

Supervisor's Dist. No. 1st

Enumeration Dist. No. 1634

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos 7 and 8.

August, 21.80

FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS—CHEESE, BUTTER, AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Products of Industry in Georgia, in the County of Pickens, State of Georgia, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PROPRIETOR, TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE MILL, \$500.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.				WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.						MILLS IN OPERATION.						Do you do custom work, or make flour for sale, or both? If so, state quantity in bushels.	Is there an adaptation of your machinery to your establishment? If so, state quantity in bushels.	POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
			Males above 15 years.				NUMBER OF HANDS IN THE MILL, IN THE MONTH OF MAY, IN NORMAN, AVERAGE DAILY WAGES FOR AN UNSKILLED LABORER.	AVERAGE DAILY WAGES FOR AN UNSKILLED LABORER.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.			On day-quarter (time only).			Mills.	Number of flour in bushels.	Estimated maximum capacity per year.			IF WATER-POWER IS USED.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
			Females above 15 years.							On day-quarter (time only).	On half-time only.	Mills.	Number of flour in bushels.	Estimated maximum capacity per year.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
			1	2	3	4									5						6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
1. <u>William S. S.</u>	<u>400</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>				<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>Longview</u>		<u>Longview</u>	<u>20</u>																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS—Continued.

MATERIALS.										PRODUCTS.											
MATERIALS.										PRODUCTS.											
MATERIALS.		MATERIALS.		MATERIALS.		MATERIALS.		MATERIALS.		PRODUCTS.		PRODUCTS.		PRODUCTS.		PRODUCTS.		PRODUCTS.		PRODUCTS.	
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	
Number of bushels of wheat.	Value.	Number of bushels of other grain.	Value.	Value of mill supplies.	Total value of all materials.	Number of barrels of wheat flour.	Number of barrels of rye flour.	Number of pounds of buckwheat flour.	Number of pounds of barley meal.	Number of pounds of corn meal.	Number of pounds of feed.	Number of pounds of lard.	Value of all other products.	Total value of all products.							
30	60	1300	750	10	810	10								1300							
		1800	900	10	910									1800							
		1500	750	25	1525									1525							
6000	6000	4000	2000	80	8080	1200								8080							

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

GENERAL INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO ALL FACTORIES NAMED ABOVE.															INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.									
GENERAL INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO ALL FACTORIES NAMED ABOVE.															INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PROPRIETOR, TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Average number of hands employed during the year.	Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Average day's wages for a full team.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Total value of labor employed in the year.	Do you do custom work, or make cheese for sale, or both? If so, state quantity in bushels.	Do you do custom work, or make butter for sale, or both? If so, state quantity in bushels.	Average number of cows fed during the year.	Average number of cows fed during the year.	Number of pounds of cheese made.	Kind of cheese.	Average pounds of milk used per pound of cheese produced.	Average pounds of milk used per pound of cheese produced.	Price per 100 pounds paid for milk.	Cost of manufacturing per 100 pounds.	Number of pounds of butter made.	Average pounds of butter made per pound of cheese produced.	Price per 100 pounds paid for butter.	Cost of manufacturing per 100 pounds.

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES—Continued.

INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.															POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.									
INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.															POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.									
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
Price per 100 pounds paid for milk.	Cost of manufacturing per 100 pounds.	Value of cheese made and returned with milk.	Number of pounds of butter made.	Number of pounds of cheese made.	Average pounds of milk used per pound of cheese produced.	Average pounds of milk used per pound of cheese produced.	Average price per pound of milk.	Average price per pound of milk.	Price per 100 pounds paid for milk.	Cost of manufacturing per 100 pounds.	Cost of manufacturing per 100 pounds.	Value of butter and cheese returned with milk.	Number of pounds of butter made.	Value of butter and cheese returned with milk.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall, in feet.	Kind.	Depth, in feet.	Direction of current.	Home-power.	Number of horses.	Number of engines.	Home-power.	

NOTE.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle.

The inquiries in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto.

The cost of superintendence, rent, freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials, Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

Only serviceable boilers and engines are to be reported.

HOME-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

NOTES RELATIVE TO CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORIES.

COLUMNS 1 to 15 have reference to all factories of this class, and should be filled for every establishment enumerated.

COLUMNS 16 to 21 have reference to manufacturers of cheese only.

COLUMNS 22 to 27 have reference to manufacturers of butter only.

COLUMNS 28 to 33 have reference to those factories that manufacture both cheese and butter.

COLUMNS 34 and 40 have reference to manufacturers of condensed milk.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 1st
 Enumeration Dist. No. 144

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 7 and 8.

FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS—CHEESE, BUTTER, AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Products of Industry in the Georgia Mills in the County of Pickens, State of Georgia, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

J. D. Paulk

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS.

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS.																																
NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING BY THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.						WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.						MILLS IN OPERATION.						Do you do custom work or make only for market? If the former, in what quantities?	Is there an establishment for the sale of flour or meal?	POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.									
			Males above 15 years.						Males above 15 years.						Males above 15 years.								IF WATER-POWER IS USED.									
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26							
Wheeler & Co	2,000	1	1	1	1	1	8	8	2	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	50	3	Custom	On what river or stream? (Specify below.)	181	Shubine	2	40	18							
Wheeler & Co	500	1	1	1	1	1	8	8	2	1	1	50	50	50	50	1	50	3	Custom	On what river or stream? (Specify below.)	181	Shubine	2	40	18							
Wheeler & Co	500	1	1	1	1	1	8	8	2	1	1	50	50	50	50	1	50	3	Custom	On what river or stream? (Specify below.)	181	Shubine	2	40	18							
Wheeler & Co	500	1	1	1	1	1	8	8	2	1	1	50	50	50	50	1	50	3	Custom	On what river or stream? (Specify below.)	181	Shubine	2	40	18							
Wheeler & Co	500	1	1	1	1	1	8	8	2	1	1	50	50	50	50	1	50	3	Custom	On what river or stream? (Specify below.)	181	Shubine	2	40	18							
Wheeler & Co	500	1	1	1	1	1	8	8	2	1	1	50	50	50	50	1	50	3	Custom	On what river or stream? (Specify below.)	181	Shubine	2	40	18							
Wheeler & Co	500	1	1	1	1	1	8	8	2	1	1	50	50	50	50	1	50	3	Custom	On what river or stream? (Specify below.)	181	Shubine	2	40	18							
Wheeler & Co	2,000	1	1	1	1	1	8	8	2	1	1	12	12	12	12	1	50	3	Custom	On what river or stream? (Specify below.)	181	Shubine	2	40	18							

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS—Continued.

MATERIALS.										PRODUCTS.									
Number of bushels of wheat.	Value.	Number of bushels of other grain.	Value.	Value of mill supplies.	Total value of all materials.	Number of barrels of wheat flour.	Number of barrels of rye flour.	Number of pounds of buckwheat flour.	Number of pounds of barley meal.	Number of pounds of corn meal.	Number of pounds of feed.	Number of pounds of lard.	Value of all other products.	Total value of all products.					
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
<u>4,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>4,100</u>	<u>800</u>								<u>5,000</u>					
														<u>4,000</u>					
														<u>4,000</u>					
														<u>4,000</u>					
														<u>4,000</u>					
														<u>4,000</u>					
														<u>4,000</u>					
														<u>4,000</u>					
														<u>4,000</u>					
														<u>4,000</u>					

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

GENERAL INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO ALL FACTORIES NAMED ABOVE.										INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.									
NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING BY THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.	Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Average day's wages.	Average day's wages for custom labor.	Total value of labor produced in the year.	Do you manufacture butter?	Do you manufacture cheese?	Average number of cows the year 1879.	Average number of cows the year 1880.	Total number of pounds of cheese produced in the year.	Number of pounds of cheese made.	Kind of cheese.	Average price per pound of cheese.	Average price per pound of cheese for the year.	Price per 100 pounds paid for milk.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES—Continued.

INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.										INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES ONLY.									
NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING BY THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.	Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Average day's wages.	Average day's wages for custom labor.	Total value of labor produced in the year.	Do you manufacture butter?	Do you manufacture cheese?	Average number of cows the year 1879.	Average number of cows the year 1880.	Total number of pounds of cheese produced in the year.	Number of pounds of cheese made.	Kind of cheese.	Average price per pound of cheese.	Average price per pound of cheese for the year.	Price per 100 pounds paid for milk.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

Notes.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Slop and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. Power, used in manufacture.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only reasonable butlers and engines are to be reported. Horse-power.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

NOTES RELATIVE TO CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORIES.

Columns 1 to 15 have reference to all factories of this class, and should be filled for every establishment enumerated.
 Columns 16 to 21 have reference to manufacturers of cheese only.
 Columns 22 to 27 have reference to manufacturers of butter only.
 Columns 28 to 33 have reference to those factories that manufacture both cheese and butter.
 Columns 34 to 39 have reference to manufacturers of condensed milk.
 Columns 40 and 41 have reference to manufacturers of condensed milk.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 131
Enumeration Dist. No. 168

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 7 and 8.

FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS—CHEESE, BUTTER, AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Products of Industry in Durham (1024), in the County of Peters, State of Georgia
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS.

[illegible]

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS—Continued.

FLOURING AND GRIST-MILLS—continued.															
MATERIALS							PRODUCTS								
WATERPUMP IN MANUFACTURE —continued.															
IF WATERPUMP IS MADE:															
Number of barrels. Number of casks. Hides-pieces.	Number of bushels of wheat.	Value.	Number of bushels of other grain.	Value.	Value of mill supply.	Total value of all materials.	Number of barrels of wheat flour.	Number of barrels of rye flour.	Number of pounds of buck-wheat flour.	Number of pounds of barley meal.	Number of pounds of corn meal.	Number of pounds of feed.	Number of pounds of lard.	Value of all other products.	Total value of all products.
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
			3000	1500	30	1150 1300				100000		6000		2450	
						1300				150000				1850	
						1500				200000					
						1600	400			250000	40000			5000	
	2000	2000	4000	2000	50	1400	400			300000				5500	
			1600	800	40	1400				350000				6000	
	16000	16000	30000	15000	250	30000	3000			160000	30000			30000	
	250	250	400	200	250	6000	50			44000	5000			10000	
			2500	1250	25	1250				140000				1400	

BUTTER, CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.														
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2500 1000 25 1275									
CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES:									
AMOUNTS ARE ADDED TO CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.									

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND CHEESE FACTORIES															INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY										INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO BUTTER FACTORIES ONLY	
GENERAL INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO ALL FACTORIES NAMED ABOVE																										
NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL, DEBTS AND PERSONNEL EMPLOYED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of heads employed in any one manufacturing season.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HEADS EMPLOYED.			WAGES.					Days when manufacturing season present.	Days when manufacturing season absent.	Average number of cows that have been milked during the year.	Average number of milk cows that have been milked during the year.	Average cost of milk per 100 lbs. brought to the factory.	Total number of pounds of milk produced in the factory.	Kind or kinds of cheese made.	Kind or kinds of butter made.	Average number of milk cows that have been milked during the year.	Average number of milk cows that have been milked during the year.						
			Males above 16 years.	Females above 16 years.	Children and youth.	Average day's wages for a day-man.	Average day's wages for a day-woman.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Total value of labor employed in the year.																	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24			

CONTINUED MILK FACTORIES—Continued.

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES-Continued.

[illegible]

Notes.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Slop and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods for sale work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

POWER USED IN MANUFACTURING.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only reversible boilers and engines are to be reported.

HOISTING POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

SALES OF CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORIES.

NOTES RELATIVE TO CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORIES

NOTE.—This form should be filled for every establishment enumerated.

COLUMNS 1 to 15 have reference to all factories of this class.

COLUMNS 16 to 21 have reference to manufacturers of cheese only.
COLUMNS 22 to 27 have reference to manufacturers of butter only.

COLUMNS 22 to 27 have reference to manufacturers of milk
COLUMNS 28 to 32 have reference to those factories that manufacture
condensed milk

COLUMNS 39 and 40 have reference to manufacturers of condensed milk.

FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS—CHEESE, BUTTER, AND CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

Products of Industry in (1880) (1101) Dist., in the County of Wilkes, State of Georgia during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

FLOURING AND GRIST MILLS.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED						WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.				MOTOR IN OPERATION.				Do you do custom work? If so, state amount paid in wages during the year.	Do you do contract work? If so, state amount paid in wages during the year.	Do you do general work? If so, state amount paid in wages during the year.	POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.									
		Constant number of hands employed during the year.	Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Myself personally.	Myself personally.	Average day's wages for an unskilled man.	Average day's wages for an unskilled woman.	Average day's wages for an unskilled child.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Mile.													
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Richard Thaddeus	800	1	1			8	8	2 1/2	75	150	8				2	2	60 3/4	Custom	none	Shortmont 18	Cheneston 3 1/2	12 1/2						
Michael William	300	1	1			8	8	2 1/2	75	50	8				4	1	25 3/4	Custom	none	Shortmont 14	Cheneston 3	5	8 1/2					

FLOURING AND GRIST MILLS—Continued.

POWERED IN IN MANUFACTURE			MATERIALS						PRODUCTS										
IF BEAN-POWER IS USED.			Number of bushels of wheat.	Value.	Number of bushels of other grain.	Value.	Value of mill supplies.	Total value of all materials.	Number of barrels of wheat flour.	Number of barrels of rye flour.	Number of pounds of buckwheat flour.	Number of pounds of barley meal.	Number of pounds of corn meal.	Number of pounds of feed.	Number of pounds of poultry.	Value of all other products.	Total value of all products.		
Number of barrels.	Number of bushels.	Home-grown.																	
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44		
1			1500	1500	1800	900	40	5440	200				10000	3000		9000			
2					1200	600	30	1200					67200			1200			
3																			
4																			
5																			
6																			

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED						WAGES				INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.									
		Constant number of hands employed during the year.	Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Myself personally.	Myself personally.	Average day's wages for an unskilled man.	Average day's wages for an unskilled woman.	Average day's wages for an unskilled child.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Do you manufacture butter?	Do you manufacture cheese?	Do you manufacture combined butter and cheese?	Do you manufacture condensed milk?	Do you manufacture other products?	Do you manufacture other products?	Do you manufacture other products?	Do you manufacture other products?	Do you manufacture other products?	Do you manufacture other products?
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22

CHEESE FACTORIES: BUTTER FACTORIES: COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES: CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES—Continued.

INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO BUTTER FACTORIES (SECT. 5045, CHAP. 15).										INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO COMBINED BUTTER AND SKIM-CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.										INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CONDENSED MILK FACTORIES (SECT. 5047, CHAP. 15).										POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.									
IF WATER-POWER IS USED.										IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.										IF WATER-POWER IS USED.										IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.									
WHEREAS...										WHEREAS...										WHEREAS...										WHEREAS...									
In what river or stream? (See note below.)										In what river or stream? (See note below.)										In what river or stream? (See note below.)										In what river or stream? (See note below.)									
Height of fall in feet.										Height of fall in feet.										Height of fall in feet.										Height of fall in feet.									
Number.										Number.										Number.										Number.									
Kind.										Kind.										Kind.										Kind.									
Strength in feet.										Strength in feet.										Strength in feet.										Strength in feet.									
Discharge per second.										Discharge per second.										Discharge per second.										Discharge per second.									
Horse-power.										Horse-power.										Horse-power.										Horse-power.									
Number of falls.										Number of falls.										Number of falls.										Number of falls.									
Number of engines.										Number of engines.										Number of engines.										Number of engines.									
Horse-power.										Horse-power.										Horse-power.										Horse-power.									
25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50														

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for time: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 16 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods for doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns. NOTES RELATIVE TO CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORIES. COLUMNS 1 to 15 have reference to all factories of this class, and should be filled for every establishment enumerated. COLUMNS 16 to 21 have reference to manufacturers of cheese only. COLUMNS 22 to 27 have reference to manufacturers of butter only. COLUMNS 28 to 33 have reference to those factories that manufacture both cheese and butter. COLUMNS 34 to 40 have reference to manufacturers of condensed milk.

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 7 and 8.

Products of Industry in One hundred and sixty-two, in the County of Pickens, State of Georgia
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Jas. L. Coleman

NAME OF OVERHAULING, CONTRACT, OR INDIVIDUAL PROPERTY, AND THE VALUE OF THE ANNUALTY.	CAPITAL, REAL AND PERSONAL, INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.						MONTHS IN OPERATION.						Is there a maximum capacity per month, or is business fairly uniform?	Do you do custom work, or make to order? If the former, state the nature of the work, and the quantity in custom printing?	Is there a dealer connected with the business, and if so, what is the capacity in business.	POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.									
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	NUMBER OF MEN IN THE BUSINESS AT EACH OF ABOVE.	NUMBER OF MONTHS.	Average day's wages for an unskilled workman.	Average day's wages for an unskilled laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of hours of service.	Engines, steam capacity per horse power.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)				Height of fall in feet.	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.								
																						Number.	Kinds.	Wharves.	Number, or class.	Dimensions of mill.	Power.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26					
W. H. A. Stearns	1500	6	12	8	2	1	100	2								60	All custom		mill, with	14	1	Direct machine	12	300	14					
W. H. A. Stearns	1200	1	11	10	2	1	110	10				1	1	1	1	100	All custom		Power, 200	10	1	Turb	3	175	4					
Wardell & Jones	1800	1	11	10	2	1	125	6				6	2	144	All custom			Talking Rock	12	4	Center discharge	3	200	6						
W. H. A. Stearns	1200	1	13	10	18	10	250	13				2	2	150	All custom			Talking Rock	10	3	Power, 200	8	4	24						
W. H. A. Stearns	2400	2	2	10	2	1	600					13	2	135	All custom			Seas Cove	8	3	Center discharge	3	60	7						

POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE OF CONDENSED MILK				MATERIALS				PRODUCTS										
IF OTHER POWER IS USED				Number of bushels of wheat	Value	Number of bushels of other grain	Value	Value of mill supply	Total value of all materials	Number of barrels of wheat flour	Number of barrels of rye flour	Number of pounds of buckwheat flour	Number of pounds of barley meal	Number of pounds of corn meal	Number of pounds of feed	Number of pounds of bran	Value of all other products	Total value of all products
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	
					600	400	10	480					324.00	12.00			664	
					4,000	3000	25	3025					2,500.00	800.00			3,300	
					1600	2800	20	4420					1746.00	410.00			508	
					3000	2000	30	5080					1620.00	42.120			5721	
					1040	2000	20	4060					1224.00	22.848		1500	5200	

GENERAL INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO ALL FACTORIES NAMED ABOVE.										INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO CHEESE FACTORIES ONLY.										INQUIRIES APPLICABLE TO BUTTER FACTORIES ONLY.									
NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PROPRIETOR, WITH FULL ADDRESS, AND THE YEAR FOR WHICH THE REPORT IS MADE.			CAPITAL STOCK AND PERSONAL INVESTMENT IN THE BUSINESS.			AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES.			PRODUCTS MANUFACTURED.			OTHER FACTS.			OTHER FACTS.			OTHER FACTS.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24						
			Grand number of hands employed the year.	Males above 16 years.	Females above 12 years.	Children and youth under 16 years.	Average day's wage for 8 hours.	Average hourly wage for 8 hours.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Total value of labor employed in the year.	Value of products manufactured.	Value of other products manufactured.	Average number of units produced during the year.	Average cost of unit produced during the year.	Total number of pounds of cheese manufactured during the year.	Number of pounds of cheese made.	Kind of cheese.	Average number of units produced during the year.	Average price per unit of cheese produced during the year.	Price per 100 pounds paid for milk.	Cost of finishing per 100 pounds.	Number of pounds of butter.	Average number of units produced during the year.	Average price per unit of butter produced during the year.					

[illegible]

All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on part time; or 6 months on full time and 6 months on part time.

The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included in the materials account; and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighbors

All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for. Great care and judgment should be used in the valuation of the product. The inquiries in respect to the values of material and of product are of prime importance. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be tabulated. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. The value of the Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream of power used in the manufacture of the product. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance.

NOTES RELATIVE TO CHEESE AND BUTTER FACTORIES

Forms 1 to 15 have reference to all factories of this class, and should be filled for every establishment enumerated.

COLUMNS 1 to 15 have reference to all factories of this class.

COLUMNS 16 to 21 have reference to manufacturers of butter only.

COLUMNA 28 to 27 have reference to manufacturers of leather goods
28 to 29 have reference to those factories that manufacture boots

COLUMNS 28 to 38 have reference to those manufacturers of condensed milk.
Columns 39 and 40 have reference to manufacturers of condensed milk.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 104

Enumeration Dist. No. 165

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in Jasper, in the County of Pickens, State of Georgia
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

B. H. Simmons

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				MACHINES.			MATERIALS.	
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for an adult male.	Average day's wages for an adult female.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of sewing machines.	Number of pressing machines.	Number of great roughed outting machines.	Number skins sole leather.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
King George T. Transferred to Gent Schedule 1163		60	2	2		12	9				12				1			40	50

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

MATERIALS—Continued.			PRODUCTS.							POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.										
Pounds of sole leather.	Value of all other materials.	Total value of all materials.	Number of pairs of boots.	Value.	Number of pairs of shoes.	Value.	Value of unsupplied products, including repairing.	Total value of all products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall in feet.	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.					IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.				
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	WHEELS.					37	38	39		
											Number.	Kind.	Depth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of boilers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.		
1	10	310	50	260	260	400		650												
2																				
3																				
4																				
5																				
6																				

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.		WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.						MONTHS IN OPERATION.				TANNING.							
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for an adult male.	Average day's wages for an adult female.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of horseback bark.	Scissors whens horseback bark is procured.	Number of oak bark.	Scissors whens oak bark is procured.	Number of hides.	Number of skins.	Total value of all materials.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
																</						

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

TANNING—Continued.			CURRYING.							POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.									
PRODUCTS.			MATERIALS.			PRODUCTS.				IF WATER-POWER IS USED.					IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.				
Number of skins of leather.	Number of skins.	Total value of products.	Number of skins of leather.	Number of skins.	Number of gallons of oil.	Total value of all materials.	Number of skins of leather.	Number of skins.	Total value of products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Depth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of boilers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42

NOTES.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The inquiries in respect to the value of materials and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other related expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Slop and Fuel should be included. The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only servicable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 101
Enumeration Dist. No. 165

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 3 and 4.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

Products of Industry in Jasper, in the County of Pickens, State of Georgia
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

B. H. Simmons

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$200 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL, REAL AND PERSONAL, INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				MACHINES.			MATERIALS.	
			Male above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.		Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Average daily wages for an ordinary day of labor.	Average daily wages for an extraordinary day of labor.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of sewing machines.	Number of pegging machines.	Number of patching and mending machines.	Number sides sole leather.	Number sides upper leather.
						May to November.	November to May.												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
<u>King George, S.</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>			<u>12</u>	<u>9</u>				<u>12</u>				<u>1</u>			<u>40</u>	<u>50</u>

BOOTS AND SHOES—Continued.

MATERIALS—Continued.			PRODUCTS.						POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.											
Pounds of sole leather.	Value of all other materials.	Total value of all materials.	Number of pairs of boots.	Value.	Number of pairs of shoes.	Value.	Value of unsold products, including repairing.	Total value of all products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall, in feet.	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.					IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.				
											WHEELS.					Number of boilers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.	Number of rollers.	Number of trains of rollers.
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46					
10	310	50	250	250	400			650												

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED).

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$200 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL, REAL AND PERSONAL, INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				TANNING.						
			Male above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.		Total amount paid in wages during the year.	Average daily wages for an ordinary day of labor.	Average daily wages for an extraordinary day of labor.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	Idle.	Number of tan barrels.	Sources whence hides are procured.	Number of tan barrels.	Sources whence oak bark is procured.	Number of hides.	Number of skins.	Total value of all materials.
						May to November.	November to May.														
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22

LEATHER (TANNED AND CURRIED)—Continued.

TANNING—Continued.			CURRIING.							POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.												
PRODUCTS.			MATERIALS.				PRODUCTS.			IF WATER-POWER IS USED.										IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.		
Number of sides of leather.	Number of skins.	Total value of products.	Number of sides of leather.	Number of skins.	Number of gallons of oil.	Total value of all materials.	Number of sides of leather.	Number of skins.	Total value of products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall, in feet.	WHEELS.					Number of boilers.	Horse-power.	Horse-power.			
												Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.						
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42			
1																						
2																						
3																						
4																						
5																						
6																						

Notes.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle.
The inquiries in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto.
The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Fuel, Lubricants and Fuel should be included.
The value of Product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.
POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.
Only reversible boilers and engines are to be reported.
Horse-power.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 1st
Enumeration Dist. No. 161

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 5 and 6.

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

Products of Industry in *Richmond County*, in the County of *Richmond*, State of *Georgia*
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Jas. H. Lockman

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				SAWS.		MATERIALS.		PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS.						
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	Number of hours in the ordinary day of labor.	May to November.	November to May.	Average day's wages for a skilled workman.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid for wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	On full time only.	Number of saws in gang.	Number of circular saws.	Number of sawy saws.	Number of bushwax.	Value of logs.	Value of mill supplies.	Total value of all materials (including value of logs).	Number of thousand feet of lumber.	Number of thousand shingles.	Number of thousand shingles.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Wichita Falls	500	2	1			7	8	2	1	150	6	7	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1500	110	1310	700		

LUMBER MILLS AND SAW-MILLS—Continued.

PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS—Continued.					REMANUFACTURES					POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE											
Number of thousand shingles.	Number of thousand feet of lumber.	Number of thousand feet of shingles and preservative.	Total value of all products (including value of lumber).	Total value of all other products.	Do you manufacture any other products? If so, what? (Specify.)	Have you any other products? If so, what? (Specify.)	From what region do you procure your logs?	Do you do your own logging? (Yes or no.)	If so, what proportion of your logs do you log in your own territory? (Yes or no.)	Do you ship your product by your own vessel? (Yes or no.)	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall in feet.	Number.	Kind.	Depth in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of rollers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.	
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
			600		No		At home	Yes	All	No	At home	12	1	Willis		3000	10				

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS.

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL PRODUCING TO THE VALUE OF \$500 ANNUALLY.	CAPITAL (REAL AND PERSONAL) INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS.	Constant number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF HANDS EMPLOYED.			WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR.					MONTHS IN OPERATION.				MATERIALS.		
			Males above 15 years.	Females above 15 years.	Children and youth.	May to November. Number to May.	November to May. Average day's wages for a skilled workman.	Average day's wages for an ordinary laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On three-quarter time only.	On half time only.	On full time only.	Number of cubic wood.	Value of all other materials.	Total value of all materials.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

BRICK YARDS AND TILE WORKS—Continued.

PRODUCTS							POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE									
Number of thousand bricks.	Number of thousand fire bricks.	Number of thousand pressed bricks.	Value of tile.	Value of drain-pipe.	Value of all other products.	Total value of all products.	On what river or stream? (See note below.)	Height of fall, in feet.	IF WATER-POWER IS USED.					IF STEAM-POWER IS USED.		
									WHEELS.							
									Number.	Kind.	Depth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of boilers.	Number of engines.	Horse-power.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
1																
2																
3																
4																
5																
6																

NOTE.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle. The business in respect to the value of material and of product are of prime importance. A great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto. The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included. The value of the Product, in the case of mill and factory producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods or doing work for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop. POWER USED IN MANUFACTURE.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows. Only servicable boilers and engines are to be reported. HORSE-POWER.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Special Schedules of Manufactures—Nos. 5 and 6.

Products of Industry in ^{the} Logan ^{the} township, in the County of Logan, State of Georgia
during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

L. D. Paulkins

NAME OF CORPORATION, COMPANY, OR INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTING TO THE FUND IN 1940 ANNUALLY			CAPITAL, REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE INVESTED IN THE BUSINESS	Greatest number of hours employed at any one time during the year	AVERAGE NUMBER OF MEN EMPLOYED		WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR					MONTHS IN OPERATION				SAWS				MATERIALS			PROPER SAW-MILL PRODUCTS		
					Male adults 18 years	Females above 15 years	Children and youth	Number of months in the calendar year of labor	May to November	November to May	Average day's wages for a full-time worker, skilled or unskilled	Average day's wages for an unskilled worker	Total amount paid to wages during the year	On full time	On three-quarter time only	On half time only	Idle	Number of gangs	Number of saws in use	Number of circular saws	Number of double saws	Number of band-saws	Value of logs	Value of mill supplies	Value of all materials (including sawdust)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Wichita Co.	5.00	1	1	—	—	9	8	2	1	13.50	10	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	2.50	8.5	24.6	33	10	—
Wichita Co.	5.00	1	1	—	—	9	8	2	1	2.50	6	6	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	2.50	2.6	2.75	35	10	—
Wichita Co.	5.00	1	1	—	—	9	8	2	1	1.00	6	6	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	2.00	1.5	2.15	30	10	—
Wichita Co.	5.00	1	1	—	—	9	8	2	1	1.00	6	6	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	2.00	2.0	2.00	35	6	—
Wichita Co.	5.00	1	1	—	—	9	8	2	1	1.50	6	6	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	3.50	5.0	3.00	40	5	—

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Notes.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and two months idle.

Page No.
 Supervisor's Dist. No.
 Enumeration Dist. No. 102

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

- (1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.
- (2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.
- (3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.
- (4.) Salt Works.
- (5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.
- (6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.
- (7.) Paper Mills.
- (8.) Coal Mines.
- (9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
- (10.) Quarries.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in *Greenville, West Carolina*, in the County of *Pickens*, State of *Georgia*, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by me.

Post Office: *Talking Rock, Georgia*

Jos. J. Coleman Enumerator

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	Power used in Manufacture.										27	28	29	
																			If water power is used.													
																			On what River or Stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Wheels.					If steam power is used.						
																					Number.	Kind.	Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.	Number of Boilers.	Number of Engines.	Horse power.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7</																										

Page No.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 1

Enumeration Dist. No. 1011

The following classes of Manufacturing Establishments will be reported on a SPECIAL MANUFACTURING SCHEDULE, and not on this Schedule, viz:

- (1.) Boot and Shoe Factories. (5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills. (8.) Coal Mines.
 (2.) Cheese and Butter Factories. (6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works. (9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
 (3.) Flouring and Grist Mills. (7.) Paper Mills. (10.) Quarries.
 (4.) Salt Works.

SCHEDULE 3.—MANUFACTURES.—Products of Industry in Wigwag (447), in the County of Richmond, State of Virginia, during the twelve months beginning June 1, 1879, and ending May 31, 1880, as enumerated by J. L. Paulkner.

Post Office:

Enumerator

Name of Corporation, Company, or other body, producing the value as an industry.	Name of Business, Manufac- ture, or Product.	Capital (real and personal) invested in the business.	Average number of hands employed.				Wages and Hours of Labor.					Months in Oper- ation.					Value of Material (including 2000 pages of a dollar).	Value of Product (including 2000 pages of a dollar).	Power used in Manufacture.						If steam power is used.			
			Greatest number of hands employed at any one time during the year.	Males above 16 years.	Females above 16 years.	Children and youth.	May to November.	November to May.	Number of hours in the ordi- nary day of labor.	Average day's wages for a skilled mechanic.	Average day's wages for an un- skilled laborer.	Total amount paid in wages during the year.	On full time.	On 3/4 time only.	On 1/2 time only.	On 1/4 time only.			On 1/8 time only.	On 1/16 time only.	On what River or stream?	Height of fall, in feet.	Number.	Kind.		Breadth, in feet.	Revolutions per minute.	Horse-power.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
W. L. & Co.	Manufacturing	500	2	1			10	6	2	100	300	200	200	450	10	3	200	450	10	3	10	10	10	10				

REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches \$500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMN 2.—The kind of business, or the character of product should be described as specifically as possible, thus: Sewing-Machines, Corsets, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

COLUMN 11.—In many establishments (as carpenter shops, blacksmith shops, &c.) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In this case column 11 will not be filled.

COLUMNS 13 to 17.—All the 12 months of the year should be accounted for in one or more of the columns 13 to 17, thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and 2 months idle.

COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These figures are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the returns relative thereto, especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

[18.]—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[19.]—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 27 and 28.—Only reversible boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 25 and 29.—This is an inquiry of great importance. The best information available should be used in filling these columns.

Supervisor's Dist. No. 165
Enumeration Dist. No. 165

(1.) Boot and Shoe Factories.	(5.) Lumber Mills and Saw Mills.	(8.) Coal Mines.
(2.) Cheese and Butter Factories.	(6.) Brick Yards and Tile Works.	(9.) Agricultural Implement Works.
(3.) Flouring and Grist Mills.	(7.) Paper Mills.	(10.) Quarries.
(4.) Salt Works.		

Post Office: Jasper Ga

Enumeratio:

REMARKS.—The term "Productive Industry" must be understood, in its largest significance, to include not only all factories and large works, but also the mechanical trades, as blacksmithing, coopering, carpentering, &c. The smallest shop should not be omitted, provided the production reaches \$500 annually, including the cost of materials. Enumerators will take pains to reach all of the productive establishments, large and small, within their several districts.

COLUMN 2.—The kind of business or the character of the product should be described as explicitly as possible, thus: Sewing-Machine, Corset, Furniture, Foundry, Machine Shop, Coopering, Blacksmithing, &c.

COLUMN 11.—In many establishments (as carpenter shops, blacksmith shops, &c.) it will be found that no ordinary laborers are employed. In this case column 11 must not be filled.

COLUMNS 12 to 17.—In many cases the year should be accounted for in one or more of the columns 12 to 17, thus: 12 months on full time; or 8 months on full time and 4 months on half time; or 10 months on full time and 2 months idle.

COLUMNS 18 and 19.—These figures are of prime importance. Great care and judgment should be exercised in making the figures, especially in the case of small shops where book-accounts are not kept.

[12].—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[13].—The cost of Superintendence, Rent, Freight of goods to market, and other general expenses of a manufacturing establishment are not to be included in Materials. Mill Supplies and Fuel should be included.

[14].—The value of the product, in the case of mills and factories producing for a distant market, means the wholesale price of the goods. In the case of small shops producing goods, or doing work, for the neighborhood only, the value of the product means the price charged at the shop.

COLUMN 20.—If the stream is a very small one, mention also the larger stream or river into which it flows.

COLUMNS 26 and 28.—Only servicable boilers and engines are to be reported.

COLUMNS 27 and 29.—The best information available should be used in filling these columns.