 to 38 have reference to those factories that man-

COLUMNS 39 and 40 have reference to manuscript 120.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 5
Enumeration Dist. No. 72 91

[7-344.]

(7)

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 7 and 8.

FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS—CHEESE, BUTTER, AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Products of Industry in 27 211, in the County of Sumter, State of Georgia
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PROPRIETOR, TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.										MILLS IN OPERATION.					Do you do custom? If so, make and quantity of your product.	Is there an elevator connected with your establishment? If so, state capacity in bushels.	POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.										
			MONTHS IN OPERATION.										On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Sample of grain of season.				Capacity of mill in bushels per year.									
			Average number of hands employed.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.										Oct.	Nov.	Dec.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.										
		State month by month.		From March to June.		From July to Sept.		From Oct. to Dec.		Average daily wages for an ordinary laborer.		Total amount paid in wages during the year.						On what river or stream? (See note below.)		WEIGHT OF FALL IN FEET.										

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS—Continued.

MATERIALS.										PRODUCTS.									
Number of barrels of wheat.	Value.	Number of bushels of other grain.	Value.	Value of mill expenses.	Total value of all materials.	Number of barrels of wheat flour.	Number of barrels of rye flour.	Number of barrels of buckwheat flour.	Number of pounds of barley meal.	Number of pounds of corn meal.	Number of pounds of food.	Number of pounds of hominy.	Value of all other products.	Total value of all products.					
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44					
✓		14,000	10,000	500	20,000				7,000.00	1,000.00				10,000					
✓		1400	1000	10	2500				7500	2800				1600					

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

GENERAL INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO ALL FACTORIES NAMED ABOVE															INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.					INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO BUTTER FACTORIES ONLY.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PROPRIETOR, TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.						WAGES.				Days when manufacturing season opened.	Days when manufacturing season ended.	Average number of pounds of cheese produced during the year 1871.	Average cost of milk per pound of cheese.	Average cost of cream per pound of cheese.	Average cost of labor per pound of cheese.	Total number of pounds of cheese produced during the year.	Number of pounds of cheese made.	Kind of cheese.	Average number of milk cows per pound of cheese produced during the year.	Average price per pound of milk for the season.	Price per 100 pounds paid for milk.	Cost of finishing per 100 pounds.	Number of pounds of butter made.	Average number of milk cows per pound of butter produced during the year.	Average price per pound of milk for the season.	Price per 100 pounds paid for milk.	Cost of finishing per 100 pounds.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Average day's wages for ordinary labor.	Total amount paid to wages during the year.	Best value of labor per pound in the year.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10																			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES—Continued.

MATERIALS.										PRODUCTS.									
Number of barrels of wheat.	Value.	Number of bushels of other grain.	Value.	Value of mill expenses.	Total value of all materials.	Number of barrels of wheat flour.	Number of barrels of rye flour.	Number of barrels of buckwheat flour.	Number of pounds of barley meal.	Number of pounds of corn meal.	Number of pounds of food.	Number of pounds of hominy.	Value of all other products.	Total value of all products.					
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44					

Notes.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle.
The inquiries in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto.
The cost of the establishment, rent, freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.
The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.
POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.
Only verifiable boilers and engines are to be reported.
Horse-power.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

NOTES RELATIVE TO CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORIES.

COLUMNS 1 to 15 have reference to all factories of this class, and should be filled for every establishment enumerated.
COLUMNS 16 to 21 have reference to manufacturers of cheese only.
COLUMNS 22 to 37 have reference to manufacturers of butter only.
COLUMNS 38 to 58 have reference to those factories that manufacture both cheese and butter.
COLUMNS 59 and 60 have reference to manufacturers of condensed milk.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 5
Enumeration Dist. No. 74

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 7 and 8.

FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS—CHEESE, BUTTER, AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Products of Industry in New 16th St, in the County of Sumter, State of Georgia
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS.

T. M. Furlow

[illegible]

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS—Continued.

[illegible]

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

[illegible]

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES—Continued.

[illegible]

Notes.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER OVER MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only servicable boilers and engines are to be reported. The best information available should be used in filling these columns. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance.

NOTES RELATIVE TO CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORIES.

COLUMNS 1 to 15 have reference to all factories of this class, and should be filled for every establishment enumerated.
COLUMNS 16 to 21 have reference to manufacturers of cheese only.
COLUMNS 22 to 27 have reference to manufacturers of butter only.
COLUMNS 28 to 29 have reference to those factories that manufacture both cheese and butter.
COLUMNS 30 and 40 have reference to manufacturers of condensed milk.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 2
 Enumeration Dist. No. 22

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 7 and 8.

FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS—CHEESE, BUTTER, AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Products of Industry in 28th West 9th, in the County of San Juan, State of Georgia, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS.

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILL.																													
NAME OF MANUFACTURER, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PROPRIETOR, TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED AT ANY ONE TIME DURING THE YEAR.		WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.								MONTHLY OPERATION.					ESTIMATED MAXIMUM CAPACITY PER DAY, IN BUSHELS.	DO YOU DO CUSTOM WORK OR MAKE SPECIALS? IF SO, WHAT PRODUCE? IF SO, WHAT PRODUCE? IF SO, WHAT PRODUCE?	IS THERE A CHARGE FOR FREIGHT ON YOUR PRODUCE? IF SO, WHAT IS THE CHARGE?	POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.									
		Grain.	Other.	Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	NUMBER OF HOURS IN THE MONTHLY PAY OF LABOR.			Average day's wages for 100 men, skilled or unskilled.	Average day's wages for 100 ordinary laborers.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.				Number of runs of stone.	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.								
							May to November.	November to May.	Normal 30 days.												On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall in feet.	Sample.	Kind.	Bushels, in fact.	Revolutions per hour.	Horsepower.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26				
Chapman W. B.	\$3000	1	1				12	11		40	\$120	12			3	200	Antimunk	200	Raw	fine creek	flour	9	3	Sub Wheel	34	30			

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS—Continued.

SHEET USED IN MANUFACTURES —Continued— GIVEN IN 1815 D 1815		MATERIALS.						PRODUCTS.									
		Number of bushels of wheat.	Value.	Number of bushels of other grain.	Value.	Value of mill supplies.	Total Value of all materials.	Number of barrels of wheat flour.	Number of barrels of rye flour.	Number of pounds of buck- wheat flour.	Number of pounds of barley meal.	Number of pounds of corn meal.	Number of pounds of feed.	Number of pounds of lumber.	Value of all other products.	Total value of all products.	
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
			1000 200	1250 8	6000 200	84800	8	6100	170				288101	10000			5000 \$ 6100
											</						

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

GENERAL INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO ALL FACTORIES NAMED ABOVE.

GENERAL INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO ALL FACTORIES NAMED ABOVE															INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.											INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO BUTTER FACTORIES ONLY.					
NAME OF MANUFACTURER, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PROPRIETOR, TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.					WAGES.					DATA WHEN MANUFACTURING SEASON OPENED.	DATA WHEN MANUFACTURING SEASON CLOSED.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF COWS FURNISHING MILK DURING THE YEAR.	AVERAGE COST OF MILK PER 100 LBS. IF BOUGHT AT THE FACTORY.	TOTAL NUMBER OF POUNDS OF MILK USED AT THE FACTORY DURING THE YEAR.	INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.					INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO BUTTER FACTORIES ONLY.									
		Grain employed at any one time during the year.	Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Average day's wages for 100 men.	Average day's wages for 100 women.	Average day's wages for 100 children and youth.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Total value of labor employed in the year.	Number of pounds of cheese made.						Kind of cheese.	Average pounds of milk used per pound of cheese produced.	Average price per pound of cheese produced.	Price per 100 pounds paid for milk.	Cost of manufacturing per 100 pounds.	Number of pounds of butter made.	Average pounds of milk used per pound of butter produced.	Average price per pound of butter produced.	Price per 100 pounds paid for milk.	Cost of manufacturing per 100 pounds.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES—Continued.

NAME OF MANUFACTURER, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PROPRIETOR, TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.		INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.													INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES ONLY.				POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.																											
Capital (Real and Personal) Invested in the Business.		IF WATER-POWER IS USED.													IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.																															
Cost of Manufacturing per 100 Pounds.		WHEELS.													WHEELS.																															
Vertical Shafts and Gears, and other Machinery.		Kind.													Kind.																															
Number of Pounds of Butter Made.		Breadth, Height, and Power.													Breadth, Height, and Power.																															
Number of Pounds of Cheese Made.		Revolutions per Minute.													Revolutions per Minute.																															
Average Number of Milk Used per Pound of Butter Produced.		Horse-power.													Horse-power.																															
Average Price per Pound of Butter Produced.		Number of Shafts.													Number of Shafts.																															
Average Price per Pound of Cheese Produced.		Number of Engines.													Number of Engines.																															
Price per 100 Pounds Paid for Milk.		Horse-power.													Horse-power.																															
Cost of Manufacturing per 100 Pounds.		Horse-power.													Horse-power.																															
Volume of Lactation and Amount of Milk Sold.		Horse-power.													Horse-power.																															
Number of Pounds of Condensed Milk Produced.		Horse-power.													Horse-power.																															
Value of Condensed Milk Produced.		Horse-power.													Horse-power.																															
In what River or Stream?		Horse-power.													Horse-power.																															
(See note below.)		Horse-power.													Horse-power.																															
41		42													43				44				45				46				47				48				49				50			

Notes.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle.

The inquiries in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto.

The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. All Supplies and Fuel should be included.

The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

Only reasonable losses and expenses are to be reported.

Home-power.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

NOTES RELATIVE TO CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORIES.

COLUMNS 1 to 15 have reference to all factories of this class, and should be filled for every establishment enumerated.

COLUMNS 16 to 21 have reference to manufacturers of cheese only.

COLUMNS 22 to 27 have reference to manufacturers of butter only.

COLUMNS 28 to 35 have reference to those factories that manufacture both cheese and butter.

COLUMNS 36 and 40 have reference to manufacturers of condensed milk.