

Gc
941.4301
H18d
1244070

M. L!

<http://stores.ebay.com/Ancestry-Found>

GENEALOGY COLLECTION

ALLEN COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY



3 1823 00855 7933

<http://stores.ebay.com/Ancestry-Found>

Edinburgh 26th February 1849.
John Part, Comt.
Ewen MacEwen Clerk

lodged 5 March 1849
No 17
J.W.

BARROCHAN CROSS



East View

West View

—Crown & Son Sc—

DESCRIPTIONS
OF THE SHERIFFDOMS OF
LANARK AND RENFREW,

COMPILED ABOUT M.DCC.X.

BY WILLIAM HAMILTON
OF WISHAW.

WITH ILLUSTRATIVE NOTES
AND APPENDICES.

PRINTED AT GLASGOW,
M.DCCC.XXI.

Sutherland 12. 50

1244070

At a MEETING of the COUNCIL of the MAITLAND CLUB, held at
GLASGOW, May 8th, 1828,

RESOLVED, That the Descriptions of the Sheriffdoms of Lanark and Renfrew, by WILLIAM HAMILTON of Wishaw, be printed for the Members of the Club,—the first from a Manuscript in the Topographical Collections in the Library of the Faculty of Advocates, the other from a Manuscript in the possession of SIR WILLIAM HAMILTON of Fingalton and Preston, Baronet; and that the printing be superintended by JOHN DILLON, and JOHN FULLARTON, Esqs.

JOHN WYLIE, Secretary.

P R E F A C E.

THE following Descriptions of the Sheriffdoms of Lanark and Renfrew were compiled about the beginning of last century, and are now first printed, from two separate manuscripts. The first is contained in Sir James Balfour's Collections concerning the several Shires of Scotland, into which it appears to have been transcribed by Sir Robert Sibbald ; and who having presented the volume to the historian of the Sufferings of the Scottish Church, it now forms part (M. 6. 15.) of the Wodrow Collections in the Library of the Faculty of Advocates. The Description of Renfrewshire (which appears never to have been fully completed by the author) is also transcribed into the same volume, but a more perfect copy having been politely communicated to the Club by Sir William Hamilton, Baronet, it was adopted in preference to Sibbald's transcript. This manuscript, which came into the possession of Sir William Hamilton at the sale of the library of the late Dr Boog, one of the Ministers of Paisley, has been ascertained to be in the author's handwriting, and has recently been presented to his descendant and representative, the Lord Belhaven and Stenton.

Though affording, like many similar productions of the period, but a very scanty supply of historical research or incident, these accounts

P R E F A C E.

nevertheless appear to be of considerable value from the many contemporary particulars they contain, as well relative to the state of property as to the genealogy of the proprietors in the important and populous districts to which they refer ; and to whom, as well as to the local historian and antiquary, they may therefore prove an acceptable and useful acquisition.

To the original works are now subjoined copious notatory additions and illustrations ; also two separate Appendices, consisting of original papers and authentic documents relating to the history of these Shires. The subsequent notices regarding Barochan Cross, and other ancient monuments in the neighbourhood of Paisley, have been contributed by William Motherwell, Esq. a member of the Maitland Club ; and to whom the reader is particularly obliged for the pains he has taken with these romantic tales, though it may still be reasonably enough doubted whether they owe not more to the fertile pen of the writer than to the faithfulness of traditional record so strenuously urged. Indices of the whole names of persons and places occurring in the volume, whether in the original, the notes, or the appendices, are also subjoined ; an addition which seems indispensable in a work of this nature.

As will be perceived, by far the most material part of the first of these additions has been derived from the Records of the Commissariot of Glasgow—a source at once authentic, copious, and often curious ; and to facilitate the inquiries of those who may feel more immediately interested in these extracts, exact reference to the originals, which have lately been transferred to the General Register House, has been carefully noted. A fragment of these Records as early as 1547—1555 has been preserved, and from the year 1600 they are nearly though not wholly entire. But the selections now made come only to the year 1662. The more ancient Records and muniments belonging to the See of Glasgow, it is well known, were carried to France on the eve of the

Reformation by Archbishop Beaton the incumbent prelate. They were afterwards deposited in the Scottish College at Paris, and were still preserved there at the period of the Revolution in 1789.* But this Institution, though at first exempted from secularization, was afterwards dissolved, and what became of the Scottish records in its possession seems not to be known. It is not improbable that part at least of these treasures may yet exist in some literary or other public institution of France ; and if so, surely an effort should be made for their restoration to that country to whose history they relate, and to which they must be of the highest importance.

Perhaps the most valuable, as it is certainly the most interesting and curious, of the different Descriptions given in Appendix I., is that, by Principal Dunlop, of the shire of Renfrew; particularly from the details which it contains of the fisheries in the Clyde, and from the use made of it by Mr Crawfurd in his accurate and valuable history of that Shire ;—whilst the ample collection of original and authentic documents comprised in Appendix II. contributes extensively to the early history of both Shires. The greater part of this collection has been obtained from the Glasgow Chartulary. The Scottish College, in the year 1748, presented to the Library of the University of Glasgow, two MS. volumes, containing a faithful transcript of the Chartulary of Glasgow, in their possession. These volumes also contain copies of deeds then remaining in the Scottish College, but not included in the Chartulary. Of these additional deeds, advantage has been taken in this publication, it being now exceedingly uncertain where the originals are to be found, or even if they exist at all. Amongst a variety of curious documents, many interesting and valuable deeds from the time of Malcolm

* M^cKen zie has given an account of these Records in his Lives, vol. iii. p. 464. which he says he had transmitted to him from Paris.

III. down to the period of the Reformation will be found ; and besides these, extracts are given from the Books of Parliament, and of Council, and the Register of the Great Seal, lately published under authority.

WILLIAM HAMILTON of Wishaw, the author of these Descriptions, derived his descent from the Ducal house of Hamilton, his father William Hamilton of Wishaw being a younger son of John Hamilton of Udston, an early branch of that noble family. He had probably the advantages of a juridical education, and appears to have been an accurate, industrious, and, considering the difficulties then attending the subject, a not unsuccessful inquirer into Scottish history and antiquities, particularly as regarded his own neighbourhood. In the present works, perhaps the most material which have been preserved of his writings, his authorities generally appear to have been derived from authentic sources, and his statements have subsequently been referred to by several distinguished Scottish historians. That he was highly esteemed amongst his contemporaries we have the authority of Crawfurd, the most eminent genealogist of his time, who characterizes Mr Hamilton of Wishaw as “an Antiquary of no little fame,” and particularly acknowledges his obligations to him.* It would certainly have been very gratifying to those now intrusted with the printing of this volume to have been able to have added something like a connected account of Mr Hamilton’s literary and antiquarian pursuits, could the requisite materials have been obtained for that purpose. These, there is reason to suppose, may still exist ; and it is to be hoped may yet be made available to the public. The following interesting notice, relative to our author and the important archiepiscopal relics of Glasgow before alluded to may however be here subjoined. It is contained in a letter, now in the possession of James Maidment, Esq., a member of the Maitland Club, dated London, June 23, 1719, from Mr James Oliphant, the translator of Buchanan,

* *Crawfurd's Peerage*, voc. Hamilton.

to James Anderson, Esq., author of the *Essay on the Independence of Scotland*, &c. Mr Oliphant states, “Mr Innes of the Scotch Colledge in Paris told me that he had sent 60 sheets of the most valuable Scotch matters to Mr William Hamilton of Wifchaw,—who allowed me the use of 14 sheets, and I hope he will let me have the rest.” It is probably unnecessary to add, that Mr Innes was the author of the valuable Essay regarding the ancient inhabitants of Scotland.

GLASGOW, JANUARY,
M.DCCC.XXXI.

C O N T E N T S.

	PAGE
Parish of Cambuslang,	19
Carmunnock,	23
Cathcart,	24
Rutherglen,	26
Govan,	27
Barony of Glasgow,	29
Calder,	31
Monkland, Old and New,	32
Bothwell,	37
Shotts,	43
Dalzell,	45
Cambusnethan,	46
Carluke,	50
Lanark,	58
Carstairs,	55
Carnwath,	56
Dunsyre,	57
Dolphington,	ib.
Newholm,	ib.
Walston,	58
Liberton and Quodquham,	ib.
Biggar,	ib.
Thankerton,	59
Coulter,	ib.
Lamington,	ib.
Roberton,	ib.
Crawfurd,	60
Crawfurd-John,	62
Wiston,	63
Symington,	ib.
Covington,	ib.
Pettienain,	64
Douglas,	ib.
Carmichael,	65
Lesmahago,	66

C O N T E N T S.

xvii

	PAGE
III. ACCOUNT OF THE SHERIFFDOM OF RENFREW,	PAGE
Paisley monastery,	71
——— regality,	74
——— parish,	ib.
Parish of Renfrew,	75
——— Inchinan,	84
——— Arskine,	86
——— Kilmacolm,	88
——— Killellan,	91
——— Greenock,	96
——— Houston,	97
——— Kilbarchan,	99
——— Inverkype,	101
——— Lochwinnoch,	104
——— Neilston,	106
——— Mearns,	108
——— Eastwood,	110
——— Cathcart,	113
——— Eglisham,	116
Farther notices relative to the preceding account of Renfrewshire,	118
IV. APPENDIX I.	
Description of the Sheriffdom of Lanark, by Sir William Baillie of Laminton, and William Baillie of Carphin,	129
Geographical Description of the Parish of Bothwell,	132
Description of the Sheriffdom of Renfrew, holden of the Princes and Stewarts of Scotland, by ——— Schaw of Greenock, and Mr James Montgomery of Weitlands,	140
Description of Renfrewshire,	142
V. APPENDIX II.	
Inquisitio facta per David Principem Cumbriæ Circa 1116, de terris ecclesiæ Glasguensi pertinentibus,	155
Notes on the Inquisition, as to the names of places mentioned in it,	157
Carta Willielmi Regis de erigendo burgo apud Glasgu,	161
Carta Willielmi Regis, de Nundinis apud Glasgu,	ib.
Carta Willielmi Regis de accessu libero ad Nundinas de Glasgu,	162

	PAGE
Carta Willielmi Regis, qua confirmat Fraternitatem constitutam ad constructionem ecclesiae Glasguensis,	ib.
Carta Willielmi Regis, qua concedit Gillemachoi de Conclud Ecclesiae de Glasgu,	163
Carta Alexandri II. Regis de quieta clamatione quorundam hominum Waltero Episcopo Glasguensi,	ib.
Carta Alexandri II. regis, de quibusdam terris in libera Foresta erectis,	164
Carta Alexandri II. regis, qua confirmat concessionem Burgi de Glasgu,	ib.
Carta Alexandri II. regis, de Nundinis habendis apud Glasgu,	165
Litera Protectionis per Alexandrum II. regem Willielmo Episcopo Glasguensi concessa,	ib.
Carta Alexandri II. regis de Burgo apud Glasgu,	166
Carta Alexandri II. regis quod Episcopi Glasguenses et eorum nativi et servi quieti sint de Tolneo per totum regnum,	ib.
Carta Alexandri II. regis quod burgenses de Glasgu ire possint in Ergadiam et Levenax ad emendum et vendendum,	167
Carta Roberti I. regis qua confirmat cartam Alexandri II. regis de Burgo et Foro apud Glasgu,	ib.
Extract from a Charter of Robert I. ratifying a Charter of Alexander III. to the Bishop of Glasgow, that the men of Glasgow might go and return from Argyll with merchandise freely and without impediment,	168
Carta Jacobi II. regis Regalitatis Civitatis et Baronie Glasguensis, et terræ quæ vocatur Bishop Forrest, levata et optenta per Dominum Willielmum Turnbull Episcopum Glasguensem,	169
Litera Jacobi II. regis de Privilegiis ecclesiae et Burgi de Glasgu,	171
Litera Decani et Capituli Sarisberiensis Decano et Capitulo Glasguensi,	ib.
Carta Libertatum ecclesiae Glasguensis per Willielmum Episcopum,	174
Confirmatio Libertatis Sarisberiensis ecclesiae, per Decanum et Canonicos ecclesiae Glasguensis,	ib.
Carta Willielmi Episcopi Glasguensis qua concedit Capitulo et Ecclesiae Glasguensi, liberam electionem Decani,	175
Litera Gregorii X. papæ, pro libertatibus Ecclesiae Glasguensis confirmandis,	176
Litera Gregorii X. papæ, de libertatibus Ecclesiae Sarisberiensis, ab Episcopo Glasguensi observandis,	177
Litera Gregorii X. papæ Episcopo Dunblenensi de W. de Lindsay et W. Salsario impediendis observationem Libertatum Sarisberiensis Ecclesiae,	178

	PAGE
Quædam Statuta Capituli Glasguensis,	179
Literæ Alexandri papæ Galwelensibus, de Decimis solvendis,	180
Carta Malcolmi IV. regis, de decimis solvendis Ecclesiae de Glasgu,	181
Carta Willielmi regis de decimis solvendis ecclesiæ de Glasgu,	182
Carta Willielmi regis de decimis et aliis rectitudinibus et juribus ecclesiæ Glas- guensis,	ib.
Carta Willielmi regis, de decimis, canis, et rectitudinibus concessis Ecclesiæ de Glasgu recipiendis,	183
Carta Alexandri II. regis de decimis solvendis ecclesiæ de Glasgu,	ib.
Litera Alexandri II. regis de incarceratione excommunicatorum,	184
Carta Dunecani Comitis de Carric, quod solvet omnes decimas et rectitudines ecclesiasticas toto tempore vitæ suæ,	ib.
Carta Maldoveni Comitis de Levenax, de decimis solvendis,	185
Sasina per Prepositos et Cives Glasguenses, Secundum Concessionem Odardi filii Ricardi Hangpudyngh, terrarum Luminari Sanctæ Marie in Majori ecclesia Glasguensi,	186
Decree of the Lords Auditors in Parliament, the Bishop, Provost, Baillies, and Community of Glasgow against the Provost, Baillies, and Community of Dum- barton, 1469,	187
Precept of King James IV., as to the observance of an Act of Council respecting the privileges of free Burghs, 1490,	188
Litera Alexandri IV. papæ, Confirmationis libertatum ecclesiæ Glasguensis,	189
Carta Confirmationis Capituli Glasguensis, Cartæ Roberti Episcopi Glasguensis, Fratribus Predicatoribus de Glasgu, fontis in Denside,	190
Carta Decani et Capituli Glasguensis, de Transumpto Cartæ Alexandri III. regis, Decem librarum Fratribus Predicatoribus de Glasgu, de firmis de Dumbretan,	ib.
Carta Roberti I. regis, de Protectione concessa Fratribus Predicatoribus de Glasgu,	191
Carta Roberti I. regis, de viginti marcis annuatim de firmis de Cadiou, ecclesiæ Fratrum Predicatorum de Glasgu, ad Luminare,	192
Litera Roberti I. regis, Ballivis de Cadiou, de viginti marcis concessis Fratribus Predicatoribus de Glasgu,	ib.
Litera Roberti I. regis Camerario, de Viginti marcis de Cadiou, Fratribus Predi- catoribus de Glasgu,	193
Obligation by Freir John Mure, Vicar General of the order of Preachers, to say	

CONTENTS.

	PAGE
a Mass for the Sawll of Matthew Stewart, Laird of Castlemilk, his mother and bairns,	194
Decree of the Lords of Council, James Archbishop of Glasgow, &c. against John Mure of Caldwell, for ejection of him from his Castle and Palace of Glasgow and spoliation of his goods therein, 4. March, 1517,	ib.
Extract from Rymer's <i>Fœdera</i> as to Prebends and Benefices in the diocese of Glasgow, &c. granted by Edward II.	197
Bulla Indulgentiarum papie Nicholai V. pro lacticiniis, obtenta magnis laboribus et expensis, per Dominum Willielmum Episcopum Glasguensem,	198
Carta Davidis comitis, de centum solidis de Hardingstrona, ad edificationem ecclesiae,	199
Carta Davidis I. regis de terra in Perdeye,	200
Carta Davidis I. regis, de octavo denario de Placitis,	ib.
Carta Davidis I. regis, de decima de Can,	201
Carta Roberti I. regis Waltero filio Gilberti,	ib.
Note with respect to this Charter,	ib.
Indentura inter Decanum et Capitulum Glasguense, et Johannem Dominum Symple, de Ecclesia de Glasfurd,	203
Compositio de ecclesia de Killebride inter Jocelinum Episcopum et Rogerum de Valloniis,	205
Carta Willielmi regis de ecclesia de Killebride,	ib.
Institutio perpetui vicarii pensionarii in ecclesia de Kylbryde,	206
Carta Davidis I. regis de Ecclesia de Cadihou, ecclesiae et Episcopo Glasguensi,	207
Carta Roberti de Lundoniis, de petra cerae ad Luminare, de terra de Cadihou,	208
Carta Alexandri II. regis de quatuor marcis de Cadihou pro Diacono et Subdiacono,	ib.
Carta J. (Johannis?) Episcopi Domino Willielmo de Cadihou, de area in Gardino suo de Glasgu,	209
Preceptum Roberti I. regis de annuis redditibus de Cadihou et de Rutherglen,	210
Preceptum Roberti I. regis, Ballivis de Cadihou, de quatuor marcis de firmis de Cadihou solvendis,	ib.
Carta Johannis regis Scottorum, de quadraginta solidos ad Luminare de firmis de Rutherglen,	211
Carta Edwardi regis Scottorum, qua confirmat cartam regis Johannis,	ib.
Preceptum Davidis II. regis de annuis redditibus de Rutherglen et de Cadihou,	212

	PAGE
Preceptum Davidis II. regis, David filio Walteri de quatuor mercis de Cadihou,	ib.
Carta Davidis II. regis David filio Walteri militis de Baronia de Cadihou,	213
Carta Roberti II. regis Roberto de Erskyn viginti librarum de redditu de Cadyou,	214
Carta Roberti II. regis Roberto de Erskyne de decem marcis de redditu de Cadyou,	215
Carta Roberti II. regis de quadraginta marcis de Cadyou David de Hamilton,	ib.
Carta Joannis de Mallevere Domini de Castlehill, de Luminaribus debitibus ecclesiae de Cadihou,	216
Carta Hugonis Sevilland, de duobus cereis ad luminare Sanctæ Crucis in ecclesia de Cadihou,	217
Carta Agnetis filia Johannis, de cera ad luminare ecclesiae de Cadihou,	218
Extracta de Inventario ornamentorum, &c. ecclesiae Glasguensis,	ib.
Litera Archibaldi Comitis de Douglas, pro erigenda ecclesia de Cambuslang in Prebendam de Glasgu,	219
Carta Willielmi regis de xl. solidis de Rutherglen ad Luminare,	220
Carta Willielmi regno de sex marcis de burgo de Rutherglen, diacono et subdiacono,	221
Carta Alexandri II. regis de xl. solidis de Rutherglen,	ib.
Carta Alexandri II. regis de sex marcis de Rutherglen,	222
Carta Alexandri II. regis de non capiendo tolneum in villa de Glasgu,	ib.
Carta Alexandri III. regis de centum solidis de Rutherglen,	223
Carta Roberti I. regis, qua confirmat cartam Willielmi regis burgo de Rutherglen,	224
Quittancia Episcopi Glasguensis, data Domino Willielmi de Corry de 247 libris 16 denarios Sterlingorum Contributionis papalis,	225
Carta Roberti I. regis, de debitis de Rutherglen,	ib.
Carta Davidis II. regis, de debitis de Rutherglen,	226
Preceptum Davidis II. regis de debitis de firmis de Rutherglen ad luminare, &c. ib.	
Preceptum Johannis de Roxburgh Camerarii, de debitis de Rutherglen,	227
Donatio per David Cunningham, archidiaconum Ergadiensem, de quadraginta solidis annui redditus de Melvins orchard prope Rugling,	228
Carta Roberti II. regis de assedatione burgi de Rutherglen, cum curiis et parvis custumis,	ib.

CONTENTS.

	PAGE
Carta Roberti III. regis Willielmo de Cochrane xl solidorum de firmis de Rutherford,	229
Litera arbitrorum de Procurationibus, de ecclesiis in diocesi Glasguensi ad conventum de Passeleht spectantibus,	ib.
Carta Davidis I. regis, de Govan,	231
Carta Davidis I. regis de terra in Ferdeyc,	ib.
Carta Herberti Episcopi Glasguensis Help. clero suo, de prebenda de Govan,	ib.
Fundatio et Erectio terrarum elimosiniarum de Polmade, cum ecclesia parochiali de Strablahan, in prebendam perpetuam ecclesiae Glasguensis,	232
Carta Johannis Episcopi Glasguensis, super donatione medietatis terrae de Parva Govan, hospitali de Polmade,	233
Carta Roberti I. regis de confirmatione privilegiorum hospitalis de Polmade,	234
Carta Malcolmi Comitis de Levenax, de libertate hospitalis de Polmade	ib.
Litera Adami filii Alani, de actornatis constituentibus ad tractandum cum fratribus et sororibus de Polmade,	235
Carta Margareta reginae Scotie, qua confert domino Willielmo de Kirkyntulach, administrationem hospitalis de Polmade,	ib.
Presentatio Patricii de Flocker, ad hospitalis de Polmade administrationem, per Robertum Episcopum Glasguensem,	236
Instrumentum super appellatione Walteri de Danyelston a Matthaeo Episcopo Glasguensi,	237
Litera Martini V. papae, de erectione ecclesiae de Strablane et hospitalis de Polmade, in prebendam ecclesiae Glasguensis,	238
Transumptum Instrumenti de conventione inter Duncanum Comitem de Lenox et Willielmum Episcopum Glasguensem, de jure collationis ad hospitale de Polmade,	240
Mandatum Matthaei Episcopi Glasguensis de citando Willelmu de Cunyngham vicarium de Dundonald,	242
Presentatio Matthaei Episcopi Glasguensis, de receptione Gillianae de Vaux in hospitale de Polmade,	243
Decree of the Lords of Council, Robert Archbishop of Glasgow against John Lord Semple of Elzotstoun, Sheriff of Renfrew, finding that the lands of Govane are an pendicle of the barony of Glasgu, for which the Archbishop owes appearance in the sheriff ayre of Lanark only,	244
Carta Willielmi regis de Conclud, Cader et Badermonoch,	ib.

CONTENTS.

xxiii

	PAGE
Carta Willielmi regis de Ballayn,	245
Carta Willielmi Cumin de terris de Mukroft,	ib.
Carta Willielmi regis de Mukraht,	246
Carta Duncani Walays de fundacione capellaniæ,	ib.
Carta Johannæ Comitissa de Douglas trium petrarum ceræ de Baronia de Bothwell,	247
Carta Jacobi III. regis de tribus petris ceræ de terris de Bothwell,	248
Instrumentum de namando pro cera debita de terris de Udynston,	249
Libellus pro parte Archiepiscopi et Capituli Glasguensis, contra inhabitatores de Udinston super cera debita ecclesiae Glasguensi,	250
Monitorium officialis Glasguensis super cera de Udinston solvenda ecclesiae Glas- guensi,	252
Consensus Johannis Capellani collegii de Botheville, quod ecclesia de Hawyk erecta sit in prebendam de Botheville,	253
Presentatio per Willielmum Comitem de Douglas, Jacobi Lindsay, ad eccl- esiæ de Hawyk,	254
Carta Willielmi de Sumerville, ecclesiæ de Carnewid,	ib.
Litera Urbani papæ confirmans ecclesiæ de Carnewid ecclesiæ Glasguensi,	255
Charter to the burgh of Lanark by Robert I. king of Scots,	256
Charter by Alexander king of Scots to the burgh of Lanark,	ib.
Charter by Alexander king of Scots to the burgh of Lanark,	257
N. B. Only notes or extracts of these three charters.	
Carta Willielmi de Moravia de jure patronatus ecclesiæ de Walyston,	ib.
Carta Roberti Episcopi Glasguensis qua confirmat concessionem ecclesiæ de Walyston per Willielmum de Moravia,	258
Carta Roberti Episcopi Glasguensis, qua dat ecclesiam de Walyston Capitulo Glasguensi,	ib.
Carta Roberti Episcopi Glasguensis super conventione inter Capitulum et Wil- lielnum de Moravia de ecclesiis de Smalham et Walyston,	259
Mandatum Roberti Episcopi Glasguensis de institutione ad rectoriam de Wa- lyston,	260
Obligatio Willelmi de Moravia de centum marcis Sterlingorum Capitulo Glas- guensi solvendis,	ib.
Carta Roberti Episcopi Glasguensis super conventione inter Decanum et Capi- tulum Glasguense et Willielmum de Moravia,	261

	PAGE
Carta Adami abbatis de Kilvynine super concessione juris patronatus de Liberton, Glasguensi ecclesiae,	262
Instrumentum super unione ecclesiæ parochialis de Libertoun, communibus distributionibus Capituli Glasguensis,	263
Note of the taxation of the vicarage of Crawfurd,	264
Carta Alani filii fundatoris, Molendini de Passelet monachis de Paisley,	ib.
Carta Alani Dapiferi filii fundatoris monachis de Passelet, de quinque marcis argenti quas monachi de Melros solebant reddere,	ib.
Carta Alani filii Walteri fundatoris monachis de Passelet, terræ in Kert et Gryfe,	265
Carta Reginaldi filii Somerled Domini de Inchegall, de uno denario ex qualibet domo in terra sua de quibus exit fumus, monachis de Passelet,	ib.
Carta Dovenaldi filii Reginaldi filii Summerled, de uno denario capiendo ex qualibet domo in terra sua unde fumus exit, monachis de Passeleto,	266
Carta dimidiæ marcæ et unius denarii annuatim, de singulis domibus de quibus fumus exit in terra Angus filii Dovenaldi,	267
Copia Donationis et etiam confirmationis ecclesiæ Sancti Querani in Kentyir, monachis de Passelet,	268
Donatio ecclesiæ Sancti Querani in Kentyir per Alexandrum de Hyle,	269
Donatio ecclesiæ Sancti Querani per Alanum Episcopum,	ib.
Ordinatio Alani Episcopi Ergadiensis, de solvendo petram ferri monasterio de Passelet, de ecclesia de Kilkerran,	270
Litera Johannis Comitis de Ross conventui de Passelet, penes ecclesias infra suas bondas,	271
Confirmatio per curiam officialatus Glasguensis cartæ Walteri senescalli Scotiæ, de ecclesia de Largis, monachis de Passelet,	272
Protestation before the Lords' auditors, George abbot of Paisley against the burgesses and community of Renfrew,	273
Act in the process the baillies, burgesses and community of Renfrew against John Quhitefurd, baillie to the abbot of Paisley, assigning the said John Quhitefurd to call his warrand,	ib.
Decree of the Lords' Auditors of Parliament, the abbot of Paisley and his baillies against the baillies, burgesses and community of Renfrew,	ib.
Litera examinationis de terra Monachkennaran injuste alienata, in causa abbas et conventus de Passelet, contra Gilbertum filium Samuelis,	274
Litera delegata condemnationis Episcopo Glasguensi,	276

	PAGE
Litera condemnationis missa Domino regi Alexandro, contra Gilbertum filium	
Samuelis, de terra de Monachkennera,	276
Conventio facta inter Maldovenum Comitem de Levenax, et Gilbertum filium	
Samuelis,	278
Litera Urbani papæ qua confirmat ecclesiam de Renfrew ecclesiæ de Glasgu,	279
Compositio inter Walterum Episcopum Glasguensem, et Willielmum abbatem de	
Passelet, super ecclesia de Renfriu,	ib.
Carta Walteri filii Alani dapiferi de duobus solidis de Ranfru,	280
Carta Roberti III. regis, de burgo de Renfrew, firmis burgi, parvis custamis, &c. &c.	281
Indenture between the burghs of Dumbarton and Renfrew, as to the determina-	
tion of disputes between the said burghs,	282
Decree of the chamberlain of Scotland in the action between the burghs of Ren-	
frew and Dumbarton,	283
Carta Johannis Domini Sympill ecclesiæ collegiatæ de Lochwinnoch,	285
VI. APPENDIX III.	
Description of Barochan Cross,	293
Queen Blearie's Stane,	297
Story of Palmyarm Ross,	300
Notice of Monumental Inscriptions,	303

DIRECTIONS FOR PLACING THE PLATES.

	PAGE.
Barochan Cross to face Title.	
Sigillum Monasterii de Pasleto, and Abbot Lithgow's Inscription,	126
Abbot Schaw's Inscription, Monument in Renfrew Church,	ibid.
Monumental Inscriptions within the Abbey Church of Paisley,	ibid.
Monumental Inscriptions in the same Church and in the Choir,	ibid.
Bothwell Church,	132

E R R A T A.

Page 5, line 27, for ragalitie read regalitie.

19, line 2, of the note, for me propria read manu mea propria.

34, line 12, for Gartshire read Gartsherrie.

53, line 4, for Kincaidyen read Kincaidzou.

68, line 7, for odd, read old.

82, line 2, for Waldevo read Waldevus.

— line 3, for Savini read Swain.

114, line 4, for contique read contigue.

133, line 2, for lyed, read lye.

249, line 10, for Domini read Dominii.

270, line 32, for superposuerunt read supposuerunt.

225, line 7, dele £ before 247.

THE
DESCRIPTION OF THE
SHERIFFDOM OF LANARK.
BY WILLIAM HAMILTON
OF WISHAW.

THE

DESCRIPTION OF THE SHERIFFDOM OF LANARK.

THE shyre of Lanark was anciently of greater extent than now it is ; for there was comprehended in it the whole sherifffdome of Ranfrew, lying laigher upon Clyde, called of old the Baronic of Ranfrew (and is yett so designed when the Prince's titles are enumerate) untill it was disjoyned therefra by King Robert the Third, in anno 1402, at such tyme as he erected what had been his father's patrimonie, before his acceffion to the Crown, in ane Principalitie in favour of his sone, Prince James. And then, because of the largenes of its extent, it was divyded into two Wairds, called the Upper and the Nether Waird ; and the burgh of Lanark declared to be the head burgh of the upper waird, and Rutherglen of the nether waird : and fince the diffolving of the shire of Ranfrew from the sherifffdome of Lanark, the burgh of Lanark is the head burgh of the sherifffdome of Lanark, and Rutherglen the head burgh of the nether waird thereof.

About the year 1455, upon the 1st of July, the Duke of Hamilton his predeceffor, then Lord Hamilton, became, by gift of King James the Second, heretale Sheriff of the sherifffdome ; and by their Deputes, ay synfyne, are in use to hold their sheriff courts, one at Lanark and the

DESCRIPTION OF THE

other at Hamilton, as being more centricall for the nether waird than the burgh of Rutherglen. *

The present Sheriffs deputes are, John Hamilton of Udston for the upper waird, and John Hamilton of Barncluth for the nether waird.

Befyde this, there are severall other Judicatories within this fhyre, and thoſe of great antiquitie. The moſt confiderable is the Comiſſariot of Glasgow, which did anciently depend upon the Archbiſhop of that Sea; and ſince the ſuppreſſing of Epifcopacy upon his Maſteſtie, as all the comiſſaries of Scotland likewiſe doe. This comiſſariot of Glasgow comprehends within its jurisdiction the countreys of Kyle, Carrick, Cunningham and Ranfrew, the ſheriffdome of Dumbarton and a great part of the nether waird of the ſheriffdome of Lanark. The ſeat of the comiſſariot is in the city of Glasgow—Sir William Fleming of Ferm is preſent Comiſſar; and this is of the moſt confiderable inferior courts in Scotland. The original iſtitution of theſe comiſſariots was for conſirming of teſtaments, taking care of wiſhows and orphans, judgeing of teinds and leſſer actions, or where the probation was by oath; and by iſtructions afterwards given them, they were limited not to judge in actions civil above fourtie pounds Scots, unleſs they were teſtamentary: but theſe limitations have been ſo little regarded, that they now judge in all actions perſued before them, except they be declyned be way of advocation.

In this fhyre there is lykeways two other comiſſarie courts, called the Comiſſar of Hamilton and Campſie. This comprehends only eleeven parishes, viz. Hamilton, Dalſerve, Dalzell, Killbryde, Old and New Mounkland, Calder, Campſie, Cardros, Ranfrew and Govan.

¹, keeps his court alſo in the citie of Glasgow, for conſirming of all teſtaments within theſe parishes, quhilk anciently belonged to the members of the chapter of the fea of Glasgow.

* NOTA,—James Duke of Hamilton, at defyre of King Charles the First, resigned that office in favour of the King: ſince which tyme, the Duke and Dutches of Hamilton are only Sheriffs by Comiſſion from the King.

¹ Blank in MS. Where ſuch occur, it will be ſo understood.

There is also ane other commissar court in the shyre, called the Commissar of Lanark, which comprehends the severall parishes of the upper waird of this shyre ; and keeps court at Lanark.

There is also some other jurisdictions in this shyre, as the regalitye of Glasgow, erected in favours of the Archbischop of that sea, comprehending therein the citie of Glasgow, the Barronie parish of Glasgow and Govan, Calder, a part of the parish of Old Monkland. The Duke of Lennox is heretale Baillie of this regalitie ; and he keeps his courts in the citie of Glasgow.

Hamilton is also a great regalitie in this shyre, comprehending in it the parishes of Hamilton, Dalserf, Avendale, Lesmehagow, Crawford John, Cambuslang, the most part of Bothwell and the parish of Shots, and many lands in the parishes of Kilbryde and Stenhoufe, beside what lye elsewhere in the shyres of Lithgow, Stirling and Boot, &c. and the Dukes dayly keep courts in the town of Hamilton.

There is also ane other regalitie, called the regality of Bothwell, belonging to the Earle of Forfar ; and ane other belonging to Hamilton of Woodhall, called the regalitie of Thankertoun, anciently a part of the lordship and regalitie of Torphichen. There is also the regalitie of Robertone, belonging to the Marques of Douglafs, bot these are not considerable.

There are three royll burrowes in this shyre : LANARK, the head burgh of the shyre, lyes upon ane high ground, near to Clyde, in a fertile and pleasent soill ; was erected in a burgh royll by King William, about the year , who had then ane Castell [here], where he used some tymes to remaine ; and tho' there be now no vestige of it appearing, yett there are some small duties, payable out of severall lands in that shyre, for watching and wairding at that castel, called *castellwairds*.

The next burgh is Rutherglen, head burgh of the nether wairde, erected be . It lyes in a pleasent and fertile soill, near to the river of Clyde, about two miles above Glasgow ; it hath had very little trade for some ages past, because Glasgow lyes between it and the sea, and that all marchandisifg men of any metall goe to dwell there. It hath ane pleasent Green upon the river of Clyde, belonging to the town in commony.

DESCRIPTION OF THE

The next is the city of Glasgow, erected in ane burgh royll by King William the Lyon; the choiseft and most pleasant situat town in all Scotland; and is now the place of greatest trade, except Edinburgh. It lyes upon the river of Clyde, having a stately bridge of seeven archies joyning it to the village of the Gorbells, on the other syde the river, belonging to the citie; below which bridge there is ane harbour, called the Bromie Law, to which all goods are brought from the sea by water, and exported from that to the fea again.

The citie stands in a pleasant and plentifull country, fitt for consumption of what is thereto imported. The citie is regularly built, divyding in the midle into four large and stately streets, almost all built of polished stome; with a stately tolbuith or town house in the corner of two streets, also built of polisht stome, with severall great and well finisht publick rooms in it. And also having, in that street going towards the north, a very fyne and splendid church, newly rebuilt, called the Blackfriars. Near to which is a very stately, regular and well built colledge, having ane Chancelour, a Rector, a Dean of Facultie, two Professors and four Regents, and very many schollars and students; and built upon the ground which, with ane field adjacent thereto, was mortified by the Lord Hamilton, in the tyme of King James the Second. At the head of this street, is situate the great cathedrall church of Glasgow, anciently dedicate to St Mungo. It is the largest, statelyest and best built church within this Kingdom, having more than sufficiencie of bounds within to comprehend four congregations; and there is one of these churches situatt, and vaulted, just below ane other, which is the paroch kirk of the Baronie parish of Glasgow. Near to this cathedrall stands the castle of Glasgow, the ancient seat of the Archbifhop of this fea, built of polisht stome, and yet in good condition. Dounward in this towne, is ane other church, call'd the Laigh Kirk, well adorned. They have six ministers in this city; they have severall fyne hospitalls in this city, well built and well indued, their poor well provyded for, and much better manadged than in other places. The revenue of the towne is great, and frugallie improven. Besidies the four principall streets,—called the Drygait [High-street?] to the north, the Trongate to the west, the Salt-mercate to the south, the Gallowgait to the east,—there are severall other lesser streets, as the

Bridgegait, the Stockwall, the Candleridgs, Bellwynd, the Rattonraw, the Wynehead ; and, upon the river fide, below and above the bridge, there are two stately Greens, both pleasent and profitable to the towne.

This city and castle of Glafgow hath been long the seat of the Bishops and Archbishops of Glasgow. St Mungo (to whom the Cathedrall was dedicate) is esteemeed the first bishop of Glasgow : He was of great birth, great piety, and great learning : there is much written of him must depend upon the credit of the authours. He lived in the 6th centurie ; and the series of the succeffion of the Bishops after him seemeth not exact for some ages after. However, there is a Bull of Erection and Confirmation of the Bishoprick soon after the Pope's authority was owned in this Kingdome, viz.

It was erected in ane Archbischoprick in the tyme of King James the Third, about the year 1478, when Robert Blakater was bishop ; and then the Bishops of Galloway, Irlies, and of Argyle, were subjected to it, which occasioned ane great difference betwixt the Archbishops of St Andrews and Glafgow. The dioceſe was very large, comprehending all the shyre of Lanerk, all Tweddale, Anandale, Nithſdale, Carrick, Cunningham, Kyllie, Ranfrew, Dumbarton, Lennox and ſome part of Teviotdale, Selkirk and Kirkudbright. But when James Beatoun, archbishop, left this kingdom, the tyme of the Reformation, and caried with him all the monuments and records of the archbischoprick, and deposited them in the Scots colledge at Paris, to remain whill Glafgow fould become Popiſh, makes many things relating to this archbischoprick incertayne.

There is in this shyre alſo the burgh of the ragalitie of Hamilton, and many other burghs of baronie, of which more afterward, in the descriptiſon of the feveral parts of this shyre.

This shyre, as now bounded, lyes in the midle of the fouth part of Scotland ; in length from ſoutheast to northwest, that is, from Airickſtone to Calder, benorth Glafgow, it is about 40 myles, or thereby ; and in breadth, at the broadeft, near to 24 myles, and att the narroweft betwixt twelve and fifteen myles. It bounds upon the fouth, or ſoutheast, with Anandale and Nithſdale ; upon the fouth and southwest, with the shyres

DESCRIPTION OF THE

of Air and Ranfrew ; upon the north and northwest, with the fhyres of Dumbarton and Stirling ; on the northeast and east and southeast, with the fhyres of Linlithgow, Edinburgh and Peebles.

The only confiderable river in all this tract is the river of Clyde, which runs the whole length of the fhyre ; beginning at Airickhill (alias Little Clydeshill), runs thorough this fhyre, and is much augmented by the accession of many *waters* on either fyde, within the fhyre, untill it pas Partique, two myles below Glasgow ; and then, passing the limits of this fhyre, it divydeth the fhyres of Ranfrew and Dumbarton, and it becomes ane arm of the sea overagainst Dumbarton castle, about ten miles below Glasgow.

This fhyre was all within the dioceſe of the Archbiſhop of Glasgow ; and heth within it the ſeat of four preſbiteries, viz. Glasgow, which beſides the miſters of the city, hath in it the pariſhes of Govan, Cathcart, Carmanock, Rutherglen, Baronie paſh of Glasgow and Calder, in the fhyre, and feveral other pariſhes in the neigbouring fhyres. Next is the preſbiterie of Hamilton, having in it the pariſhes of Hamilton, Deſerfe, Stonhous, Glafford, Avandale, Blantyre, Kilbryde, Cambuslang, Old and New Mounkland, Bothwell, Delyell, Cambusnethen and Shots. Next is the preſbiterie of Lanark, having in it the pariſhes of Lanark, Cartſairs, Carnwath, Liberton and Quodquain, Dunſyer, Covingtonoune, [Roberton, Pettienan,] Crawford, Crawford John, Douglafs, Lefmihagow, Carmichell, Carlouke. The laſt is the preſbiterie of Biggar, having therein the pariſhes of Biggar, Thankerton, Walton, Dolſintoun, Culter, [Lamington and Symonton.]

In the deſcription of the feveral Baronies and Parishes in this fhyre, I haſt obſerve the methode followed in the Sute roll of the fhyre, beginnig with the nether waird ; and, firſt, with the paroch of Dalſerfe, which is the uppermoſt paroch of the nether waird, upon the ſouth or ſouthweſt fyde of Clyde.

DALSERFE (was anciently called the baronie of Machin fhyre) lyes alongſt the river of Clyde, betwixt the paroch of Lefmihagow to the eaſt, and Hamilton to the weſt, in a pleafant country, plentifull of

woods and coalls.¹ It heth intirely belonged to the family of Hamilton since the year 1312, that they got ane grant of it from King Robert Bruce, upon the Resignation of John Cuming; fince which tyme, there has much of it been given out by them to gentlemen of their name, descended of their family.

The RAPLOCH heth been long posseſſed by the lairds thereof: it is a great house, well planted with old barren timber, confiſting of a ſquare court: it is a pleafant ſeat, with ane village and two milnes, juſt below it, upon the water of Aven.²

Near to Raploch, is the house of BROOMHILL, and has long been poſſeſſed by the lairds of the name of Hamilton, having a good houſe, convenient gardens, good woods, falmond fishing and coall. The rightfull representative of this family is now Lord Belhaven, and heth his eſtate in East Lothian or ſheridome of Haddington, at the Beill.

DALSERFE heth allwayes been ane familie of the name of Hamilton ſince King Robert the Third's tyme, that Sir John de Hamiltone gave it to his fone David. This houſe is ſituate near by the river of Clyde and church of Deserfe, in a pleafant and fertile valley, with fruitfull gardens and conveniencie of fishing; with ane village and fruitful gardens about the church, where almoſt each tenant and inhabitant heth ane orchard adjoyning to his houſe.³

¹ Mr John Weir, minister of Dalſerfe deceased inter 1644 et 1650.—*Commissary Records of Glasgow.*

Mr Francis Aird was minister here in 1654. He died in the office, “w'in the parochin p'of,” “in the monethe of Merche, 1659.” His “bookes, w' the utencils of his houſe,” are estimated at iij^c xxxiiij li. vj s. viij d.—*Ibid.*

² Archibald Hamilton of Raploch occurs in the testament of Alexander Hamiltoun “tutor de Siluirtonhill,” his wife's brother, Auguft, 1547.—*Ibid.*

Archibald Hamiltoun in Raploch is a creditor in the testament of Katharine Carmichael, Lady Cambusnethan, of “Jaj mercas moneta,” Auguft 21. 1552.—*Ibid.*

Gawane Hammiltoun of Raploche appears, as proprietor of Graynis, in 1603.—*Ibid.*

Hew Hammiltoun of Raploche is creditor of “the ferme and dewties of ane auchten pairt of the Bornes, of crope and yeir of God 1609.”—*Ibid.*

Gavin Hamiltoun, elder and younger, of Raploche occur Sept. 7. 1614. And Elizabeth Muir Lady Raploch in Oct. 1633.—*Ibid.*

³ The family of Dalſerf appear to have obtained lands in Kilwinning, no doubt through the good offices of their clansman, Gavin Hamilton, the noted Abbot:—“Jonet Boyd, ſpous to

DESCRIPTION OF THE

CANDER was an old family of the name of Hamilton, upon Cander water; but the house and fortune are both now decayed, and doe belong to the Duke of Hamilton.⁴

MILBOURN, also of the name of Hamilton, who heth a convenient house at the Altoun, not far from Deserfe. There are some other small heritors in this paroch, and all of them hold of the Dukes of Hamilton.

The parsonage teinds of this parish were ane part of the patrimonie of the Dean of Glasgow; and the vicarage of the provostrie of Hamilton: bot the Dukes of Hamilton are now titulars and patrons to both.

STONEHOUSE is a pleafant parte, tho it toucheth not Clyde: it lyes upon the water of Aven.¹ This baronie and parish anciently belonged to the Earles of Douglas; and after their forfaulfure, the one half of it came to the Lord Hamilton, and the other half to the Laird of STONEHOUSE, Hamilton; and continued so for severall ages, untill of late, it was first purchased by the Lord Lee, and then by his son, the Lord Castlehill, and now belongs to Martha Lockhart, his daughter, and John Sinclair younger of Stevenfone, her spouse. The place is plentifull both of grafs and corn; but the house which belonged to the land is now ruinous, they dwelling elsewhere, at Cambusnethen. The Duke of Hamilton is patron of the parish.

PATRICKHOLME, anciently belonging to Hamilton of Lethem—now to

Robert Gillies of Cranberriemos, Kilwinning, quha deceift Dec. 1613, was awand to Wiliaame Hammiltoun of Dalzerf, for pe alienaⁿun to hir of pe landis callit Wakerstoun & Frewestoun vj' li."—*Ibid.*

⁴ "Mr James Hamiltoun of Candor" occurs Aug. 1616.—*Ibid.*

¹ The church of Stanhouse appears to have been dedicated to St Ninian:—"Jo^{ta} Baily dna. de Cruddildykis," whose latterwill is dated "apud locum de Stanhouſis, x^o die Octobris, a^v Lij [1552]," thus ordains—"Corpusque meum sepelendum in pulueribus Sc̄ti. Niniani," &c. This lady, at her decease, was wife of Hamilton of Stanhouse, as appears here:—"hos confituo meos exēs viz. Jo. Hamiltone de Stanhouſis, meum maritum, cum filio meo, Ja^b Muirheid," &c.—*Com. Rec. of Glas.*

"Mr Jo^a Oliphant, minister at Stanhous" is named a tutor in the testament of Mr Francis Aird, minister at Dalserfe, March, 1659.—*Ibid.*

the Laird of Raploch, is a pleasant seat in this parish, having woods, and ane falmond fishing upon Aven water.

TWEDDYSIDE, GOSELINGTON, sometyme the seat of the Lairds of Silver-toneshill, is in this parish; but it now belongs, with the rest of the baronie, to the Lady Castlehill and the Laird of Stevenstone.

GLASFOORD. This baronie and paroch heth long appertain'd to the Lord Semple.¹ It heth ane old ruinous castle, near the churche; and lyeth upon the water of Aven, opposite to Stonehouse; and marches with the parishes of Hamilton and Avendale, to the north, northwest and west. It is fertile in grafs and corn; and was lately fold by the Lord Semple to the Laird of Torrance, Stuart.

The Laird of Earnock heth a good interest in this parish, bot the most of it is subfewed to small Fewars. The Lord Semple is patron, and titular of the teinds; being ane laick patronage, and long fince annexed to the provostrie of Castle Semple.

AVENDALE is a great paroch, having the water of Aven running thorough the midle of it; with a noble old castle, called Avendale castle, situat near to the church, within the village or burgh of baronie of Strathaven, upon the water of Pomilin, before it fall into Aven.¹ It is a plen-

¹ "Mr George Cliddisdaill, minister at Glaffuird, deceist in the monethe of Januar, 1627 yeiris." His relict, Annas Widdrow, is confirmed to his effects, March 5, following.—*Com. Rec. of Glas.*

"Mr Robert Hamilton, minister at Glaffuird," occurs in the same document, and appears to have been Mr Cliddisdaill's successor.

Mr W^m. Hamilton, minister at Glasfuir, is named in the testament of Mr Aird, minister of Dalserfe, March, 1659.—*Ibid.*

¹ This church appears to have been dedicated to the holy virgine:—"Joⁿes Mure, mercator," who deceased "in parochia de Strathawane"—testament dated a^o Dni M^o quin^o lij. ordains—"Corpusque meum sepielendum fore in limite beate Marie virginis de Strathawane." &c.—*Com. Rec. of Glas.*

Jacobus Mont, curatus de Avendale, is a witness in the latterwill of Alex^r Hamilton, tutor de Silvertonhill, Aug. 1547.—*Ibid.*

tifull country, espeacially in grafs, and no want of corns. This baronie did anciently belong to the Bairds ; and thereafter came to Sinclair ; and from them to the Earle of Douglas, with whom it continued severall ages; and after his fatall forfaulture, in anno 1455, it was given by King James the Third to Andrew Stewart, whom he created Lord Avendale ; and it continued with him and his heires untill 1538, or thereby, that he exchanged it with Sir James Hamilton for the baronie of Ochiltree, in the parliament 1543 [1534?]. From which tyme, it continued with the succeffors of Sir James Hamilton untill it was acquyred by James, first of that name, Marques of Hamilton; and continueth with his succeffors since. This paroch is large, and lyeth betwixt the parishes of Killbryde to the west, Hamilton to the north and northeast, and Glaffoord, Stonehouse and fome parts of the fyre of Ayre to the south and southeast. There are many small vassals in this parish, besyde three or four gentlemen,—OVERTOUN,² NETHERFIELD, RYLANDSYDE, LETHEM,³ and KYPE; but all of them hold of the familie of Hamilton.

Mr Archibald Noirmoint is minister of Eveudail, Aug. 1600, Dec. 1625, and Aug. 1632.
—*Ibid.*

The castle of Avendale appears to have been a residence of the family of Hamilton in the early part of the seventeenth century:—

“ Dame Margaret Lyoun, relict of vñq^e Johnne Marqueis of Hamiltoun, the tyme of her deceis, deceift w'in the parochin of Strahaven, in the monethe of December, in the yeir of God Jaj vj^e & twentie five yeiris, &c.

ITEM, the faid vñq^e Dame Margaret Lyounne, being ane aigit woman, in houſhald w' hir guiddochter, had na inficht nor plenifching, except the abulyement of hir bodie, &c.

LEGACIE.—At the castell of Evindaill, the secund day of December, the yeir of God 1625 yeiris : The q^u day, the faid nobill Lady nominatis Dame Anna Cwynnghame, hir La: dochter in law, hir exⁿ &c. In witnes q^of, pe faid nobill Lady hes subscryvit thir presentis w' hir La: hand, At day, yeir, & place fairfaid, Befoir thir witnes Mr W^m Levingtoun minister at Lanark, Mr Archibald Normound minister at Evindaill, Johnne Hamilton of Avingtonue, Mr Henrie Maull servito^r to pe faid nobill Lady, & James Young not^r wryter heirof, *sic sub*^r &c.—Conf. Nov. 23. 1626.—*Ibid.*

² “ Ifobell Thomefon, fpons to Andro Hamiltone of Overtone [in Avendaill], deceift Maij, 1656.”—*Ibid.*

³ The following provision occurs in the testament of Alex. Hamilton, tutor of Silverton-hill, before quoted:—“ Item, to Andro Hamiltone of Lathame ij^c mks. and he complete mariage w' my brutheris dochter.”

“ Johnne Hammiltoun, callit of Lethame, domeſtict ſervitour to ane nobill Lord, James

The teinds of this parish was anciently mortified by the Earle of Douglas, with the teinds of Stanehouse, to the prebends of Bothwell ; bot the Duke of Hamilton is now both titular and patron of both these parishes.

KILBRYDE is a great parish lying betwixt the parishes of Avendale to the southeast, Blantyre [and] Cambuslang to the north, Carmunock and Egleshome to the south. This baronie and paroch was given by King Robert Bruce, as ane part of the mariage portion of his daughter Marjorie, to Walter the Great Stewart of Scotland ; and heth been always reckoned since as a part of the Principalitie ; and the severall families therein are said to be old, yett I hear not of any writts older among them than from John Earle of Carrick, grand-child to King Robert, thereafter called Robert the Third. This great parish (anciently two) was called Kilmryde and Torrence, but long since united in one, and now called the parish of Kilbryde. In it ther is ane hanfome church, feated in a village of that name.¹

The considerable heritors in this parish are : the Lord Semple, who heth a considerable interest in it, and is, by annexation, part of the baronie of Glaf-

ealre of Abircorne," &c. made his testament " At Paflay, the faxtein day of May, &c. 1609. The q^u^{ic} day, the faid Johnne nominat, &c. Nicolas Craig, his spous, his onlie ex^{ist} being of purpose to pas af pis realme of Scotland to France, for doing of my effairis," &c. Con. 4 May 1612.—*Ibid.*

Andro Hamilton of Lethame, appears to have died inter 1618 et 1623 :—Andro Hamilton, younger of Lethame, occurs January, 1618 ; and James Hamilton, brother to um-quhill Andro Hamilton of Lethame, died December, 1623.—*Ibid.*

¹ This parish, like many others, commemorates in its own the name of its patron Saint. The fame of St Bride is apparent from the many cells which have borne her appellation ; and the following invocation seems to indicate the high sanctity of her name :—

“ Who fains the houfe the night,
They that fains it ilka night :
Saint Bryde and her brat [apron],
Saint Colme and his hat,
Saint Michael and his spear,
Keep this houfe from the wear.” &c.

DESCRIPTION OF THE

foord. The next is Sir William Maxwell of Calderwood, Baronett. His houfe is ane old castle, feated upon a precipice, on the water of Rottin Calder, furrounded with woods, with a good eftate ; but the Lairds of it uſed to dwell at Maulſey, in the parish of Carlouke. Next is the Mains of Killbryde, which, with many lands in that paroch, did belong to the Lairds of Dinrodd, whose prediceſſor is faid to be that Lindsay who was with King Robert the First at his killing of Red John Cuming at Drumfries ; and their rights to these lands, extending to ane 100 merks land in that parish, is from John Stewart, Earle of Carrick, thereafter called Robert the Third. But that family of Dinrodd is quite extinc^t :²

² The castle of Dunrod was situated in the parish of Innerkype, Renfrewshire, and appears to have been very early possessed by this branch of the Lindsay. Mr Ure has preserved some very curious legendary notices of them in his History of Kilbryde. The following is unusually interesting :—

“ This family preferring the Mains to Dunrod, their ancient family seat, near Gourock, took up their residence in Kilbryde. They flourished in great wealth and splendour till a little more than a century ago, when the estate was sold to pay the debt which the extravagance of its owner forced him to contract.” “ It is reported, that the last proprietor, in the Dunrod family, greatly exceeded all his predecessors in haughtiness, oppression, and every kind of vice. He seldom went from home unless attended by twelve vassals, well mounted on white steeds. Among the instances of his cruelty, it is told, that, when playing on the ice, he ordered a hole to be made in it, and one of his vassals, who had inadvertently disobliged him in some trifling circumstance, immediately to be drowned. The place hath ever since been called Crawford’s hole, from the name of the man who perished in it. Tradition mentions this cruel action as a cause, in the just judgment of God, that gave rise to his downfall.” “ It is told, that, having worn out the remains of a wretched life, he died in one of their [the tenents’] barns. Such was the miserable end of one of the greatest, and most opulent families in this country.”

Mr Crawford says the family came to an end in the person of Alexander Lindsay of Dunrod, who alienated that barony in the year 1619. And that they were represented by Lindsay of Blacksholm.—*Hist. of Ren.*

It is possible, that the chief personage of the following quaint rhyme may be the same with the individual so graphically alluded to here :—

In Auldkirk the Witches ride thick,
And in Dunrod they dwell,
But the greatest *loon* amang them a'
Is auld Dunrod himſel'.

Alexander Lindsay of Dunrod appears to have been alive in July, 1627.—*Com. Rec. of Glasgow.*

the lands are mostly fewed out to country men, except the house and Maines, which is lately acquyred by the Laird of Torrence, Stewart. The house hath been considerable; pleasanly seated by good meadows, but is now much decayed. TORRENCE was long the seat of a family of the name of Hamilton; is a good house, well planted, with good inclosers and coall.³ It was not long since purchased by the Laird of Torrence, Stewart, a son of Castlemilk's. There was in this parish severall gentlemen of the name of Hamilton, as LICKPRIVICK, PEIL,⁴ SHEILS, KIRKTOUNHOLME,⁵ MAUCHLINHOLE, NEWHOUSE⁶ and some others, which are all now decayed, and their dwellings impaired, except Peil, belonging to . X Simerville, and Kirktonholme, belonging to Montgomerie, which are preserved in good case.

In the Kirkton of Kilbryde there is ane great sheep mercate every Fryday of May; and a free Faire upon the

³ Robert Hamiltoun of Torrence is mentioned October, 1613, as "maister to Barthilmo Symmer in Holmeburne," Blantyre.—*Ibid.* His name occurs in the same record, Octob. 1616; March, 1628; April, 1630; and he "deceifit in the moneth of Marche, 1649.—Conf. Aug. 2. 1652."—*Ibid.* He was succeeded by James Hamilton of "Overscheillis."—*Ibid.*

"Jean Porterfield relict of wmq^u Ro^t Hamiltone of Torrence, w'in the brugh of Glasgow pe tyme of bir deceis, deceift in the month of Dec. 1658 yeiris." &c. Conf. Feb. 7, following.—*Ibid.*

⁴ Alexander Hamilton, *tutor* of Siluirtonhill, who died in 1547, married Katherine, daughter of James Hamilton, *in the Peil*, who survived him.—*Ibid.*

James Hamilton of Peil married Nans Craufurd, daughter of Patrick Craufurd of Cartifburne, before 1605, when her father died.—*Ibid.*

Ifsobel Ros, spous to James Hamilton of Peill, died in Aug. 1629. She left a son William, her executor dative.—*Ibid.*

John Hamilton of Peill occurs, June 1633.—*Ibid.*

⁵ James Hamilton of Kirkton of Kilbryde appears as cantioner for the executors of James Craufurd of Mylnetoun, Nov. 3. 1618.—*Ibid.*

"James Hamilton of Kirktonholm, now induestrar in Glasgow," occurs in July, 1627. And Robert Hamilton of Kirktonholm, June 20, 1655.—*Ibid.*

⁶ "Robert Hamiltoun of Newhous, and induestrar in Kirkburne, w'in the parochin of Cambuslang. deceift in the monthe of , 1623." His eldest son, Robert, at this time, had a son, James; his second son, Mr James, was minister at Lesmaghan.—*Ibid.*

Robert Hamilton of Newhous occurs, Oct. 1633.—*Ibid.*

The teinds of Kilbryde did anciently belong to the Chantor of Glasgow; they are now all mortified to the colledge of Glasgow, except twelf chalders of vietuall reserved to the minister for his maintenance, which he yet enjoyes, with both the gleeks of Kilbryde and Torrence.

This paroch is generallie fertile, both in grafs and corn: many small fewars in it; and the tenents live better than in some neighbouring places. There is plenty of lymestone in it, which having been made too much use of, did wear out or impoverish much of their ground, but the more frugall manadgement of it of late hath recovered it.⁶

BLANTYRE. This parish and baronie lyeth between the parishes of Hamilton to the southeast, Kilbryde to the south, Cambuslang to the southweft and the river of Clyde to the north; and is parted from Cambuslang by the water of Rotten Calder.¹ And tho' this parish be but little, yett there was anciently a litle priorie situate in it, upon ane precipice, close unto Clyde, among pleasent woods, just oppofite to the

⁶ The application of lyme to the soil would seem not to belong to "modern discoveries." In the latterwill of William Muir of Rowallan, dated Nov. 1616, when he died, the following occurs:—"Item, I ordane the faid W^m Muir, my fervand, to be relevit at the handis of Robert Dunlope, of pe haill lyme, bocht this instant yeir, laid upone the landis of Balgray; becaus the faid W^m is onlie condicione maker for me, and the faid lyme cum to my awin vse."—*Ibid.*

¹ "Mr Johnne Sangster minister at Blantyre deceift in the monthe of Nov. 1609 yeiris."

The following is a list of his effects at the time:—

"**INUENTAR.** *Item*, ane feddir bed in his chalmer in Hamiltoun, prycē v^l. xij^s iiiij^d. *Item*, in Blantyre, ane standand bed of aik, prycē v^l. vj^s viij^d. *Item*, ane meit almerie, prycē ten pundis. *Item*, ane mekill kift, worth v^l. vj^s viij^d. *Item*, [ane] letterin, prycē xl^s. *Item*, twa chyres, prycē of them baith four li. xij^s iiiij^d. *Item*, ane new gирnell, prycē thrie li. vj^s viij^d. *Item*, ane masking fat, in the custodie of Robert Hammiltona in Preistifield, worth xl^s. *Item*, twa barrellis, prycē xxvj^s viij^d. *Item*, ane cloik, ané gowne, and the rest of his abuilyiments of his bodie, estimet to be worth the sowne of fourtie pundis. *Item*, his haill BUKIS, mekill and litle, estimet to be worth vther fourtie pundis. " *Item*, thair was awand to the defunct, be ane nobill and potent Lord, Walter Lord Blantyre, for his stipend and seruing pe cuire at pe kirk of Blantyre, 1609 yeiris, the sowne of twa hundrith and fourtie mksis."—*Com. Rec. of Glas.*

"Mr Joⁿ Hereot minister at Blantyre" occurs 1613.—*Ibid.*

castle of Bothwell. It was ane cell of the abbacie of Jedburgh, and founded by King Alexander the Second, to which thos munks generally retired in the tyme of war with the English. The benefice is but small, and was given by King James the Sixth to Walter Stuart, sone to the Laird of Minto, one of his servants, and Thesaurer of Scotland. He was first Commendator, and, in anno 1606, was created Lord Blantyre.

The baronie of Blantyre belonged anciently to the Dunbars of Enterkin, and was purchased by the said first Lord Blantyre; and now almost all fewed out in small parcels: and all of them hold of Lord Blantyre. There was ane large moor, call'd Blantyre Common, in this parish; and now, by agreement between the lord and his vassalls, appropriate to my Lord, and improven to good advantage. Though almost all this parish be fewed, yet there are few gentlemen in it, besyde Hamilton of Blanterferm, who hath a pleasant seat, well planted, lying upon the river of Clyde; ² the lands of Calderfyde, belonging to the Laird of Torrence; and Brescat [?], belonging to the Laird of Cros Basket; and PRIESTFIELD, the seat of one Hamilton, whose successor enjoyeth a considerable estate in Ireland, called Caledon; and MILNHEUGH, belonging to

³

The Lord Blantyre is patron of the Kirk and titular of the tiends; and hath ane fruitful orchard at the old priorie, where he is some tymes in use to dwell.⁴ He holds the prorie few, and the baronie blench of the King.

² "Will. Hamiltoun de Blantyrferme" is an executor in the testament Jo^{nes} Dumbar de Knokisheno^t dated xxv Dec. 1551, whose daughter he appears to have married:—*Item, lego Willmo. Hamiltone, filio meo ex lege, viijth &c.—Confirmat. xxj Mtij. a^o Lj [1551-2].—Com. Rec. of Glas.*

William Hamiltone of Blantyreferm deceased May 1660—his wife, Jeane Cominghame, surviving. He was succeeded by his son, John—who had a son, William, alive at this period.—*Ibid.*

³ Milnheugh belonged to the family of the late Professor Miller of Glasgow, and that probably from a period prior to this.

⁴ In the latterwill of Walter Lord Blantyre, who deceased in Feb. 1617, the priory of Blantyre is thus noticed: “*Item, the inficht of pe hous of Blantyre (by pe airship) estimat to iij^c xvijth*” whilst the “*inficht of his ludging in Ed*” is “*estimat to ij^c li.*”—*Ibid.*

HAMILTON. The Lordship and baronie of Hamilton, lying upon the river of Clyde, is a great and rich baronie, having Clyde to the north and northeast, Dalferfe to the south and southeast, Glaffoord and Blantyre to the south and southwest.

This lordship was anciently the propertie of the Kings of Scotland, there being severall old charters be Alexander the Second and Alexander the Third, kings of Scotland, dated "Apud castrum nostrum de Cadichou," call'd afterwards the castle of Hamilton. The precise tyme when this lordship was given to the Duke of Hamilton his predeffors is not clear; but there is ane chartor extent, granted by King Robert Bruce, in the 7th year of his reigne, 1314, to Sir Walter, the sone of Sir Gilbert de Hamilton, of this baronie and the tenendry of Adelwood, which formerly belonged to his father, Sir Gilbert, and heth, without any interruption, continued in that familie since; and was long since joyned to the baronie of Bothwell by a stately bridge of four great arches over the river of Clyde, where there is a small duty payed by all passagers to the town of Hamilton, for upholding the bridge. This lordship and baronie of Hamilton and Edelwood, togither with the baronies of Machanshyre, Kinneil, Harbor [Larbert?], Brunadie, Alcathie, Hamilton's Ferme and Corfbasket were all erected in one lordship, to be call'd the lordship of HAMILTON in all tyme thereafter, in anno 1445. It is plentifully furnished with woods, coall, lymestome, salmond fishing, ducats, cuningairs and plenty of all sort of graine, as wheat, bear, pease and oats; and many pleasant dwellings.

In the tyme of King James the Second, James, Lord Hamilton, erected here ane burgh of baronie in the midst of ane large and pleasant valley, extending from the mouth of Aven to Bothwell bridge, near 2 myles along the river, with a pleasant burn, called Hamilton burn, running through the town and gardens, now belonging to the Duke; giving out severall lands to the inhabitants, to be holden of the family, reserving to themselves the superioritie, jurisdiction and nameing of the magistrates. This Lord Hamilton also founded here ane provostrie, confiscting of ane provest and eight prebends, giving to each of them ane manse and yeard and glebe in the Haugh of Hamilton; and gave them the vicarage teinds of the parishes of Hamilton and Dalferfe, together with severall lands lying

within these two parishes and the parish of Stonehouse¹. He also built new the parish kirk of Hamilton, the queere and two croſſes ifles and ſteeples, all of poſhified ſtone; having his own coat of arms impaled with the coat of arms of the feveral families with which himſelf and his predeceſſors had maried,—as the Earles of Strathern, Linlithgow, Dalkeith, Marshall, Gordon, Ross and Murray,—fince their ſettlement in Scotland, all yet remaining intire upon feveral parts of the kirk and upon the topes of feveral of the gavells; as the arms of the royal familie impaled with his own, upon the accompt of his ſon, the 2d Lord Hamilton, marrying the ſister of King James the Third; and in this kirk is the buriall place of the Lords Hamilton.

Befyde the palice of Hamilton, gardens, parks and woods belonging thereto, there are feveral gentlemens' ſeats in this parish, long fince given out to the feveral heritors, as the Ros, or Roffaven, belonging to the Laird of Preston. It was firſt given to John, ſon to Sir Gilbert de Hamilton, and heþ continued in that familie fince; a pleafant ſeat, with good woods and gardens, cloſs on the river of Clyde, where Aven falls in that river.

Next to this, BARNCLUTH, belonging to Hamilton of Barncluth; ſituate upon the water of Aven, very near to the entrie of the great parks of Hamilton; a pleafant place, with fyne terras walkes, fruitfull gardens and pleafant woods.

EARNOCK, ſituate upon Hamilton burn, about a myle above the town of Hamilton, is a pleafant ſeat and good houſe, ſituate among woods, belonging to Robertone of Earnock, cheif of his name. It has long been the inheritance of his family, alwayes holden of the houſe of Hamilton².

UDSTON was long the poſfeſſion of the family of Udſton; a pleafant

The description of
the palice, gar-
dens, and parks
containing pre-
ſent on this page, as also
the description of
the town of Ham-
ilton. [Sic MS.
These descriptions
appear not to have
been preserved,
which must be re-
gretted.]

¹ The following intimation of an hospital at Hamilton occurs in the latter will of John Hamilton of Udston, who deceased inter 1627 et October, 1629:—“ Mair, I leive to the Hofpitall of Hamiltoun, to pe pur p', Twa hundrith mkis. to be decreitit be my Lord & Ladie how it foould be vſit.”—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

² Elisoune Hamiltoun Lady Ernok occurs Feb. 1620; and Nov. 9. 1624, James Robertson of Ernok is cautioner in the testament of James Bailye of Jerrestoun.—*Ibid.*

feat, well planted ; bot for that they used to dwell at Cultnes, in the paroch of Cambushnethen, they made little policie at the house³. It now belongs to Hamilton of Barncluth.

NEILSLAND, belonging to Hamilton, situat well, in a fruitfull soyle, near to a wood, within a myle of Hamilton.

There are many lesser heritors in this parish, all holding of the family [of Hamilton], as DOWCATHILL, FAIRHOLM, STANHOLL, MAINS OF EDELWOOD⁴, LITTLE EARNOCK, WHISTLEBERRY, BROMILTON.

SILVERTOUNHILL, ane old ruinous house, in this parish, once the seat of a good family, defygnd thereby, who had a great estate ; bot it now belongs to Alexander Black⁵.

³ Archibald Stewart of Castlemilk, who deceased June 1612, was addebtet to Johne Hamilton of Udiston, "for ane yeiris dawtie of the tak of pe teynd of Bowhous, thrie li." &c.—*Ibid.*

" Johne Hamilton younger of Vdstone, &c. deceift vpone the penult day of Julij, anno Jaj vj^c & fastene." His brother, James Hamiltoun, is confirmed " *Tuto of Law* to James, W^m and Margaret Hamiltounes, bairns lau'full to pe defunct, &c. xxiiij day of Januar, 1625"—Johne Hamiltoun of Vdstone being cautioner.—*Ibid.*

" Johnne Hamiltoun of Vdstone, &c. deseift , 162." [inter 1627 et 1629]. The following particulars occur in his testament :—DEBTIS AWAND OUT.—" To James Hamilton, his sone, ij^j iii^j xxxiiij li. conforme to ane contract of mariage maid betuix thame, on the ane pairt, and vñq^w Robert Hamilton of Bornecluche & Margaret Hamilton, his dochter, now spos to pe faid James, &c. And p^r he may be mair fuirlie satifeit p^rof, I have maid assignaⁿun to him of certane victuall, abonew'tin, of pe fruitis and dawties, &c. of pe croppis and yeiris of God Jaj vj^c & twentie fax, and Jaj vj^c and twentie fevin yeiris. Item, To James and William Hamiltones, his oyes, fones to vñq^w Johne Hamiltone, his eldest lau'full sone, gottin betuix him and Helein Quhytfuird, his spos, ij^j vj^c lxvj li. . . . LEGACIE.—At Cultnes, the flourt day of Maij, the yeir of God Jaj vj^c . . . Item, I leive and nominat Margaret M^hheid, my spos, and Johne Hamiltone, my oy, sone to pe said vñq^w Johne Hamiltone, my eldest sone, my onlie ex^{ri}." &c. The laird of Lauchope and Mr Walter Quhytfuird, parson of Moffat, seem to have been sons-in-law to the defunct.—*Ibid.*

" Margaret Muirheid relict of wñq^w Johne Hamiltone of Vdefstone, . . . deceift in 1637." And in a confirmation, *ad omissa*, John Hamilton of Airdrie is designed " prin^r ex^r confirmit to hir," this being " gevin vpe be Williame Hamiltone, sone law^r to umq^w W^m. Hamiltone of Wishaw, oy to pe defunct," &c.—Conf. May 9, 1655.—*Ibid.*

⁴ John Hamilton of Edelwood occurs in the latterwill of Alex. Reid, merchant burgess of Glasgow.—Conf. March 11, 1612.—*Ibid.*

⁵ The following extracts seem to be of some importance in the history of this family, nor are they otherwise devoid of interest —

The parsonage teinds of this parish, and of the parish of Delferfe, was the patrimonie of the Dean of Glasgow, who was in use to serve the cure himself at Hamilton; bot in tyme of presbiterie, they had two ministers at this place (as they have now), well provyded. The vicarage teinds of Hamilton and Delferfe was of old a part of the patrimonie of the provostrie of Hamilton, but since the suppression thereof, belongs to the Duke, as patron.

CAMBUSLANG baronie and parish, call'd anciently Drumshargat, did of old belong to Murray, Lord Bothwell; and came to Archbald the Grim Earle of Duglaſſ by maryng the Lord Bothwell's daughter, where it continued untill the rigne of King James the Second, and was then, upon the 8th of November, 1452, disponed by James Earle of Duglaſſ, to James Lord Hamilton. It lyeth along upon the fouthwest fyde of the river of Clyde, surrounded by the parishes of Blantyre (to the

" INVENTARIUM omnium bonorum quondam Alex. Hamiltone, tutor de Siluirtonhill, factum apud Newtoune, me propria, vltio. die mens. Augst Anno Dni. Jaj v^e xlviij.

DEBITA SIBI DEBEN.—*In primis*, Andreas Stewart dns. de Vchiltrie, lxij li. computate betuix him and me at his departing of Scotland, &c. *Item*, James Hamiltone in pe Peill, awand to me of my towchir, j^e lib. and ackit in pe Officiallis bukis of Glafgw for pe fāmin. . . .

DEBITA QUE DEBENT. ALIIS.— . . . *Item*, To Andro Hamiltone of Lathame ij^e mks. and he complete mariage w^r my brup^r dochter. . . .

LEGACIE.— . . . And I ordane Andro, my brup^r sone, *the air*, to found tway obittis in pe kirk of Hamiltone, as vfe is, for my fader and moderis faulis: And I ordane Andro, my brup^r sone, to tak my son fra Mareoun Or fra he be tway yeiris of aige, and to do him as his conscience servis him; and gif he be like to be a ne man, to gif him Edward Brokis markland, &c. *Item*, I leyf to Archibald Hamiltone of pe Raploch and my sifter xl mkis. *Item*, To John Muir and my sifter x mkis. &c. And pir I ordane my executouris Andro Hamiltone, my brup^r son, and Katheryne Hamiltone, my spous, that thai do and dispone for me as thai will anſt to God on pe day of dome. And my lord gouerno^r & my lord Dunkeld and my lord of Kilwynnyng ouremen, and noct to lat nane be wrangit, for pe afauld and thankfull service I haif maid thame. In witness, &c. And pe geir at to me pertenis, my dettis and legacies beand pay^r; I leyf to my barne, gif my wife hes ony to me; and gif scho hes nane, I leyf it to my brother fonnis, and to complete his toure with.—Conf. ad infra & ad extra, die xliij mens. Martij, Anno Jaj v^e xlviij."—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

east and south), Kilbryde and Carmunock (to the south and southwest), and Ruglen [to the west]. It is a pleasant and fertile soill, with a good falmond fishing. The most of it continueth yett in propertie with the Dukes of Hamilton, who is patron of the parish (being ane laick patronage) and titular of the teinds¹.

¹ The titular patron of the church of Cambuslang seems alluded to in the following extract:—

“ INUENTARIUM omnium bonorum quondam Roberti Browne, apud Cambuslang, decimo q^{uo}d mensis Junij, a^e Dni. M^o quin^o liij.

LEGATIO DEFUNCTI.— . . . corpusque meum sepelendum fore in pulueribus SANCTI CADOCI, confessoris, ac mei patrōi,” &c.—Com. Rec. Glas.

Mr John Howison, a person who by his intrepidity has gained some notoriety, was probably the first minister settled here after the establishment of the present order. From a memoir of him in Wodrow’s Presbyterian Biography, the subjoined notices are derived:—

“ Mr Howison probably was settled minister at Cambuslang. . . . soon after the Reformation; and was, as I am informed, a very long time minister in that parish. He seems to have been up in years when attacked by the Laird of Minto, provost of Glasgow, as we shall hear. The tradition concerning him is that he was a stately bold person, and very useful, and much liked by all ranks.”

Mr Howison’s affray with the provost of Glasgow is well known. “ He was (continues his biographer) a man of considerable learning; and wrote and published an usefull *Catechisme*. He was a fervent preacher, and zealously affected the principles of our Reformation; and his whole life, almost, was a continued chain of sufferings for his bold appearances against corruptions, at least little else hath been handed down concerning him at this distance.” It is probable Mr Howison is the author of some other works, particularly a *Treatise upon Conscience*, Svo. Edin. 1600, mentioned by Mr Charteris, and in the *Athenae Oxon.* v. I. p. 562.

Both the latterwill of Mr Howison and his wife are recorded in the commissary books of Glasgow; and the following excerpts of them may serve to eke out his scanty biography:—

“ TESTAMENT, &c. and Inuentar of the guidis, &c. q^{uo}d perteinit to vmp^{le} Agnes Coluinnes [if not Colmunes?] spos to M^r Johne Howeson minister at Cambuslang, the tyme of hir deceis, quha deceisit in the moneth of Mch. 1612 yeiris: ffayfullie maid and gevin vp be Eifter Coluinnes, onlie lau'full fister to ye defunct, and ex^{rx} Dative, ” &c.—Conf. Aug. 18, 1613.

“ TESTAMENT, &c. of the guidis, &c. q^{uo}d pertenit to vmp^{le} M^r Johne Howeson, minister at Cambuslang, &c. quha deceisit in the moneth of Junij, the yeir of Ged Jaj vj^c and auchtein yeiris, ffaythfullie maid and gevin vp by his awin mouth.

INUENTAR.—Item, the defunct had ye tyme fairsaid pertening to him, &c. viz. certane

The lands of GILBERTFIELD were anciently fewed out by the Earles of Duglaſſ; upon which there is built a good houſe, tolerably planted².

sylwir wark, estimat to Thrie ſcoir pundis. *Item*, Certane BUIKIS, estimat to j^e xxxij li. vjs. viij d. . . .

LEGACIE.—At Cambuslang, the ſecund day of Merche, 1618, &c. *Item*, It is his will, and he levis pe haill number of buikis, extending to [the] number of buikis, To pe Prin^l & Regentis of pe colledge of Glasgow, to help per Bibliothec for pe ſtudentis & burfouris perof. &c. *Item*, To pe puir of pe hofpitall of pe croftis of Glasgow aucht hundrith mks. *Item*, He levis to John Howefoune, at pe West Port of Ed^t. allevin fylur ipones, togidder w^t ane maſfer cowp.” &c.—Conf. Oct. 14, 1618.

Mr Patrick Hamilton appears to have been minister here March, 1628.—Mr John Bailie minister of Cambuslang deceased Dec. 1652.—Test. Conf. Feb. 16, 1653.—*Ibid.*

² It is rather singular that no notice of this diſtinguished family of the name is to be found in the Glencairn peerage. In an old genealogical memoir of the Cumings, MS. the origin of the Cuninghames is thus ingeniously traced to that clan:—

“ And morrover, I am able to prove at this preſent tyme, 1622, ther is not ſoe maney noble men as yit of on furnaime in all Europe as profeffeth the name of Cumings, ſua pat they wer all w^t ther lands and livings in one realme; and to qualifie and mack my alledeageance good, I have infert heir, as after followeth, The names of their honſ, ſtylls and furnaimes quho confeſſeth themſelves to be lau^{le} descended of the faid furnaime of Cumings. Quhillc certainlie I have inpairt be ſome of ther oune confeſſiones; for being at ſuper in the E: of Glenkairnes hous, in Kilmarnoch [Kilmairs?], quhair my Lord wes preſent, with his ſone, the M^r. as alſo the old Laird of Watterſtoun, Cunnynghame to his furnaime, and my Lord goodſchiris brother, quho did all thrie confeſſ and confer pat Cumings wes ther right furnaime, quhilc wes to be feen in my Lord's ancient evidents, as my old Lord did confeſſ at this tyme, in preſence of the wholl compaie, quhair ther wer divers noble men. And as for the furnaime of Cunnynghame, they took it of pat province quhilc wes called of auld Cunnynghame, as Comirnauld wes called Cumings's hald. . . . Farder, I have omitted to ſett doune heifor, the caufe whey pe Earle of Glencairn & furnaime of Cunnynghames confeſſeth pat pair ry^t furnaime ſhould be Cumings, and wearrs not the Cumings' armes, the thrie Shawes. The reaſone whey, as I wnderſtand: Quhen as the prin^l noblemen of Cumings wes banifihed, as faid is, tho' he pat remained within the realme of Scotland wes not ſuffered to bruik pat furnaime of Cumings, nor wear per armes; nevtherles, for pe love & favor pat pe Cunnynghames had naturallie to ther oune furnaime of Cumings, they, of per humilitie, took the ſchaich [shake fork] for pe tother armes, quhilc is and signifies, as fervand to the Scheawes. This I dyte not be my inventione, but be more ancient and learned men, whose more curioſe to know pe doubts of per genologie.”

The house of Gilbertfield, a not unfavourable ſpecimen of that age, is ſtill pretty entire, but the trees have periſhed—ſcarce a twig escaping. The date, 1607, is carved over one

DESCRIPTION OF THE

The lands of NEWTON were anciently fewed out to Hamilton of Newton ;³ a pleasant dwelling upon the river of Clyde.

WESTBURN was lately fewed out by the Duchefs of Hamilton to Hamilton of Westburn. It is a pleasant house, upon the river, with good gardens⁴.

There are some lesser fewers also in this parish, as CROOKED-SHEILL, SPITTELL⁵ and some fewars in the town of Cambuslang. Sir James Hamilton of Jeliesfoune heth also the lands of Greenlees, holden of the family of Hamilton, where there is a coal considerale. There is also in

of the windows, as several others are ornamented by a curiously interlaced cipher of raised letters, surmounted with an open crown. This building is said to have been erected by Sir Robert Cuninghame of Gilbertfield; and it is judiciously preserved by the present proprietor, Mr Graham of Ferenize.

" S^r Robert Cvnynghame of Gilbertfield " occurs March, 1612, in the commissary records of Glasgow; and he died in 1628, as appears from the following registration there :—

" TESTAMENT, &c. S^r Robert Cvnynghame of Gilbertfeild, knyt^t w'in the parochin of Cambuslang, the tyme of his deceit, Quha deceit in the monethe of December, 1628 ; ffayfullie maid and gevin vp be Dame Jonet Hamiltoun, his relict, exeo^{ur} dative, furrogat in place of James Boill, pro'fischall of pe commissariat of Glaigw, quha was ex^t dative decernit to pe defunctis guidis, &c. , 1629."—Conf. Dec^r. 19, 1629.

³ Qu. Newhouse, see p. 13.

⁴ " Andro Hamiltoun of Westburne deceit in the monthe of Merche, 1628."

The following particulars occur in his latterwill :—

" LEGACIE.—At pe Westburne pe first day of Merche [1628], I Andro Hamiltoun p^r being verie feik in bodie, Nominat and ordane Jonet Crocket, my spous, and Marie Hamiltoun, my onlie laufull dochter, procreat betuixt ws, Exeo^{ur}, &c. As also I nominat and ordanit Robert Hamiltoun of Cathkin & James Hamiltoun of Turnelaw to be Tuto^{ur}, &c. to pe faid Marie Hamiltoun during hir minoritie and lefaige, and o'fearis to the faid Jonet," &c.—Conf. Aug. 14, 1628.—*Ibid.* But this is surely an earlier race than that alluded to in the text.

⁵ " Johnne Hamiltoun of Spittell, w'in the parochin of Cambuslang the tyme of his deceis, --- deceit" October, 1621, &c. His latterwill is dated At Spittell, December 5. 1620 ; and he appoints, &c. " Mr William Hamiltoun, his sone, and Johnne Hamiltoun o' Carland, in Bothwell, his sone in law, his onlie exⁿ," &c. ordaining his " bones to be huriert in pe accustemet place, q' his vmo^{re} mother, twa wyfes & four sones ar bureit befoir." He had another son, Mr Claud, minister of Mounktoun, Ayrshire.—Conf. November 1, 1621.—*Ibid.*

this parish, bot not within the baronie, the lands of COATTS, CHAPEL,⁶ and [MORISTON ?], lately belonging to the laird of Minto, where there is a good coall, now belonging to the family of Hamilton.

CARMUNOCK. This is but a litle parish, lying upon the water of Cart, having Cambuslang and Rutherglen to the north, the parish of Kilbryde to the south, the water of Cart and the parish of Cathcart to the west.¹ This baronie of Carmunock did likewise belong anciently to the Earle of Duglaſſ; and in the tyme of King James the Second was disponed to the Lord Hamilton, and continued with that family untill of late, that it was disponed by the Duchefs of Hamilton to the Lairds of Castlemilk and Westburn.

There is also in this parish the lands of Castlemilk (alias Castletoun), belonging to Sir William Stewart, baronet, and heth been long the seat of his familie. Is ane old caſtle and ſome laigh buildings; well planted with barren timber, and heth fruitfull gardens; ſtanding ſome-

⁶ William Boigill of Chappell married Sara, a daughter of Robert Hamilton of Newhouse, who died in 1623; (see p. 13.) another daughter was married to John Weir of Burneside.

¹ "Mr Ard. Glen, minister at Curmannok" appears in the testament of John Miller in Cathkin, Nov. 1611. He died in February, 1614, his wife, Janet Muir, surviving. His latterwill, written by "Andro bischope of Argyll," is confirmed March 28, 1615.—*Com. Rec. of Glas.*

Mr Robert Glen is minister here Dec. 1615; and he died in August, 1621. The following is extracted from his testament—Conf. March 13, 1622:—"At Curmannok the nynt day of August, 1621. . . . Mr Robert Glen did nominat, w^t his awin mouth, Jeane Scharpe, his spous, onlie ex^rit. . . . Item, He levis to his brother, Thomas Glen, merchand burges of Glasgow, the ſoume of fyve hundrith mks. money. . . . Item, To Dauid & Thomas Glenis, his couſingis, his buikis, q^ue he brocht out of Ingland of lait, w^t ſic vther of their father buikis as ar in his cuſtodie. Item, To Mr James Scharpe he levis M. Hallis workis," &c. This is written by "Mr Dauid Scharpe perſone of Kilbryde."—*Ibid.*

Mr James Mowbray, minister at Carmanok, occurs June, 1626.—*Ibid.*

Mr James Hutcheson is minister here October, 1633.—Test. of James Hamilton of Aickinhead.—*Ibid.*

thing high, heth the prospect of the town of Glaſgow and all the country there about.²

CATHKINE also is in this parish ; holding anciently of the provost and prebends of Bothwell, but now of the Duke of Hamilton, as patron thereof.³

The teinds of this parish were ane part of the Lordship of Palsey ; and the Earle of Dundonald is now both titular and patron of it.

CATHCART. This parish lyes partly in the sherrifdom of Lanark and partly in the fhyre of Ranfrew. The water of Cart runneth throw it ; and heth Carmonock and Ruther Glen to the south and southeast and east. The baronie of Cathcart is within the fhyre of Ranfrew, and the lands of Aikenhead within the fhyre of Lanerk, belonging to James Ha-

² The fortalice of Castleton still remains, though quite hid by large additions, in the *castle style*, which have been lately made to it—the old tower itself being remodelled that it may assimilate with these preposterous and gairish extensions. The predominant influence of architecture in the diffusion of taste is apparent ; and probably nothing more certainly indicates the improvement of a people than their progress in this art. But it is not a little unfortunate for Scottish scenery, that the popular builder of Abbotsford should have lent his attractive example to this fantastic manner of building,—a manner which bids fair to characterize the genius of the present day, and for a time to obstruct the legitimate cultivation of this noble pursuit. It will be well if an after age discover not any affinity between the Gothic halls of Abbotsford and the exuberant spirit of Waverley.

³ Robert Hamilton of Cathkin appears in the will of John Montgomery “ callit of Brigend.”—Conf. inter April et November, 1612.—*Com. Rec. of Glas.* He died in June, 1619, as appears by the probate of his testament, Nov. 2, 1620, where these particulars occur :

“ LEGACY.—At Cathkin, pe tent day of Junij 1619.” . . . *Item*, He nominatis Rob. W^m James and Jeane Hamiltonounes [his bairnis] his ex^{ris} & intro^{ris} w^t his guds, ilk ane of thame *pro rata*, etc. . . . *Item*, He leivis the haill moveablis and croip . . . to the fds. William, James & Jeane . . . reservand the plenisching to Eliz^t Muir, his spos. *Item*, He leivis pe fermis & teinds to Rob. Hamiltonoun, his sonne, referuand allways the fd. Eliz^t Muir hir coniunct fey furth of pe fds. fermis, conforme to hir contract of mariage,” &c.—*Ibid.*

Robert Hamilton of Cathkin occurs from Aug. 1621 to Aug. 1648.—*Ibid.*

milton of Aikenhead, who heth a good lodeable house there ; and marches with his lands of Langsyde, in Ranfrewshyre, where the feight was betwixt Mary, Queen of Scotland, and the Earle of Murray, Regent, in May, 1568 ; where the Queen's forces were beaten.¹ The teinds of this were also a part of the Lordship of Pasley, and the Earle of Dun-donald is now both titular and patron.

¹ " Beffie Adame, spos to James Hamiltoun of Aikinheid, proveift of Glasgow" deceased October, 1616. She left three sons, Robert, James, and John, and a daughter, Agnes.—Test. Conf. March 9, 1622.—*Com. Rec. of Glas.* Mrs Hamilton was daughter of " Robert Adame, merchand burges of Glasgow," by Agnes Petigrew, his wife, who survived him, and died in 1621.—*Ibid.*

" James Hamiltoun of Aikinheid, merchand burges of Glasgow, deceit in the monethe of October, the yeir of God 1633 yeiris."

The subjoined excerpts from this document show the great wealth of Provost Hamilton, and furnish some genealogical particulars of his family :—

" INVENTAR.—*Item*, The defunct had, the tyme foirfaid. . . . viz. in the first, The haill merchand wairis in his two merchand buithis, estimat to thrie thousand and ffyve hundrithe pundis. *Item*, Of reddie money besyd him, ffour thousand mks. money," &c.

" Summa of pe Debtis IN— xxijij^{ij} viij^{ij} lxijij li. j.s. x d."

" DEBTIS OUT.—In the first to Mr James Hamiltoun, his awin fone, Ten thowfand mks. money, be vertew of his contract of mariage w^t Margaret Muir his spons." Grissal Maxwell, and Anna and Johnne Mowat " his oyres" appear also in this list.

" LEGACY.—At Glasgow, the auchtein day of Aprile, 1630 yeiris : The q^u day James Hamiltoun of Aickinheid," &c. " In the first he hes nominat," &c. " Margaret Ros, his spos, and Mr James Hamiltoun, his secund lau'full fone, his onlie ex^{ist}". . . . *Item*, [he leaves] to Johnne Hamiltoun, his youngest fone, ffyve thoufand mks. [this to include " his portione naturall, q^u fell & belonged to him be deceis of vñq^{ue} Elizabeth Adame, his mother," &c.] *Item*, He leives to Elizabethe Hamiltoun, eldest dochter procreat betuix him and the said Margaret Ros, Ten thoufand mks. money. [This lady married Mure of Rowallan.] *Item*, to Marie Hamiltoun, y^r youngest dochter, ffyve thoufand mks. mo^r. . . . *Item*, To Agnes Hamiltoun, his eldest dochter, as lyfrenter, and to

Mowat, his spos, for his entres, and to pe bairnis procreat, &c. betuix thame, as fearis, The sowme of thrie thoufand mks. . . . *Item*, To Mathow Hamiltoun, his brother, Twa hundritte pundis mo^r. . . . *Item*, He levis to the said Robert Hamiltoun, his eldest fone, ffour thoufand mks. money, To be warit vpone building of his hons in Aickinheid, countyng thairin the moneyis deburst be him for the materiallis alreddy prepairit p^rto in the first end p^rof. . . . *Item*, He nominatis, &c. Robert Hamiltoun of Torrence, Johnne Hamiltoun of Bardowie, Colein Campbell, ane of the baillies of Glasgow, and Mr

RUTHERGLEN parish heth, beside the burgh of Rutherglen, ane landwart congregation, lying upon the river of Clyde, to the north, and surrounded, to the landwart, by the parishes of Cambuslang and Carmunkock to the south and southeast, by Cathcart to the southwest and by Govan to the west.

Beside the burgh, which is ancient, and pleasantly situate, having a fyne Green below the town towards the river, there is situate, upon the north side of it, towards Clyde, the castle of Rutherglen, belonging to Sir James Hamilton of Jeilliestoun,¹ descended of the family of Abercorn. The house and gardens are both in disorder. The seat is singularly pleasant, and well planted with barren timber, with a pleasant prospect of the river and citie of Glasgow; and a convenient salmond fishing. He is patron of the kirk, and titular of the teinds of Rutherglen, which anciently were ane part of the abbacie of Paisley. He has lykwise in that parish the lands of Shawfield, lying upon the river; a fruitfull soill, and most pleasant place.

There is lykways in this parish the lands of FERM, anciently called Crawford's Ferm. It belonged to the Laird of Minto, Stewart; it now belongs to Sir William Fleming of Ferm, baronet, Commissar of Glasgow. It is one of the pleasantest seats in all this tract; situate in a large plain field, near to the river of Clyde. The house is not extraordinarie, but notably planted with barren timber, in fyne walks, with large and fruitfull gardens, with salmond fishing upon the river; and adjoyning to the Green of Rutherglen, lying just below it, along the river fyde.²

Alex^r Hamiltoun, minister at Lochwinyoche Tutouris, &c. to the faid Elizabeth & Marie Hamiltoun, his twa youngest dochteris," &c.—Conf. July 1. 1634.—*Ibid.*

¹ Now Elieston. " S^r W^m Hamilton of Jeilestoun, kny^t." occurs Jan. 1629.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

² " James Craufurd of Fermis, &c. deceift vpone the day of Junij, 1611." His wife, Annabill Hammilton, and six daughters, Cristian, Agnes, Margrat, Jonet, Eliz^r, and Grissall, survived him; but he probably left no sons. Sir Walter Stewart of Mynto married Christian, and in this way that family may have inherited the estate.

Annabill Hamiltone, the relict, died at Ferme in the month of February, 1620. Her will is recorded Oct. 31. same year. She leaves—" To James [and] Cristiane Hamiltounes, *hir oyes*, twa hundrith mks." &c.—*Ibid.*

There was anciently a profitable coall within the bounds of the town of Rutherglen, belonging to Sir James Hamilton ; but because of the difficulties of that family, it heth not been wrought thir many years.

GOVAN parish lyeth upon the south syde of the river of Clyde a great way, betwixt the parishes of Rutherglen and Ranfrew ; and is just opposite to the citie of Glasgow. The church stands in the village of Govan, two myles below the bridge of Glasgow.¹ All the parish is kirk land, anciently belonging to, and lately holden of the Archbishops of Glasgow ; and is a part of the lordship, regalitie and barronie of Glas-

The honest but credulous historian of Rutherglen has furnished some homely rhymes, copied from an old ceiling in the house of Farne, subscribed “ J. C. A. H. 1325 ;” and Mr Chalmers has reprinted them in the last volume of his Caledonia, as illustrative of the language of that age ! If the author have correctly transcribed these initials, there need be little doubt that they were placed there by no other than James Craufurd and his wife Annabill, whom we find recorded above. Some of these verses occur, in precisely the same dress, in a collection of matters of this sort written about 1595, which has been recently printed by the ingenious Mr Motherwell of Paisley. Compare the following :—

“ He that fittis doun to the buirde to eit,
Forgetting to gif God thaukis for his meit ;
Syne ryfis wp and lattis his grace ower pas,
Sittis doun lyk ane ox, and ryfis lyk an afs.”

¹ “ Mr Patrick Scharpe, minister at Govane, deceift in the monethe of Maj Jaj vj^c and fyftein yeiris.”—*Com. Rec. Glas.*—There is a memoir of Mr Sharpe, who was also principal of the college of Glasgow, in Wodrow’s Biography ; but regarding his family that author merely states :—

“ Whether he was any relation of Mr John Sharp, minister at Kilmany, or a son of Mr John Sharp, who was a minister, 1562, I know not. There is a pretty old family in West Lothian, Houftoun Sharp, from whom severalls of that name in the west country derive. I know the Professor had relations ; and, if I have not forgot, a posterity in Glasgow. But I have yet met with nothing about his parentage, nor the time of his birth.”

“ Mr Hew Binning, minister at Govane, deceifit in pe moneth of Sept. 1653.” In the inventory of his effects, “ gevin vp be Marie Sympfone, his relict, and onlie exē^{re} dative,”

gow, whereof the Dukes of Lennox have for many ages been heritable baillies. The parish lyes in a pleasant, low and fertile foill, along the river ; and is mostly possessed by small fewars. For altho' it was a parte of the propertie of the archbishoprick of Glasgow before the reformation of this kingdome from Poperie, yett at such tyme as the Archbisshop (call'd James Beatoun) withdrew to France, and carried with him the monuments and registers of Glasgow to Paris, there was a commission granted to Walter commendator of Blantyre, to few the haill lands of the lordship and regalitie of Glafgow, without demunition of the old Rentall ; to the effect that the Tenents, being thereby become heritable possessors of their severall possessions, might be incouradged by virtue and politie to improve that countrie. Conform whereto, all this regalitie was fewed to the severall possessors, about the year 1590, for payment of their ancient rent be way of few duties ; which is the occasion that this parish is divyded amongst so many small heritors.²

The village of the GORBELLS, lying at the south end of the bridge of Glasgow, with severall lands adjoyning thereto, with ane heritable office of baillirie within itself, did belong to Sir Robert Duglaf, and was sold by him, a good many years agoe, to the town of Glasgow, who gott there-

&c. the following notice occurs :—“ *Item, pe defunctis bookes, estimat worth v^e li.—Com. Rec. Glas.*

“ Mr David Vetch, minister at Govean,” appears to have succeeded, but not long to have survived Mr Binning—he “ deceit in pe moneth of Junij, 1658.” His “ haill bookis,” as “ gevin vp be Katherin Cranfurd, relict of the defunct, and exeo^{ris} dative,” are “ estimat worth lxvj li. xijj s. iijj d.”—*Ibid.*

² Such an event, co-operating with the great public measures previously effected, could not fail vigorously to awaken every principle of activity throughout this wide and fertile domain ; and it were curions, as well as instructive, to trace the influence of this occurrence in the dawn and increase of that stupendous industry which now loads with its gorgeous accumulations the green plains of St Mungo. Nor may such useful and pleasing task escape the historian of Glasgow how soon his enobling pursuits shall be duly appreciated. And let us hope that such associations as the Maitland Club may tend in some degree to prepare the way for these ulterior achievements. There is still preserved, it is believed, part of the latter rent rolls of the archiepiscopal territory, and from which, if they can be obtained, some extracts, illustrative of this particular, may yet be inserted, by way of appendix.

with a good house and pleasant gardens, which they yett preserve, with the jurisdiction and superriority of that village.

There is in this parish also the lands of HAGGS, belonging to Sir John Maxwell of Nether Pollock, one of the Senators of the colledge of justice. It is a part of the regalitie of Glasgow, but for the conveniencie of Sir George Maxwell, his father, it was disjoyned from the sheriffdome of Lanerk and annexed to the sheriffdome of Ranfrew. It heth a tolerable house, wherein the dowager Ladies of Pollock are in use to dwell. This parish is the lowest in the shyre of Lanerk upon the south side of the river of Clyde.

At LITTLE GOVAN, in the upper end of this parish, there is a new house, built by Robert Reid, late baillie of Glasgow, in a pleasant place, and convenient gardens projected and designed.

There is also, lying upon the north side of Clyde, within this parish, the lands of BALLSHEGRY, formerly belonging to Stewart of Rosay, in Bute, and now belongs to Walter Gibson, late provost of Glasgow.³

And above this, where Kelvin falls into Clyde, is the house of PERTIQUE, a well built and convenient house, well planted with barren timber, large gardens, inclosed with stone walls, which formerly belonged to George Hutcheson, founder of the Hospital Hutchesons in Glasgow, and now to John Crawfurd of Mylntoun.

The teinds of the parish belongs now to the colledge of Glasgow, attour the minister's stipend.

The BARONIE parish of Glasgow lyeth round the circuit of the citie of Glasgow, upon the north fyde of the river of Clyde; and is a large,

³ Andrew Stewart, third son of Sir John Stewart, ancestor of the family of Bute, is said to have been progenitor of Roslane in Bute, and of Balishangrie.—*Peer.*

“Mr Patrik Stewart of Balschagrie” appears Sept. 1626.—Test. John McMichaell merchant Glasgow, Con. Dec. 10 following.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

“John Stewart of Balschagrie [in Govane] deceift Merche 1655.” The inventory of his effects being “given up be Mareone Elphinstone, relict of pe defunct, ex^{is}.”—*Ibid.*

fruitfull and pleafant parish ; and has the parish church, within a great vault, just under the east part of the great kirk or cathedral, anciently dedicate to St Mungo, who is esteemed the first bishop of the sea of Glasgow. This parish is a part, and lyeth in the midle of the baronie and regalitie of Glasgow, which is now the greatest baronie in Scotland, since the erecting Ranfrew in a fhyre. It beginneth where Kelvin falleth into Clyde, upon the west, and is surrounded with the parishes of Calder, Munkland, and the river of Clyde. Since the fewing of this parish, it is exceedingly improven by the severall heritors, many of them having built convenient houſes in moſt pleafant ſeats : as James Anderson of Stobcorſe heſt there a convenient houſe, ſited upon ane eminence above the river, with ſuitable gardens, and avenue to the water.¹ Near to it is Woodſide, belonging to John Campbell, upon the water of Kelvin, cloſe to a pleafant wood. Near thereto is North Woodſide, belonging to Mr Thomas Haliburton, advocat. Next thereto is the Possle, belonging to John Forbes, wryter in Edinburgh ; a new houſe, well finished, with good gardens and encloſures.² Not far from this is Jermestoun, with ane houſe and garden, belonging to Robert Dunwiddie, merchant in Glasgow. Next thereto is the lands of Milntoun, belonging to the above named John Crawfurd³. Next to that the lands of Provan, formerly belonging to the Hamiltons of Silvertounhill, but lately acquyred by the town of Glasgow. Not far from that is the Towcorſe, a good and ſubtantious houſe, with good gardens and incloſures, belonging to

¹ These Andersons were probably the original feuars. " Williame Anderſoun of Stobcors" occurs November, 1617 ; and he deceased in November 1623.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

² " Hew Craufurd of Clobarhill," who deceased April, 1618, nominates " Ro' Craufurd of Poffill, his fone, ex^r datiuē," &c. Robert died March 1621 : " Jonet Craufurd, lau'full dochter to pe defunct, ex^r datiuē," &c.—*Ibid.* Robert Craufurd of Nether Possill occurs Aug. 1604, but he was probably a different person.—*Ibid.* Robert Chirnesyde of Over Possill is commissary of Glasgow May 31. 1602—Jan. 1607.—*Ibid.*

³ " James Craufurd of Mylnetoun, w'in the parochin of Glasgow, deceift in the monethe of Junij, 1618." Cristiane Baxter, his relict, and Johne Craufurd his ſon, give up the inventory of his debts, &c.—*Ibid.*

John Craufurd of Mylnetoun occurs in the testament of " Gabriell Conynghame, lait proveift of Glasgow, quha deceift in Merche, 1651."—*Ibid.*

John Corbet of Towcorse.⁴ DALBETH and WESTHORNE, belonging to John Wardrop; both of them pleasant and convenient seats.⁵ SHETTLESTON, belonging to John Petticrew. The lands of BARROWFIELD, belonging to John Walkinshaw, lyand near to Glasgow, upon Clyde; a good house, with good office houses, gardens and inclosures, and good barren planting, old and new.

The teinds of this parish anciently belonged to the parson of Glasgow, but thereafter annexed to the archbishoprick of Glasgow, reserving ane competent maintenance to the parson.

CALDER parish, lying to the northeast of the citie of Glasgow, bounding with Dumbartonfhyre and Stirlingshyre, is a part of the lord-

⁴ The following item occurs in the testament of Walter Lord Blantyre, Feb. 1617:—Owing “ be Mr James Corbet of Towcors, his chalmerland, restand of his maillis, fermes, teyndis, kaynes & vther duties of his landis of Blantyre, Cardonnald, Personage and Subdeinrie of Glafgw Intrometit w^t be him, conforme to his lettir of factourie, as his compt beiris, iiiij^a li.”—*Ibid.*

“ Jonet Scott, relict of wmq^u Mr James Corbett of Towcorse,” deceased within the burgh of Glasgow in the month of 1652. Her son, Walter Corbet of Toweors, succeeded his father. Hew Corbet of Hardgray, her executor, was either her son or son-in-law; and James Hamilton of Miltone appears to have been married to her daughter.—*Ibid.*

⁵ The Wardrops were probably among the original portioners of the lordship of Glasgow. James Woddrop of Dalmarnok and James Woddrop, younger, are witnesses to the latterwill of Mr John Blackburne, minister of the Baronia of Glasgow, who died May, 1623.—*Ibid.*

“ Johnne [James?] Woddrope, elder, portioner of Dalmarnok, deceift December, 1628.” He constitutes “ Jonet Bogill, his spous, his onlie ex^{ix}, and Mr Allex^r Woddrope, his brother, and William Bogill, his father in law, conjunct tutoris to his bairnes—Alex^r, Williame, Jonet and Margaret Wodropis, and to the bairne yit vnborne q^w the said Jonet is presentlie with,” &c.—*Ibid.*

“ Annabill Colquhoun, spous to James Woddrop in Dalmarnok, deceift Feb. 1630.” Their children named are Waltir, John, Alex^r, Margaret, Mareoun and Jeane.—*Ibid.*

“ Agnes Crafurd, spous to Maister Alex^r Wodrope, portioner of Carnynte,” died September 1631. They had children, Adame and Annabill.—*Ibid.*

And Margaret Cleland, spous to the same person, died October, 1634.—*Ibid.*

ship and regalitie of Glasgow.¹ The laird of Keir heth a confiderable estate in this parish, with a good house, gardens, woods and inclosures; feated near to the kirk of Calder, and all holden of the archbishop of Glasgow.

Not far from Calder, is the lands of CARDEROCH, belonging to Mathew Cuming, merchant in Glasgow; upon which there is lately built a convenient house, [with] good gardens and inclosures.

GARNKIRK, belonging to James Dunlop, is a good house; good planting, with woods, meadows, and inclosures.²

BEDLAE; ane good old house, much repared, with gardens, inclosures, belonging to Mr Archbald Roberton of Bedlae.³

The teinds belonged to the subdean of Glasgow, and now to the college thereof, with the burden of the minister's stipend.

Calder old tower, of the house of Calder, is feated upon the ancient Roman wall, commonly called Grahame's Dyke, which runneth almost three myles thorow the parish. In which tower, and other parts of this wall, are many stones found with Roman inscriptions, containing the name of the emperor, legion and captain, and how far some of them lengthened the wall. Near to the church of Calder, there are very lyvely vestiges of ane Roman incampment and its fortifications. The river of Kelvin runs along the northwaft syde of this parish, and divydes it from the parishes of Kirkintilloch, Badearnock and Easter Killpatrick. There are in this parish the eleven towns of Badermannock, or patrimoniak of the archbishop, lately fewed, and distinguished from Calder, Bedlae, etc. which were anciently fewed out by the bishops of Glasgow.

MONKLAND baronie and parish was a great part of the abbacie

¹ Mr Johne Bell was minister of Calder in 1609; Mr Alexander Rowat in 1614; and in April, 1651, "Mr Gawand Hamiltone, lait minister at Calder," occurs.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

² "Mr Johne Dunlope of Gartinkirk" is named a tutor in the will of "James Stewart, merchant burges of Glasgow, callit of Buitte," who died June, 1643.—*Ibid.*

³ Mr Ard. Robertone, son to Mr James Robertone of Bedlay, occurs in 1653. Mr James Robertone, probably the latter person, was commissary of Glasgow, Sep. 23, 1625, being about the time of his appointment.

and lordship of Newbotle; and was mortified to that abbey by King Malcolm the Fourth, in the begining of his reigne, and continued so till the reformation from Poperie; and was then erected in a temporall lordship, in favour of Sir Thomas Hamilton, the King's Advocat, who thereaftre was honoured with the title of Earle of Hadingtoun: and [it] was compute to be the 3d part of the abbacie or lordship of Newbotle. It was of old but one parish, but about the year 1660, or thereby, it was divyded in two: the one called the old and the other the New paroch of Monkland; and are both considerable parishes.¹ Before the erection of it, it was almost all fewed out to particular gentlemen and heretors, some whereof have been very old posseffors of their respetive inheritances.

The teinds of both the parishes of Monkland, and of the parish of Calder, were the propper patrimonie of the subdean of Glasgow, who usufally served the cure there himself, and at Calder by ane viccar.

This bounds is very large, extending almost from Clyde to Linlithgow-hyre. It heth the river of Clyde to the south, the water of Wester Calder to the east, the Baronic parish of Glasgow and the parish of Calder to the west and northwest; and is plentifully furnished with woods, meadows, coall and lyme, and many gentlemen's dwellings. The most considerable of which are: the HAGGS, lately pertaining to Sir Alexander Hamilton, baronet, descended of the family of Orbistoun;² a pleafant seat, almost in the midle of woods and fyne gardens. The house became lately ruinous, and heth been acquyred by Archbald Hamilton, brother to Barncluth, who heth changed its name to Rosehall; and perfyted a fyne house, well finished, with great conveniences: and has much inlarged the fortune.

¹ “ Agnes Neish, spous to Mr Johne Lothiane, fometryne minister at Dundonald, in Ireland, p'eftr at Munkland, in Scotland, and now [1656] in Ireland, w'in pe parochine of Munkland pe tyme of hir deceis, deceiflit Jnnij, 1645.” In the inventory of her effects, it is stated:—“ *Item*, pe defunct and her fd. hufband had pe tyme foirsaid, adebted to p'm be Mr Walter Neish, fone law^{ll} to vmo^{ll} Walter Neish of Dubheids, hir brop^r, pe sowme of iij^c xxxij li.” &c.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

² John Hamilton of Haggis is executor in the test. of John Franche of [in] Thowhill, “ maid at Muffilburgh, at pe camp againis pe Inglis army, pe viij day of Sept. [1547].”—*Ibid.*

DESCRIPTION OF THE

BRADISHOLME, a convenient dwelling, situate upon the water of Calder, within the parish, but a part of the regalitie of Glasgow.

And more downward, where Calder falls into Clyde, is DALDUIE, the ancient seat of the lairds of Minto Stewart; a most pleasant dwelling, if the seat, gardens and planting had ane houfe upon it.³

More downward upon Clyde, are feyerrall pleasant seats within the parish of Monkland, and regalitie of Glasgow, as KENMURE, belonging to John Miller;⁴ CARMYLE, belonging to the laird of Hardgray;⁵ and BOGLESROLE, belonging to some fewars in the regalitie.⁶

Upward upon the water of Calder, in this old parish, is FASKINE, which long appertained to the Clelands; a pleasant seat, fyne wood and good gardens⁷. It belongs now to Dr William Wright, phisitian. GART-

³ “ S^r Waltir Stewart of Mynto, kny^t and the tenentis, occupiers and posseſſouris of the landis of Eifir Daldowie, Barrachnie & Blakyairdis [were addebed to James Archbishop of Glasgow, at his decease, October, 1632,] the sowme of fax pundis money, as the [yearly] few dewtie of the aucht mks. land of Eifter Daldowie, and the sowme of fevin pundis vj s. viij d. as the dewtie of the landis of Barrachnie, and the sowme of xxij s. vj d. as the sylwir dewtie of Blackyairdis, fevin furlottis ane peck thrie pt. peck malt, fax furlottis twa peckis twa thrid pt. pecks meill, ane boll aittis, thrie capounes and twa poultre as the few dewtie of the landis of Blakyairdis, restand vnpayit the croppis & yeiris of God 1616—1631.”—*Ibid.*

⁴ This seems previously to have belonged to the name of Colquhoun:—“ Kathrein Lockhart, relict of Arthoure Colquhoun of Kenm” died Feb. 1626. They had children, Mathow, Elizabeth, Annabill, Kathrein and Grissall; and, soon after this, Walter appears to have been succeeded by his eldest son, John, who is designed of Kenmuir in the confirmation of his mother’s will, Aug. 28. 1626. John died in May, 1632, leaving issue by his wife, Jonet Woddrope, “ Arthour, his eldeſt lauſfull fone,” Vmphray, Johnne, Alex^r. Margaret, Jonet & Grifſall.—*Ibid.*

⁵ See Corbet of Towcors, p. 31, note 4.

⁶ “ W^m Bogill of Bogilſhoill” is mentioned in the testament of William Luggie, merchant burgess of Glasgow, 1623.—*Ibid.* They were doubtless the original possessors in this portion; and their descendants are understood still to exist in the direct line, but dispossessed of the property.

⁷ “ Robert Cleland, burges of Glasgow, brother to the guidman of Foscane,” occurs in the testament of “ Elizabeth Hamiltone, fister germane to Joⁿ Hamiltone of Grainge, beſyde Kilmarnok,” June, 1611. John Cleland of Foscane appears inter 1611 et Oct. 1619—James Cleland of Foscane in June, 1654.—*Ibid.*

SHIRE, belonging to Stark of Auchinvole.⁸ And there are severall other lesser heritors in this parish.

NEW MONKLAND comprehends that part of the baronie thereof lying next to West Lothian, upon the head of the faid water of Calder. In which, the place of the Monkland is first to be considered. Which was a large bodie of a house, with two jambs and four rounds, built by Sir James Cleland of Monkland, upon the lands of Peddersburne ; and was repute the best contrived house in all that nighbourhood.¹ It was some years agoe burnt, and is not yett repaired. It belongs to William Hamilton of Monkland, grandchild to Hamilton of Dalzell. The land, with the teinds of Monkland and Calder, was purchased from Sir James' sone by the Duke of Hamilton ; and sold by the Dutchesf,—the lands to James Hamilton of Dalyell, and the teinds to the colledge of Glasgow.

AIRDRIE, belonging to Robert Hamilton of Airdrie, descended of the family of Prestoun, heth a convenient house, good woods about it, though of late much decayed.

RUCHSELLOCH did long pertaine to the Crawfurds of Ruchfelloch, heritable baillies of Monkland ; and was very well planted with barren timber and fyne woods ; now much decayed ; belongeth now to John Acheson, merchant in Glasgow.

ROUCHSOILLS ; a tolerable good house ; well planted with barren tim

⁸ Johne Stark of Auchinvoill, parish of Leinye, occurs in the year 1598. " Margaret Jousie, spous to Johne Stark of Auchinvoill," died Nov. 1629. Her effects were inventored by " James Stark, fear of Auchinvoill, ex' dative, surrogat," &c. James Stark is designed of Auchinvoill, Nov. 1635.—*Ibid.*

¹ James Cleland of Mounkland was a creditor of Boyd of Badinaith's , 1611, when the latter died.—Sir James Cleland of Mounkland, kny^t is named Oct. 29, 1632.—" George Cleland, brother germane to *emq^e* S^r James Cleland of Mounkland, kny^w" is mentioned in the will of " Critianie Cleland, spous to George Andersoun of Wodfyd," April 20, 1635. And " Ludovick Cleland of Monkland" appears in the test. of John Maxwell merchant burges of Glasgow 1648, and he is probably the same person afterwards designed " sone of S^r James Cleland of Monkland."—*Com. Rec. of Glas.*

ber, the gardens well inclosed, and woods adjoining; fited near to the new kirk of Monkland: William Cochran of Rouchfoills is heritor.

BRAIDENHILL formerly belonged to the Muirheads, and now to the laird of Ruchfoills.²

KYPEBYER heth long appertained to the Crawfurds of Kypebyer, and now to ane daughter and heirefs.³

INCHNOCH is ane old castle, situate singularly in the mids of woods and much planting; almost furrounded with mosses of difficult acces: did anciently belong to the Forfyties of Dykes;⁴ and after, to Hamilton of Dalyell; and now to Mr John Hay of Inchnoch.

The Earle of Kilmarnock heth a good interest in this parish, called Mayvoix and Methrox, etc. but it is all now fewed out to tenends.⁵

In the head of this parish, upon the water of Luggie, lyeth GLEN-HOOFE; a pleasant and convenient seat for woods, coall, lyme and barren planting. It did anciently belong to the Clelands, but now belongs to William Hamilton of Wifhaw and James Somervell.⁶

² The eldest son (not named) of John Muirheid of Brydenhill is a legatee in the will of James Muirheid of Lawchope.—Con. March 15. 1623.—*Ibid.*

³ James Craufurd of Kipbyris occurs in the test. of Hamilton of Aikinheid, 1633.—*Ibid.*

⁴ David Forsythe of Dykes is Commissary of Glasgow Feb. 1608—Oct. 1613.—*Ibid.*

⁵ In the testament of Robert Lord Boyd, who died at Kilmarnock, Aug. 28. 1628, these lands are thus alluded to:—“Debtis In—*Item*, Be the tenentis of Myvettis, Wardheid, Blairlin, Garvin, Gavok and Lochwod p’ teynd meill, the faid yeir, xxiiij bollis, prycē of pe boll viij li. . . . Debtis Out—*Item*, To the Kingis majestie, of blanche dewtie of pe landis of Medrois, xiij li. vj s. viij d. *Item*, To my Lord of Glasgow the few dewtie of Lochwod, x li. *Item*, To my Lord of Blantyre the tak dewtie of the personage teyndis of Medrois, viij li. xvij s. . . . *Item*, To my Lord of Glasgow, of hygane few dewties of pe hous in Glasgow callit pe personnes mans, xvij li. x s.” &c.—Con. May 7. 1632.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

⁶ George Cleland of Glenhuife, Monkland, “deceift in the moneth of Marche, 1647.” The inventory of his effects, as follows, being “given upē be Jo^o Cleland in Banhaith, fone in law to the defunct, & ex^r datine, surrogat,” &c. INVENTARE.—*Item*, pe defunct, being ane old aged man, w^tont ap^r hous or familie, and in companie & houhold with his fone, had no guds nor geir, pe tyme of his deceis, except allanerlie pe sowme of flourtie pundis Scotts money of yeirlie yaird maill, awand to him be Richard Cliddidail and George Neilfone, weiffaris . . . for pe maill of the said twa yairds in Drygait, of pe sd. bur^r of Glasgow”—Con. July, 7, 1655.—*Ibid.*

This water of Luggie parteth this parish from the parishes of Easter and Wester Lenyes, in Dumbartonshyre, untill it fall into the water of Kelvin ; and thereafter, passing the limits of Calder parish, falleth into Clyde, two myles below Glasgow. There are severall other small heritors in this parish, not mentioned here.

BOTHWELL is a great, noble, and ancient barony. It extendeth from Clyde to West Lothian, in length ; and upon either side, is bounded by the two waters of Easter and Wester Calder. It was anciently possessed be the Murrayes ; but in the tyme of King Edward Langshankes of England, it was given to Eymer de Vallance, Earle of Pembroke, governour for him of the south part of Scotland. And upon his forfaulure, was given by King Robert Bruce to Andrew Murray, Lord Bothwell, who married Christian, sister to that king ; and with his granddaughter, it came to Archbalde the Grime, Earle of Douglass, by marriage ; and continued in his familie untill their fatall forfeiture by King James the Second, anno 1455. This Archbald the Grime, Earle of Douglass built the queir and founded the provostrie of Bothwell, confesting of one provost and eight prebends ; giving to the provost, for his maintenance, besyde severall lands, threttie chalders of victuall, as the teinds of Avendale and Stonehouse, besyde ane houise, yaird and glebe to each of them. After the forfaulure of the family of Douglass, the bulk of this lordship of Bothwell was given to the Lord Creightoun, sone to Chancelour Creightoun ; and Bothwell forest, or Bothwell muir, was given to the Lord Hamilton, in exchange of the lands of Kinkyvell. But Creightoun, in February, 1485, being forfaulted for joyning with Alexander Duke of Albanie against King James the Third, it was given by King James the Third to the Lord Monipenny ; fra whom it was soon retaken, as having been given by the King in his minority. And was thereafter given by him to John Ramfay, his favorite, who injoyed it till the year 1488, that he was forfaulted for counterfitting a commission under the great feall to the Earle of Northumberland ; and then the lordship of Creighton was gifted by King James the Fourth to Adam Hepburne, Lord Hailles, whom he created Earle of Bothwell ; and it

continued in his line whill November, 1567, that James Earle of Bothwell was forfaulted for the murther of King Henry, father to King James the Sixth. And thereafter it was given by that King to Francis Stewart, fone to John, Abbot of Kelso, and who was naturall fone to King James the Fifth, when the said Francis married Bothwell Hepburne's only daughter;¹ and he being thereafter forfaulted for crymes committed against King James the Sixth, his estate was gifted to the Lairds of Balcleugh and Roxburgh, fra whom the Marques of Hamiltone acquyred all the superioritie and patronage of that lordship: the propertie, which was les than the third of the lordship, with the castle of Bothwell, having been disponed by Hepburne Earl of Bothwell to the Earl of Angus, in exchange of the lordship of Liddisdale. Lykas, William Earle of Angus and Archbald, his fone, about the year 1630 or thereby, did few the third part of the said lordship to the particular tenents and possef-fours thereof, without deminution of the old rent, and reserving the Castle and Mains of Bothwell.

There is lying within the lordship of Bothwell the barronie of Thankerton, belonging to John Hamilton of Woodhall. It was anciently a part of the lordship of Torphichen, but now erected in a barronie by itself. The fourtie shilling land of Greenside is also temple land, and belongs to the laird of Lachup. The lands of Sherrell are also temple land, belonging to John Baillie of Castlecary.

This barronie of Bothwell was anciently but one parish, and the cure was served by the provost of Bothwell, who had ane viccar at St Catherine's chapel, for serving the upper part of the parish, now called the Shotts; but after the Reformation it was diyyded in two parishes, and the Duke of Hamilton is titular and patron to both: and each of them is too bigg a parish.²

These parishes have many convenient dwellings: as first, the old splendid Castle of Bothwell, though now decayed, situat upon the river of Clyde, in the midle of great woods. It has been a vast house, almost

¹ Francis however appears to have been the son, not the husband of the Earl of Bothwell's daughter.

² Some account of the clergy of Bothwell will be found in a Description of the parish in the Appendix.

all built of polisht stome ; and heth been built at feveral tymes by these it appertained to, as appears by the different names of Valence towr, Douglas towr, Hamilton towr, the Cuming towr and the Dungeon. It now belongs to Archbald Douglaſſ, Earle of Forfar, brother to the Marques of Douglaſſ.

Next to it, is the town and church of Bothwell : the queer is of curious workmanship, built and covered with polisht stome. The town is posſeft by fewars, partly holden of the Duke of Hamilton, and partly of the Earle of Forfar, the vassals themſelves not knowing what part of their inheritance holds of the Duke or what part of it holds of the Earle, but they are lyable to each of them in diſtinct few dutie.

Near to this lyes BOTHWELLHAUGH, in a low and pleasant ground. It was thefeat of James Hamilton who killed the Earle of Murray, Regent.³

Near to this lyes ORBISTOUN, a litle above where Calder falls into Clyde, belonging to William Hamilton of Orbistoun, whose grandfather, Sir John, Justice Clerk and Lord of the Session, did very much inlarge

³ Scarcely any other individual of the name has acquired an equal notoriety with the assassin of the regent Murray, or has been the subject of more general curiosity—with what advantage or propriety must remain matter of opinion. The subjoined extracts appear to possess at least some interest in relation to the genealogy of his family :—

1. In the teftament of Johnne Knicht in Preftwik . . . maid, &c. Aug. 18. 1590, the following occurs :—*Debtis awand Out.—Item, Awand be him to Dauid Hammiltoun of Bothuelhauche, of the crope & yeir of God Jaj v' foſcoir ten yeiris, iiiij bs. vj. pcs. fermebeir, price of the boll iiij li.—Com. Rec. Glas.*

2. “TESTAMENT, teftamentar and Inuentar of the guidis, geir, &c. quisque pertteinit to vñque Dauid Hammiltoun elder of Bothuelhauc, w'in the parochin of Munkland [Munkton ?], Quha deceift in the moneth of Merch Jaj vje threttein yeiris, ffayfullie maid and gevin vp be Claud Hammiltoun his fecund fone lau'full, as exe datine decernit to him be decret of pe commiffiar of Glafgow, as the famyn foirfaid mair fullelie propoſitis,” &c.—Con. May 7. 1613.—*Ibid.* N. B. The inscription on his tombſtone at Crosby kirk bears that he “ deceift the 14 of Merche 1619”—ſuch errors are to be expected in matters of this kind.

3. “TESTAMENT datiuſe and Inuentar of pe guidis, &c. quisque pertteinit to vñque Aleſoune Sinclair, relict of vñque Dauid Hammiltoun of Bothuelhant w'in the parochin of Mounktoun . . . Quha deceift in the monethe of Junij, 1618 yeiris, ffayfullie maid and gevin vp be Claud Hammiltoun, fone lau'full to pe defunct, In name & behalfe of Claud & Dauid Hamiltonis, his lau'full ſones, oyes to the defunct, Exeorius datiuſes, &c.—Conf. April 17. 1619.—*Ibid.*

the house, planted great gardens and woods of barren timber, with large and pleasant inclosers.

About a myle above this, upon the water of Calder, lies JERRIESTOUN, a stome house, much neglegeted, belonging to Baillie of Jerriestoun.⁴

Above that lyeth CARFINE; a pleasant seat and a good old house, with good inclosers. It did long appartaine to the Baillies of Carfine; but now belongeth to Archbald Nisbett of Carfine.⁵

Above half a myle above that is CLELAND, the seat of the Laird of Cleland; very old, and the cheif of that name. It is a good house with convenient gardens, woods, inclosers and coall.⁶

⁴ The phrase stone house seems frequently to imply a fortified place.

⁵ James Baillie of Carphin occurs in the test. of Jak, 1593—Con. Oct. 18. 1606.—“James Baillie of Carphin and James Baillie, his eldest lanfull sone & appeirand air,” are named in the test. of John Russel, Shotts, April, 1614.—Con. June following.—“Dame Elizabeth M^cGill, Lady Culyeane, within the parochin of Kirkosull Qua deceift in Januar, 1622,” leaves “To Margaret Bailye, sister to pe Laird of Carfin, ffourtie pundis.”—Con. May following.—James Baillie younger of Carphyne is a curator in the test. of James Baillie of Jerrestoun, June, 1623.—W^m Baillie of Carphine is named in the test. of Gavine Stewart younger of Allantone, March, 1652.—Con. Oct. 9 following.—James Baylie younger of Carphin deceased in Sept. 1661. The inventory of his effects is “maid & gevin vp be Mr John Baylie of Jerristoun, brother german to the defunct, and ex^t datine, furrogat,” &c.—Con. Dec. 27. 1661.—*Ibid.*

⁶ The following simple recital has an interest far above its mere genealogical value:—

“ TESTAMENTUM QUOND. JACOBI KNELAND DE EOD.

INVENTARIUM om^m bonorum quond. Jacobi Kneland de eod. factum per os decedentis, Apud Knelandton, duodecio. die mens. Julij, Anno Dni. Jaj v^e xlviij. &c.

Duodecimo die mensis Julij.

MEMORANDUM. That I James Kneland of that Ilk ordanes my testament in pis manere, That is to say, I leyf and ordanis my executouris, my wife and my eldest son, Alex'. I leyff and ordanis p^t my eldest sone, Sanderis, haif my heretage and my airfchip, as efferis : Alfua, I ordane & makis my son Arthure assignay in and to my stedyng of Knokhobohill ; And gif it failyeis of Arthure, as God forbid, I ordane my son Robene to haue pe faid stedyng of Knokhobohill : Alfua, I ordane p^t my eldest son, Sand^ris p^t he pay thankfully to my son Johne, yeirlye, pe fume of x lib. of pis realme, ay and qubill he geif and resign pe clerkship of pe east kirk of Caldercleir to my son John. He doand pis, I will p^t he be discharget of pe x lib. foirsaid. *Item*, I ordane, gif ony of my sonnis, Arthure, Robert or Johne, sleip or deces, p^t ay ane succeid to ane vp^r as effeiris, or quhay p^t mifteris maist, as may be knawyn be pair moder. . . . *Item*, I ordane p^t my obsequeis be done honestflye in pe kirk of

STEVENSON. This is ane old family of the name of Stevensone, and called cheif of his name; but this gentleman's father, having maried the heireffe, heth not changed his name, but is designd James Muirhead of Stevenfon.⁵

LACHUPE is ane old and considerable family, poffeffed by the Mureheads, chieffes of that name, who have always maried considerably. It is a good old houfe, well repaired and planted, with a high and strong

Bothwell, and ane honest obit; and pat my executouris [sub]eft ane preyft for ane yeir, to syng mefs for my faule: And ordanes my wife ilk yeir to caus ane faul mes and dirige to be done for me about pe famyn day twelmont pat it fall happen me to deces," &c. Confirm. die xxij. mes. Mtij. Anno Dni. Jaj v^c xlviij.—*Ibid.*

James Cleland of that Ilk occurs Feb. 1590—Test. Wylie, in Bothuellscheillis, Con. Oct. 18. 1606.—*William* Cleland of that Ilk occurs Feb. 1600; if this be not a misnomer. James Cleland of that Ilk appears in the Test. of “Helen Finlay, fpos to Thomas Dougall in Nethir Dumfyistoun [in Bartrum Schottis], Quha deceift in pe moneth of Merch or p^bby, 1609.”—Con. Sept. 10. 1610.—And James Someruell elder of Cambusnethane, who deceased Sept. 1623, leaves legacies “To Jeane and Mareoun Clelandis, his oyes, dochters to James Cleland of that Ilk.”—Con. Jan. 2. 1624.—“Waltir Cleland, brother germane to James Cleland of that Ilk” appears as cautioner in the test. of Stewart of Christis-woll, Con. Oct. 3. 1633.—“Allex^r Cleland, fear of p^r Ilk deceift in the monethe of Julij, 1634.” His testament, in which “W^m Cleland, brother to pe defunct,” is mentioned, is Con. Nov. 5 following; and “Andro & Ard. Clelandis, brether germane to the defunct, are afterwards served to him, and confirmed June 16. 1643.—*Ibid.*

In the test. of “Johne Hamiltone, falconer, burges of Hamiltone,” who deceased Oct. 1656, the following item occurs:—Awand “be James Cleland, now of p^r ilk, be band, p^r defignit fecond lau^u lone to vmo^u James Cleland of that ilk, & his ea^u. be twa bands, vj^c xxxij li.—Con. Oct. 16. 1657.—*Ibid.*

⁵ Alexander Steinsoun of that Ilk appears in the testament of Jonet Jaksoou, Nov. 1595.—Con. inter Aug. 1609 et Nov. 1610. He died in the month of Oct. 1619. His latter will follows:—

“**LEGACIE.**—At Steinstoune, the aucht day of October, the yeir of God 1619 y. The q^u day, the faid Allex^r Steinstoun nominatis Johnne Steinstoune, his eldeſt ſone, his onlie ex^r and intro^r with his guidis and geir: Day, yeir & place fairſaid, Befoir pir witneſſ Johnne Hamiltoun of Aikinheid, Johnne Cleland of Fofcane, James M'heid elder of Schawfute, and Williame Cleland of Knowhobill, and Maifter Robert Herbertſone commiffar clark of Hamiltone. *Sic sub.*” &c.—Con. March 27, 1620.—*Ibid.*

Margaret Hamilton, relict of Alexander Steinstoun of that ilk, is mentioned in a Conf. Baillie, March 9. 1631.—*Ibid.*

Johnne Steinstoune of that ilk is cautioner in a Conf. Bayllie, Dec. 27. 1661.—*Ibid.*

DESCRIPTION OF THE

wall about the cloſſ; and a convenient dwelling. The preſent Laird is William Murehead of Lachupe.⁶

WOODHALL belonging to John Hamilton of Woodhall, whose predeceſſors heth long poſſeſſed it. The house is ſeated among woods, and near to the water of Wester Calder, and is a convenient dwelling. He is baron of the barony of Thankertoun, anciently a part of the lordship of Torphichen.⁷

CARNBRUE has long appertained to the Baillies of Carfine; is a convenientfeat, and good house and gardens; now belonging to Alexander Baillie. Near to this is the Shiold, a convenient little house and incloſer, belonging to John Baillie of Castlekerrie; and is temple land.

BOIGGS is also in this parish, lying near to the river of Clyde; a convenient house and pleaſantfeat; neglected by the former heritors, bot now belonging to Archbald Hamilton of Rosehall. And near to this there are fyne woods and large meadows belonging to the Duke of Hamilton, near to Bothwell Bridge.

⁶ Elſpeth Houſtoun, Lady Lawchope, appears in 1616.—Conf. May 9, that year.—*Ibid.*

James Muirheid of Lawchope, elder, deceased in Oct. 1622.—Test. Con. March 15. 1623. He appears to have left two ſons: James, his ſuccessor, and Mr Thomas, minister of Cambusnethan. The eldest ſon of John Muirheid of Brydenhill is a legatee. He also alludes to his “fifter, the guidwyf of pe Schawfute;” and Mr James Muirheid of Schawfute appears as cautioner.—*Ibid.*

James Muirheid younger of Lawchope is mentioned in a Conf. Aug. 16.1631; and James Muirheid elder of Lawchope in another, Nov. 12. 1635.—*Ibid.*

James Muirheid of Lawchope deceased Dec. 1644; and “S' James Muirheid, now of Lawchope, kny^t law” creditour to the defunct, is confirmed to him Jan. 25. 1649.—*Ibid.* Sir James appears again, Oct. 1656.—*Ibid.*

James Muirheid younger of Lawchope, deceased, within the parish of Easter Kilpatrick, Jan. 1661. “Helen Lindſay, relict of the defunct,” is confirmed to him July 18. 1661.—*Ibid.*

⁷ Thomas Hamiltone of Wodhall occurs in the testament of John Franche, “maid at Muſſilburgh, pe viij day of Sept. pe yeir of God Jaj vj^c xlviij yeiris,” as before alluded to, p. 33.

“Vm^q Johnne Hamiltoun of Wodhall his airis,” &c. occur as debtors in the will of Williame Glen of Bar, Jan. 1608,—“reſtand of his tocher guid v^e xxxiiij li. vj s. viij d.”—N. B. Glen appears to have been married to a daughter of Woodhall’s.

John Hamilton of Wodhall appears Jan. 1616, and March, 1628.—*Ibid.* And James Hamilton of Wodhall Dec. 1654.—Conf. April 4. 1655.—*Ibid.*

Near to which is the RAITH, a pleasant seat, belonging to Mr Thomas Hamilton.⁸

PARKHEID is also in this parish, belonging to James Hamilton of Parkhead.⁹

TANNOCHSYDE, belonging to Rae, baillie of Glasgow ; a well built house, with gardens well enclosed, and kept in good condition.¹⁰

SHOTTS parish was formerly a part both of the baronie and parish of Bothwell, but soon after the Reformation, it was erected in a separate parish ; and the Duke of Hamilton is titular and patron of it, and almost the whole parish belongs to him either in propertie or superioritie.¹ The lands of Bothwell Forest, or Bothwell Muire, in this parish, has long

⁸ "Mr Johne Hamiltone of Raith" appears in the test. of Robert Hamilton of Myluburne Dec. 1654.—Con. April 4 following.—*Ibid.*

⁹ "Jeane Polwart, spous to James Hamiltonoun of Parkheid," deceased June, 1627. Cristine and Grissall Hamiltones, their children, are her executors.—Test. Con. Sept. 8. 1628. "Arthour Hamiltone, fone to pe said James Hamilton of Parkheid, cautioner."—*Ibid.*

"Arthoure Hamiltoun of Parkheid," Bothwell, deceased Jan. 1634. His will, an extract whereof follows, is confirmed on the last day of Feb. 1636.

"LEGACIE.—At Parkheid, the twentie sevint day of December, 1633. . . . Item, The said Arthoure hes nominat & constitute Jeane Hamiltone, his dochter, and his vther bairne that his wyfe is pntlie. with, gif pe famyn fall come to perfeccione, (q^uis long since borne, named Anna Hamilton) his onlie ex^{ri};" &c.—*Ibid.*

¹⁰ "Andro Jack of Tannochedsyde" appears in Oct. 1656.—Conf. Hamilton, Oct. 16. 1657.—*Ibid.*

¹ A church, it is evident, had existed here long prior to the Reformation ; and it appears to have been dedicated to the blessed Virgin (as also probably to St Catharine, see p. 38). The following extract is curious, and shows this :—

INVENTARIUM om^m bonorum quond. Jonet Gray, que obiit xij^e die Mtij. a^v Dni. M^v v^c lij. &c. LEGATIO.— . . . Do et lego aiam. meam Deo omnipotenti, &c. corpusque meum sepeliendum in templo bte. Marie Virginis, in Bertrum Schottis ; et iiii d. fabrice ecclie. Scti. Kentigerni, &c.—*Com. Rec. of Glas.*

Mr John Hume is minister of Bartrum Schottis Feb. 1602—Jan. 1616.—*Ibid.*

been the propertie of that familie, as moft all the rest of that parish belongs to him only in superioritie. And besides what holds of the familie, there is the ten pund land of Blairmucks, holden anciently by the Lairds of Dundafs of the Earles of Douglafs ; and upon their forfaulfure, was, by Dundafs, holden of the King ; and now belongs to Sir John Inglis of Cramond. There is also in this parish ane twentie pound land, above Teilling, which is ane part of the Marques of Douglafs his fhare of the lordship of Bothwell ; and was all fewed out, about the year 1630, to the severall tenents and poffeffors of the fame, without diminution of the old rentall : the superioritie whereof belongs now to the Earle of Forfar, brother to the Marques.

This parish lyeth between the two waters of Calder, and marches, a great way, with Lothian. The moft confiderable heritor, and beft dwelling² in this paroch is MURDIESTON, belonging to Thomas Inglis. He heth a tolerable good house with gardens, and woods and inclofures, lying upon the water of Eaft Calder.

KNOWHOBLE HILL, a convenient dwelling, lying upon Teilling burn, with gardens well inclosed, belonging to Archbald Cleland.³

There are many other heritors in this parish,—James Ruffell of Gartness and John Bell of Dunfyftoun, William Cleland of Hairshaw, and many others.

The manfe of the parish having been feated upon a great road, hard by the church, is lately built new by the Dutches of Hamilton, at

² Estate or domain. Which seems to be the author's usual meaning of the phrase.

³ " TEST. &c. W^m Cleland of Knowhobihill quha deceift in pe moneth of Julij, 1615," &c. "LEGACIE.— The faid W^m being feik in bodie, &c. nominat, &c. Troyalus Eiftoun his only ex^r. . . . Mairovir, the faid W^m Cleland nominatis, &c. James Cleland of that ilk, Johne Cleland, burges of Ed^t, proper to pe faid Williame, &c. tutouris to Johnne, James, Andro and Griffall Clelandis, his lau'full bairnes, q^u p^r perfyte aiges rex^{tie} and to have pe administratione of pe landis, rowmes, &c.—Con. Dec. 7. 1615. —*Ibid.* He was succeeded by his eldest son, Williame.—*Ibid.*

" Margaret Baillie, spos to Williame Cleland of Knowhobilhill," deceased October, 1630. The inventory of her effects is " gevin vp be the faid William Cleland, hir spos, In name and behalf of Williame, James, Elizabethe, Jeane, Jonet & Griffall Clelandis, thair lau'full bairnes," &c.—Con. March 9 following.—*Ibid.*

William Cleland yo^r of Knowhobilhill appears April, 1651.—*Ibid.*

some distance from the high way, a good house, upon her own expences.

DALYELL. This is but a litle parish, lying upon the northeast fide of the river of Clyde, betwixt the parishes of Bothwell towards the northwest, and the parish of Cambusnethen to the east and northeast, and the water of Calder to the north.¹ The parish and baronie of Dalyell did anciently belong to the Dalyells of that ilke, untill the forfaulure of Sir Robert Dalyell in the tyme of King David Bruce, for abyding in England without the King's consent. And was then given to Robert the Great Stuart, who gave it with one of his daughters to Sir

Sandilands ; and by the marrying of his grand childe to the heir of Sir Robert Dalyell, it returned to the ancient proprietors, untill the decease of one of the young Lairds of Dalyell, having only two daughters,—the eldest was married to the heire male of the family, and the other to a sone of the Laird of West Nifbet, who and his successors, for distinguishing him from the Laird, was commonly called the Baron of Dalyell, and did posses the one half of the baronie, in right of that mariage, untill after the Laird of Dalyell was nobilitat and created Lord Dalyell, in anno , he purchaseth from the Baron of Dalyell his half of that baronie. But his sone being thereafter created Earle of Carnwath (of which more afterward), they fold the baronie of Dalzell to James Hamilton of Boggs, brother to Orbiston, whose grandchild, James Hamilton, is now Laird of Dalyell ; and the whole parish belongs in propertie to him, except two rousms, Rivenscraig and Todholeburne.

The teinds of this parish did anciently belong to the common kirk of Glasgow ; and after the Reformation was mortified to the colledge of Glasgow, who thereby became both titulars and patrons : bot the whole of the teinds are much within the value of a competent stipend.

¹ Cuthbertus Simon vicarius de Dalliell, whose testament is dated Feb. 6. 1552-3, assigned certain lands and tenements to two chaplains to serve in the church of Glasgow—" viz. vni vicario chori Glasguen. qui ministrabit fecundum formam et tenorem fundatis confect. per quond. bone memorie Magrm. Rollandum Blakater, sub decanum Glasguen. apud altare Dini Nicholai in bappa ecclia. Glasguen." &c.

The house of DALYELL was ane old castle, with a bartesfing; but James Hamilton, who purchased it, did, about the year 1648, build a great and substantiall house closs to it, which is much bettered by the present heritor. It stands upon a rising ground, some distance from Clyde, having good gardens and inclosers.

There was ane other dwelling in this parish, called JOHNSTOUN, which belonged to Mr Thomas Dalyell and his succeffors; but heth lately been purchased by the Laird of Dalyell.²

CAMBUSNETHAN baronie and parish lyeth along the river of Clyde, upon the northeast fyde thereof, betwixt the parishes of Dalzell toward the west, and the parish of Carlouke upon the east and northeast, and bounded by the Easter water of Calder, which separateth it from the parish of Shotts, to the north and north-east.¹ This was ane ancient baronie, and belonged of old to the Bairds, by whose forfaulfure it came to Sir Alexander de Stewart, and fra him to de Summervale, the predecessor to the Lord Summervale; and by the Lord Summervale to John, his eldest sone of a 2d mariage, begotten upon his 2d wyfe, the

² James Dalyell of Johnestone appears May 1649.—Test. W^m Dalyell of Chisholme.—Con. July 12 following.—*Ibid.*

¹ “ Joannes Lyndefay curatus de Cambusnethane” subscribes the testament of Lady Cambusnethane, Aug. 21. 1552.—*Com. Rec. of Glas.*

Mr Thomas Muirhead, a son of the Laird of Lawchope, was minister at Cambusnethan Nov. 1603. He deceased in the month of May 1634. His will is confirmed Nov. 12. 1635, Mr John Lindsay, minister at Carling, cautioner.—*Ibid.* In this he alludes to Margaret Baillie, his spos, Christian and Elizabeth, his daughters, also to Mr Alex. [Thomsoun?] and Mr George Barbour, his “ twa fones in law.” And concludes, “ In witnes quharof, wrttin be Mr Francis Kincaid reider at Cambusnethane, I have subscryvit, &c. Befoir this witnes, Johne Muirheid, my sone,” &c.

Mr James Hamilton is minister here Dec. 1636—March 24. 1656.—*Ibid.*

John Hamilton of Udston, who deceased about 1628 (see p. 18.) left in legacy “ Ane hundrith pundis to by ane bell to pe kirk of Cambusnethane; and this hundrith pundis to be wairit be the ficht of Maister Thomas M’heid, Brownehill & my oy, and to that vse al-lanerlie.”

Earle of Anguses daughter, with whose posterity it continued for six generations, as Lairds of Cambusnethan.²

During which tyme, much of it was desponed to other heititors, viz. the lands of Cruilerdyke and Braidsheill Burne were given by the Lord Summervale to the Laird of Lachupe;³ the lands of Coltness and Wishaw, within that baronie, and the lands of Watston, the Stain, alfo in that parish, were purchased by John Hamilton of Udston; and the lands of Greenhead by John Roberton; and of late the lands of Overton and Pether were purchased by the Lord Belhaven, and by him sold to Sir James Stewart, and belong now to his grandchyld, Sir David Stewart, as doeth also the lands of Cultness. About the year 1647, the house, maynes, and superiorities were disposed to James Summerville of Drum; and by him, about the year 1661, were disposed to Sir John Harper, advocate, who built thereupon a good and convenient house; and after his death, it was sold to Lockhart of Castlehill, and now belongs to his sister, Martha Lockhart, and John Sinclair younger of Stevenfone, her spouse.⁴

The teinds of this parish did belong to the Archbishop of Glasgow, as one of his menfall kirks, who was both titular and patron; but since the

² This seems to be partly mistaken. The mother of John Sommerville first of Cambusnethan was a daughter of Baillie of Lamington.

Sir John Sommerville, probably the next of Cambusnethan, married Catharine Carmichael, one of the mistresses of James the Fifth; and Lord Sommerville thus concludes an admirable defence of the frail Lady:—

“ Thus far I have digressed in vindication of this excellent lady, [alluding to her connection with his Majesty] that it may appear it was nether her choyfe nor any vicious habite that prevailed over her chafttie, but aine inevitable fate that the strongest resistance could hardly withstand.”

And the distinguished Editor aptly replies:—

“ —— when weak women go astray,
Their stars are more in fault than they.”

His Lordship however mistakes a little the time of her death—her test. is dated Aug. 21. 1552, and Con. Oct. 1. following.

³ As a marriage portion probably. It appears to have been afterwards the patrimonial inheritance of a branch of Lawchope, see p. 8.

⁴ Ample details of the dilapidation of this estate are given by Lord Sommerville in his curious, but unmeasuredly tedious Memoirs.

suppreflion of Episcopacie, the teinds were gifted by King William to the Dutches of Hamilton her Grace.

This baronie lyes pleasantly, having great plenty of wood, coall and corne ; and is posseffed by the heritors following: first, CAMBUSNETHAN maines and house by Stevenson, younger, and his ladie. It is a great bodie of a house with two jambs, pleasantly fited in the midst of great gardens and woods, and in a fruitfull foill, and not far from the seat of the old church of Cambusnethan,—anciently feated upon the lands of Carbarns, belonging to William Hamilton of Wifhaw, but for the conveniencie of the parish, was, about the year 1649, removed to a place called Greenheid, and there well built and decored.

Upwards from Cambusnethan, lyeth, upon the river Clyde, GAIREN, a pleasant place, with convenient gardens and a fruitfull foill ; now belonging to Wifhaw.⁵

Next to this, are the lands of CULTNESS, Overton and Pether, belonging to Sir David Stewart of Cultnes, baronet, who heth there a convenient house, with plenty of wood and coal.

A litle below it, upon the water of Calder, is WISHAW, belonging to WILLIAM HAMILTON ; a neat little house, lately built, well planted with barren timber, convenient gardens and inclofers, with regular entries and avenues.

GREEN, belonging to James Hamilton, a convenient dwelling, was anciently the seat of the young lairds of Cambusnethan : purchased by his grandfather, Patrick Hamilton.⁶

⁵ “ James Hammiltoun of Garen deceift in the moneth of August, 1610.” By his latter-will, dated 31st July, that year, “ In pe duelling hous of Johnne Hammiltoun of Adderitoun, his vncle, w'in pe bur' of Pastry, He nominat, &c. Elizabeth Hay, his spous, and Claud Hamiltoun, his lau'full fone, his ex^{riis}. And also reueictis ane noble Lord, James erle of Abircorne, his maist prinⁱⁱ. . . . and Robert Flemyn of Clydismylne o'ismen to his saidis ex^{riis}, ” &c.—Test. *Com. Rec. Glas.*

Claud Hamilton of Gairen is a debtor in the testament of James Archbishop of Glasgow, Oct. 1632, “ for the few dewtie of his landis of Gairen, the said crope, xxx s. viij d.—*Ibid.* And he “ deceift vpoun the threttein day of Nov. 1643.”—Con. Dec. 4, following.—*Ibid.* James Hamilton of Garing, probably his son, appears by this document to have succeeded him.

⁶ Qu. Greenhill. John Hamilton of Greenhill appears Oct. 1648.—*Ibid.*

MURRAY and KIRKHILL, pleasent feats, now belonging to Wilshaw and David Lawrie.

Befydes the baronie of Cambusnethan, there is within this parish the lands of Auchtermuire, anciently a part of the lordship and abbacie of Aberbrothock. It belonged [afterwards] to the lords of Yester, predecessors to the Marques of Tweddale, who fewed it out to feveral heritors, the most considerable of which is William Stewart of Allantoun, who heth a good and substantious house lying upon the water of Calder, well planted with barren timber: long posseſſed by his predecessors.⁷ The other heritors are not considerable.

There is also in this parish the lands of Watstoun and Watstonhead, belonging to the Laird of Lamington, holden of the familie and lordship of Hamilton, to which lordship it heth been annexed above 300 years. It heth ane house upon it in which the young lairds of Lamington sometymes were in use to dwell.

This is the upmost parish of the nether ward of this thyre, and is separate from the upper ward by the litle water called Gairengill burn, which falleth into Clyde at Gairen. It must here be mynded, that the famous highway or streat called, corruptlie, Watlinstreate (in place of Vattelinstreat) goeth through a great part of this parish, being that streat

⁷ Part of the published details of this family are probably injudiciously treated, and they have lately met with a corresponding severity on the part of a very able genealogist. There is certainly a singular regard of fable displayed in these accounts, whilst more solid matters seem comparatively neglected. The following individual may be added to the family history:—

“ Gavine Stewart, eldeſt law^u ſone and appeirand heir to S^r Walter Stewart of Allanetone deceiſſit in the moneth of Marche, 1652.”—Test. Con. Oct. 9 following.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* He left an only daughter, Margaret, to whom, and the heirs of her body, he thus bequeathes—“All and haill pe Twelf thowſand merks money, &c. obleift y'foir to me and pe faid Bethia Hamilton, my ſpous, be James Hamiltone of Dalzell, my fat^p in law, be his band maid to us, &c. w^t pe burden of my faid ſpous her liferent of pe annuellis of pe fd. prin^u fowme dureing hir widowtie, &c. And w^t pe burden of pe mortificatione of pe Twa thowſand mks. for a Schoole in Achcat muir, as is p'in expreſſit,” &c.

This young lady did not long survive her father. She “ deceiſſit in pe moneth of , 1653;” and the inventory of her goods, “ given upe be S^r Walter Stewart of Allanetone, kny^t her guude S^r,” is confirmed March 24. 1656.—*Ibid.*

which was made by the Romans while Vitellinus was Governour ; going fra the south end of the Roman wall, commonly called Graham's Dyke, at Kilpatrick, eight myles below Glasgow, up through all Clydsdale, and by _____ to England, alongſt the weſt road by Prestoun to London ; in many places whereof there are remains conſiderable of that memorable caufeway yett appearing, ſome parts producing myles of it togither yett in good condition.

THE UPPER WAIRD OF CLYDSDALE.

CARLOUKE is feated in the downmoft part of the upper waird, and was anciently called the Foreſt kirk, being feated in the foreſt of Mauldfly or foreſt of Clyde.¹ It is a conſiderable parish, lying upon Clyde, having Cambusnethane to the ſouthweſt, Lanark parifh and Cartſairs to the northeaſt, and Carnwath moor and ſome parts of Lothian to the north. The kirk was anciently a part of the abbacie of Kelſoe ; but by agreement betuixt the King and the Earle of Roxburgh, when he gott the abbacie of Kelſoe erected into a temporall lordſhip, this was one of the 24 kirks that Roxburgh refigned to the King : but the Laird of Calderwood having had ane long tack of the teinds of this parifh and gott ane long prorogation, by agreement with the feveral heritors, he made over to every heritor the right of his own teinds during his tack and prorogation. Thereafter, the Laird of Lee obtained from his Majeftie ane right to the patronage and teinds of this parifh ; ſo that he is now titular and patron, but is yett fecluded from the teinds during Calderwood's tack and prorogation, whereof there are many years yet to run.

¹ The titular patron of the church of Carluke ſeems alluded to in the following document :—
“ INVENT. om^m bonorum quond. Willmi. Robertone, fact. apud Mauldiſlie, per os de-
dentalis, xxj. mſis. Septembris, a^r I^j [1551]

. . . . Corpusque meum in pulueribus Scti. ANDREE,” &c.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*
Mr W^m Jack is minister at Carlouk June, 1658.—*Ibid.*

In this parish there is plenty of woods, fruitfull gardens and coall, many of the small fewars having orchards.

The most confiderable intereft in this parish is the baronie of MAULDS-LY, which was anciently much greater than now. It belonged of old to the Danielftons, and by mariage of a co-heir of that family, it came to Maxwell of Calderwood, about the year 1400 or thereby, in which family it continued long, till about the year 1640 ; and then it was fold to Arthur Arskine of Scotscraig. For payment of whose debts and reliefs of cautionrie, it came to the Laird of Alva, who about the year , sold it to Sir Daniel Carmichael, 2d sone to the Lord Carmichael ; and he having no iſſue of his own bodie, tailzied it to Daniel Carmichael, his grand nephew, sone to the present Earle of Hyndfoord. The Laird of Calderwood built upon it a very good houſe, which the present heritor heth very much improven, and well finished. It heth pleafant, great and convenient gardens, very fruitfull ; ane noble avenue to Clyde, well planted.² He heth also the lands of BELSTAINE in this parish, which of old belonged to the Liviftons, and lately to the Lindfayes, and was acqyred by his grand uncle.³

About half a myle upward upon the river of Clyde, lyeth the MYLNE-TOUN, in a low and pleafant foill. It was anciently a part of the baronie of Mauldflie, but heth these many years bygone been holden blanch of the king. It was long the seat of the Whytfoords of that Ilk, but now belongs to Sir John Hamilton of Hallcraig, ane of the senators of the colledge of justice, who now resides there. It is ane old houſe, feated in the midſt of large, plentifull and fruitfull gardens. It heth a good falmond fishing, and the largest and beſt wood in that neighbourhood.

² Lady Calderwood, one of the religious correspondents of Boyd of Trochrig, dates her letters from Mauldsly ; and her death is thus recorded in the Principal's curions *Obituary* :—

“ About the same time [Sep. 1623], dyed that holy, wife and vertuous Lady (equally if not beyond any I have known in Scotland), the Lady Calderwood, and formerly Lady Evandail, eldest daughter to the Earle of Glencairn. A woman of an excellent ſpirit, and many croſſes through her whole life. She was diligent and active, and a fearer of God. May the Lord prepare us to follow ; and give his grace to her children ; that we may reach her happy end, for the love of Chrift, his ſon.”—WODROW’s *Life of Trochrig*.

³ Alexander Levingſtone of Belſtane appears in the Test. of Garen, 1610.—Quoted p. 48.

DESCRIPTION OF THE

He heth also, adjoyning to it, the lands of HALLCRAIG, the inheritance of his predeceffors, whereupon there is, anciently, ane old house and fruitfull orchard, but this toucheth not Clyde.⁴

Next to this is the lands of KIRKTOUN, belonging to Walter Lockhart of Kirkton. It heth ane old house, with ane village at the kirk erected in ane burgh of baronie.⁵

Upward from Mylnetoun, upon Clyde, standes the WICKETSHAW, belonging to William Lockhart. It is ane old house, with woods and gardens. It has been long annexed to the baronie of Touchadame, of whom it yet holds.⁶

More upward upon Clyde, lyeth the baronie of BRAIDWOOD, all of it now belonging to small fewars. It did anciently belong to the Earls of Douglaſſ; and after their forfaulture, in anno 1455, it came to the Earle of Angufe; and was given by Archibald Earle of Angufe, commonly called Bell the Cat, to his sone, William Douglaff of Glenbervie. And at such tyme as his son succeeded to the Earledome of Angufe, it was disponed by him to Chancelor Maitland, then Viscount Lauderdale; and he fewed it all out to the tenents for paying of ſmall few duties, and thereafter diſponed it back again to the Earle of Angufe, with the burden of the tenents fewes: and there it continued untill James, the laſt Marques of Douglaff, diſponed it to Sir George Lockhart of Carnwath, the president of the ſeffion; and it belongs now to his ſon.

There are many other ſmall fewars, that have fruitfull orchards along the river and brae of Clyde.

⁴ "Archibald Hamilton of Halcraig, commiss^r of Lanark," occurs in the testament of James archbishop of Glasgow, Oct. 1632, as indebted to him "v^r lib. as the Quottis of the teifta" w'in the commissariat of Lanerk, fra the terme of Witſounday, 1631, to pe terme of Mer-times, 1632 yeiris."—Quoted p. 34.

James Hamilton of Halcraig is named a tutor in the will of Mr Francis Aird, March 14, 1659.—Quoted p. 7.

⁵ A branch of the family of Stonebyres were designed of Kirkton; and the unhappy Major Weir is said to have had his descent from them.

⁶ In a roll of persons implicated for an attack on Drumlanrig, Oct. 1650, occur—"Two Lockerts, ſons to Stephen Lockert of Wickethaw." See Mr Robertson's *Ayrshire Families*, III. 371.; where however the family name of Lockhart is misprinted *Robert*—the only material error in the list. The conjectured name of James [Brown?] ſhould be "Armer."

More upward in this parish lyeth the HEADS, a convenient house, seat and gardens, belonging to the Laird of Lee, who heth feveral other lands in this parish, but remote from the river, as Easter and Wester Kincaidyen.

The lands of HANSHAW in this parish belong to the Laird of Lamington, and heth long appertained to them, holden of the family of Hamilton.

LANARK parish. Besyde the burgh of Lanark already named, it heth ane considerable landwart parish, anciently called the Outerkirk and Innerkirk of Lanark.¹ The one was a laick patronage, and the other a part of the abbacie of Dryburgh; but the Laird of Lee is now patron to the haill. This parish lyeth a great way upon the north syde of the river of Clyde, over which there is ane bridge lately built at Clydesholme, a litle below Lanark. It is bounded upon the west with Carlouk, upon the north by Carstairs, and upon the south and southeast by the river of Clyde.

The Laird of Lee is the most considerable heritor in this parish, and pleasantly seated at the LEE. It is a very ancient and good family. His

¹ "The old parish church [of Lanark is] situated about a quarter of a mile to the south-east of the town, on the road leading to Carlisle. It preserves marks of great elegance; but the time of its erection is unknown. It appears to have been built of hewn stone; [and is] divided in the middle, from one end to the other, by a wall resting upon pillars, of which six superb arches are still entire. In the centre there is a modern erection for the nocturnal accommodation of those who are appointed to watch the repositories of the dead. This building is erected upon the grave of [Irvine of] Bonshaw, the notorious persecutor, who was slain here by one of his own followers."—*Hist. of Lanark*, by W. Davidson, 1828.

Robert the Bruce founded a monastery of Gray Friars at Lanark in 1314; and to both this church, and that mentioned above, probably allusion is made in the following extracts:—

"INVENTARIUM om^m bonorum quondam Dni. Andree Allan, factum apud Lanerk, xxvij. die mens. Mtij. Anno Dni. Jaj v^e I^o. &c. corporisqne meum sepeliend. fore in insula bte. Marie, in ecclesia Friarum de Lanerk Et constituo meos ex^{em} viz. Jo^{rem} Bannatyne de Corhous & Jo^{rem} Cvnynghame de Bonytonn Et lego, ad ædificandum ecclesiam Scti. Nicholai de Lanerk, v. marcas: Lego ecclesie Friarum de Lanerk xl s."—Conf. die 8^o Junij aⁿ Jaj v^e Iij^o.—*Com. Rec. of Glas.*

predeceffor, Sir Lockhart, is ane witnes in the foundation of the abbacie of Paisley, in the tyme of King William ; and heth continued in that family without any known interruption fince. He is chieff of his name ; and there are many descendants come of the family. The house of the Lee is seated in a low, warm, and fertile soill, invironed with fruitfull gardens, fyne woods, and pleasant meadowes. The house was anciently ane old castle, but long fince there was convenient buildings joyned to it ; and of late, upon the south syde of the court, there are added six extraordinarie fyne rooms, well finished and furnished. The gardens are great and regular, adorned with fyne walks, stairs and terrasses. And the lairds of this family, for severall ages past, have been men of extraordinarie worth and merite.²

Up the water of Mouse, upon the west syde thereof, stands the house of CASTLEHILL, in a pleasant place, and almost invironed with woods, also belonging to the Laird of Lee.

More upward upon that water of Mouse, stands the house of CLEG-HORN, which heth been long the seat of ane old familie of the name of Lockhart. It is a good substantious house, well repaired, having plenty of wood ; and is a part of the principalitie.³

Upon the other syde of the water of Mouse stands the house of JERVIES-

² Our author seems to have overlooked the “Lee penny ;” but it is amazing with what indifference this sober age have regarded the “attractions” of such matters as this. The historian of Lanark shall supply the defect :—“It is a stone of a dark red colour set in a shilling of Edward I. with a silver chain attached ;” and was thus obtained : “The founder of this very ancient family, having taken captive a Saracen Prince, his [the Prince’s] wife came to pay the ransom ; and, in reckoning the stipulated sum, she was observed to drop a jewel, which she hastily snatched up. Lockhart observing the eagerness with which she endeavoured to conceal it, insisted that unless this was included in the ransom, he would not liberate his prisoner. The lady, finding him inflexible, reluctantly complied ; at the same time informing him of its miraculous virtues in curing diseases both of men and cattle.”

³ “Allane Lockhart of Cleghorne” occurs in the testament of Johnne Manuell, Nov. 1608.—Conf. Sep. 10. 1610.—*Com. Rec.* Glas. And James Lockhart of Cleghorne in April, 1635.—Test. of Alane Lockhart of Hinschalwood. “Nicolas Maxwell Ladie Cleghorne decessit in the monethe of Januar, 1643.”—Test. Con. Aug. 1, following. “Allane Lockhart, fone law^u to wmq^u Allane Lockhart of Cleghorne, decessit [in Paisley] in pe moneth of Aprile, 1635 yeiris.”—Test. ad omissa, “given up e be Thomas Lockhart, brop’ fone to pe defunct, ex^r datiae, ad omissa, decernit,” &c.—Conf. Dec. 31. 1652.—*Ibid.*

wood. It did anciently belong to the Levingtons, bot now to George Baillie. It is a pleasant seat, having good inclosers, and good woods.⁴

MAYNES of BRAXFIELD, a pleasant seat and fyne wood, lying upon Clyde, belongs to Mungo Cochran.

BONIETOUN, the ancient seat of the Kuninghams of Bonietoun, lately purchased by Sir James Carmichell, a 3d sone of the Lord Carmichell, and belongs now to his grandchylde. It lyeth upon Clyde, and is well planted.

There are many finall fewars in this parish, almost all of them holding of the Earle of Hyndfoord or the Laird of Lee.

CARSTAIRS parish and baronie is all kirk land, holding anciently of the archbishop of Glasgow.¹ It belonged to the Hamiltons of Avendale; and was acquyred fra them by Sir James Lockhart of Lee, who gave it to Sir William Lockhart, the eldest sone of his 2d marriage, who was father to the present Laird of Carstairs. It is a pleasant parish, lying along Clyde, and has a good house at Lockharthill. The haill parish belongs to him almost all in propertie, and heth a heritable baillery within himself.

⁴ "Robert Baillie of Jerrestoun" is a witness to the testament of Steinston of that ilk, Sep. 1615.—*Ibid.*

"James Bailye of Jerrestoun deceift in June, 1623." In his latterwill he thus appoints—" I commit my faul to God, and ordanes me to be bureit w'in the kirk of Bothwell, in my awin buriel place, as vfe is, &c.. Item, I have maid, &c. Jonet Robertoun [my spous] tutrix testatrix to James & Robert Baillies, my law^d bairnes," &c.—Con. Nov. 9. 1624. James Robertoun of Ernok, cautioner.—*Ibid.*

"Robert Baillie of Jerrestone deceift in pe moneth of Sep. 1644."—Test. Con. Jan. 25. 1649.—*Ibid.*

"James Bayllie younger of Carphin deceift Sept. 1661." His testament, "ffayfullie maid and gevin vp be Mr John Bayllie of Jerrestoun, brother german to the defunct, & ex^r dative, surrogat," &c. is Con. Dec. 27, following.—*Ibid.*

¹ In a list of delinquents laid before the General Assembly August, 1575, the incumbent of Carstairis is thus charged:—" John Kinnaird, viccar of Carstaires, waiteth not on his cure; and hath slain the Laird of Corfton." There is at the same time an accusation against " James Stirling, who fold the parsonage of Carstaires."—*Life of Mr John Colvil, MS.*

CARNWATH is a great parish, with the village of Carnwath erected in ane burgh of baronie. It is much bettered of late by improving the moors, since the fewing them. It did anciently belong to the Somervells of Carnwath, one of whom, William, sone and air of Thomas de Somervell, was a hostage for the ransome of King David Bruce, 1357, as appears by the Treatie betwixt England and Scotland, 3rd October, 1357. They were create Lord Somervell by King James the Second, anno 1445; and continued in that race till Gilbert, the last Lord, disposed it to John Earle of Marr, thefaurer both to King James the Sixth and to King Charles the First. And James Arefkine Earle of Buchan, his eldest sone of his 2d marriage, thereafter sold it to Robert Lord Dalyell, who, in anno 1641, was honoured with the title of Earle of Carnwath; and thereafter his grandchylde sold it to Sir George Lockhart, president of the feffion, and it now belongs to his son. The teinds of this parish was anciently the patrimony of [the] Thesaurer of the chapter of Glasgow; but the present heritor is now both titular and patron. He hath ane houfe at the end of the town of Carnwath, wherein he sometymes stayes in the summer; for the ancient house of Cudely, the ancient seat of the Lords of Sommervell, is now quyte decayed.

This paroch belongs to him all in propertie or superiority, except WEST-SHEILL, which the late Earle of Carnwath resigned [i. e. the superiority] in favour of this Laird of Westsheill; which hath long been the residence of the lairds of Westsheill, and now belongs to Sir William Denham, cheif of that name. This man hath much improven both the house and the fortune; made good inclosers: and is at present master of the mint.

Not far from this is EASTSHEILL, belonging to Thomas Inglis of Eastsheill.

Upon the south side of the Moor, lyes KERSWELL, upon the water of Maidwoon. It anciently belonged to the Lairds of Cambusnethan, bot now to Cheisley of Kerfewell.

SPITTLE, descended of the family of the Lord Sommervell, was lately Sheriff depute of this shyre.

¹ "S^r John Cheiflie of Carswall, kny" appears in the testament of Allan Stewart younger of Allanton, before quoted.

WOLFROODS is also of the name of Somervell. And there are many small heritors in this parish, who all hold of the Laird of Carnwath; whereof Poole is amongst the most considerable.

DUNSYRE parish did anciently belong the one half of it to the Earle of Anguse, and the other to the Earle of Bothwell: thereafter, the whole of it came to the Marques of Douglaf. It lyes upon the north syde of the water of Maidwoon, having Carnwath to the southwest, Calder, in Lothian, to the north, and some parts in Peebles fhyre to the east. The one half of it was long fince fewed out; but the whole was lately sold by James Marques of Douglaf to Sir George Lockhart, the president of the Session. The teinds of this parish were anciently a part of the patrimonie of the abbacie of Kelsoe; but in respect its but a small parish, they are wholly posseſſed by the incumbent.

That part of the parish which is fewed out, was part of the regalitie of Bothwell, viz. Easter and Wester Hills, Auldstoun, Westhall, and Greens; but Hills and Auldstoun were lately purchased from John Hamilton of Udston by Sir George Lockhart, president of the Session.

DOLPHINGTOUN. This is but a very little parish; and the whole teinds thereof come far short of a competent stipend. The most part of the land of this parish holds of the Marques of Douglaf, and belongs to Mr Andrew Brown of Dolphington, physitian.¹

NEWHOLME, lying upon the water of Maidwoon, belongs to John Lermond. It is marched by Dunſyre on the north, Walſtoun upon the south, and Peebles fhyre upon the south and southeast.¹

¹ "W^m Browne of Dolphingtone" is a curator in the testament of Robert Hamilton of Mylnburne, Dec. 1654.—Conf. April 4, following.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

Doctor Andrew Brown was an author, and left several works professional and political.

¹ Newholme, if ever a parish, is wholly omitted in Keith's list, at least by that name.

DESCRIPTION OF THE

WALSTOUN. This parish and baronie did anciently belong to the Earls of Marr ; and lyeth upon the south syde of the water of Maidwoon, and bounded by the parishes of Liberton, Biggar, and Dolphington. It was acquired from the Earle of Marr by Baillie merchant, sone to Saint John's Kirk, and now belongs to his grandchylde. It hath an old houfe, feated near to the church, and well planted with barren timber. The whole parish belongs to himself. The teinds did anciently belong to the common kirk of Glafgow, and was thereafter mortified to that colledge ; bot the whole amounts not to the value of a competent stipend.

LIBERTOUN and QUODQUHAN lyeth betuix the parishes of Carnwath, Walfton, and Biggar ; and did anciently belong to Hamilton of Avendale : thereafter to the Earle of Carnwath ; and now to the Laird of Carnwath, Lockhart. There are in this parish the lands of WHYTECASTLE, belonging to Murehead; SHIELHILL, belonging to Chancellor ; and GLADSTAINES, belonging to Sir William Menzies ; and severall other small fewars, all holding of the Laird of Carnwath.

BIGGAR is a great parish, with a town of that name erected in a burgh of baronie. It hath long appertained to the Flemings, whill Lord Fleming and Earls of Wigtoun, who gott it by marrying the daughter and aires of de Bigris of Biggar. It is bounded by the sheridome of Peebles to the south and southeast, and surrounded by Walftoun, Quodquain, and Coulter, and other parts. The Earle of Wigtoun hath here an old castle called Boghall, where he resides when in these parts. It is ane laick patronage, and the Earle of Wigtoun is now both titular and patron.

Befyde the Earle of Wigtoun's propertie, there are many fewars in this parish, as the lands of Edmiston, belonging to Walftoun, Sheills and Between-the-hills to the Laird of Carnwath, Lintseedlands, Personlands and many others, belonging to severall heritors : most of them are holden of the Earle of Wigtoun.

THANKERTOUN, lying on Clyde, is a litle parish, formerly belonging to the Earles of Wigtoun ; it now belongs to Sir James Carmichaell of Bonnetoun. There are some other small heretors in it, as St John's-kirk, Murrayes. The teinds of it are ane part of the parsonage of Biggar ; but amount not to the value of a competent stipend.

COULTER is no great parish, and belongs almost entirely to Coulterallers, Coultermaynes, and Nisbett, who all reside in this parish. It lyeth betwixt Biggar and Lamington, upon the great road that goes from Edinburgh to the south ; and is a laick patronage, but the teinds amount not to the value of ane competent stipend.¹ And Lamington is superior to half the baronie of Coulter.

LAMINGTOUN parish lyeth between Biggar, Crawford and Clyde. The one half of it, viz. Lamington, heth long appertained to the Lairds of Lamington, Baillie, and chieff of his name, who heth ane old house feated upon the river of Clyde, near to the kirk, in a pleasant place, and well planted. It is reputed ane old family ; and heth, in this fhyre and in Lothian, land worth 20,000 merks yearly that heth all been possest by this family above these 300 years.

The other half, called WANDELL or Hartfyde, belonged of old to Jerdane of Aplegirth ; thereafter, to the family of Douglaſs, but now to Archbald Earle of Forfar. LITTLEGILL is in this parish, but heth no house upon it. The patronage of it belongs to [the Earl of] Forfar and Lamington alternative ; but the teinds doe little exceed the value of a competent stipend.

ROBERTOUN belongs all in property and superiority to the Marquess of Douglaſs, lying upon the south side of Clyde, foragainst the pa-

¹ "James Sommervell, in Ovirtone of Cambusnethane, eldeft law^u fone to umg^u Mr Robert Sommervell, minister at Coulter," occurs in the testament of "Catharine Crawford, dochter law^u to Williame Crawford of Beircroft" [in Cambusnethan ?],—Conf. May 17. 1650.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

rishes of Crawford and Lamingtoun. It was ane old regalitie ; and the teinds amount not to a competent stipend.

The Laird of Littlegill heth ane house here called the Moat, lying upon Clyde, near to which there is a bridge lately built over that river. There are some other small heretors in this parish, but hold all of the Marquess of Douglas.

CRAWFURD (alias Crawford Lindsay) is a great and wide parish, and anciently it belonged to the Lindsays of Crawford. Sir David Lindsay of Crawford maried one of the daughters of King Robert the Second, of whom are descended both the families of Crawford and Lindsay,—Lindsay Earle of Crawford and the Lord Lindsay of the Byres, afterward Earle of Lindsay, and now Earle of Crawford. The representative of this family having maried the heirefs of Glenesk (Stirling), he was honoured with the title of Earle of Crawford by King Robert the Third, anno 1398 ; and continued heritor of that land untill after the fatal forfeiture of the Earls of Douglas.

The Earle of Angus gott the lordship of Douglas from the King, and then Crawford exchanged the barony of Crawford in Clydesdale for the barony of Phinheaven in Angus, since which tyme the barony of Crawford heth belonged either in propertie or superioritie to the family of Angus.

A great part of the propertie of this parish did appertaine to Carmichael of Meadowflett, commonly called the Captaine of the castle of Crawford, untill William the first Marquess of Douglas purchased it from the Captaine of Crawford ; and then he added much new building to the old castle.

There is also in this parish, besyde the baronie of Crawford, the baronie of Friermure, kirk land, anciently a part of the abacie of Newbottle ; and purchased by the Marquess of Douglas from the Earle of Lothian. It now belongs to the Earle of Hopetoun. There is also in it some parts of the King's propertie, as

, also purchased by the Marquess of Douglas, holden few of the King.

There is in it lykewayes the lands of HOPETOUN, where are the great and profitable lead mynes belonging to Charles Hope of Hopetoun.

This parish lyeth in the uppermost part of the sherrifdom of Lanark, marching with the fhyres of Drumfries and Peebles upon the southeast parts, and with the parishes of Lamyngton, Roberton and Crawford John upon the northwest and southwest parts. The river of Clyde heth its rise in this parish; running in a small current from Little Clyde hill untill it meet with the water of Dair, and then Dair quitteth its name to the little current of Clyde, and by the accession of many other waters from these mountanous parts, it becometh a river before it reach the castle of Crawford.

The teinds of this parish were anciently a part of the patrimonie of the bishoprick of Edinburgh; and from him the minister had his stipend. But of late, King William gave the heretale right of these teinds to Charles Earle of Selkirk: for William Marques of Douglaſ having given these baronies of Crawford and Friermure to William Earle of Selkirk, eldeſt ſon procreat betwixt him and Lady Mary Gordon, his ſecond ſpous, and the ſaid William Earle of Selkirk having become Duke of Hamilton, by marrying the Dutchesſ and heireſs of Hamilton, he gave thoſe lands of Crawford to his ſecond ſone Charles, now Earle of Selkirk.

The caſtle of Crawford is a ſquare court with much lodging in it, lying upon the river of Clyde, just oppofite to the kirk and town of Crawford, which town was long ſince erected in a burgh of baronie.

There are befyde, theſe feveral heritors in this parish, as the Earle of Hopetoun, who heth the baronie of Friermoore and the lands of Hopetoun, wherein are the lead mynes; and ſome leſſer ones, as the Laird of Newtoun, Weir, who has a convenient house, lately rebuilt, ſituat upon Clyde, about two myles above the caſtle of Crawford. It is eſteemed ane old family, and holds of the Marques of Duglaſ.¹ Upward in this parish, and upon the water of Dair, there is ane new house built by

¹ " Jo^m Weir de Newtoun" is a witness in the Test. of Henry Willyamsone, April 20. 1554.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

John Hamilton of Eldershaw, descended of the family of Prestoun. There are feveral other heritors in this parish, as Crimperamp, Haircleuch, and Trelofs, who all hold of the Marques of Douglaf.

CRAWFURD JOHN is ane old baronie, which anciently did belong to the Lord Monipenny. In the tyme of King James the Second, he exchanged it with the Lord Hamilton for the lands of Kirkinner in Galloway ; and it remained with the family of Hamilton untill James Earle of Arran gave it to his sone, Sir James Hamilton of Phineard, who was thefaurer of Scotland : and then he exchanged this baronie with King James the Fifth for the baronie of Kilmarnock, then in the King's hands by the forfaulure of the Lord Boyd. But Sir James being soon thereafter forfaulted himself, Kilmarnock returned to the crown ; but Sir James his forfaulure being reduced by parliament, in anno 1543, his sone, Sir James Hamilton of Avendale, was restored to his father's estate, except the baronie of Kilmarnock,—the parliament judging the King had been over-reached in the exchangeing it with Crawford John, —and declared Sir James had right to Crawford John in all tymes thereafter.

While King James the Fifth had this baronie of Crawford John, he built upon it the BOGHOUSE of Crawford John, wherein a daughter of the Captaine of Crawford lived untill she was married to the Laird of Cambusnethan.¹

And this baronie continued in the family of Avendale untill James Marques of Hamilton purchased Avendale, it and some other lands from his great grandchylde, Sir James Hamilton of Avendale.

This parish lyes upon the south fyde of the water of Clyde ; heth ane water called Duneden running through the middle of it. It is surrouned by the parish of Crawford Lindsay upon the southeast, the shyre of Drumfriese upon the south, and the parishes of Douglaſ and Robertoun upon the west and northwest. This baronie and parish of Crawford

¹ This is the same lady, Catharine Carmichael, to whom allusion is made, p. 47, note. Even this slight notice of the private history of this amorous prince is interesting.

John was also given by William and Anna Duke and Dutchesfs of Hamilton to Charles Earle of Selkirk, their seconde fone, albeit it was a part of the estate of Hamilton.

Crawfurd John is a laick patronage, and the Duke of Hamilton was both patron and titular of the teinds.

The most confiderable heritors in this parish are John Hamilton of Gilkerscleugh, who has ane convenient house and dwelling upon the water of Duneden, Claud Mackmoran of Glespen, Gilbert Summervale of Bockcleugh, and severall others, who all hold of the family of Hamilton. The Laird of Calderwood has there also the lands of Abington, lying upon Clyde, which lately belonged to the family of Hamilton, and were fold by this Dutchesfs to this Laird of Calderwood his father-in-law.²

WISTOUN is a litle parish. It did belong to Wynrahame of Wiftoun; but he dying without heirs male, and leaving three daughters, the eldest was married to Allan Lockhart younger of Cleghorne, and the other two gott portions. It is a convenient dwelling, and heth some superiorities; bot the whole teinds amount not to a competent stipend.

SYMINGTOUN is ane ancient, but no great baronie, and belonged to the Lairds of Symingtoun of that Ilk. And from them, it came to the Lairds of Lamingtoun, and was fold by him to the Laird of Lee, and now belongeth to George Lockhart of Carnwath. The old house of Symingtoun is ruinous. It heth some superiorities; but the whole teinds of the parish amount not to a competent stipend.

COVINGTOUN did long appertaine to Lindsayes, lairds of Coving-

² Avington? Allusion is made to a family of Hamiltons designed of Avington as early as the year 1625, see p. 10, note. But supposing this the same, they were probably wholly disconnected with the family through whom it came to the house of Calderwood.

toun ; and was lately purchased by Sir George Lockhart, presidient of the Sessyon, and now belongs to George Lockhart of Carnwath. It heth ane old house, situate near to the church. The parish is not great ; neither the minister too plentifully provyded.¹

PETTIENAIN parish lyes upon Clyde, opposite to the parish of Carstaires. It did anciently belong to Johnstoun of Westraw, who had a good house there, well planted. It now belongs to the Earle of Hyndfoord ; and his eldest sone, the Lord Carmichaell, now dwells there.

The lands of CLOWBURN in this parish, have long appertained to Weir of Clowburn, the heires of which is now married to Sir Andrew Kennedy, conservator. There are some other small heritors in this parish ; bot the whole is not great, nor the minister over plentifully provyded.

DOUGLASS parish, and baronie and lordship, heth very long appertained to the family of Douglases, and continued with the Earles of Douglas until their fatall forfeiture, anno 1455 : during which tyme there are many noble and important actions recorded in histories performed by them, by the Lords and Earles of that great family. It was thereafter given to Douglases, Earle of Angus, and continued with them until

¹ The following extracts from the will of John Lindsay of Covington have likewise an interest in reference to the parish—the dedication of the church seems alluded to :—

“ Qd. ego Joⁿ Lindefay de Covyngtone condo testamentum meum in hunc mod. IN PRIMIS, Do et lego aiam. Deo, &c. corporque meum sepeliendum fore in pulueribus DIU^m MICHAELIS, Archangeli, &c. Item, Confitituo meos exer^m Alex^m Lyndefay, meum filium, et Criftinam Dailylell, meam sponsam, &c. Item, Confitituo dtam. Criftinam Dailylell, meam sponsam, tutricem, &c. ombus. et fnglis. prolibus meis, inter me & vxam. procreatis, excepto filio meo Bernardo Lyndefay cui relinquo Johannem Lyndefay, meum filium & apparentem heredem, &c. Pns. testamentum fuit factum apud Covyngtone die mes. Aprilis a^d Dni. Jaj v^e l^o. &c.

Conf. xv. Augst a^d li. [1551]

Georgius Dikestone curatus de Covyngtone
manu propria.”

N. B. Lindsay gives legacies to his two natural sons, John and Roland.

William Earle of Anguse was created Marques of Douglafs, anno 1633 ; and is now the principal seat of the Marques of Douglafs his family. It is a large baronie and parish, and ane laick patronage, and the Marques is both titular and patron. He heth there, near to the church, a very considerable great house called the castle of Douglas ; and near the church is a fyne village called the town of Douglafs, long fince erected, in a burgh of baronie. It heth ane hanfome church, with many ancient monuments and inscriptions on the old interments of the Earles of this place.

The water of Douglafs runs quyte through the whole length of this parish, and upon either syde of the water it is called Douglafs dale. It toucheth Clyde towards the north, and is bounded by Lesmahagow to the west, Kyle to the southwest, Crawford John and Carmichaell to the south and southeast. It is a pleasant strath, plentifull in grafs and corne, and coall ; and the minister is well provyded.

The lands of HEYSLEYDE, belonging to Samuel Douglafs, has a good houfe and pleasantfeat, close by a wood. KENNOCK, lately belonging to William Summervale, and now sold by him to the Earle of Selkirk. Penfeich and Park, belonging to the Marques [of Douglas], are now pof- fessed by the Earle of Hyndfoord.¹

CARMICHAELL lands are part of the lordship of Douglafs, and has long belonged to the Lairds of Carmichaell of that Ilk, untill Sir James Carmichaell of that Ilk, thefaurer depute, was honoured with the title of Lord Carmichaell anno 1648 ; and his grandchylde, John Lord Carmichaell, was by King William (to whom he was secretary) honoured with the title of Earle of Hyndfoord in anno 1701. It is no great parish. It has a good substantious old house, much repaired and well finished of late ; very well planted, with a noble avenue from the houfe to the church. The parish belongeth mostly to the Earle.

¹ In the will of "W^m Aird in Spyrlak"—Con. Sep. 3. 1621, occurs "Waltir Carmichaell of Park, his maister" (?).—Com. Rec. Glas.

The lands of CROGERIDGE belong now to the laird of Carnwath ;¹ and EASTEND to Thomas Carmichaell.—There are good inclosures about Carmichaell, which beautifie and augment the conveniencie of the dwelling.

LESMAHAGOW is the most considerable parish in the neighbourhood. It lyeth a great way upon the south syde of the river of Clyde, having Douglaſſ upon the east and southeast, the fhyre of Aire upon the south, and the parishes of Dalferf and Stonehouse upon the west ; and is the downmost parish of the over waird upon the south syde of Clyde. It heth the water of Nethan running quite through this parish, which, augmented by many burnes, falls into Clyde at Nethanfoot.

This great parish is all kirk land, and was anciently a part of the abbacie of Kelfoe, which had a cell there [here], where severall of the monks stayed, called the Abbey of Lesmahagow ; and to which many others of them used to retire in tyme of warr with England. This baronie was mortified to the abbacie of Kelfoe by Lord [of] Galloway, and his mortification is confirmed by King David the First in the year of his reigne.

The Lord Hamilton was long fince vaffall to the Abbott in the lands of Draffin and many others lying in this parish ; and upon the 10th of October, 1456, he gott a commision of heretale bailliary from the Abbot and convent of Kelfoe, in the tyme of King James the Second. But at such tyme as the abbacie of Kelfoe was erected in a temporall lordship in favours of the Earle of Bothwell, he came to have right to the superi-

¹ The lands of Crosrig, Bowhouſe, and Newhall, “in comitatu de Douglass—E. 10 l.” are enumerated in the Retour of George Lyndsay of Covington, Nov. 4. 1623. Afterwards, the same article occurs in the Retour of Lockhard of Lee. But there appears to have been a distinct family designed of Crossrig about the former period, probably a cadet of the house of Covington, who may have retained the superiority. Wodrow relates, that Mr William Livingſtoun, the minister of Lanark, about the year 1623, “by a dream and voice [of which he narrates very circumstantially] is made the instrument of preserving the life of Croſſ-Riggs, a gentleman near Lanerk.”—*Life of Livingston*, MS. And these dreams have been lately printed in Mr Motherwell’s curious Magazine, where they are easier consulted.

orities and patronages of this great parish. And the Earle of Roxburgh succeeding in the right thereof, upon Bothwell's forfaulure, the patronages and superiorities were purchased from him by the Marquess of Hamilton ; and his succeffors, the Dukes of Hamilton, are now superiors, titulars and patrons of this parish, which is fo great that the cure is served by two ministers, both of them well provyded.

Besydes the lands which belong in property to the Duke of Hamilton in this parish, which are confiderable, there are many gentlemen and heritors in this parish, and fome of them ancient, fpecially the Laird of Blakwood, at prefent call'd Sir George Weir, baronet. This eftate has been long injoyed by his predeceffors ; for there is ane charter extant in the register of Kelfoe, granted in the tyme of King Malcolm the Fourth, by the Abbot of Kelfoe to Rothold de Weir of the lands of Blakwood, Moffmyning and Durgundiestoun, which formerly belonged to his father ; and heth continued in that family downward untill now. The house of Blackwood is a confiderable old house, well repaired and furnished of late ; well planted, and a convenient dwelling.

Weir of Stonebyres is ane old family in this parish. It heth a good old house, large inclofors and fyne wood upon Clyde, and pertains to William Weire of Stonebyres.

KIRKFIELD, a cadet of the family of Stonebyres, lyeth near to this.

COREHOUSE, ane very old family of the name of Ballantyne, had con tinued long in that race, untill lately that Sir John Ballantyne of Corehouse, having maried the heires of Crookdyke, in Cumberland, fold his eftate in Scotland and fetled there. It now belongs to William Sommervale of Corehouse. It is an old house, fittuate upon a great linn or fall of the river of Clyde.¹

AUGHTERFARDELL, belonging to Robert Kenedie, upon the water of Nethan ; a convenient dwelling.

¹ Williame Bannatyne of Corhous is " dilatit," &c. for the forcible abduction of Margaret, daughter of John Hamilton of Auchnaglen " furth of Johnne Weiris hous of Darngavill," July 5. 1596.—*Crim. Trials.* " Johne Weir of Darngavell—Cambusnethane—[probably the same individual mentioned here] deceift in the monthe of Nov. 1620."—His wife, Bessie Brownlie, and severall children survived. Test. recorded April 7, following.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

KERSS, Weir, heth a convenient dwelling upon the other syde of Nethan.²

There was built in this parish, by Sir James Hamilton of Phineard, ane great castle, consisting of fyve tours, called Craignethan. Of the ruines whereof, Mr Andrew Hay built a convenient house upon the corner of its garden, after he purchased the same fra the Dutchesf of Hamilton. It is almost surrounded with gardens and woods ; a very oddfeat.

There are many other leffer heritors in this parish, who all hold of the family of Hamilton. The Dutchesf heth severall profitable milnes in this parish, and other confiderable casualties.

² James Weir of Kers' occurs Oct. 1612.—Test. John Dalyell of Rylandsyd, Con. Aug. 18, 1613.—*Ibid.*

**ACCOMPT OF THE
SHERIFFDOME OF RANFREW.
BY WILLIAM HAMILTON
OF WISHAW.**

1870, July 22.
— After a short walk in the woods, I found a large number of small, pale, yellowish-green caterpillars, about 1/4 in. long, crawling over the ground. They were all dead, and had evidently been killed by the heat of the sun. They were scattered over a surface of about 200 square feet. They were all of the same species, and were all dead.

A C C O M P T O F T H E
SHERIFFDOME OF RANFREW.

THIS shyre is boundit by the river of Clyde upon the north and northwest, quhen that river becomes broad, quhairin ther is an plentiful fishing of herrings and other fishes in their season, and by Cunninghamame to the south and southwest, and by the nether ward of the shyre of Lanerke to the northeast, east and southeast.

The shyre of Ranfrew was anciently called the barronie of Ranfrew, lyand within the nether ward of the sherriffdome of Lanerk (of which nether ward Rutherglen was the head burgh), untill such tyme as King Robert the Third erected the most pairet of what had been the patrimony of his predecessors, before his father King Robert the Second his accession to the Crown, in ane principality, in favours of James, Prince and Great Stewart of Scotland ; which was upon the tenth day of December, One thousand four hundred and four. And about that time, King Robert did dissolve the barronie of Ranfrew from the sherriffdome of Lanerk, and erected it in ane sherriffdome by itselv, and appointed the town of Ranfrew to be the head burgh of that shire. Since which tyme, it hath injoyed all priviledges, dignities, and immunitiess belonging to it, that were known to appertain to any other shyre in the nation ; and have

always had two commissioners representing them in the parliaments of Scotland since the year One thoufand fyve hundred and eighty seven, that the small Barrons of the severall shires were allowed to have, and came in vfe to fende commiffioners to represent them in parliament. And fince the year One thoufand fix hundred and nyntie they were allowed to fende three commiffioners to the parliament.

This shyre hath always fince the time of King Robert the Third had its diſtinct sherriffs. The Lord Semple his predeceſſors were long heritable sherriffs of this shyre, and also heritable baylies of the regalitie of Pasley, untill about the year J^m vj^e and thirty fix or therby, the Lord Semple fold both these heritable offices to Sir Bryce Semple of Cathcart, who not long thereafter, fold them to My Lady Dowager of Rofs, who [not] long thereafter fold them to Alexander Earle of Eglintoune, whose ſucceſſors yet injoy them; only this [prefent] Earle of Eglintoune diſponed that paſt of the bayliarie of the regality of Pasley within the baronie of Kilpatrick, lyand upon the north ſide of the river of Clyde, to William Hamiltoun of Orbiftoun.

All this shyre lyes within, and is ſubject to the jurisdiction of the Commiſſar of Glasgow in all cauſes that are confiſtoriall, and applyes to that Commiſſar for confirmation of Testaments.

Though the town of Ranfew be the head burgh of the shyre, where the Sheriff holds his head courts, and where the Barrons of the shyre meats for chooſing commissioners to parliaments, yet the ſheriff courts fitts ordinarlie at Pasley, as being both the better town and more centricall and convenient for the shyre, notwithstanding that Pasley is no burgh of royalty, but only a burgh of regality.

There is only one prefbetry in this shyre, and comprehends the parishes of Pasley, Ranfew, Inchennan, Araſkine, Kilmacomb, Killalen, Grenock, Houſtone, Killbarchane, Inverkype, Lochwhinyeoch, Neilftone, Mairns, and Eaſtwod. There are other two parishes in this shyre, Cathcart and Eaglesham, that are within the prefbetry of Glaſgow.

This shyre is much more conſiderable for its worth, and the very many valuable heretors reſideing in it, then for its extent. It marches with the shyre of Lanerk a great way toward the eaſt, ѿuſtheaſt, and north-eaſt; and when it pairteth from Lanerkſhyre, a little above Ranfew, it

is bounded by the river of Clyde a great [way], untill it joyn with the parish of Largs, in the bailiary of Cunningham, and is thence bounded by Cunningham, untill it again meet with the fhyre of Lanerk.

The most considerable place in this jurisdiction, and where the sheriff court and court of regality usually fitts is Pasley, the seat of a very considerable and ancient monasterie, situat upon the water of Kert, some few miles above where it falls into Clyde, in a pleasant, fertile, and rich soill. To which boats can come from the sea to the bridge of Pasley, where the water of Kert divideth between the abbacy and the town of Pasley, which is a very pleasant and well built litle town ; plentifully provided with all sorts of grain, fruitts, coalls, peats, fishes, and what else is proper for the comfortable use of man, or can be expected in any other place of the kingdome.

The monasterie of Pasley was first founded in ane priory by Walter the sone of Allan, Dapifer Regis, or master household to the King, about the year of God 1160, in the reign of Malcolm the Fourth, who confirmes ane mortification of the Inch of Ranfrew to that monasterie, and he died in the 1165.

This mortification by Walter dapifer, the founder, was made with reservation of the patronage to him and the heirs.

This foundation is confirmed by Allan the sone of Walter, and severall other lands mortified thereto. And is considerably augmented [by] Walter the son of Allan, designed in his first charter Dapifer Regis, and in the next and subsequent grants Senescallus Scotiae, or Great Stewart of Scotland, as all his succeffors are designed thereafter,—who from time to time did grant many charters and liberall mortifications to that monasterie, and obtained it to be changed from ane priory to ane abbacy of the order of , and under the patronage of St Mirrine ; reserving always the right of presenting the Abbot to them and ther succeffors, untill the Pope wrefted [it] from them and all the other founders of monasteries, bishopricks, and benefices, and setled them upon the church, appointing the abbots to be chosen by ther monks, and bishops by ther chapters.

King Robert the Second, after his accession to the crown of Scotland,

erects this abbacie of Pasley in ane regalitie, because it was founded by his predecessors ; which jurisdiction it yet continous.

After the reformation of this kingdom from popery, in the minority of King James the Sixth, this abbacie was not only secularized by the Pope in favours of Lord Claud Hamiltone, youngest sone to James Duke of Chastowherald, for his constancy in the Popish religion and uninterrupted adhering to Mary Queen of Scotland dureing her life, but was also by that King and the parliament of Scotland, erected in ane temporall lordship in favours of the Lord Claud Hamiltone, and he created Lord Pasley, 1588.

He married Lady Margaret Seaton, only fifter to the Earles of Winton and Dumfermling, by whom he had James Earle of Abercorne ; Sir Claud Hamiltone of Eliftoune ; and Sir Fredrick Hamiltone of Manor-Hamiltone—all men of plentiful fortunes ; and Sir Alexander, who maried the Earle of Ormond his dochter.

James Hamiltone, his eldest sone, was created Earle of Abercorne in his father's lifetime, upon the day of Junij J^m vj^e & fix. He maried the Lord Boyd's daughter, by whom he had James Earle of Abercorne, his eldest sone ; Claud Lord viscount of Straban ; Sir George Hamiltone, who maried the Marques of Ormond's daughter ; Sir Alexander, who married , and his son is now an Count of the Empyer ; and Sir William, who died without issue.

This James Earle of Abercorne was of extraordinary accomplishments ; left his children plentifully provided. He was sent to Ireland, with a commission to be Lord Lievetenant therof, and died att Dublin soon after he went ther.

This abbacy was very considerable, having the Lordship of Pasley, extending to ane hundred merk land ; the Lordship of Kilpatrick, extending to ane other hundred merk land, in Dunbarton shire ; the lordship of Monkton, in Kyle Stewart, extending to ane other hundred merk land ; the forty pound land of Glens, in the parish of Lochwhinyeoch ; the lands of Auchingown, Grange, and feveral other lesser quantitis of lands lyand discontigue : all which were parts of the lordship and regality of Pasley. And besides these, they had the teinds of eight and twenty

parish churches, whereof
Ranfrew, and the rest in other places.

lyand within the shire of

Here insert the
charter, in the case
of Pasley, at the
end. Sic in MS.

* * * * *

James Earle of Abercorne his sone maried the Dutches of Ritchmond and Lennox, by whom he had two sones, who are both dead, leaving no iffue, but one daughter, yet unmarried.

This James Earle of Abercorn sold the lordship of Pasley to William Lord Cochran, in the year Fifty three [1653]; and the barony of Kilpatrick to Sir John Hamiltone of Orbifloun, lord justice clerk and one of the senators of the college of justice; and the barronie of Monkton to the Lord Bargeny.

The abbacie of Pasley was ane great and noble fabrick, much improven by the Earles of Abercorn, with a stately church,—a pairt whereof was destroyed about the time of our reformation, and the rest of it which is yet standing is the remains of a splendide building. It had great gardens, and fruitfull orchards, notably inclosed with fyne walls of polished stome.¹

[P A S L E Y.]

The parish of Pasley is very great, and beside the kirk land in it, it hath long been the seat of very considerable families there. The first wherof we shall name is CROXTONE, long posseſſed by a family of the name of Crok, who are frequently among the witneſſes contained in the charters granted to and by the monasterie of Pasley. This family falling in ane heir-

¹ “ James erle of Abircorne, etc. . . . deceift w'in the parochin of Mounktoun, vpone the xxij day of Merche, the yeir of God Jaj vj^e and auchtein.”—Test. Con. Sep. 2, 1620.—Com. Rec. Glas. The following extract is curious and interesting: “ I committ my faul in pe holie handis of my gnid God & mercifull father, fra quhome, throw pe richteous me-ritis of Chryſt Jesuſ, I luik to reſſlave it again at pe glorious reſurrecc̄ion, joynit w' pis fame body,—q^ure heir I leif to ſleip and be bureit, gif fo it pleis God, in pe ſepulcher q' my brethir, my ſisteris & bairnes lyis, in pe Iyll callit S' Mirreinis Iyll, at pe fouth heid of pe croce churche of Paſlay: Trusting affuredlie to rys at p^t blifit reſurrecc̄ion to lyf eternall. I defyre that p^r be no vaine nor glorious ſeremonie vtſit at my buriell, rayring [crying] honouris; bot p^t my corps be kareyit to pe grave be ſum of my moft honorabill & nerreft freindis with my bairnes,” &c.

efs, she was maried to Sir Alexander Stewart of Tarbolton, seond sone to Walter, the seond of that name, Great Stewart of Scotland; and of this marriage is descended the familys of Darnly and Lorn. And therer after, there descended of the family of Darnly the familys of Castlemilk, Cardonnell, Barlkub, Galstoun and Hallrig.

Therefter, the Lord Darnly, having in the reign of King James the Second, maried one of the co-heirs of the family of Lennox, he was by King James the Third created Earle of Lennox, anno 1478. And his sone, Mathew Earle of Lennox, having maried Elizabeth Hamiltone, daughter procreat betwixt James Lord Hamiltone and Lady Mary Stewart, eldest daughter to King James the Second, and by her had John Earle of Lennox.

Robert Crock is witnes in the first donation of the kirks of Innerweek, Legerwood, &c. to Paisley [by] Walter sone of Allan, dapifer, who died 1177. He is also in the confirmation of these kirks by Allan sone of Walter. He is in the gift of the tiends of Maclain by Allan sone of Walter, dapifer, who died anno 1229.

Robert de Crock getts the priviledge from the Abbot of Paisley, as a speciall friend and benefactor of that house, to build a chappell within his houfe, therein to caufe divine service to be celebrate. He is also in the donation of the church of Mairns by Helias sone of Fulbert in the time of Allan sone of Walter, who lived under King William. This Robert acknowledges his fault in disturbing the monks ther peaceable poſſeſſion of the kirk of Neilstoun, gifted to the monks by William de Hartfoord; but to which this Robert pretended right. The firſt wittnes here is Walter sone of Allan, Stewart of Scotland, reg. Alex. 2^d.

Allan Crock, deſigned ſone of Robert, is in the charter of Fultoun by Gilbert ſone of Henry of St Martine, reg. Alex. 2^d. He is also witnes to the mortification of two chalders of meall for a monk to fay fervice for the foul of Robert de Bruce by Walter Stewart of Scotland, reg. Alex. 2^d.

Sir Thomas Crock is wittnes to the confirmation of all his predeceſſors' deeds by Alexander Stewart of Scotland, when he was goeing a pilgramage, 1252. As alſo, in the charter of the patronage of the kirk of Comonell by Duftgall ſone of , dated anno 1261.

* * * * * * * * * *
 John, Earle of Lennox maried Stewart, daughter to the
 Earle of Atholl, by whom he had Mathew and feveral other children.

Mathew Earle of Lennox maried Lady Margaret Douglas, only lawfull daughter procreat betwixt Archibald Earle of Angus and Queen Margaret, reliect of King James the Fourth, and daughter to Henry the Seventh of England, by whom he had Henry Lord Darnly, father to King James the Sixth.

This King gave to his coufine, Elfme, the earldome of Lennox and lordship of Darnly; and it hath continued with his successors since, untill the death of Charles Duke of Lennox and Ritchmond, who died in Denmark, , and then it returned to King Charles the Second.

The family of Lennox had in this shyre of Ranfrew the lands of Croxftoune and Darnly, in the parish of Pasley; the lands of Inchennan and Neilstoune, whereof more in their respective parishes.

In this parish is the HALKHEAD, which hath long been the seat of the Rosse family, who seems to have been very old; and is a pleafant dwelling, with a very fyne house and good inclofures, allmoft fuorwnded with fyne gardens and woods. This family appears to be old; for Robert de Ros is wittnes to repair a year upon Leven in the first year of King Alexander the Third, which is 1248. They are frequently witnesses in the charters of the monasterie of Pasley. Thereafter, they were nobilitat by King James the Fourth, about the year 1492; and have continuowd in honouwr and reputation since. Godfridus de Ros, miles, fone and heir of Sir Godfride de Ros, knight, confirmes the lands in Stewarton which the abbacy of Pasley gott from Sir James Ros. Amongst the wittnesses is William de Ros,—1281, reg. Alex. 3rd.²

¹ Blanks frequently occur in the MS. the narrative being incomplete. These will be thus denoted.

² “ Dame Jeane Hammiltone Ladie Ros,” occurs frequently, as a creditor of the rents and teinds of the estate of Tarbart in Cunninghamhe, inter 1600 et 1614.—Records of the Commissariot of Glasgow.

“ Beffie Houftoun Ladie Quhytfuird & W^m Ros, hir spos” occur in a Con. May 6, 1617.—*Ibid.* Again, “ Elizabethe Houftoun Ladie Quhytfuird and Willame Ros of Muireftoun, hir spos, for his entres,” appear in the testament of Alex^r Muir in Quhytfuird, March 1631.—Con. May 23 following.—*Ibid.*

CARDONELL lyes upon the water of Cart, just opposite to the castell and woods of Croxstoune; a very pleasant and convenient dwelling, with a good house and good inclosures. It belongs to Walter Stewart Lord Blantyre, whose predeceffor was Walter Stewart, eldest sone of the second mariage of Sir Mathew Stewart of Minto, begotten upon

Stewart, heires of Cardonall. He was long servand to King James the Sixth, who honoured him with the title of Lord Blantyre, in anno 1606; and [it] hath beene posseffed by his succeffors ever fincefyne.³

Allan Stewart of Cardonall gets a tenement of land in the Stockwall of Glasgow in feu of the monastery of Pasley, for payment of 5th per ann. 1505, Ja. 4. This Allan of Cardonald is witnes in the indenturment of the fishing of Lynbrys by John E. of Lennox Lord Darnlie, 1521.

Next to this is RALSTOUNE, the seat of ane old family; a very pleasant place, lyand near to Pasley. His predeceffors were of the family of M'Duff; and being oblidged to leave Fyfe, seated themselfs in this countrey; and from his name, Ralf, they were called Ralftoun, or Ralftoune. Bot having their residence att Woodsyde, in Cunningham, westward of this, they neglected this place. His predeceffor is an subscryver to Ragman Roll, 1296.

Nicolaus de Ralftoune is witnes in the grant of Fultoun by Sir Anthony Lombard to the monasterie of Pasley, 1272. Jacobus Ralftoune dominus ejusdem is witnes to the priviledge granted to the monks for chooseing an abott, 1346.—John de Ralftoune is witnes in the liberty granted by the Pope's Legat to few lands about Pasley, 1488.—John Ralftoune of that Ilk is one of the arbiters betwixt the monasterie of Pasley and town of Ranfrew anent the customs, 1488; and in the indenture betwixt the Abott and town of Pasley anent the fewing of the lands.

³ In the Will of Walter Lord Blantyre (see p. 15) confirmed June 12. 1618, the house of Cardonald is thus alluded to:—“Item, The inficht & plenisching of pe hous of Cardonall, tymbir work & all being comptit, (by pe airship) estimat to ij^l ij^c xl l.” And his Lordship's servants, being creditors for their “fies,” are thus enumerated: Alex^r Stewart, Quentein Luif, Joⁿⁿ Paterfoune, Andro Wallace, Robert M^cAndro cuik, Robert James, John Someruell, James Dowglas tailyeo^r, W^m Mathew gardner, Helein Scowgall, Helein Sinclair, Elix^r Forrest, and Marg^a Someruell.

Ricardus de Ralftoune, John, his sone, and William, his brother, are all wittnesses in the mortification granted by Henry of St Martin of his lands in Stragryfe to the house of Pasley in the reign of King William.—John de Ralfton, secretary to King James the Second is witnes in the chartour granted by that King, erecting all the Lord Hamilton his lands in on lordship, to be called the lordship of Hamilton, 1445.—Hugh Ralfton of that Ilk is an subscryver of that foilem bond entered into by many for manteaning the trew evangell, 1560.⁴

Next to this lies the lands of Whytfoord, close by the watter of Cart, a litle above Pasley ; a pleasent place, and hath long [been] the seat of the Lairds of Whytfoord of that Ilk ; for Walter de Whytfoord is wittnes in a confirmation of the donation of three merks to the convent of Syxle [Thixel?] by King Alexander the Second, the fourteen year of his reign.

They gott the lands of Whytfoord from the Great Stewart, for services done att the battell of the Largs.⁵

⁴ “ Jean Ker Ladie Ralstoun” occurs June 23, 1610.—Test. Hardie in Byris of Ralstoun, Con. Sep. 18, following.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

“ Hew Ralstoun of p^t Ilk, &c. deceift in the moneth of August, 1613.”—Test. Con. Jan. 13, 1614.—*Ibid.* This deed is dated “ At Wodfyde the xxijij day of Maij, 1613.” He constitutes “ Jonet Hammiltoun, his spos, his onlie exeo^{ta}is” &c. and leaves his “ bodie to be buriit at the kirk of Beith.” “ Hew Ralstoun his lau^tfull sone and Jo^m Ralstoun his sone” appear as witnesses.

“ Williame Ralstoun younger of p^t Ilk,” who occurs Feb. 1611.—*Ibid.* appears to have succeeded Hew, said to be his grandfather. Both he and his wife deceased in 1623 :—“ Test. &c. of Williame Ralstoun of p^t Ilk [Beith] Quha deceift in the monethe of Julij, 1623 ; And of vñq^{le} Barbara Hamiltonne, his spos, Quha deceift in the monethe of Octōber, the yeir of God fairfaid : ffayfullie maid and gevin vp be Williame Muir of Glanders-toune Tuto^r testa^r to Jonet, Barbara, Hfobel, Jeane, Margaret, & Kathrein Ralstounes,” &c. “ Exeo^{ta} datives,” &c.—Con. Nov. 19, 1625, John Hamilton of Udfston, cautioner.—*Ibid.*

William Ralstoun of that Ilk appears in these records May, 1630 (as a creditor of ferme meill” for the lands of Byris of Ralstoun), Nov. 1646 and March, 1647.

“ Johne Quhytfuird of p^t Ilk” is an “ o’isman and o’fear” in the will of John Maxwell of Bulwryis (otherwise Bullerhouse?) Oct. 18. 1595.—*Ibid.*

“ M^r Waltir Q’fuird,” is a creditor in the Test. of Hew Ritchie in Knokindail, Symonton, Ayrshire, June, 1624, of “ fyve bollis teynd meill, pe said year.” Mr Whyteford was afterwards Bishop of Brechin, but he appears not ever to have been minister of Symonton.

Just opposite to this, upon the other side of Cart, is the house of BLACKHALL, a very pleasant dwelling, appertaining to Sir Archibald Stewart of Blackhall, baronet,—who have enjoyed it since the time of King Robert the Third, his predecessor having been a natural son of that King. But in regard the Lairds of Blackhall used to reside at Ardgowan, in the parish of Inderkype, this place is less regarded.⁶

* * * * *

West from Paisley, is ane neat little house and dwelling called Woodsyde, belonging to Hugh Crawford, belonging to Carburn.

Near to this is FERGUSLIE, a very pleasant and convenient dwelling; lately belonging to one Hamiltone of the family of Orbistoune, but now to William Cochran of Ferguslie.⁷

⁶ The following notices of this family occur in the records of the Com. of Glasgow:—

Archibald Stewart of Castlemilk, who died June, 1612, was addebted “ To his oyres, Johnne & Jonet Stewartis, lau'full bairnes to vñq^{te} Johnne Stewart of Ardgowane, Thrie thowfand and twa hundrith mkis.” &c.

“ Ard. Stewart, fap^r brop^r to pe laird of Blakhall,” appears in a Con. Dec. 9.1617.

“ James Stewart Tuto' of Blackhall” deceased at Paisley in the month of March, 1618. He nominates his wife, Mary Maxwell, “ tutrix to his bairnes [not named] during hir wedowheid;” and he ordains, amongst others, his “ twa brethir, Patrick & Ard. Stewartes” his trustees.—Test. Con. May 11. 1618.

“ Margaret Blair, spos to Archibald Stewart of Ardgowane, &c. deceipt in the monethe of Auguft, 1621.”—Test. Con. July 31. 1622, “ gevin vp be the faid Archibald, In name and behalf of Annabell Stewart [their] eldeſt lau'full dochter,” &c.

“ Margaret Wallace, relict of vñq^{te} James Stewart of Blakhall” died at Paisley in the month of Feb. 1625.—Test. Con. Sep. 23. 1625.

“ Johnne Stewart, brother germane to Archibald Stewart of Ardgowane, [ane young man, vñmaretit]” died at Paisley in August, 1627. He nominates John Stewart, his “ vñckill” only executor; and “ levis to Mathow Stewart, his sone naturall, the fowme of Ane thowfands mkis. Item, To Jonet and Agnes Wallaces, dochteris lauⁿ to Mathow Wallace of Dundonnald, the fowme of 1300 mkis. &c. and annuelrent of faid 1300 mkis. To redoune and appertein to Margrat Stewart, his, & thair mother, during hir lyftyme,” &c. Con. Dec. 6, following.

There is a “Lady Ardgowane” of the name of Hoome incidentally occurs in the records, about the year 1645, but the proper reference has been omitted to be noted.

⁷ Jonet Levyngstone, wife of John Hamilton (apparently the ancestor of this family), deceased at Ferguslie, “ x^o die mensis Septembris, a^o lij.” [1552].—Test. Con. 12 Dec. following.—*Ibid.* She appoints her husband, and son, John, executors.—Allane Hamilton

Not far to the west of this is the old decayed house of ELDERSLIE, which was the designation, and is supposed to have been the featt of the renowned Sir William Wallace of Elderlie. It now belongs to Heugh Wallace of Ingleston. After the death of the famous Sir William Wallace, who died without fones, it returned to the family of Craigie-Wallace.⁸

West from this is the house of COCHRAN, ane old tour houfe, and was anciently the featt of the family of Cochran; but in respect they have not

of Ferguslie appears in Con. Reid, March 11. 1615.—*Ibid.* He occurs again Jan. 1618.

This family, says Crawfurd, ended in an heiress, who married John Wallace a son of Elderslie. “John Wallace fear of Ferguslie” occurs frequently inter Nov. 1609 et March, 1618. Oct. 1620, he is designed of Ferguslie. And “John Wallace of Ferguslie” deceased at Paisley in Dec. 1651.—Test. April, 8. 1650—Con. Dec. 11. 1652.—*Ibid.* He “nominats, &c. James Wallace, his youngest sone, his onlie ex^r. &c. w^t pe special advyse and consent of Margaret Hamilton, his spos,” &c. Amongst others, he appoints “ovirfeeris” “Sir John Hamiltone of Orbistone; Thomas Stewart feare of Barfcube, my sone in law; W^m Wallace of Neiltonfyde & Allane Wallace, my fones law^u.” He likewise mortifies to the poor “The sowme of Fyve hundred mks.” to be employit for ane yeirly a-rent of Twentie pundis;” and ordains his executors “To furneis for pe said poor, in tyme comeing, ane mans & houfe & yaird at pe Woodnooke of Ferguslie, &c. to put pe poor p^rin for p^r residence,” &c.

“Allane Wallace, sone law^u to Joⁿ Wallace of Ferguslie,” died Feb. 1651.—Test. Con. June 11. 1651.—*Ibid.* This bears to be “gevin vpe be pe said Johne Wallace, fap^r to pe defunct, and James Wallace, youngest brop^r to the defunct, exe^{ris} &c. and that he was “ane young man, wnmaried.”

⁸ “ INVENTARIUM om^m bonorum quond. Willmi. Wallace de Ellirfly, *Ibid.* xix^o Mtij. a^o xl ix. [1549] &c.

LEGATIO.—In Dei nomine. Amen. &c. Qd. ego preds. Willns. condo testamentum meum in hunc mod. IN PRIMIS, Do et lego aiam. meam Deo omnipotenti, Bte. Marie Virgini, oibus. Sctis. Corpusque meum sepeliend. in pulueribus Scti. Merini de Pafleto. &c. Et hos confitituo meos executores, viz. Jonetam Schaw, meam sponsam, Willmum Wallace, meum heredem, ac Willum. Wallace meum filium (?).”—Con. viii. Aprilis, anno Ij. [1551].—*Ibid.* Crawfurd, mistaking the son for the father, being of the same name, appears to have lost a link in the line of the family.

John Wallace younger of Elderslie appears August, 1609.—*Ibid.* William Wallace younger of Elderslie occurs March, 1618—Test. Stewart tutor of Blakhall, before quoted—and he is so designed frequently afterwards.

“Helein Wallace Lady Elderlie” deceased, in the parish of Symtoun, in June, 1621.—Test. Con. May 28. 1622.—*Ibid.* “gevin vp be W^m Wallace of Elderlie, hir spos, In name and behalf of Hew Wallace and Easter Wallace, bairnes law^u to the deid, and ex^{ris} &c.

And “William Wallace elder of Elderlie,” Paisley, deceased July, 1623.—Test. Con.

ACCOMPT OF THE

leived ther these many years, it is not improved as might be. This family is also old, and chief of the name ; for Waldevo de Cochran is wittnes in ane charter granted be Duff-Gallus, filius Savine, to Walter Stewart Earle of Monteith of the lands of Skipnage and others in Kintire, upon the Wedensday after Saint Hilarie's day, 1262.—William de Cochran is ane subscriber of Ragman Roll in anno 1296.—John de Cochran is wittnes in ane instrument of creatting ane abott in Pasley, anno 1346 ; and also in ane gift by Robert Earle of Stratharne of [to] the abbacy of Pasley, 1361.

This family continued in the male line untill the beginning of the laft age that it fell in ane heires, who maried Alexander Blair, sone to the Laird of Blair, who, changing his name to Cochran, became the father of many children, as Sir John Cochran, who was implored in severall forreign embassies ; his immediat younger brother, Sir William, afterward Earle of Dundonald ; Sir Bryce ; Cornell Alexander ; Cornell Heugh, and Gavine Cochrane of Craigmuir,—all sensible and judicious men. But the two eldest brothers seamed constantly to contend in two cardinal vertews,—the first in liberality, the second in frugality ; for whatever the first gott he liberally parted with it, and whatever the second gott or acquired he frugally and nobly improved, for being a gentleman of the greatest accomplishment for manageing affairs that owr nation hath produced, he acquired a vast fortune, which he left to his eldest grandson, and provided all his other children and grand children to plentifull fortunes.⁹

Weft [east] from this lyes the QUARELTOWNE ; a tolerable house and seatt. It did appertain to Cunningham of Quarreltowne, but now to Houftoune of Johnftoune.¹⁰

Besides these, ther are two other gentlemen's dwellings in the south part of this parish,—STAINLY, which belonged to Maxwell, and RAITH

July 21. 1625.—*Ibid.* This being “ gevin vp be James Wallace, law^{ll} sone to pe defunct, vnforissemilit, and ex^r datiuie.” &c.

⁹ Indeed the age appears to have beheld with admiration the Earl's frugality, and his success has been celebrated as one of three wonders of the shire, namely, “ How Dundonald gathered such an estate,—how Orbistoun spent such an estate,—and how Glencairn lived so handsomely on such an estate.”

¹⁰ “ Robert Cwnynghame of Quarreltoun, within the parochin of Pasley the tyme of his

[Rais], which belonged to Logan, but these now do both appertain to the Lord Roſs.^{11, 12}

Ther is also in this parish, lyand upon Carth, the houſe belonging to William Dunlop of Howſle, whose grandfather was a ſone of the Laird of Dunlop. It is a pretty dwelling, and a reaſonable good houſe.

* * * * *

Ther is likeways in the northweſt part of this parish, upon the watter of Gryph, a very pretty dwelling called WALKINSHAW, which has been long the inheritance of Walkinſhaw of that Ilk, chief of his name. It hath been lately acquired by James Walkinſhaw merchand in Glasgow, who hath very much improven both the house and dwelling,—having a naturall convenience of bringing vefſels to it by watter.¹³

deceis," deceased May, 1613.—Test. Con. Feb. 17. 1614.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* He conſtitutes Margaret Wood, his spouse, and James Cunyngham, his ſon, executors. Margaret Cunyngham, his daughter, who is alſo named, married Robert Blair of Lochwood Kilwinning; and ſhe deceased in November, 1618.—Test. Con. Oct. 21. 1619. In which occurs:—"Debitis awand In.— . . . Be W^m Cunyngham of Quarreltonue, of Tocherquid, q^u he is obleift to pay to pe faid Robert w^t the defunct, j^u ij^e li."

Robert was succeeded by his eldeſt ſon William, as appears by this document.

"William Cunyngham of Quarreltonue, &c. deceiſt in the moneth of November, 1630 yeiris." &c.—Test. Con. July 24. 1632. He ordains, &c. "Allex^r Porterfeild of that Ilk & W^m Wallace of Johnſtoune Tutouris, guydaris and governouris to Ro^t, W^m, Johnne, Margrat, & Iſſobell Cunynghames, his law^u bairnes, during p^r minoritie, being within the aige of xiij^e yeiris," &c.

¹¹ "Margaret Maxwell Lady Giffine, and relict of vñq^{te} Duncane Foster of Kilmoir," who deceased at Giffin, Beith, November, 1610, was probably of this family. Her Will—Con. Feb. 17. 1611—is dated "At the Stanlie," and John Maxwell of Stanlie is one of the tutors "to Dauid Foster, her youngere law^u ſone," &c.—*Ibid.*

"Johnne Maxwell of Stanlie, &c. deceiſt in the moneth of Aprile, 1630 yeiris."—Test. Con. Oct. 22 following. Which bears to be "ffayfullie maid and gevin vp be Jonet Craufurd, his relict, In name and behalf of James Maxwell, p^r law^u bairne and ex^r datine, furrogat," &c. "Jonet Craufurd, Lady Stanlie," appears Feb. 1611.—*Ibid.* She was daughter of the Laird of Ferme.

"Johnne Maxwell younger of Stanlie" is a debtor to James Hamilton, the wealthy provost of Glasgow, 1633.

¹² John Logan elder and younger of Rais occur frequently inter 1613 et 1622.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

¹³ "Johnne Walkinſhaw of that Ilk" appears Oct. 1604.—Con. Erſkyn, June, 1616.—*Ibid.*

ACCOMPT OF THE

Upon the other fyde upon the river Gryph, but within the parish of Pasley, is situat the house of BLACKSTOUN, near unto that river. It was anciently a summer retirement of the monks of Pasley; but the house and gardens were very much improven by the Earles of Abercorne. It is a very good and a pleasent seat, if it were not reckoned too moist, by its too nearenes to the river. It hath the conveniency of that river for importing what is convenient from Clyde, and so from the sea.

Thir lands came to the Earle of Abercorne with the lordship of Pasley; and was fold by him to the Laird of New-warke, and from New-wark's sone it came to Napier, now of Blackstoun.¹⁴

The Earle of Dundonall is both titular and patron of this great parish. Mr Thomas Brown is present minister,—wanting a colleague for the time, though they have been in use to have two ministers, and both of them well provided.

R A N F R E W.

This parish lyeth to the northeast of Pasley. It is bounded upon the east by the parochin of Govan, within the shirrefdom of Lanerk, upon the north by the river of Clyde, and upon the west and northwest by the rivers of Gryph and Cart, and upon the south and southwest by the parish of Pasley.¹ In this parish is seated the town of RANFREW, described as above.

“ Petir Walkinschaw of Bornehill, w'in the parochin of Inchynnane, Quha deceift in the moneth of August, 1630,” nominates, &c. “ James Walkinschaw of p^t Ilk, Mr Jobne Walkinschaw of Garturk, & Mr James Walkinschaw of Kirklie (?)” his executors, &c.—Con. Dec. 16. 1631, “ William Birlbane fear of Midle Walkinschaw” cautioner.—*Ibid.*

“ Mr Joⁿ Walkinschaw of p^t Ilk & Gavine Walkinschaw, his eldest sone & appeirand air” appear in the Test. Stewart younger of Allanton, before quoted.

¹⁴ In the year 1626, the family of Abercorne resided at Blackstoun.

¹ “ Agnes Someruell, spous to M^r John Hay persoun of Ranfrew,” appears Aug. 1616.—Con. Carrutheris, June 10. 1617.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

Mathew Wallace of Dundonall, who deceased June, 1628, was addebtet “ To vñq^{le} M^r John Hay persone of Ranfrew, and Agnes Somernell, his spous, and to George, Jonet &

A litle below the town of Ranfrew, near to the falling of Gryph into Clyde, is seated the RANFIELD, one of the most singularely pleasant places in all this neighbourhood. The house, though good, is not repute fuitable to the fynes of the dwelling. It hath large gardens, well planted, both with fruit trees and barren timber, and other conveniences of good office houses, warehouses, herrinhouses. It formerly belonged to the Hays, but now to Colin Campbell merchand in Glaſgow.

Ther is here ane gentleman, of no great fortune, but repute chief of his name, called Hall of Fulber, who uswaly leaves in Ranfrew.²

Upon the other fide of the river of Clyde, within this parish of Ranfrew, is the house of JORDANHILL, belonging to Crawford of Jordanhill, who layes claim to be heir male of the familys of Kilbirny and Carfeland. This gentleman maried the heires of Woodhall, in Lanerkshire; but leaves at Jordanhill, which is an convenient house and dwelling.³

A litle below this, is SCOTSTOUN, a very pleasant dwelling, not far from Clyde, and a good house, now belonging to William Walkinhaw of

Jean Hayis, p^r bairnes, the fowme of ffour thowland pundis," &c.—Test. Con. April 30. 1630.—*Ibid.*

" Mr Johne Hay perfone of Ranfrew," said to be son of the preceding, occurs March, 1632.—Con. Stark of Kidermount (?), Nov. 5. 1624.—*Ibid.* Mr John Hay was minister at Paisley 1628—probably the same individual.

² James Hall of Fulbar appears Oct. 1616.—Con. Greinleyis in Fowisbar, Paisley, June 3. 1617; and Robert Hall of Fulbar in October, 1633.—Con. July 1, 1634.—*Ibid.*

" Arthour Hall, fone to wmq^e George Hall in Dumbartane," &c. deceased Dec. 1631.—Con. Aug. 11. 1649.—*Ibid.* This is " gevin vp be Robert Hall of Fulbar, fecond & thridis of kin w^r pe faid wmq^e [Arthour]," &c.

³ " Daniell Ker of Keriland," elder brother of Hew Crawfurd of Jordanhill, deceased at Kersland, in the month of June, 1613.—Test. Con. July 12. 1614.—*Ibid.* He constitutes Annabill Campbell, his spouse, only executrix, &c. His children at his decease were: Hew, who succeeded, John, Issobell, married to Robert Ker of Trian, Margaret, Marioun, and Jonet.

The testament of " Hew Sterling, serjant-major to Colonell Crawfurd the tyme of his deceis, quha deceift in the towne of Dubling, within the kingdome of Ireland, in the November, 1642," bears to be " gevin vp be Cornelius Craufurd of Jordanehill and William Sterling of Law ex^{is} datine, surrogat," &c.—*Ibid.*

Scotstoun, who lately acquired it from Stewart of Scotstoun ; and hath very large and pleasant gardens.⁴

In the way between Paisley and Ranfrew, upon the mure of Ranfrew, is ane bigg stome as a memorall of a most remarkable passage, viz. That when Marjory Bruce, daughter to King Robert Bruce, and spouse to Walter Great Stewart of Scotland, was rideing from Paisley to Ranfrew, when near to be brought to bed, she fell from her horse, and died of the fall, wher the child was furthwith cutt out of her belly, upon the muir, who lived and became the King of Scotland by the name of Robert the Second, or first of the Stewarts : and because of a touch he gott upon the eye with a razour, he was by some called Robert blear-eye ; and was both a vertewous and witty King.⁵

In this parish is the land of PORTERFIELD, the ancient inheritance of Porterfield of that Ilk, chief of his name. In regard his residence is att Dowchill, the place has been negleCted.

There is also within this parish, upon the north fide of the Clyde, the Yooker, Blawarthill and King's meadow.⁶

This parish was ane laick patronage, and one of the kirks of the chapter of Glasgow ; but is now annexed to the coledge of Glasgow, with the burden of a competent stipend to the minister, who is att present Mr Patrick Sympfone.

INCHINAN.

This parish is bounded with the river of Clyde upon the north, the watter of Gryph upon the east and southeast, and the parish of Arefkine

⁴ "Mr John Hutchesoun of Scotstoun" appears repeatedly inter April, 1630, et Oct. 1633, and is uniformly thus designed.—*Ibid.*

⁵ It is strange that Lord Hailes should have deemed such nonsense as this worthy of serious consideration. However, some real and interesting incident may be concealed in the legend. The story is more methodically related in a contemporary account of the shire, which will be found in the Appendix.

These appear to have belonged to George Hutcheson, founder of the Hospital, October 29. 1632 ; at which time his wife, Elizabeth Craig, died—Test. Con. Jan. 8. 1633.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

to the west and northwest.¹ This parish did all belong to the Lord of Darnlay, afterwards the Earles of Lennox,—where they had a considerable house, at Inchennan, and was ther ordinary featt or residence ; but is now decayed. And is now lately acquired from the Duke of Lennox, with the rest of his estate in Scotland, by the Marques of Montrois : and almost all the lands in this parish doeth appertain to the said Marques, as having right from the Duke of Lennox, either in property or superiority, except the lands of Barns, Barnhill, Aldlands, Newlands, and Glenshinnoch, which were given by Walter [the High Stewart, to Walter] the fone of Sir Gilbert de Hamiltone,² in the time of King Robert the First, and is commonly said to have been ane god-bairn gift. These were afterwards acquired by the Lord Arskine from the Lord Hamiltone, and hold of the Prince. They now appertain to John Graham of Dougaldstoun.

The tiends of this parish did anciently appertain to the preceptory or lordship of Torfichen ; and the Marques of Montrois, as having right

¹ “ M^r Gabriell Maxwell minister at Inchynnane deceift in pe monethe of Aprile, 1621.”—Test. Con. Nov. 15 following.—*Com. Rec.* Glas. He nominates, &c. “ Andro Stewart of Wodfyde, his brop’ in law, and Margrat Levingtonne, relict of M^r Thomas Maxwell minister at Codquhen, his sister in law, his onlie ex^{rius} &c. “ Item, In the first he levis to Joⁿ Maxwell younger of Pottirhill xx li. . . . Item, To W^m Stewart, fone to pe faid Andro, xx li. Item, To John Maxwell elder of Pottirhill xx li.” The residue of his effects he leaves “ to pe faid Margaret Levingtonne [and to M^r Alex. Maxwell hir fone, to be delt and distribute equallie betwix thame].” The Maxwells of Potterhill, with whom Mr Maxwell would seem to have been connected, were probably of the family of Brediland.

“ Mr Thomas Law minister at Inchanaane deceift in May, 1649.”—Test. Con. Nov. 9 following.—*Ibid.* “ Item, The defunct had, &c. viz. certane bookes [q^ue] wer assigunit and disponet be defunct befoir his deceis to M^r Robert Law, his lan^u fone], estimat worth iij^e lxyj li. xijj s. iiiij d.” Mr Law was son of James Law archbishop of Glasgow, in whose Will he appears, and seems to have been Mr Maxwell’s immediate successor in Inchinnan. His son Mr Robert Law, here named, was minister of E. Kilpatrick, and author of the curious *Memorialls*, lately edited by Mr Sharpe. Jeane Hamiltone, his spouse, is nominated execentrix ; and besides Robert, he left other three sons, Mr James, John, and Thomas Law. Robert Hamilton of Silvertonhill and James Hamilton of Mylnetone are appointed “ o’fearis,” &c.

² So Crawfurd reads the passage—see Hist. of Ren. apud locum.

ACCOMPT OF THE

from the Duke of Lennox, is now both titular and patron. But the parish [being] but little, the tiends doeth not much exceed the value of a competent stipend. The present minister is .

Henricus de Grahame is wittnes in the confirmation of Monyabrok and the fishing of Lochwhineoch by King William, att Clackmannan, 25 of May .—David de Grahame is amongst the knights wittnes in a confirmation of the kirks of Innerweek and Legerwood by Da. B. of St Andrews, 1247.—D. Pat. de Grahame, miles, is in the monotory of excommunication emitted against Malcolme E. of Lennox, and his adherents by Rob^t. Bish. of Glasgow, 1294.

ARSKINE.

This barony and parish of Arskine hath been very long the inheritance of the Lords of Arskine, and ther prediceffors, chiefs of ther name.¹ It is bounded by the river of Clyde to the north, the parish of Inchinnan to the east and southeast, and the parish of Kilmacolm to the west and south-

¹ “ Robert Sempill vicar of Erskyn deceift in the moneth of December, the yeir of God Jaj v^e yeiris.”—Test. Con. Oct. 1. 1610.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*—“ Gevin vp be George Sempill, lan^{ll} fone to the defunct.” &c. It is probable Sempill held the cure of Erskin before the Reformation:— “ Item, Thair was awand to the faid vmq^e Robert be the airis and ex^{is} of vmq^e Gabriell Sempill of Craigbait and Robert Sempill of Craigbait, his fone, the sowme of Twentie mkis. &c. contenit in ane contract maid betuix the faid vmq^e Gabriell & pe defunct, of pe erop and yeir of God Jaj v^e & fiftie yeiris.” &c. This contract is curious, and seems to have been for the personal maintenance of the vicar.

“ M^r Mathow Birsbane, fone to vmq^e M^r Williame Birsbane perfone of Erskine deceiffit in the moneth of Feb. 1650 yeiris,” &c.—Test. Con. Feb. 7. 1652.—*Ibid.* He constitutes “ Helene Naper, his weilbeloved spons, and Joⁿ Birsbane, his eldest fone, his ex^{is}” &c. “ w^t his baill guidis and geir, to be diponed vpone as followis, viz. ffour thowfand mkis. p^of To his fone Willian Birsbane; and vp^t ffour thowfand mkis. p^of To his thrid fone, Mathow Birsbane, and Three thowfand mkis. To his dochter, Marie Birsbane,” &c. Amongst others, occur “ M^r Ro^t Naper of Kilcreugh & Alex. Naper, his brop^t, o^tfeers to his faidis bairnes,” &c. “ M^r Ro^t Birsbane, fone to Symone Birsbane of Selviland & Dauid Boill of Kelburne” are witnesses here. Helen Napier seems to have been daughter of the celebrated inventor of the Logarithms.

“ M^r W^m Thomfoune minister at Erskin” is a witness to the Test. of William Miller at Barscuib, dated Jan. 31. 1661. Con. Nov. 5 following.—*Ibid.*

west. It is a very noble barronie, extending to ane hundred merk land,—a great pairt wherof was long since given out to vassalls. It is a most singularly pleasant and well situat place; well planted with barren timber, and notable orchards and gardens; but in regard the Earles of Marr had their ordinary residence att Aloway, it was not so improven as the fynnes of the seat did deserve. It was purchased from the family of Marr by Sir John Hamiltone of Orbistoune, justice clerk and one of the senators of the coledge of justice, about the year Thirty eight [1638]; and is now sold by his grandchild to the Lord Blantyre, who haveing gott great sowmes of money from the Dutches of Richmond and Lennox, his coufine, he hath not only purchased this, but many other valuable lands.

There are some considerable gentlemen in this parish, who hold ther lands of this lordship of Arskine, as Brisbane laird of Bischoptowne, chief of his name, and lyeth upon Clyde; but in respect he hath not his residence att this place, butt in the parish of Larggs, in Cunninghamhe, att Brisbanetowne, the place hath not been improven suitable to the pleasantnes of it. And he hath lately subfewed it to John Walkinshaw.²

Schaw of Bargarran holdeth likeways of this lordship, and is repute

² The following entries relative to this family occur in the records last quoted:—

“ INUENT. om^m bonorum quond. Joannis Birsbane de Bischoptone, ab intestato decedentis in conflictu de Fawsyde, ex relatione et impositione [Joannis] Birsbane, eius filii legitimi et haered. fact. die xv. mens. Octobris, anno J^m v^r xlviij,” &c.

“ Annas Blair, spous to Johne Birsbane of Bischoptoun, deceift vntestit vpon the xvij day of March, 1608 yeiris,” &c. Test. Con. Feb. 2. 1609. This is “gevin vp be the said Johne, his spous, In name and behalf of Jonet, Griffell and Marie Birsbanes, bairnes lau” to the deid,” &c.

“ Robert Birsbane of Bischoptoun, deceift vntestit [within the parochin of Erskyne] vpone the day of Merch [1610].”—Test. Conf. Sep. 10. following. He appoints “ his bodie to be bureit, w^t his predicefforis, in pe Queir of the paroch kirk of Erskyn,” &c.

“ Jonet Stewart Lady Bischoptoun elder, wⁱn pe parochin of Lairgis pe tyme of hir deceis, deceift in the moneth of Nov. 1614 yeiris,” &c. Test. Con. May 6. 1615. This is dated “At the Reidhill, the fyift day of November, 1614;” and she nominates her son Hanniball Birsbane executor, &c.

“ Jeane Sempill, spous to Johne Birsbane of Bischoptoun,” deceased at Bishopton “ in the moneth of May, 1626.” Test. Con. Oct. 31. 1627. She left children “ Willame, Johne, James, Anna, & Barbara Birsbanes.”

“ Johne Brisbane of Bischoptoun deceift [wⁱn the brughe of Glasgow] in the moneth

ane old family; and is a tolerable good house and dwelling. Ther is many of this name of Schaw wittnesses in the cartularly of Pasley; whether they be of this family I cannot say, because they are only designd de Schaw.³

Brisbane of Rosland is also a vassal of this lordship.⁴

FREELAND is a pleasan seat in this parish, and a neat little house; but is Temple land.⁵

The lands of SOUTHBAR⁶ and NORTHBAR⁷ are both convenient seats.

of August, 1635."—Test. Con. Dec. 17. 1636. "Gevin vp be Johne Brisbane, now of Bischoptoun, In name and behalf of Marie Brisbane, lan^{ll} dochter to the defunct," &c.

" Robert Birsbane, sone law^{ll} to wmq^e Johne Brisbane of Bischoptoun," deceased [w'in the parochin of Pasley] Sept. 1645.—Test. Con. May 1. 1647. He married Elizabeth Lyone—contract dated Dec. 9. 1635—who survived him.—*Ibid.*

" Johne Birsbane, brother to pe laird of Bischoptoun [elder]," deceased [at Bischop-tone] in April, 1647.—Test. Con. July 18. 1648.

" Johne Birsbane younger of Bischoptone" deceased [at Bischop-tone] in May, 1649.—Test. Con. Aug. 16. following—"Gevin vp be Dame Marie Muire, relict of the defunct."

³ " Agnes Lennox, spous to Robert Schaw of Bargarren, deceift in the moneth of November, or p'yb, J^m v^e lxxxvij. yeiris."—Test. Con. March 28. 1612—*Ibid.* This bears to be "gevin vp be the said Robert, hir spous, In name and behalf of W^m Ro^r James, Agnes, and Elspeth Schawis, bairnes law^{ll} to the defunct," &c. And Robert Schaw of Bargarren occurs Feb. 1. 1623.—*Ibid.*

⁴ " Cristiane Stewart, spous to Mathow Birsbane of Rosland, deceift in the moneth of Dec. 1619."—Test. Con. Feb. 20. 1621.—*Ibid.* She left children, Mathow, Mr George, Robert, and Cristiane.

" Jonet Kelfo, spous to Johne Birsbane of Rosland, . . . deceift in the moneth of Feb. 1625."—Test. Con. Jan. 13. 1627.—*Ibid.* She leaves her "frie geir To her bairnes, Jonet, Elizabeth, Sara, Geillis, & George Birsbanes."

" Johne Birsbane of Rosland, &c. deceift in the moneth of Julij, 1634."—Test. Con. Feb. 4. 1635.—*Ibid.* "Gevin vp be Mathow Birsbane, eldest law^{ll} sone to the defunct," &c.

⁵ " John Freland of that Ilk, &c. deceift in the moneth of September 1629 yeiris." &c.—Test. Con. June 5. 1630.—*Ibid.* He nominates, &c. Mareoune Birsbane, his spouse, executrix, &c. His children named are Robert, who succeeded, James, and George.

⁶ John Maxwell fear of Southbar, deceased April, 1607; his wife, Jeane Hamilton, in the month of November preceding.—*Paisley Magazine*, p. 385. He left a son John, who probably succeeded his grandfather, Thomas Maxwell of Southbar. John Maxwell of Southbar appears April, 1651.—Conf. Oct. 10. 1651.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

⁷ According to Crawfurd, this was the seat of the Stewarts of Barscobe.

" John Stewart of Barfcube, Sibilla Edmestoun, his spous, & Ro^r Stewart p^r sone," ap-

The kirk of Arskine is ane laick patronage, and one of the kirks of the chapter of Glasgow; and the present heretour is both titular and patron—Mr _____ is present minister. He is master and heretor of the two considerable paſſages upon Clyde, one, called the Broad ferry, opposite to Dumbartone, and the other att Kilpatrick.

KILMACOLM.

This is a great parish, and feverall considerable heretors in it.¹ The firſt is the Earle of Glencairn, who lives att Finlaſtoun. This is ane very old and ancient family. Their old inheritance ſeams to have been att Kilmaurs, in Cunninghamame. They gott thir lands of Finlaſtoun, and Kilmarronock, by marrying of the daughter of Danielſtoun, in the time of King Robert the Third. It hath been many years the featt of this noble family. It is a pleafant dwelling, a fyne house, well planted, with good incloſures and gardens, lyand not far from the river of Clyde, a litle the oppofite of Dumbartone castle.

The prediceffors of this Earle are frequently mentioned in the cartulary of Pasley, wherein Fergus de Cunninghamame and Malcolm, his ſone and heir, reign all ther lands in Kilpatrick to Maldoven Earle of Lennox: and when that Earle diſpones these lands to Pasley, they are ſpecified, and called Dundrinnans; and Fergus is deſigned filius Cunninghamame. Immediately after, in the Inquest of feven men, about the lands of Monakinieran, Fergus filius Cuninghameis [appears], of the Junij a° 1233.

pear Dec. 1613.—Con. April 5. 1614.—*Ibid.* And John Stewart younger of Barscubie previously occurs, June, 1606.—Con. Jan. 8. 1607.—*Ibid.*—John Stewart elder, and Robert Stewart younger of Barscubie appear Sep. 1616.—Con. May 14. 1617.—*Ibid.*—Robert Stewart of Barscubie is cautioner in a Con. Dec. 14. 1625.—*Ibid.*—Robert Stewart of Barscubie and his lady, and Walter Stewart, his brother, appear in a Con. Feb. 4. 1635.—*Ibid.*—Robert Stewart of Barscubie occurs again in a Con. Oct. 10. 1651. Thomas Stewart fear of Barscubie married a daughter of John Wallace of Ferguslie.—*Ibid.*

¹ “ M' Daniell Cvnynghamie minister at Kilmacolme kirk” is a witness in the Test. of John Maxwell of Bulwryis, dated Oct. 18. 1595.—Con. inter 1602 et May, 1608.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* He is minister here 1615 and 1617.—*Ibid.*

Lastly, in a gift of a nett upon the watter of Leven by Earle Maldowin, this Fergus is designed filius Cunninghamame: all these under King Alexander Second.

Robertus, sone and heir of Sir Robert de Cuninghame, is wittnes in the confirmation of the lands of Inglishtoun by Thomas, sone of Adam Carpenterius; which is thought, by the co-wittnesses, John of Knox and Thomas of Fultown, to have been under King Alexander Third.

Sir James of Cuninghame is wittnes in a charter by Walter Stewart of Scotland of the kirk of Larggs to Paisley, dated the 3d of February, 1318.—Sir William de Cuninghame is wittnes in the confirmation of the lands of Thornly, 1404, wherein he is designed of Kilmars; as also in a permission by Sir John Blair to draw watter through his lands of Adamtoune, in Kyle, to the milne of Monktoune, quhairin he is designed Vicecomes de Air, 1390.

This man his succeffor was created Lord of Kilmarrs by King James the Second, in anno 1445. And his succeffor was created Earl of Glencairne by King James the Third, in anno 1488.

Ther was long a litigious debate between this Earle's succeffors and the Earles of Eglintoun for precedency; for albeit Glencairn was Earle 28 May, 1488, and Eglintoun only in anno 1506,—yet it was contended for Eglintoun, That by ane Act of parliament in the first year of King James the Fourth, that all honours conferred by King James the Third, after the 2 day of February, 1488 years, shoule be void; and that Glencairne could only pretend to the dignity of an Earle from the year 1525, that he gott ane new charter designing him Earle.

To this it was answered for the Earle of Glencairne, That by evidents produced for him, not only Alexander, bot his father [son], Robert, sone to Alexander Earle of Glencairne, who got the [title], is designed Earle, who lived only one year after his first patent and his father's death,—who was killed in the field with King James the Third [but which] could not prejudge him: For,

2^d By act of parliament, in the end of the year 1488, all the sones of these who were killed with King James the Third are allowed to be serv-ed heirs to ther fathers, they expeding ane warrant under the privy feall to the Director of the chancellary for granting of ther brieves

(which were to be granted gratis, but which quality is therafter dispensed with by ane subsequent act, appointing all brieves to be expedie in the common form, without any innovation). Lykeas, in the year 1489, many of these who had been with King James the Third, and received dignitrys from him, were continowed in publict imployments by his fone, some on the councill, some on the seffion, and some in the exchequer, viz. in the Black Acts, the Duke of Montros [Earle of Crawfurd], the Earle of Lennox, Lord Leill, Lord Borthwick; and Alexander Scott, clerk register, is restored the said year, 1489, and made a Lord of the exchequer; Robert Colvill of Hilltown, director of the chancellary—and William Hebron, vicar of Linlithgow, was removed and putt out of his place by his return.

^{3^o}

In the parliament held the 8th of November, 1505, Glencairne fitts Earle, and Eglintoun as Lord Montgomery; and in another federunt, the 3d of February, 1505 [1506] Glencairn fitts as Earle, and Eglintoun Lord, as was clear by the papers produced at that time.

Upon these and some other grounds, the Earle of Glencairn was preferred to the precedency, by a decret of the Lords of councill and seffion, in anno 1648.

What other estate belongs to this family is not here to be mentioned, as not lyand within this fhyre.²

West from Finlaystoun, lies NEWARK, which has been long the seat of a very considerable gentleman's family of the name of Maxwell, descended of the family of Calderwood, in Lanerkhyre. Thir lands of Newark did anciently belong to Danielstoun; and Calderwood having married the co-heir of that family gott these and many other lands with her. And gave thir lands of Newark to a seconf fone, in whose successors it became a very opulent and considerable family; so far as Sir Patrick Maxwell, late of Newark, left the estate of Newark to his eldest fone; the estate of

² “John Cvnynghame of Cambufkeithe, w'in the parochin of Kilmaris, . . . deceift in the moneth of Merche, 1628.”—Test. Con. July 17, following.—*Ibid.* He nominates “ Margaret Knox, his spous,” and others, “ his spciall guid freindis,” Tutouris, &c. to his children Johnie, Anna, Margaret, and Elizabeth Cunynghames; and appoints his “ boodie, eftir his deceis, to be bureit in the buriall place of James erle of Glenkairne, his father, w'in the paroch kirk of Kilmaris,” &c.

ACCOMPT OF THE

Blackstone to his seconde sone, the estate of Teilen to a third sone, and the estate of Cowhill to a fourth sone: and yet the family of Newark decayed in his grandchild's tyme; and it now belongs to Mr William Cochrane of Kilmaronock, brother to the Earle of Dundonald. It is a good house, situat cloſſ upon the river of Clyde, where ther is a convenient harbour, both for great ſhips and leſſer veſſels.³

Not long ago, the town of Glasgow purchased from the Laird of Newark ſome few acres of ground upon the bay of Newark, where they have builte ane very fine harbour and ſome very good houſes, both for dwellings, fallaradges and warehouſes, ſo as it is now the only place to which all veſſels tradeing to Glasgow comes. And it is now called New Glasgow, and is a place of much trade and reſort, eſpecially when the herring fishing falls to be in Clyde, for the river att this place is fyve or

³ The following representative of the family of Newark ſeems wholly to have escaped the notice of Mr Crawfurd. The time and tenor of this document might lead to a conjecture that the individual had perished in the unhappy carnage of Pinkie:—

“ TESTAMENTUM quond. Kentigerni Maxwell Dni. de New-werk, factum apud Kilma-colme, xj. menſis Julij, anno Dni. J^m v^e xlviij.” &c.

. . . . IN PRIMIS, Do & lego aiam. meam Deo Omnipotenti, &c. Corpusque meum ſepeliend. fore vbiq[ue] diſpoſuerit Deus: Et hos conſtituo & ordino meos executores, viz. Georgium Maxwell, meum filium et apparentem heredem, Elizabeth Lavmond, meam ſpon- fam, & Robertum Maxwell de Bulrois, &c.

In Dei none. Amen. I Mungow Maxwell of pe New Werk, haill in mynd and body, makis my teſtament in pis maner, I leyf my faule to God Almy'ty, and conſtitis and ordainis Elſpeth Lawmton, my wife, and Robert Maxwell of pe Bulrois, my eym, my exēcuto^{ri}s and Johne Maxwell of Dargavill o'man; and als, I leif pe foirſaid Robert Maxwell, my eym, tuto' to my eldeſt ſone, and guardian, be pe avife of the ſaid John, my eym: And als I leif my herſhip of Fawflane & Bolannik, pe quhilk pertenis to me, To Mariory Maxwell and Agnes Maxwell, my tway eldeſt dochteris; and ordainis my ſaid ſpous to mak pe expens of pe wynnynge of pe famin to pe law, and to gyde it q^u pe bairnis cum to perfite aige: And referris pe gevin vp of my gudis to my ſaid ex^{ri}s and compt buke. In witnes of pe quhilk thing, I have ſubſcrit. pis write, At Kilmacolme, day and yeir above writyn, Before pir witnes S^r Johne Robefone, George Flemyng of Kilmacolme, Jonet Maxwell, his ſpous, and Mathow Maxwell—MUNGOW MAXWELL of pe New Werk, w^t my hand,” &c.

John Maxwell of Dargavil, mentioned here, is probably the firſt of that branch. Crawfurd indeed derives them from Newark, but ſeems miſtaken in chronology. Our author may not have obtained materials relative to Dargavil. Some notices of this and other omissions may be ſupplied in the Appendix.

fix miles broad. This place is so increased with people, that they have now built ane church there, att which is present minister.

The next considerable heritor in this parish is the laird of Dowchill, or Porterfield of that Ilk, who enjoys a confiderable estate in this parish.

Thir lands of Dowchill did anciently belong to the Lord Leill, who was long a good family in thir pairts. Rodolphus de Infula, or de Leill, is wittnes in severall charters granted by King William, and mortifications of Innerkype and Mearns; and in ane mortification of two chalders meall for a priest to pray for the soull of Robert Bruce, by Walter sone of Allan.—William de Isle is wittnes in the charter of Old Patrick granted by Walter sone of Allan, dapifer.

He is designed Lord Leill in a grant of the fishing of Crooked-Shott to Pasley, 1452. Robert Lord Leill is wittnes in the erection of the town of Pasley in a burgh of barony by King James the Fourth, 1488. He is on of the Lords of Councill att the pronouncing of ane decree against Sir John Ross of Halkhead anent the lands of Auld Inglishtoun, 1490.

Not long after this, that family haveing decayed, the lands or lordship of Dowchill came to Porterfield of that Ilk. It is ane bigg old house, much of it of late having become ruinous; well planted with barren timber, but none of the pleasanteft seatts. Ther firname was anciently Porter, and are so designed witnessies in charters granted in the reign of King William. Thereafter, I find Robert Porter dominus de Porterfield confirms a mortification granted be Steven Porter, his father, 1399. And William Porter is wittnes in ane instrument betwixt Robert bishop of Glasgow and George abbott of Pasley, 1485.⁴

* * * * *

The house of Newark, a demi-fortified building and exhibiting much of the ornament of its time, is still preserved and partly inhabited. It stands on the margin of the water, close by Port Glasgow. Over the entrance is this inscription:—THE BLISSIN OF GOD BE HEIRIN, 1597. But part of it is certainly more ancient.

⁴ “Alexander Porterfeild apeirand of pat Ilk, &c. deceissit vpone pe fyift day of Julij, the yeir of God J^m vj^e & nyne yeiris, &c. gevin vp be Jeane Porterfeild, lau'full dochter to the deid, for hir self, and in name and behalff of Agnes, Mareoun, & Marie Porterfeildis, minoris, dochteris also to pe defunct, and exeo^{ri} datives,” &c.—Test. Con. Ang. 3. 1610.—*Ibid.*

The teinds of this parish did belong to the lordship of Pasley ; but the severall heritors have acquired their own teinds. The present minister is

KILALLEN.

This is no great parish.¹ It lyeth betwixt the parishes of Arskine, Kilmacolmb, Greenock, Kilbarchan, and Houftoun, in none of the choicest places of this countrey ; neither is ther any gentleman now resideing in this parish, except Barrochan, who hath been very long a distinct family of the name of Fleming. William Fleming of Barrochan was one of the arbiters betwixt the Abbott of Pasley and town of Ranfrew anent the customs, in anno 1488.²

" Willame Porterfeild of pat Ilk, w'in the parochin of Kilmacome, deceift in pe moneth of Octobre, the yeir of God 1616," &c.—Test. Con. 21 Dec. following.—*Ibid.* He constitutes " Gabriell, George, Mareoun, and Marie Porterfeildis, his oyes, his onlie ex*ris*" &c. And ordains " his bodie to be hureyt in honest and decent forme, w'ont pomp, in his awin buriall place at Kilmacolme,—q^uⁱ he ordanes to be buildit, as is agreit, w' all expeditiou. . . . Item, He levis, &c. To Daniell and John Porterfeildis, bairnes natural to vñq^{ue} Allex. Porterfeild, [his son,] equallie betwixt thame, to put thame to craftis, thrie hundrith mks. &c. Item, He levis To Allex. Porterfeild, his oy & appeirand air, his haill fylwer work and tymber work q^uⁱ he hes w'in his honfs of Dowchall and Glafgow." &c.

One of these young Ladies appears to have married Wallace of Johnston : see p.102, note.

¹ " Mr George Sempill minister at Killeland" appears Sep. 1606.—Test. Baird, Con. 1610.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* He is still minister here May, 1613.—Con. June 9. 1614.—*Ibid.* " Mr George Sempill, minister within the parochin of Pasley, [waik and aigit,] the tyme of his deceis, deceift in Julij, 1632."—*Ibid.* Possibly the same person.

² " Patrik Flemyn of Barruchane, younger, the laird of the ground," is a creditor in the Test. of James Flemyn in Lang-corslie, " within the fourtie mks. land of Barruchane," Feb. 1606. Con. June 9, following.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* And " Alex^c Flemyn of Barruchane" and " M^r James Flemyn, sone lan'full to the said Alex^c" are witnesses.

" Alexander Flemyn of Barrochane deceift in the monethe of September, 1622," &c. Test. Con. Feb. 1. 1623.—*Ibid.* This is " maid and gevin vp be Patrik Flemyn of Barrochane, In name and behalf of W^m, Archibald and Anna Flemyngis, lan'full bairnes to pe defunct, and ex*ris* dative," &c.

There is also in this parish the house of BOOGHALL, a considerable house, and was a separate family of the name of Fleming; but now belongs to the Earle of Dundonall, who doth not preserve the house.³

The tiends of this parish did also belong to the lordship of Pasley. M^r James Hutchisone is present minister.

GREENOCK.

About two miles down from Newark, upon the river of Clyde, is the house, town and parish of Greenock. This parish is of no old erection. But the Lairds of Greenock having given encouragement to build, leave and inhabite there, that the town so increased as the Laird was encouraged to build ane church there; and gott severall lands disjoyned from neighbouring parishes, which makes up this parish of Greenock.¹ And the town of Greenock is now erected in ane burgh of barronie; hath ane good harbour for vessels, and is become a place of considerable trade, and is like more and more to increase, as specially if the herring fishing continue in the river of Clyde: for as that fishing necessarily follows the fweaming of the herring, so when they fweam in Clyde or in the lochs adjoyning to it, as frequently they doe towards the end of the year, it occasions a confluence of many thousands of people to these pairts, which yearly continowes a considerable space.

¹ "Elizabeth Cwynghame Lady Barrochane & Agnes Campbell, hir dochter," appear in the Will of Charles Campbell of Horsclench, Dec. 1622. Con. Oct. 26. 1624.—*Ibid.*

³ "James Flemyn of Boghall, &c. deceift in the moneth of Oct. 1623.—Test. Con. July 11. 1625.—*Ibid.* "Gevin vp be Jonet Birsbane his relict, In name and behalfe of James, Frances, Anna, and Jeane Birsbanes [Flemyngs], p' lau" bairnes," &c.—"Johne Flemyng appeirand of Boghall" is a witness in the Test. of Robert Brisbane in Boghall, June 5. 1633.—Con. March 17, thereafter.—*Ibid.* And James Flemyn of Boghall appears April, 1651.—Test. Brisbane, Con. Oct. 10, following.—*Ibid.*

¹ Mr John Layng minister at Greenock appears in 1616.—Conf. Feb. 25. 1617.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* He deceased there "in the moneth of Februar, 1639 yeiris."—Test. Con. Dec. 25, following.—*Ibid.* The inventory of his effects is "maid and gevin vp be M^r James Lang, his eldest laufull sene, and ex' datine," &c.

The last Laird of Greenock, Sir John Schaw, did wonderfully augment his fortune, so as he left one of the best gentlemen's estate to his sone in all that country.

This family of Greenock is descended, not many ages since, of the family of Sawchy, in Clackmananshyre, and is repute the next heir male of that family ; and he hath lately purchased the estate of Sawchie. Ther is very expensive works lately built about the houfe, gardens and parks of Greenock, which exceedingly beautify the place ; and he hath singularly repaired and beutified the church.²

Near to the town of Greenock, is the town of Carsedyke, lyand upon the river of Clyde, a litle to the east of Greenock. It is erected in a burgh of barony, and hath a very convenient harbour for vessels. It belongs to the Laird of Carseburn, Crawford, who is brother sone to the Laird of Jordanhill, who hath a convenient houfe and dwelling ther, att CARSEBURN.—The town is mostly subfewed to merchands, seamen, or loadingmen, who have built very good houses in it ; and is a very thriving little place.³

² “ James Schaw of Grenok . . . deceift in the moneth of May, 1620.”—Test. Con. June 12. 1621.—*Ibid.* Bearing to be “ gevin vp be W^m Schaw, his lauⁿ sone, and ex^r datiu^e,” &c. William has escaped Mr Crawfurd.

³ The original family of Cartburn are said to have been derived from the Crawfords of Kilbirnie, as early as the reign of Mary. Of this race the subjoined notices occur in the above records :—

“ David Craufurde of Cartisburne” is a creditor in the Will of John Maxwell of Bulwryis, Oct. 1595, of “ pe sowme of twelf merkis money a.rent, yeirlie, to be vplifit and tane furth of the xl s. land of Bulwryis,” &c.—Con. inter 1602 et May, 1603.

“ Test. &c. of Patrik Craufurd elder of Cartisburne . . . maid, &c. the tent day of Maij, 1605 yeiris.”—Con. about Feb. 1606. His children mentioned are : Dauid, his eldest son ; James Craufurd in Hagtounhill and Williame Craufurd in Schawis, his sones lawⁿ his ex^r; vmo^e John Craufurd in Cass — —, his sone lawⁿ (left children) ; Johne [?] Crawford in Ardgowan, his sone also. Daughters,—Nans, spous to James Hamiltoun of Peill; Marionn, spous to [Hew?] Craufurd in Banochray; and Margaret, spous to Dauid Boill in Lairgis (Sara and An Boillis there children are mentioned).

“ Mr Patrik Craufurd of Cartisburne” appears April, 1613.—Con. Edie, April 25. 1614. And he deceased “ in the moneth of Februar, 1630.”—Test. Con. Feb. 21. 1631. Which was “ gevin vp be Malcolm Craufurd of Newtoun, Tuto^r to Dauid Craufurd, sone lawⁿ to the defunct,” &c.

GOUROCK. This place lyeth two miles down Clyde below Greenock. It apertains to Sir William Stewart of Castlemilk. He has here a convenient house, and a thriving little town upon the shore, where he hath built a very fyne and secure harbour for vessels. And though this be a very convenient place, yett in regard he lives att Castlemilk, in the sherrifdom of Lanerk, it is not so improven as it might be. This gentleman his prediceſſor was a ſone of the family of Darnly, in the tyme of King Robert the Second; and hath continuowd a diſtinct family of good reputacion ſinceyne.

And, by a treaty betwixt the Commissioners of both kingdoms upon the Borders, on the 19 Junij, 1398, Sir William Stewart of Castlemilk is appoynted one of the guardians for preſerving the peace of the Borders. And upon the 19 day of Junij, 1414, Sir William Stewart of Castlemilk is ane wittnes in the mortification granted by Arch. E. of Douglas of the lands of Cathkin and miln of Orbistoun to the provoſtry of Bothwell; and in the chartour granted by him to William Park of Gilbertfield he is also ane wittnes, called Sir William Stewart of Castlemilk.

The teinds of this parish belonged to the lordſhip of Pasley; and the present minifter is

HOUSTON.

This parish doeth almoft all appertain to the Laird of Houston. It lyes betwixt the parishes of Kilmacolm, Killalen, Arfkine, and Kilbarchan.

Ther is no gentleman in this parish, befide the Laird of Houston; fo it is repute very old. And the house of Houston is a very greatt old houſe, exprefſing both the greatness and antiquity of its owners. It hath been much improved and finished of late; and is a very conſiderable and

Malcolme Crawfurd of Cartisburne is in the Will of Hamilton of Aickinheid, 1633. And " M^r Thomas Craufurd fone law^l to wmq^l Malcolme Craufurd of Cartisburne . . . deceit [in Glasgow] in the moneth of Apryll, 1648. . . . gevin up be Anna Craufurd, fister germane to the defunct," &c. " Item, The defunct being . . . ane young man, wmaried, & ſtudent in Glaſgow, had no guidis, &c. except allanerlie ane eifter w^t ſome kitſ & buikis w^t pe abuilyement of his body, estimat to xl li.—Con. Nov. 2, following.

convenient dwelling, and now belongs to Sir John Houstone of that Ilk, knight baronet, a man of a great and opulent fortune. The place is well planted with barren timber, with good gardens and inclosures.

This family is come of Baldwin de Bigeris, who is wittnes in the first mortification by Walter, dapifer, the founder of Paisley; and in the mortification of the kirks of Innerweek and Legerwood; as also in the kirks of Stragryph; and the kirk of Inverkype; and in severall other charters, all in the reign of King William. And in the confirmation by that king of lands [granted] by Walter, the founder, to Ricardus, filius Heugonis. Of this filius Heugonis proceedes the firname of Hewstone, as appears by ane agreement made anent the lands of Auchinhofe, quhairin he is designed filius Heugonis, & miles, 1225, and in the 11 year of Alexander Second,—in whose reign he is severall times wittnes, as in the exchange of Killington for Inverweek, and in the first mortification of the house of Sempryngham. This Hugo is wittnes to the surrender of the kirk of Neilstoune by Robert Crock in the reign of Alexander Second.—Alexander, filius Heugonis, is in the inquest of the lands of Monakinaran, befyde Killpatrick, in the year 1233, in the reign of King Alexander Second.¹

¹ “ Jo^p Houstoun of p^t Ilk deceift in pe moneth of Junij, 1609.”—Test. Con. 1611-12.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* Ordaining his “ bodie to be bureyt wⁱn pe Queir of Houstoun, wⁱ his parentis;” and his “ eldest sone to be governit be my Lord Duik of Lennox, and to serve him as his prediceffouris hes evin servit pe houfe of Lennox.” His “ twa bretherin, M^r Petir and James,” to oversee his tenants, “ and to gang wⁱ thame in our Kingis service, and in my freindis adois, as falbe neceff^v vpone my awin expensis.”

Mr Crawford states that this John had three brothers, *Patrick* of Colt, Mr Peter of Wester Southbar and James. “ Patrik Houstoun my [his] brother naturall” is a witness in the above, whilst he nominates “ Mr Peter and James Houstouns, my [his] twa bretherein” to give “ affistance and advys” to Margaret Stirling, his wife, and “ onlie exeo^{ris} &c.

“ Jonet Cvnynghame Lady Houstoun, &c. deceift in Julij, 1607.”—Test. Con. 1612.—*Ibid.* In the inventory occurs:—“ To Waltir Dennistoun of Colgrain, her sone in law, restand of her [his] tocher-guid, the sowme of Twelft hundrith pundis money.”—“ James Houstoun, brother germane to vñq^e S^r Johne Houstoun of that Ilk,” occurs May 4. 1624.—Con. of that date.—*Ibid.*

“ Margaret Stirling, relict of vñq^e Johne Houstoun of that Ilk, deceift [in Killairne] in the moneth of August, 1626,” &c.—Test. Con. April 15. 1629.—*Ibid.* “ Gevin vp be S^r Lodouick Houstoun of that Ilk, kny^t law^{ll} sone to pe defunct,” &c.

The tiends of this parish did belong to the lordship of Paisley. The present minister is

KILBARCHAN.

This is a confiderable parish; is bounded by Lochwhinyeoch to the southwest, Paisley to the south, Houftone to the north and northwest.

The confiderable heritors in this parish are: William Cunningham of Craigens, lyand upon the watter of Gryph; a good house, well planted, and a convenient dwelling. He is linealy descended of a lawful brother of the family of Glencairn.²

In this parish is also the old, and now decayed house of RAMPHORDLY, belonging to Knox of Ramphordly, a very old family. John of Knock is frequently a wittnes in the writts of the monasterie of Paisley,

² " Gabriel Sempill of Catheart killed William Cuningham of Craigends in 1534."—*Paisley Mag.* 318.—" Egidia Campbell Dna. de Craigans" occurs April 16. 1552.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

" Gabriel Cvnynghame, bruder germane to Alex' Cvnynghame of Craiganis" witnesses the Will of John Maxwell of Bulwryis, Oct. 1595.—*Ibid.*

" Alexander Cvnynghame of Craigans and Daviid Cvnynghame of Robertland" are tacksmen of the teinds of Kilmars, 1599, and several subsequent years.—*Ibid.*

" Elizabeth Cvnynghame, spous to Alex' Cvnynghame laird of Caigance," deceased in January, 1614.—Test. Con. Sep. 7, following.—*Ibid.* " Maid, &c. be the faid Alex' his relict, In name & behalf of Wm Cvnynghame, their lau'full sone, Exeo' datiu," &c.

" Allex' Cvnynghame of Craigance, &c. deceift in pe moneth of Merche, 1615."—Test. Con. Sep. 3. 1617.—*Ibid.* " Wm Cvnynghame apperand of Craigenis, his sone, his onlie ex" &c.

" Wm Cvnynghame, brother to vñq^{le} Allex' Cvnynghame of Craigance," occurs July, 1623.—Test. Danuid Flemyn, sone to vñq^{le} George Flemyn of Covanie, Con. Nov. 25, following.—*Ibid.*

" Elizabethe Stewart, spous to Wm Cvnynghame of Craigance," deceased July, 1620.—Test. Con. Jan. 22. 1623.—*Ibid.*

" Williame Cvnynghame elder of Craigance, Williame Cvnynghame fear of Craigance, and Archibald Cvnynghame, sone to the Laird of Craigance," appear in the Will of Hamilton of Aickinheid, 1633.—*Ibid.*

" Williame Cvnynghame of Craigence, &c. deceift in the moneth of July, 1647."—Test. Con. Dec. 1, following.—*Ibid.* " Maid, &c. be Alex' Cvnynghame now of Craigence, ex' datiu, furrogat," &c.

" Wm Cvnynghame, brother germane to the laird of Craigance," occurs Dec. 7. 1653.—*Ibid.*

1265, 1270, 1284, 1380, 1466, and 1488. But because the house and family are both decayed, and the estate belongs to the Earle of Dundon-ald, we must leave it there.³

JOHNSTOUNE. This is a very pleasant and desireable place, not far from the watter of Black Carth ; a good old house ; good old planting, gardens and inclosures. It formerly belonged to the Wallaces of Johnstoun, but now to George Houftone, brother to the Laird of Houftone, who hath much improven both the dwelling and fortune.⁴

AUCHINAMES, belonging to Crawford of Auchinames. This is repute

³ “ Euphame Galbraith, relict of vñq^e Jo^a Knok of Renfurlie, &c. deceift in the moneth of Merche, 1606 yeiris, or p^bby, untesfit : ffayfullie maid, &c. be Patrik Knok, hir lawfull sone, exeo^r datine, decernit, &c. the xx day of Dec. 1611,” &c. INVENTAR.—Item, The said vñq^e Euffame, being ane auld aigit woman, of fourseoir yeiris aige, or p^bby, had na vp^r guidis nor geir, except,” &c. [some trifling debts due by the tenants].—*Ibid.*

⁴ William Wallace of Johnestone occurs in the year 1602.—Test. Ros in Nethir Halkheid, Con. inter Dec. 1605 et Feb. 13. 1606.—*Ibid.*

“ Margaret Stewart, spous to Williame Wallace of Johnnestoun,” &c. deceased in June, 1609.—Test. Con. Sep. 5. 1610.—*Ibid.* Her husband's children seem to have been by a former marriage.

“ Williame Wallace of Johnestoun, &c. deceift in Julij, 1612.”—Test. Con. May 4. 1613.—*Ibid.* He appears to have been succeeded by his son, James Wallace, who did not long survive—a younger son was minister of Eastwood. In the inventory is marked: “ Item, Sevin cuttit esche tries, lyand besyf pe place of Johnestoun—pryce of pame all, Sevin pund.”

“ James Wallace of Johnestoun, &c. deceift in Januar, 1617.”—Test. Con. Nov. 32, following.—*Ibid.* This is “ maid, &c. be Margaret Lindfay, his spous, In name and behalf of Ro^t, Jo^a, Elizabeth, and Jeane Wallaces, bairnes lau” procreat betuix thame,” &c. In the inventory occurs: “ Allex^r Porterfeild of that Ilk, restand of Tocher, promefit in mariage w^t Agnes Porterfeild, his fifter, and W^m Wallace of Johnestoun, iij^m ij^c li.” William succeeded.

“ Johne Wallace [brother of vñq^e James Wallace of Johnstoun] ane of the baillies of Paislay, &c. deseift in Aprile, 1617.—Test. Con. Sep. 5, following.—*Ibid.* His wife, Margaret Algeo, survived. Their children are “ Rob^r, Johne, W^m, Brys, Hew, James, and Mareoun Wallaces.” The baillie appears to have been a dealer in wine, and to have possessed a “ Taverne” in Paisley.—Robert Wallace of Leitchland, baillie of Paisley, &c. evidently son of John, deceased in Nov. 1646.—Test. Con. May 26. 1647. Jonet Hamilton, his wife, died July, 1644. They appear not to have left any children. Hew Wallace, baillie of Paisley, and Brys Wallace, “ his brotheris germane,” are executors of both.—Con. *Ibid.*

“ Jeane Porterfeild, relict of vñq^e Robert Hamiltone of Torrence,” who died Dec. 1658, leaves in legacy “ To Jeane Wallace, dochter to wñq^e W^m Wallace, sometyme of Johnestoun, ane hundred merkis.”—Con. Feb. 7. 1659.—*Ibid.*

to be ane very old family, and hath sometimes contended for the chiefship of that cland. But in regard they have not been in use to dwell here, but at Corsbie, in Cunninghamhe, this place hath been neglected. It is ane old towr houſe, and no great improvement about it.

Robert of Crawford of Auchinames is one of the oversmen in the submiffion betwixt the Abbott of Paisley and town of Renfrew, 1488.⁵

FULLWOOD. This is a very pleasant and convenient dwelling, being the featt of the Laird of Fullwood, Semple, who are said to be old ; for William Semple of Fullwood is wittnes to the donation of the fishing of Crockedshott by Robert Lord Leill to the monaſterie of Paisley, 1452.—John Semple of Fulwood is one of the Arbiters betwixt the Abbott of Paisley and town of Ranfrew, anent the customs.⁶

⁵ Patrik Craufurd of Auchinames appears March, 1613.—Con. Stevin, Aug. 17. 1615.—*Ibid.* And seems to have been possessed of Crosbie, in Cunninghamhe.—“ Margaret Houſtoun, relict of vñq^e Williame Craufurd of Auchinames, &c. deceit in May, 1642.”—Test. Con. Dec. 3. 1644.—*Ibid.* She constitutes “ Patrik Craufurd of Anchinames, Elizabeth Craufurd, hir loveing bairne, & Elizabethe Naper, hir oy, &c. ex^{is}” and ordains her “ corps to be bureid amang the Faithfull, with hir faid hufband at Kilbarchane, vpon the chairges efterſpecifeit,” [viz. “ the fowme of Thrie hundrith mks. money, loyng beſyd me, to be taken and beſtowit vpon my faid honest buriall.”] Johne How of Damptone is a witness to this deed.

“ Patrik Craufurd of Auchinames, w'in the parochin of Largs [at Crosbie, now annexed to Kilbryde] the time of his deceis, deceifſit in the moneth of Jan^r 1649 yeiris.—Test. Con. May 12, following. He constitutes “ Jeane Craufurd, his loveing spous, ex^{is}” &c. His children appear to have been : William, who succeeded ; John ; Mr Hew ; Patrik ; James, “ no*ius publicus*,” and Robert, designed of “ Nap^r Maynes.” “ Robert Huntare yo^r of Hunterſtone, his ſone in law,” appears as a witness.

“ The last vestige of the old Auchinames castle was barbarously erased by a new proprietor, to make way for his new house, within these two years.”—*Paisley Mag.* p. 316. pub. June 2. 1828. And the Editor complains of a similar “ barbarity” having been committed on the old castle of Cochrane, at a period almost as recent. We fear the catalogue might be fearfully swelled by a very little inquiry. But the time is surely not far distant when these gentlemen must learn that in these monuments their own advantage is inseparably united with that of the national interest ; and that such relics, however ruinous or unshapely they may seem to be, possess an attraction which it were vain to hope to supplant by any embellishment whatever.

⁶ “ INUENTARIUM, om^m bonorum quond. Ro^d Symple de Fulwod, infra paro. de Dunbartane, qui obiit die nono mensis Decembris, a^e etc. l. [1550], &c.

Thir lands belong now to Alexander Porterfield, brother to the Laird of Dowchill, alias Porterfeild of that Ilk.

INVERKYPE.

This parish lyes upon the coast fide, betwixt the parishes of Greenock and Larggs.¹ It doeth now for most paire appertain unto Sir Archibald Stewart of Blackhall, baronet, who hath here a very good house; well planted with fyne gardens and inclosures. He is linealy descended of a naturall sone of King Robert the Third; and gott the barrony of ARGOWAN, which is his meffuage, from that King.

Besides which, his prediceffors had acquired severall other lands in this parish, as the lands of DUNROAD, which belonged to Lindsay of Dunroad, whose prediceffor is believed to be that Lindsay who was with King Robert Bruce when he killed John Cumin in the kirk of Dumfrise, which is the more probable because not long thereafter he gott an hundred merk land in the parish of Kilbryde, in Clydesdale.

Blackhall acquired also the lands of FLATTERTOUN,² CHRIST-

. . . . Qd. ego Robertus Symple de Fulwod, &c. condo testa^m meum in hunc modum : IN PRIMIS, Do et lego animam Deo, &c. Corpusque meum sepeliendum in Insula Diui Jacobi, infra ecclesiam paro. de Dunbartane, &c. Et hos constituo meos exere^{cti} Johannem Symple, meum fratrem germanum, Jonetam Buchquannane, meam sponsam, &c. superiores, &c. Item, Lego Kath. Symple, mee forori juniori, ij^e meas. &c. Conditum erat hoc pns-testa^m per os decedentis, apud Edinburt, tempe. sui deceffii a Scotia in Galliam, &c. Con. vlt. No^{bris} a^v lj.—*Ibid.*

John Dennestone of Colgraine, who deceased July, 1655, nominates his “worthie freindis and kinfmen, &c. W^m Sempel of Fulwoode, his father in law, Jo^a Sempel feare p^rof, his eldest sone, &c. tuto^r to his children,” &c.—Test. Con. Dec. 19, following.—*Ibid.*

¹ Mr Thomas Younger was minister at Innerkip, Dec. 1611—April 1623.—*Com. Rec.* Glas. “Tobias Younger, sone to vng^t Mr Thomas Younger” is a witness in the Will of Dougal Bannantyne, Nov. 28. 1623.—*Ibid.*

“ M^r Jo^m Hamilton minister at Innerkip” appears May, 1626.—*Ibid.* He was still minister here in 1634.—*Ibid.*

² “ James Craufurd of Flattertoun” appears Dec. 1611.—*Ibid.*

WALL,³ and severall other lands in that [this] parish ; besides considerable other lands in the neighbouring parishes of this shyre.

Ther is also in this parish the lands of KELLY, belonging to Bannatine of Kelly, situate near to the shoar ; a reasonable good dwelling.⁴

" James Craufurd younger of Flattertoun, &c. deceift in the moneth of October, 1621" Test. Con. May 20. 1628.—*Ibid.* This is " gevin vp be Johnne Craufurd, his lau^{ll} brother, In name and behalf of Archibald Craufurd, sone to the defunct," &c.

" James Craufurd of Flattertoun, &c. deceift in the moneth of Aprile, the yeir of God 1629."—Test. Con. Dec. 10. 1632.—*Ibid.* He, " being of guid age, feik in bodie, bot haill in mynd & spirit," &c. " constitutis his weilbelouit spous, Jeallis Schaw, his onlie ex^{rii}" &c. And " ordains, &c. That all his guidis, &c. be distribute and delt amangis Ard. Bryce, James, Williame, Jeane, & Elspeth Craufurdis, bairnes lau^{ll} procreat betwixt him and the said Jeallis, his spous," &c. James the younger may have been of a previous marriage ?

James Craufurd of Flattertoun witnesses the Will of Stewart of Christiswoll, 1631.—*Ibid.*

Mr Duncan MacLouis, alias Fullarton, minister at Glendaruall, married a daughter of James Craufurd of Flatterton, by Agnes daughter of Fraser of Knok, and had issue.—CRAWFURD'S *Hist. of the Crawfords*, MS. Ad. Lib. Mr John Fullarton, bishop of Edinburgh, was probably descended of this marriage. See KEITH'S *Catal.* last ed. p. 525.

³ " Robert Stewart of Chrystiswoll and James Stewart, his eldest sone," are witnesses in the Test. of the Laird of Bishopton, Jan. 16. 1610.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* And " Allex^r Stewart, secund lan^{ll} sone of Robert Stewart of Crystwoll," witnesses that of the Laird of Kellie, May 5. 1626.—*Ibid.*

Robert Stewart of Chrystiswoll, &c. deceased October, 1631.—Test. Con. Oct. 3. 1633.—*Ibid.* He nominates " Elspethe Muir, his spous, James and Alex^r Stewartis, his sones, his onlie ex^{rii}" &c. And he leaves " in Legacy to the Seffionne & kirk of Innerkip, to be imployit be pame, ad pios v fus, as they fall think expedient, the fowme of Ane hundrith muis. money." He seems to have been succeeded by his son James.

⁴ James Bannantyne of Kellie appears in 1612.—*Ibid.* " Hew Bannantyne failler, brother to the Laird of Kellie, &c. deceift Nov. 1614."—Test. Con. Jan. 13, following.—*Ibid.* He [being aye young man unmarriet] " nominatis Dowgall & William Ballantynes, his breth", his ex^{rii}" &c. Agnes, his sister, is also named.—Williame Ballantyne, brother to James Ballantyne of Kellie, deceift Dec. 1614.—Test. Con. Feb. 4. 1615.—*Ibid.* He appears not to have been married.—" Dowgall Bannantyne in Ovirtoun [in Innerkip], &c. deceift in Dec. 1623."—Test. Con. April 6, following.—*Ibid.* His wife, Mareonn Or, survived.

" James Bannantyne of Kellie, &c. deceift in the monethe of Merche, 1628 yeiris," &c.—Test. dated May 5. 1626. Con. May 23. 1828.—*Ibid.* He nominates his " weilbelouit spous, Jonet Crawfurd, ex^{rii}" &c. and his " sone, feare of Kellie, Johne Bannantyne," with others, is named an overseer. He leaves to his " eldest dochter Jeallis Ane thowfand muis." and to his " vther twa dochteris [not named], everie ane of pame, fyve hundrith li." &c.

" Mathow Bannantyne [younger?] Laird of Kellie" occurs about 1615.—*Ibid.*

* * * * *

The tiends of this parish were also a pairt of the lordship of Pasley.
The present minister is

LOCHWHINYEOCH.

This is a great parish. The most considerable heritor in it is the Lord Semple, who hath long kepted ther residence att the house of Castle Semple, situat upon ane fresh watter loch, near three miles long, and half ane mile broad, called Lochwhinyeoch or the Loch of Castle Semple. The house is very old, to which there are now added some very good lodgeable rooms. It is well planted with barren timber, and good inclosures. The loch belongs in property to the Lord Semple, who lately indeavouring to drain it, hath recovered great quantitys of meadow ground along the head and fides of it, and it is thought that ther may be yet more gained of it.

This hath been long a family of good estimation. His predeceffors gott from King Robert Bruce all the lands in the parish of Larggs which

James Banatyne, brother to Kellie, married a daughter of Robert Boyd of Portincross, by his wife Jeane Montgomery, daughter of Sir Robert Montgomery of Skelmurlie,—CRAWFURD's *Gen. Col. MS. Ad. Lib.* “Jeane Montgomerie, spos to Robert Boyd of Portincors, &c. deceift Dec. 1621.”—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

⁵ The account of this parish would seem to be amongst the least perfect of our anthon's descriptions, though there are no doubt omissions in all. The lands of Lunderston appear to have been in the hands of small portioners, holding of the crown, shortly after the Reformation:—These little lairds, in all likelihood, were previously church vassals. “ Johne Crytfiwall younger, ane of the portioneris of Lunderstoun,” deceased in 1606; and James Jamesoun another of these “portioneris” appears in 1615.—*Ibid.* “ Johnne Hyndman in Lunderstoun, w'in the parochin of Innerkip, &c. deceift October, 1612.”—*Test. Con. Jan. 3. 1614.—Ibid.* “Gevin vp be Elisoun Scheirer, his spos, In name & behalf of Archibald, Hectour, Violat, Jonet, Kathrein, Margaret, & Mareoun Hyndmanis, law^u bairnes to pe defunct,” &c. “ Alexander Hyndman,” probably John's successor, “ Joⁿ Crefwall and James Tailyeonr, all portioneris of Lunderstoun,” occur May 22. 1646.—*Ibid.*

These notices have some slight interest in reference to the labours of a late historian of Renfrewshire; in whose pages certain of these humble portioners have assumed a dignity which even the ingenuity of a Chatterton could hardly have equalled. But another Saltfoot Controversy would doubtless here be out of place.

formerly belonged to John Balliol ; and accordingly the lands of Southennan in that parish hath appertained to that family since.¹

Robert Semple is wittnes in ane agreement between the monasterie of Pasley and the town of Ranfrew, 1313 ; and in the collation of the kirk of Larggs, 1318. And William Semple is wittnes in the ratification of Kilpatrick granted be Malcolm Earle of Lennox, 1330.

His prediceffor was nobilitat by King James the Third in the last year of his reigne, 1488. William [John] Lord Semple is one of the a^ctorneys for Robert abbott of Pasley, 1497.—He is designed nobilis et potens dominus, Gulielmus dominus Semple, in ane infestment of the fishing of Lynbryne, granted be John Earle of Lennox to Pasley, 1521.—John Semple is also wittnes to the Laird of Lamond his quitting of the patronage of Killinan [Kilfinan] to Pasley ; and to the licensse to few lands about Pasley, 1488.

The Lord Semple and his prediceffors were long heretale sherriffs of the sherriffdome of Ranfrew ; and heretale baylies of the regality of Pasley, which they parted with as above.

Ther was here ane collegiatt kirk founded by this family, called the Provestry of Castle Semple, to which the tiends of Glaffoord, in Clydefdale, and some land in Farnyayes were annexed.

The monasterie of Pasley had the fourtie pound land of Glenns in this parish, all now fewed out by the Earles of Abercorn and Dundonall ; are now holden of the Earle of Dundonall.

BARR is in this parish, belonging to Hamltone of Barr ; a pleasant featt, and a tolerable house ; situat not far from the loch.²

¹ The lands of Southannan were annexed to the parish of Kilbryde about the year 1650.

“ Dame Hamiltoun, spons to ane nobill Lord, Hew Lord Sempill, &c. deceift [at Southendand] in the moneth of Junij, 1619,” &c.—Test. Con. July 6. 1621.—Com. Rec. Glas. Which bears to he “ maid, &c. be the said Hew Lord Sempill, In name and behalf of Mareoune & Anna Sempillis, lanfull bairnes to pe defunct,” &c.

² Our author, it will be perceived, though mild withal, is still a clansman in the spirit of the day. The more ancient family of Glen of Bar appears to have held these lands off the monastery of Paisley. They are part of the lordship of Glen, whence possibly the vassal derived his cognomen—it may be in virtue of an office? Crawfurd gives a very satisfactory notice of this family. “ James Glen of the Bar and his sones,” who leagued with the Ha-

Ther are very many other heritors in this parish, and almost all of them hold of the Earle of Dundonall.

The Lord Boyd hath Gavin and Risk in this parish. The Laird of Ralftoun hath the lands of Auchingown. Blackhall hath also some lands in this parish.

The tiends of this parish belonged to the abbacie of Paisley. Dundonall is both now titular and patron; and [John] Paisley is present minister.

NEILSTOUN.

This parish lyes betwixt the parishes of Paisley, Mairns, Dunlop, and Beith.¹ It is no great parish. But the considerablest interest in it did belong to the family of Lennox, as lords of Darnley; and was, a considerable time fince, sold to the Earle of Dundonall, who hath fince fewed out the same to the tennants.

* * * * *

Muir of Caldwell his house is in this parish: ane old and considerable family, lineally descended from Muir of Abercorn. The dwelling is well planted with barren timber; bot the house is become ruinous. It now belongs to an aires.²—The ANN. OF SCOT. p. 10 & 11. [Sic]

miltons, seem to have been prisoners in the castle of Spynie at the Treaty of Perth, 1573.—*Bannat. Jour.* 459.

“ Willame Glen of Bar, &c. deceift in the moneth of Januar, 1608.”—Test. Con. Aug. 24. 1614.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* “ Gevin vp be Danid Glen, law^{ll} brother to pe defunct, and ex^r dative,” &c. In the inventory occur:—“ Item, To James Glen, his servand gentilman, of fie, the said yeir [1607], xx li. To John Glen, of fie, xij li.” &c. “ Johne Hamilton of Wodhall his airis and exeo^{rs}” occur as debtors, “ restland of his Tocher guidis, v^e xxxij li. vj s. viij d.” It is obvious Glen had married one of the ladies of Woodhall, but seems to have left no issue. “ Allex^r Glen of Bar” occurs in 1616.—Conf. April 15. 1617.—*Ibid.*

¹ “ M^r Andro Law minister at pe kirk of Neilstoun” appears Nov. 25. 1606; again, Jan. 1618.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

² There is an elaborate account of this family in the last edition of the History of Renfrewshire, said to be by Mr Riddle.

“ Will^{ll} M^r frat. dni de Caulduoll” occurs in the Test. of Jonet Stewart Lady Culyane, Dec. 3. 1551.—*Ibid.* Said to be ancestor of Glanderston.

Muir of Glanderstoun, a cadie of this family of Caldwall, is in this parish. It is a good house, lately built; well planted, and good inclosures. The present heritor is William Muir of Glanderstoun, next heir to the family of Caldwell, after the present lady heires, who hath no children.³

Cowdown is in this parish. It long appertained to the Spruiles; is well planted. One of this family, Walter Spruile, was feniscall to Malcolm Earle of Lennox; and threatened with excommunication upon his

" Barbara Preftoun, spous to Robert Muir of Cauldwoll, &c. deceift September, 1607.—Test. Con. March 16. 1616.—*Ibid.* "Gevin vp be pe said Robert, In name and behalf of Robert Muir, his naturall fone [?], exeo' datine surrogat," &c. And "Bo' Muir, fone lau^{ll} to pe said Robert Muir of Cauldwoll," is a witness.

" James Muir fear of Cauldwell, &c. deceift [w'in the parochin of [West] Kilbryde] in the moneth of Apryle, 1617 yeiris."—Test. Con. Oct. 17. following.—*Ibid.* Which is dated At Knokewart, his dwelling house. And he "ordanes, &c. his wyff, Margaret Muir, ex^{is} &c. and to posses the baill land befoir mentionat, viz. the Newlandis, Kapilrig, Kowdames, and Knokewart, by & atto' hir thrid," &c. He left a son and severall other children—Mareoun, his daughter, is named. "Alex^r Muir, brother to Robert Muir of Cauldwell" is a witness; and he directs his son to give to his "vnkle, Rob^r Muir, fourscoir mkis. efter his fatheris deceis, in pensioune."

" Margaret Muir, daughter lau^{ll} to vmb^{le} James Muir of Cauldwoll [ane young woman, of the aige of xij yeiris, or p^rby] &c. deceift w'in the town of Glasgow, Aug. 1624."—Test. Con. July 24. 1628.—*Ibid.* "Gevin up be Issobell Muir, lau^{ll} sifter to pe de-funct."

The marriage of the Laird of Caldwell, whose father died in the country's service, was ordered by the parliament, Aug. 5. 1641, to be past gratis.—*Bal. Ann.* III. 29.

" Robert Muir of Cauldwoll, &c. deceift" January, 1644.—Test. Con. Aug. 9, following.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* "Maid, &c. be Euphame Muir, sifter germane to the defunct, and ex^{is} &c. "Item, The said vmb^{le} Robert Muir of Cauldwoll, being ane young man, vnma-reid, & in houhaulde & family w^t the said Jeane Knox, his mother, had na guidis," &c.

" Margrat Mure, relict of vmb^{le} James Mure of Cauldwall, &c. deceift [in Glasgow,] in the moneth of No^r 1644 yeiris."—Test. Con. June 4. 1645.—*Ibid.*

" Vmb^{le} Jeane Knox Lady Cauldwall" is named in the Will of John Maxwell, bur-gefs of Glasglow , 1648.—Con. Nov. 26. 1649.—*Ibid.*

³ "Jeane Blair, spous to Williame Mure of Glanderstoun, &c. deceift in , 1606,"—Test. Con. inter 1610 et Feb. 1611.—*Ibid.* She nominates her husband executor; "And levis hir pairt of the houll guidis, &c. To Jeane Myre, hir onlie dochter, bairne lauchfullie procreat betuix pame," &c. She also ordains her husband "to haif the enftodie of the said Jeane; and to be o'fein be Gavine Blair of Halie, hir bruder," &c. "Item. Scho levis ane kow To Barbara Myre, dochter naturall to hir said husband."

account, 1294. Thir Spruiles are severall tymes thereafter mentioned in the cartulary of Pasley. But the family is now decayed, and the estate belongs to the Earle of Dundonall.³

LITTLE CALDWALL, or Caldwall of that Ilk, was repute old in this parish. It is a tolerable good houfe and featt, and is lately acquired by the Earle of Dundonall.⁵

Wallace of Neilstounside hath a reasnable good house and dwelling in this parish.

* * * * *

The tiends of this parish belonged to the lordship of Pasley. The Earle of Dundonall is prefent titular and patron, and is minister.

MAIRNS.

This is a considerable lordship and parish; and hath Neilstoun and Eastwood to the north, northeast and northwest; Killbryde in Clydefdale to the east; Eglisham to the southeast; and Stewarton to the southwest.¹

⁴ " Joⁿⁿ Sprewell elder of Coldoun" appears 1616.—Test. Vrie, Con. May, 1617.—*Ibid.*

⁵ " Thomas Cauldwall of pat Ilk, &c. deceift in Dec. 1603."—Test. Con. , 1613. —*Ibid.* He nominates " Beffie Wallace, his spos, his onlie executrix," &c. " Robert Muire of Cauldwall, Williame Wallace burges of Glasgow & M^r Alex^r Wallace minister at Gaitfoun o'fearis," &c. His children named here are: Williame Cauldwall, his eldest sone; Adame; Thomas, and Gavine; Margaret, wife of Johne Cupar, son of Johne Cupar, burges of Kilwynning; Jeane, wife of one Wallace, seemingly connected with the minister of Galston; and Agnes. " Item, He ordainis the said Beffie, &c. To fustein Constantein Cauldwall, his broper, during his lyftyme, in meit, drink and claithe, conforme to pe vfe and custume pat pe said Thomas did to pe said Constantein."

¹ " George Maxwell of Auldhouse minister at Mernes" is a witness in the Will of Mr Gabriel Maxwell minister at Inchinan, April, 1621, before quoted. He died in November, 1648.—Test. Con. Feb. 15. 1651.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* " Gevin up'e be Ro^r Hamilton of Bridgend of Partick, Tuto^r dative to George, Hew, Gabriell, Dauid, & Ro^r Maxwellis, law^{ll} bairnes to pe defunct, In name and behalf of pe said bairnes (in respect of p^r pupillarieties), as they q^are exer^{lls} surrogat," &c. " Jonet Dowglas, relict of the defunct," is also named. His grandson, descended of a previous marriage, appears to have succeeded to the

The house is ane old castle, situated upon a rock ; and hath long appertained to the Lord Maxwell and his predeceffors. To whom a great pairt of it appertained in property, and the rest of it was fewed out to some considerable vassals.

This family seem to be very old ; for Harber de Maxwell is wittnes in two charters by King William, both dated at Selcraig, Given by Walter, dapifer. Homer Maxwell is wittnes in a donation of the kirks of Dundonall and Sanchir to Pasley by Walter the Great Stewart, in the tyme of King Alexander the Second. Dominus Harbertus de Maxwell is wittnes in ane transaction about the lands of Aldhouse, 1284. Harber de Maxwell, miles, mortifies eight acres of land in Newton of Mairns to Pasley, and 10 merks out of the milne of Mairns, in the time of Alexander the Third, in which John Maxwell of Nether Pollock is wittnes.

It is very long since this family was nobilitat and created Lord Maxwell,—as is said, in the time of King James the Second ; was a considerable family, and had their residence upon the West Border, att Carlaverock. He was created Earle of Mortoun by King James the Sixth, 1581, after the forfaulter of Regent Mortoun ; but his succeffors being reftored in 1585, they lost the title of Mortoun, and were thereafter created Earles of Nithsdale, with precedence conform to the prior patent.²

Hamiltoun, Laird of Prestoun, had a confiderable interest in this parish called FINGERTOUN ; a litle house, well planted ; but they having ther ordinary residence in Lothian, occasioned this to be negleected. Thir lands were given by the Lord Maxwell's predeceffors to John Hamiltoun, predeceffor to Prestoun, for his recovering the house of Carlaverock from the English, in the time of King Robert Bruce ; and continuowd holden of the family of Maxwell untill the year 1648, Prestoun obtained them holden of the King.

Maxwells of Nether Pollock, though no allusion to this reverend gentleman's office is made in the published genealogy of that family.

“ M^r David Gemmill preichare of God's Word at pe kirk of Mearnes, &c. deceisit July, 1651.”—Test. Con. Oct. 8, thereafter.—*Ibid.* “ Gevin vp be Eli^m Montgomerie, relict of pe defunct, and ex^{ri} dative, furrogat,” &c.

² The old tower of Mearns is still standing, and is very carefully and properly preserved by the present proprietor, Sir Michael Shaw Stewart of Blackhall, Bart.

Not far from this is the house and castle of OVER POLLOCK, or Pollock of that Ilk, seated upon ane eminence and overlooking all the countrey below it. The house was ane old towr, but very much improven by the present heretor, Sir Robert Pollock, baronet, who hath made a very fyne houſe ; well finished, with greatt conveniences.

This hath been long a good family, and appears to have been very old. Robertus filius Fulberti (called afterwards Pollock) is wittnes in the donation of the kirks of Strath-Gryfe and Inverweek by Walter, dapifer, founder of Pasley, in the beginning of the reign of King William. He is also a wittnes in the confirmation of Walter his foundation by his sone Allan, dapifer ; and in feveral others of that Allan his charters thereafter. He is also in the mortification of the lands of Mola by Eschina, wife to Walter the founder. And in the donation of the kirk of Mairns by Helias Pollock, his brother, [appear?] all his brethern, viz. Peter or Perez de Pollock, Helias is also designd filius Fulberti, and ane other Helias de Pollock. This Peter and Helias doe mortify the kirks of Mairns and of Pollock to the monasterie of Paſlay in the reign of King William.

Robert sone of Robert Laird of Pollock, mortifies a yearly rent for the foul of Peter de Pollock, and Robert sone of Fulbert, his prediceſſor. This Robert filius Roberti de Pollock, is in the confirmation by Peter sone to Fulbert, whose wife was Helen : this is also in the reign of King William.

Thomas de Pollock is wittnes in many charters in the reigns of Alexander the Second and Alexander the Third.³

³ The Pollocks of Balgray Crawfurd states to be descended of this family, though his statement seems to be but slenderly supported.

" Geillis Pollock & Alex^r Pollock of Balgray, now *hir spous for his entres*," occur, as debtors, in the Will of William Henrysoun, Paisley, June, 1606.—Con. Jan. 8. 1607.—Com. Rec. Glas.

" David Pollock of Balgray, &c. deceift Aprile, 1631."—Test. Con. June 20, following.—*Ibid.* He constitutes " Robert Pollock, his youngſt ſone, his ex^r, &c. And ordanes the ſaid Robert, his ex^r to mak equall expenſes in obteinign of ane Confirmation To the faid John Pollock, his ſone, & Jeane Pollok, his ſpous p^r Infekſtmentis at the handis of my Lord Dnik of Lennox, ſuperiour of pe landis of Balgray." Charles Pollock, his ſon, alſo appears. John Pollock of Balgray frequently occurs afterwards.—*Ibid.* And " Johnne

About the year [16]48, the Earle of Nithsdale parted with this barronie of Mairns to Sir George Maxwell of Nether Pollock, who not long thereafter sold it to the Laird of Blackhall; and these two did subfew the most pairt of it to small heretors, to be holden of themselves, and for payment of considerable few deuties. The ten pound land of Dripps, in Killbryde, is a pairt of this barronie of Mairns, and belongs to the Laird of Calderwood.

The tiends of this parish are a pairt of the lordship of Pasley. The Laird of Blackhall is titular and patron. The present minister is

EASTWOOD.

This is no great parish.¹ The lands of Eastwood hath long appertained to the family of Eglintoun, where he hath a very little house, and a fyne park, inclosed with stane, not far from the church.

But ther is in this parish the house and lands of NETHER POLLOCK, belonging to Sir John Maxwell, baronet, one of the senators of the college of justice. It stands upon the river of Cart, in a fertile soyle; fin-

Polloke of Balgray [parish of Mernis] deceisfit in pe moneth of Nov^r 1650 yeiris."—Test. Con. Dec. 28, following.—*Ibid.* Which is "ffay'fullie maid and gevin up'e be Jeane Polloke, relict of pe defunct, & ex^{is} dative, surrogat," &c.

¹ M^r W^m Wallace, minister at Eastwod," son of William Wallace of Johnston, appears in his father's Will, June 7. 1609, see p.102. He deceased Dec. 1617.—Test. Con. April 13. 1618.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* He nominates " Iffobel Greg, his spous; Thomas Wallace, his brother; and George Glasgow merchand in Glasgow exec^{is}" &c. And alludes to his " bairnes," but none are named. " M^r James Greg minister at Lowdoun" is a trustee.

" M^r John Maxwell minister at Eiftwod" appears Feb. 2.1624.—Con. of that date.—*Ibid.*

Mr Hew Blair is minister here Oct. 1630.—Con. Nov. 27, following.—*Ibid.* He appears to have been translated to Glasgow. " M^r Hew Blair, ane of pe ordinar ministers of pe bur^r of Glasgow, and M^r Hew Blair, his sone," appear in the Will of Principal Strang, June, 1654.—*Ibid.*

Mr John Maxwell is minister at Eastwood Oct. 1647.—Test. Maxwell of Nether Pollok.—See next page.

gularly planted, both with barren timber and orchards ; fyne inclosures, upon both fides of the river ; ane great old houfe, very much improven of late ; and a pleasant estate, lyand pairtly in this parish and pairtly in the neighbouring parishes of Pasley and Govan, but all lying contique.

This family is repute to be very old. I have seen John Maxwell of Nether Pollock ane wittnes in the mortification granted be Herbert de Maxwell, miles, of eight acres of land in Mairns, and ten merk of annuity out of the milne of Mairns to the monasterie of Pasley. John Maxwell of Nether Pollock is also wittnes in the gift granted be Robert Earle of Stratharne, and Great Stewart of Scotland, of Sir William Muir his lands to the Abbott of Pasley, 1362. Ther is also ane charter, granted by Robert the Second, to Sir John Maxwell of Pollock and Isabell Lindsay, his spouse, lawfull daughter to Sir David Lindsay of Crawford and Mary daughter to that king, of the lands of Badenoul and Badinheath, in Stratharn, and disponed by him to the Laird of Glenaigis, At Edinburgh, the 6th of May, 1388.²

* * * * *

ALDHOUSE is in this parish ; a neatt little house, and a pleasant featt ;

² " Williame Maxwell in Kowglen, brother germane to vmo^{le} S^r Johanne Maxwell of Nethir Pollok, kny" &c. died March, 1625.—Test. Con. May 16. following.—*Ibid.* He " ordanes Jeane Maxwell, his spos, his onlie exeo^{vix}" but appears not to have left any children. And he bequeaths " To the Lipper folk at pe Brigend of Glasgow, xx s. Item, To pe men of pe Almous hous p^t is nixt adjacent to pe Colledg of Glaigow, xx s."

" S^r Joⁿ Maxwell of Ney^r Polloke, kny^t &c. deceift [wⁱn the parochin of Eiftwoode] vpone the ffirst day of Nov^r 1647 yeiris."—Test. dated " At Ney^r Pollok" Oct. 29. 1647, Con. Dec. 10, following.—*Ibid.* He appears to have left a daughter, his only child ; and that she was of his first marriage may be inferred from what follows :—" Item, p^r was awand be pe faid wmo^s S^r Joⁿ Maxwell, &c. viz. in pe ffirst, To Isabell Maxwell, his law^h dochter, the sowme of Ten thowsand pundis,—conforme to ane contract betuixt wmo^s Hew Lord Lowdone and the faid wmo^s S^r Johne Maxwell, and wmo^s Dame Isabell Campbell, his first spos, on the ane and vp^r pairtis, of pe dait the day of J^m vj^c yeiris,—In satifaction to hir of all p^t echo can cleame of him, or of the faid S^r George Maxwell, his succeffo" &c. " Joⁿ Maxwell, fone lawⁿ to wmo^s Joⁿ Maxwell sumetyme of Bosfeild," is also a creditor ; as is " Geillis, Jonet, Griffl, & Agnes Maxwells, his [the testor] fisteris." His second wife, whom he would seem also to have survived, is stated to have been Grizel, daughter of Blair of Blair :—" Dame Griffal Blair Lady Nethir Pollok" appears Feb. 1618.—Con. March 25, following.—*Ibid.*

well planted with barren timber, and fyne gardens.³ It now belongs to

* * * * *

³ The Maxwells of Auldhouse, as we have seen, are continued in the present opulent family of Pollock. Relative to Auldhouse the following curious genealogical inscriptions appear on a monument in the wall of the High Church burying ground, Glasgow. They are evidently of the different periods to which they refer, and are still in tolerable preservation:—

HERE LYES THE BODY OF PATRICK MAXWELL SON OF JOHN MAXWELL OF ALLHOUSE MERCH^T TAYLOR WHO DIED DEACON CONVEENER SEP^R 1623 & BESSY BOYD HIS SPOUSE.

HERE LYES THE BODY OF Y^E REV^P M^R ROBERT MAXWELL WHO SERVED CHRYST IN THE WORK OF Y^E GOSPEL AT MONK-TOUN & PRESTICK FROM 1640 TO 1665 WHEN HE WAS EJECTED FOR NON CONFORMITY & AFTER THAT EXERCISED HIS MINISTRY PARTLY THERE PARTLY IN THIS CITY & THE COUNTRY ROUND TILL MARCH 26, 1686 WHEN HE FELL ASLEEP IN CHRIST AT BOGTOUN HOUSE IN CATHCART AGED 75: & ROBERT MAXWELL HIS SON & EUPHAN PATON HIS SPOUSE: & BELONGS TO M^R PATRICK MAXWELL MINISTER AT INCHENNAN.

AND NOW TO HIS SON THE REV^P M^R THOMAS MAXWELL MINISTER OF STEWARTON, 1777.

The death of the above respectable citizen appears also in Trochrig's *Obituary*:—"This fame moneth [Sep. 1623], died at Glasgow my good friend Patrick Maxwell, baillie there, after he had built a good houfe there."

The house which seems here alluded to is situated in High Street, near the cross. It appears to have undergone very little change externally; and may be identified by the builder's paternal achievements, impaled with those of his wife—a daughter of the family of Portincross, still remaining in front. He was maternally descended of Dunlop of Hapland; and to this the distinctive double headed eagle in the shield seems to refer, whilst it is corroborative of the fact.—See *Hist. of Renf.* last ed. p. 283. An exact drawing of this curious family relic is here placed in the margin.

The testament of "Patrik Maxwell," who "deceift September, 1623," is Con. Feb. 2. 1624.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* Bearing to be "gevin vp be Beffie Boyd, his relict, In name, &c. of George and Agnes Maxwellis, p^r law^{ll} bairnes," &c. "John Maxwell, eldest law^{ll} fone to pe defunct," also appears.

His relict married secondly a son of the Bishop of Argyle, whom she likewise survived:—"M^r Adam Boyd, fone law^l to wmq^{ll} M^r Andro Boyd, fumtyme Bisshop of Argyle, &c. deceift in Maij, 1649."—Test. Con. Nov. 3, following.—*Ibid.* "Maid, &c. be Eli Boyd, his relict, and ex^{ri} datine, furrogat," &c. And "George Maxwell, hir law^{ll} fone, acit himself ca^r &c. for pe ex^{ri}"

"John Maxwell merchant burges of Glasgow, &c. [obviously the son of Patrick] de-



The tiends of this parish are also a pairt of the lordship of Paisley. is now patron. The present minister is

CATHCART.

This parish lyes mostly in the sherrifdom of Ranfrew, but yet ther is some pairt of it in the fhyre of Lanerk, viz. the lands of Aikenhead, belonging to James Hamiltone, of Aickinhead.¹

All the rest of this parish was anciently comprehended within the barony of CATHCART, belonging to the Laird of Cathcart of that Ilk, who is repute to be very old.

This family was nobilitat in the year 1455, and have continuowd fincayne Lords of Cathcart; and have ther residence now in the fhyre of Air, att the castle of Sunrom.²

This barony of Cathcart, when intire, was a very pleasent and defireable interest; lyand upon both fides of the watter of Cart, within two miles of Glasgow. The castlē of Cathcart is ane old house, to

ceift in the moneth of 1648."—Test. Con. Nov. 26. 1649.—*Ibid.* He nominates, &c. " Helene Hill, his spous, Niniane Hill of Lambhill, M^r Robert Maxwell minister at Monkton, and George Maxwell, his brither germane," and others, " Tuto^{ris} &c. To Niniane, Bessie & Jonet Maxwellis, his law^{ll} bairnes," &c.

¹ This parish church would seem to have been dedicated to ST OSWALD. See next page, note; where John Coluill curate of Cathcart also appears.

Mr Robert Hamilton was minister here July, 1610.—Test. Hamilton of Garen.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* He died March, 1628.—Test. Con. last day of Feb. 1629.—*Ibid.* " Johnne Hamiltoun, his sone, his onlie ex"^{ll} &c. He was succeeded by Mr Gavin Forsyth, his son in law:—" Item, He ordanes the said Johne, ex' foirfaid, to entir M^r Gavin Forsyth, his sone in law, alreddy admittit to the ministerie at the said kirk of Cathcart, in & to pe hous & borne, as they ar presentlie, w/out ony acknawledgmet for the famyn; and in and to the posseffion of the gleib & yairdis, heich & laich, adjacent p'to—beefs & bie houss standing p'in," &c. " And to delyvir to pe said M^r Gavin his pres, w^t his haill Buikis, conforme to ane Cotollogie, wryttin w^t his awin hand, p'of, excepting allenerlie his airfchip Bybill."

² Allan Lord Cathcart died at Auchincruie in August, 1628. His Will, written by "Andro Bisshop of Argyll," is dated July 31, preceding, and recorded at Glasgow Jan. 14. 1649.

which severall new buildings have been added. It stands near to the watter, and had fruitfull gardens about it. It now belongs to Sir William Semple of Cathcart.³

A little below this stands the kirk of Cathcart, in a very pleafant place. And downward, upon this watter, is the lands of Langsyde, where was foughтен the field of Langsyde, upon the day of May, 1568 ; where these that were conveened by Queen Mary, to convoy her to Dumbar-tone, were beaten by these that were with the Earle of Murray, Regent.⁴

Upon the other side of the watter of Carth lyes the lands of Boogtoun. It is also a pairt of the barronie of Cathcart. It belonged to the Laird of Blair, [Ayrshire] ; and was fold by him to Sir Adam Blair ; and by him to the Laird of Aikenhead, who hath since fewed all the land, except the houſe and mains. But in regard he lives att Aikenhead, he is the leſs carefull of Boogtoun.⁵

³ " TEST. quond. Jo^{te} Spreull dne. de Cathecart, qui obiit apud villam eiusd. xxij. die mens. Octobris, anno J^m v^e l^o coram his testibus Willmo. Pollok de eod. Dno. de Coldane, Valtero Spreull, &c.

Ego Jo^{ta} Spreull condo testamentum meum in hunc modum fequentem: IN PRIMIS, Do & lego animam meam Deo Omnipotenti, beate Marie Virginī, &c. corpusque meum sepeliend. in choro Scti. OSUALDI, in Cathecart. Et hos constituo meos ex^{re}s viz. Rotm Sympile meum filium, & Malcolmum Sympile meum filium, Juniores; Et constituo & ordino Willmum. Sympile, meum filium Seniorēm, & Gabrielem Sympile, meum filium juniores, viz. lie o'men & vt dictū executores," &c. As legatees, occur her daughters Jonet and Bessie; also Jo. Pollok de eod. William is previously so designed—probably father and son? " Ita est Jo^{es} Coluill curatus de Cathcart, manu propria." Con. penult. Octobris, anno l^o [1550].—*Ibid.*

Thomas Sempill of Cathcart occurs frequently inter June, 1607, et Nov. 1619.—*Ibid.*—Bryce Sempill of Cathcart appears March, 1628.—*Ibid.*—" Cuthbert Hamilton & Jeane Thomeſoun Lady Catheart, ſpouſe," appear in the Test. of Adame Boyd, Kilwynning, Jan. 19. 1636.—Con. Nov. 8. following.—*Ibid.*—William Sempill of Cathcart is mentioned Nov. 1646 and May, 1653.—*Ibid.*

⁴ The lands of Slewmanſhill, Catheart, are mentioned in the above records, 1626. A name they possibly derived from this noted fight?

⁵ " John Blair yonger of p^t Ilk, &c. deceift, vnteffit, in the moneth of Januar, 1604 yeiris." —Test. Con. July 31. 1608.—*Rec. ut sup.* Which bears to be "gevin vp be Iſſobell Boyd, his relict, In name and behalf of Griffel, Iſſobell, [An]nas, and Margaret Blairis, dochteris lau^t to the defunct, Ex^{ris}" &c. " Item, pair was awand be the defunct, the tymе fairſaid, To Jon-

More downward upon this watter, is the NEWLANDS, which lately belonged to the Earle of Eglintoun ; and now to Leckie merchand in Glasgow. It is a very pleafant and well situat place, and was anciently a pairt of the barronie of Cathcart.

* * * * *

The tiends of this parish were a pairt of the lordship of Pasley. The present minister is Mr John Stevensone.

EGLISHAM.

This is a confiderable, and high lyand parish ; much inclining to mure and murelands. It hath long appertained to the Earle of Eglintoun, and his predeceffors; and the moft pairt belongs to him in property, and what he hath not in property holds of him as fuperior. The lands in this parish are cheaper fett to the tennants then in the neighbouring par-

et Stewart, relict of vñq^e Gawin Glrame in Glasgow, of hous maill, q'in the defunct deceit, xxxij lib. Item, To Thomas Blair, his fervand gentleman, of fie, xl. lib. Item, To John Miller, his gairdner, of fie, viij lib. To John Crawfurd, thair cuik, of fie, v lib." The other servants are : John Reid, Ketrene Sempill, Jonet Sempill, and Margaret Muir. Reid will remind the reader of the interesting *Thom of Mr Pitcairn's Crim. Trials*.

In the churchyard of Catheart there is a monumental slab bearing the paternal coat of Blair—a Saltier charged with five Mascles—not nine, as in modern exemplifications ; and encircled by an inscription, of which the following is all that remains :—

[HE]IR . LYIS . JHONE . - - - - - [T]HE . BLAIR .
ZONGER . THAT . ILK . DECISIT . 15 - - Z[EIRIS].

This may not improbably relate to a son of the above John Blair younger. The date may be about 1590—it is certainly not much earlier.

" Bryce Blair of p^t Ilk, M^r John Blair, his fone, and the tennentis of the landis of Garroche" were addebted to the Bishop of Glasgow, at his death, 1632, some part of the "few dutie of the landis of Garroche" for the years 1617—1631.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

" Mr William Blair minister at Dumbartane, &c. deceift Nov. 1632."—*Test. Con. Jan. 3. 1635.—Ibid.* He " ordanes his faid spos, [Barbara Robertfoun], ex^{rx} To be comptabile to Bryce Blair elder, and younger of p^t Ilk." &c. He possibly was of this family ?

" The vantes [wards] and mariages of the Lairdes of Cuninghamehead, Cromriges [?], Blare, and Caldweell, quhosse fathers dyed in the countries seruice, ordained by the hous to be past by the Th^r depute to ther heire gratis, August 5. 1641."—BALFOUR's *Annals*, III. 29.

ifhes about, so that every nynteen year the Earle getts a confiderable entres for renewing of tacks to the tennants.

He hath ane old houfe in this parish called Ponoun caftle, which they say was built by one of the family of Percy, in Ingland; in regard he was taken prisoner by Sir John Montgomery, prediceffor to this Earle, and for his ranfome built the caftle of Ponoun.

Ther is in this parish the lands of AUCHINHOOD, belonging to Montgomery, who hath ane convenient park and litle houfe here.¹

This parish is almost furrounded by the parish of Kyllbryde in Clydefdale, the parish of Phinnick in Cunninghamame, and the parish of Mairns in Ranfrew. It is ane laick patronage, and was a member of the chapter of Glasgow. The present minister is 1631².

This Earle of Eglintoun his prediceffor was created Lord Montgomery by King James the Second, in the year 1445; and Earle of Eglintoun by King James the Fourth, in anno 1506. But ther prediceffors were long confiderable gentlemen before that time. For Robert Montgomery

¹ "Hew Montgomerie of Auchinhuid" is a creditor in the testament of "Marjorie Dumbar, spos to Edward Wallace of Sewaltoun," July, 1614. And "Jenet Peblis Lady Auchinhuid, and Hew Montgomerie, hir spos," appear in a Confirmation Jan. 13. 1617, relating to the preceding year.—*Com. Rec. Glas.*

² Mr Andrew Boyd, a natural son of the Lord Boyd, parson of Eglesham, was consecrated Bishop of Argyle, 1613. Wodrow, who has written his Life, says he was minister here in 1601, and advanced to the see of Argyle February, 1612, referring to a letter of Boyd's to Bishop Spotswood. "The Bishop," continues this writer, "was married, and had posterity. I know my good friend, Mr A. Rofs, prefent professor of Humanity in Glasgow, is descended from him; but the particular account of his children I have not yet met with."—MS. in Bib. Col. Glas.

"Elizabeth Cvnynghame, spos to M^r Andro Boyd," occurs June, 1603 and Feb. 1618.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* Boyd is called Bishop Oct. 1613.—*Ibid.* "M^r Allex^r Boyd, ane of the Regentis of pe Colledge of Glasgow," who deceased March, 1619, nominates, &c. "Andro, Bisshop of Argyll, ex" and leaves "To M^r Adame Boyd, the Bisshop of Argyll his feund fone, Aucht hundrith mukis.—*Ibid.* Adam married a daughter of Boyd of Portincross, but probably left no succession.—See p. 115, note. "James Boyd, fone to the Bisshop of Argyll," appears Oct. 1632.—Con. Jan. 8. 1633.—*Rec. ut sup.* And Trochrig records the death of a third son:—"—[July, 1625] I heard likewife of the death of M^r George Boyd, son to the Bisshop of Argyll, my schollar at Glasgow, who died in France, devoutly, since he was a sober, religious, modest youth."—*Obituary.*

is wittnes in many charters granted by Walter dapifer, the founder of Pasley; as particularly, in the two first charters of Inverweek and Legardwood to Pasley; as also in the charter of Henry de St Martine of his lands in Strath-Gryphe; and in the mortification of Eschina, spouse to the said Walter. This Robert is designed in the mortification of Inverweek Vicecomes de Lanerk. And in the mortification of a plough of land in Inverweek by Nigellus de Conftentine; and in the mortification of the fishing of Linbryne by Maldowin Earle of Lennox, 1205. All thir are in the reign of King William.

Allan de Montgomery is in two charters of Allan sone of Walter, the founder of Pasley: the first confirming all deeds done by his father; the seconf, of fyve merks yearly payed him by the monks of Mellroſſ for Mauchlane . He is also wittnes in the donation of Henry of St Martine of his lands of Strath-Gryphe; and in the confirmation of the kirk of Pollock by Florentius ele&t bishop of Glasgow: all in the reign of King William.

Allanus de Montgomery is wittnes in the firt charter granted be Walter the sone of Allan, oye to the founder, before he was Great Stewart, of the lands betwixt Old Patrick and Espadie. He is also in the liberty granted to the monks of Pasley to choose ane abbott by the said Walter, after he was Great Stewart. Thir are in the time of Alexander the Seconf. Allan is also in the charter of Malcolm Lockquhart of fix acres of land in Seimontoun.

Robert de Montgomery and John, his brother, are wittnes in the ex-cambion of Killingtoun for Inverweek.

John of Montgomery, miles, is in the firt assignation to the convent of Syxle [Thixel?] and in the three charters of Sempryngham: all by Walter, Senescallus. This John, with one Hector before him, is in the seconf gift given to Syxle: all reg. Alex. 2nd

Dominus Johannes de Montgomery, miles, is in the feall of Ald Inglistoun by Adam Carpenter, under Alexander the Third.

“ Nobilis vir Johannes de Montgomery dominus de Eglifham” is wittnes to the appeall by the convent of Pasley against Mathew bishop of Glasgow, 1388, reg. Rob. 2nd

EGLINTOUN. “ Dominus Hugo de Eglintoun, dominus ejusdem, miles,”

is wittnes to the gift of all lands belonging to Sir Reginald More by Robert Stewart Earle of Strathern, anno 1361, reg. Da. 2^{di}

Hugo de Eglintoun, miles, is amongst the amicable compositors of that plea betwixt Paisley and Sir William More anent Sympryngham, 1373, reg. Rob. 2^{di}

FURTHER NOTICES RELATIVE TO THE PRECEDING ACCOUNT OF RENFREWSHIRE.

BELTREES.—The Sempills of Beltrees are distinguished by a kind of hereditary alliance to letters and the muses, and various eminently successful effusions have been ascribed to individuals of the family. There can be no doubt that a careful collection of their poetical writings, accompanied with memoirs of the writers, would prove highly acceptable and useful to Scottish literature; and this it is gratifying to learn, has in some measure been promised by a gentleman of the neighbourhood—one whose acquaintance and acquirements in all that relates to the mysteries of minstrelsy must make the subject peculiarly his own, cannot fail to ensure the most satisfactory result of his labours. In the records from which so much has previously been introduced, some slight notices of this family occur :—

“ Geillis Elphingstone Lady Bultreis” incidentally appears July, 1611. This Lady was wife of Sir James Sempill of Beltrees, and sister of Sir George Elphingstone of Blythswood. She died at Paisley in the month of September, 1618.—Test. Con. June 4. 1633. Her children by Sir James appear to have been: Robert, who succeeded his father, George, Margaret, Issobell, Mareoun, and Geillis. The two elder daughters were married, one to Campbell of Ardkinlas, the other to the Laird of MacFarlane—George, Mareoun, and Geillis seem to have been under age at their mother’s decease.

Sir James Sempill died at his house in Paisley, Feb. 1625.—*TROCHRIG’S OBITUARY.*

“ Robert Sempill of Beltries and Dame Marie Lyon, his spous,” are named in the testament of Robert Brisbane, son to Brisbane of Bishopton.—Con. Aug. 4. 1646.—*Rec. ut supra.* Mary Lyon was daughter to Sir Thomas Lyon of Auldbar—her sister Elizabeth was wife of the above Robert Brisbane, whom she survived.

BLACKSOLM.—John Lindsay of Blacksolme appears in the Will of Maxwell of Bulross, Oct. 1595.—*Ibid.* He died in June, 1618.—Test. Con. Jan. 12. 1619.—*Ibid.* Agnes Stewart, his spouse, and Robert Lindsay, his son, executors.

“ M^r George Lindsay of Blakholme, minister at Roifnaith, the tyme of his deceis,” died in November, 1644.—Test. Con. Feb. 4. 1645.—*Ibid.* “ Gevin vp be M^r Robert & Walter Lindsayis, lauⁿ fones to the defunct,” &c.

BREDIELAND.—“ Arthour Maxwell of Bradieland” deceased in 1606.—Test. Con. inter

1607 et 1609.—*Ibid.* “Hew Maxwell of Brydiland” appears in a Con. Nov. 2. 1627.—*Ibid.*—“Gawand Maxwell of Braidilandis” appears Aug. 4. 1646.—Con. of that date.—*Ibid.*

BRUNTSHEILS.—William Sempill of Brunscheillis appears August, 1603.—*Ibid.* Hew and James Sempill, sons to William Sempill of Bruntscheillis, occur Jan. 1616.—Conf. Aug. 2, following.—*Ibid.* William was dead April, 1617.—Con. Sept. 5, that year.—*Ibid.* Andro Sempill of Bruntscheillis is named Oct. 1620.—Con. March 7. 1621.—*Ibid.*

CAIRNCURRAN.—Gabriel Cuninghame of Carnecurane appears often inter Oct. 18. 1595 et Feb. 18. 1630.—*Ibid.*—“Elizabeth Stewart, spous to Gabriell Cvninghame of Carnecurane,” &c. deceased in April, 1620.—Test. Con. April 19. 1621. “ffayfullie maid, &c. be the faid Gabriell Cvnynghame, In name & behalf of Daniell Cvnynghame, p^r lau'full fone, vnforissfamiliat, ex^r datiu^e,” &c. “M^r Johnne Cvnynghame, lau'full [fone] to Gabriell Cvnynghame of Carnecurane,” appears Feb. 18. 1630, as cautioner in the testament of George Lindsay of Westirsyd, Kilmacolm, who deceased Feb. 1629.—*Ibid.* “Williame Cvnynghame of Carnecurane, &c. deceift in , 16 . . .”—Test. Con. Aug. 5. 1643.—*Ibid.* “Gevin up be William Conynghame younger of Carnecurane, lau'full fone to the defunct, and ex^r datiu^e, furrogat,” &c.

CRAIGBET.—This property is omitted likewise by Crawfurd. Gabriell Sempill of Craigbait and Robert Sempill of Craigbait, his son (and doubtless successor), appear about the end of the sixteenth century: see p. 88, note.—“Kathrein Sempill, fister to the Laird of Craigbait,” appears Jan. 1622.—*Rec. ut supra.*

CRAIGTON.—“Robert Paterfoun of Craigtoun, &c. deceift in Aprill, 1660 yeiris.”—Test. Con. Nov. 5. 1661.—*Ibid.* He constitutes “Marion Semple, his spous, full exec^{tr} &c. For the behoveing of his dochter, Jonet Paterfoun: As also he appoynts Mathow Aikin mer^d burges of Glasgow tuto^r to his fone, and Johnne Allafoun, his goodfone,” &c. There appears to have been a second daughter, but she is not named.

DARGAVEL.—John Maxwell, uncle to Mungow Maxwell of Newark, may have been the first of this family; see p. 94, note.—Patrik Maxwell of Dargavel is an “o'ffisman” in the Will of Maxwell of Bulross, Oct. 1595. He died in August, 1612.—Test. Con. Feb. 2. 1613.—*Rec. ut sup.* “Gevin vp be Mareoun Porterfeild, his relict, In name and behalf of Jeane and Marie Maxwellis, his law^w bairnes, and ex^{tr} datiu^e,” &c. Crawfurd states that Patrick Maxwell of Dargavel was slain at Lockerby, 1593, and that he was succeeded by his son John. This seems incompatible with the above facts; but he may have been the son,—very probably the only son:—Patrik Maxwell of Dargavel pursues Alexander Flemyngh of Barrochan and his sons for the forcible abduction of Rebeccca Maxwell, his daughter, 1596.—*Crim. Trials*, p. 377. And it need hardly be remarked, that this was a crime rarely attempted but with heiresses.

“Mareoun Porterfeild, relict of vñq^e Patrik Maxwell of Dargavel,” &c. deceased March

1615.—Test. Con. June 6. 1616.—*Ibid.* “ffayfullie maid, &c. be John Maxwell of Dargavell, For himself, and in name & behalf of Annas, Jeane & Mareoun Maxwellis, lawⁿ bairnes to the defunct, and ex^{rs} dative,” &c. John’s relation to the family does not further appear. He may have been the husband of Rebecca, mentioned above. John Maxwell of Dargavel appears frequently ad 1646.—*Ibid.*

MYLNEBANK.—James Sempill of Mylnebank appears May, 1604, and 1613. And Robert Sempill of Mylnebank in Oct. 1620.—*Ibid.*

NEWTON.—The Crawfords of Newton appear to have been ancient and respectable ; yet even their namesake has omitted any notice of them.

“ Willielmus Crawford de Newtöne” appears in the Will of John Haisty in Park of Erskin, April 16. 1552.—*Rec. ut supra.*

“ George Crawford of Newtoun” is a creditor, of “ vicarage teind, xj s. vj d.” of Biggart in Gillisyaird, Nov. 1604.—*Ibid.* And he deceased, apparently at Newton, “ w'in the parochin of Paiflay,” in Oct. 1607.—Test. Con. Feb. 27. 1621.—*Ibid.* Which bears to be “ gevin up be Andro Crawford baillie of Paiflay, brop^r germane to the defunct, In name, &c. of Elizabeth Crawford, dochter lauⁿ to the deid,” &c. Crawford was owing “ To James erle of Abircorne, for pe few ferme diewtie of pe four mk. land of Newtoun, the crop & yeir of God 1607, ffourtie auch bollis ferme aittis, pryece of the boll liij s. iiiij d.” These lands appear to have been originally a feu of the monastery of Paisley.

“ Hew Crawford of Newtöne, and his guid fone, W^m Hair,” appear Feb. 20. 1611. Hew appears again April 15. 1629.—*Ibid.*

“ Margaret, daughter of William Hair, proprietor of a small estate in the parish of Kilbarchan,” was mother of Wodrow the covenanting historian. “ W^m Hair of Pennell occurs in the Will of Elizabeth Aickein in Hairis Pennell—Kilbarchan—Junij, 1634.”—*Rec. ut supra.* This is probably the same individual.

Malcolme Crawford of Newtoun appears Feb. 1630.—Con. Oct. 11, following.—*Ibid.*

“ Elizabeth Stewart Lady Lamyngtoune, spos to Malcolme Crawfurd of Newtoun the tyme of hir deceis, deceift in November, 1631 : ffayfullie maid & gevin vp be the said Malcolme, hir husbant, In name, &c. of Thomas Crawfurd, p^r lawⁿ fone, and ex^r datine,” &c.—Test. Con. Jan. 1632.—*Ibid.* But this was subsequently reduced, and Thomas’ sister Annas served to her mother.

Thomas Crawfurd of Newtoun occurs June, 1633.—Con. Dec. 3, same year.—*Ibid.*

SELVILAND.—A family of the name of Knox were designed of Selviland. They were probably a branch of Ranforlie, but are noticed by none of the historians of the county.

William Knox of Selviland occurs Aug. 1603.—*Rec. ut supra.*—“ Margaret Maxwell, spos to Williame Knok of Selviland, &c. deceift in Jan. 1622.—Test. Con. Nov. 15, following.—*Ibid.* “ Gevin vp be the said W^m In name, &c. of Jeane Knok, lawⁿ daughter procreat betwixt thame.”

“ Robert Knox, fone lawⁿ to vmo^{le} Thomas Knox of Selviland [evidently brother to

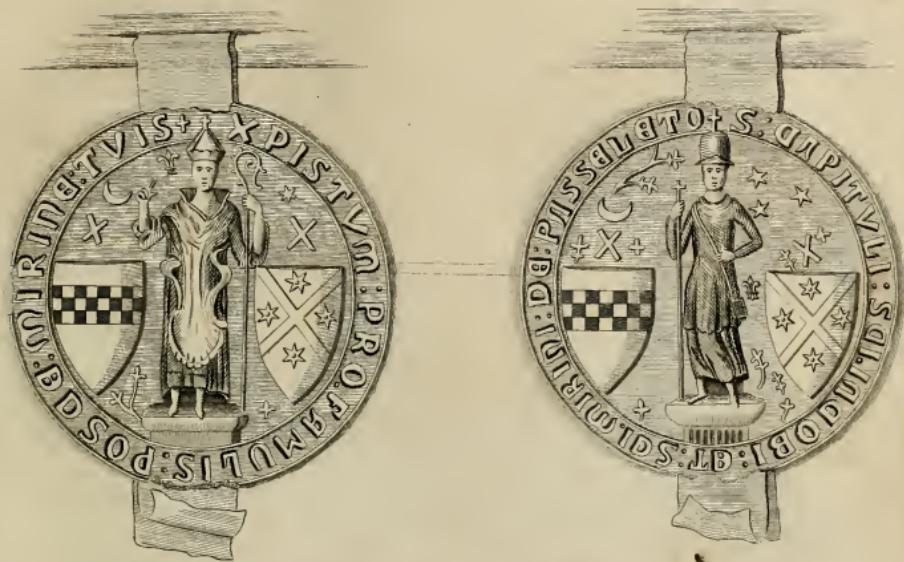
William], deceift in Nov. 1625."—Test. Con. Dec. 4, following.—*Ibid.* The substance of this document, being curios, is here transcribed:—

" LEGACY.—At the Halkheid, the penult day of October, 1625. The q^u day Robert Knox, &c. nominatis & ordanes Allex^r Knox of Selviland & Thomas Knox, burges of Paflay, his ex^{ri}s &c. IN PRIMIS, He levis to Jean Knox, his brother dochter, fyve hundrith mkis. . . . Item, He levis to M^r Andro Sempill minister at Ballull, fiftie mkis. &c. Item, He levis to George Knox, his naturall fone, ane hundrith pund—and that the ex^{ri}s let pe prof- feit of it put him to pe skuillis, &c. Item, He levis to Andro Knox, burges of Ranfrow, callit Brunne boy, fyiftie pundis. Item, He levis his beft cloik, ane pair of blak breikis, and ane stuft dowblat to his mammy, Megie Glen. Item, He levis ane stand of Inglis claih, w^t ane blak cloik & the lynning claihis, to his man, Robert Moderall. Item, He levis his sword, with saddill & furneisling, to his brother fone, Allex^r Knox of Selviland. Subscryvit w^t his hand," &c.

Alexander Knox of Selviland appears again in these records June, 1633.

WILLIAMWOOD.—This family, descended of Maxwell of Auldhouse, is likewise omitted; nothing however occurs additional of their history.

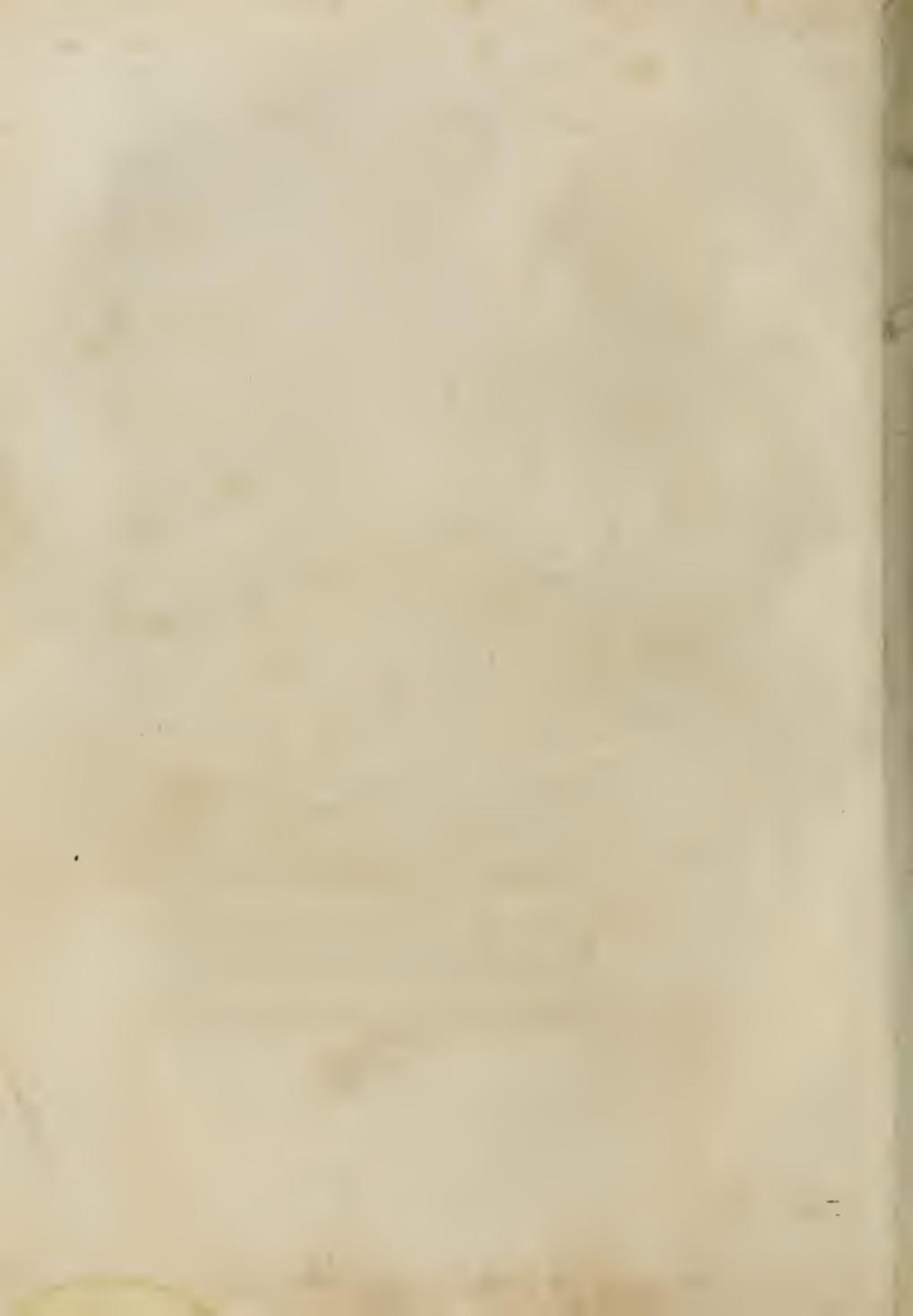
SIGILLUM MONASTERII DE PASLETO



10hes d lyght gw ab
bas hums monastiu xx die
melis Iamuary anno dñi 1510
nem Olegit fieri suā lepulvra.

—Gray & Son c. —

Abbot Lithgow's inscription within the north porch of the Abbey Church.



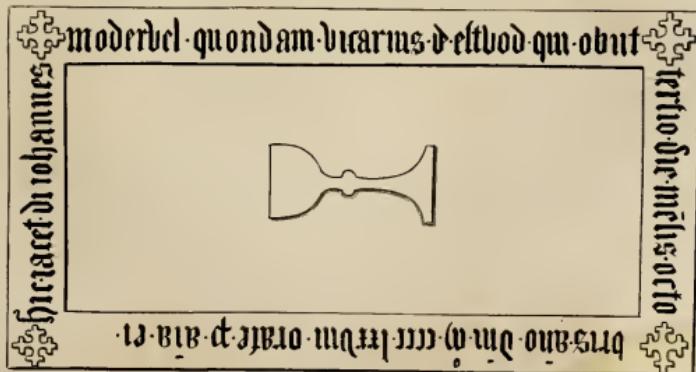
ABBOT SCHAWS INSCRIPTION ON THE WALLNEW OF PAISLEY

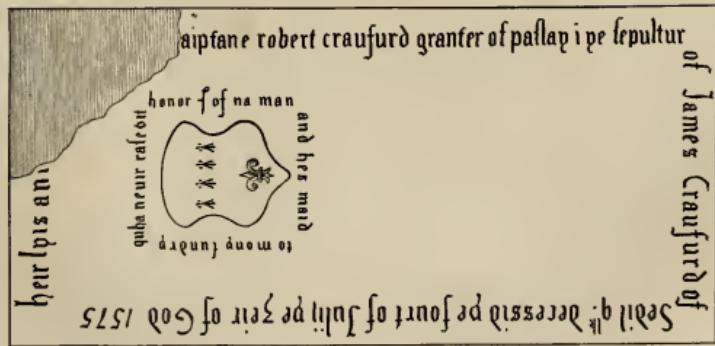
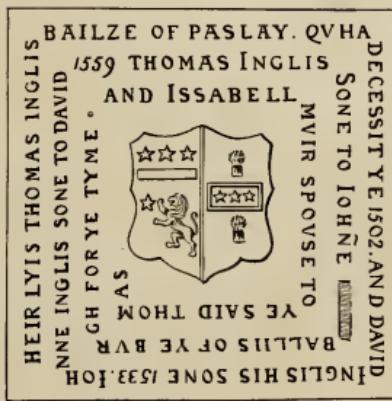
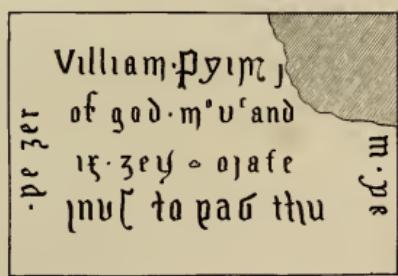
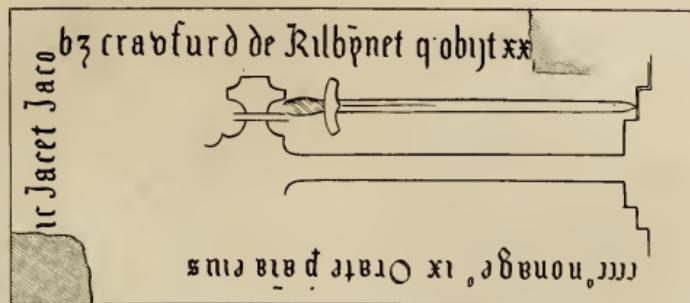
þe callit þ abbot gorg of schalwe
about þis abban gan i make þis walwe
A thousand four hunderselȝ ȝ hys yere
Auchin and hys the date but yir
hat mad thus nobil wundarjoun

MONUMENT IN RENFREW CHURCH



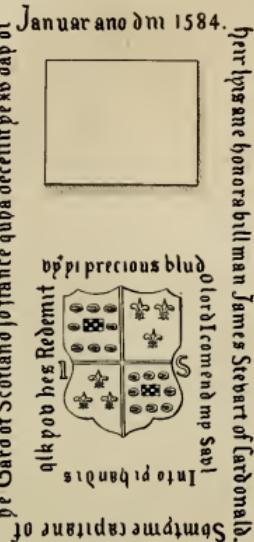
IN THE CHURCH YARD OF RENFREW





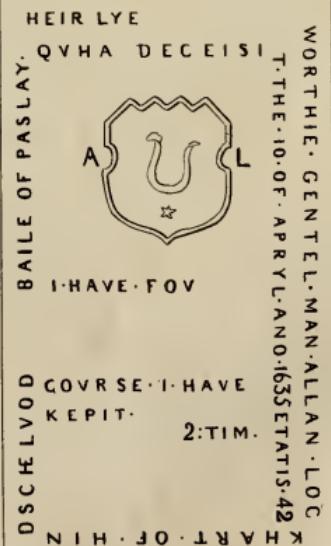
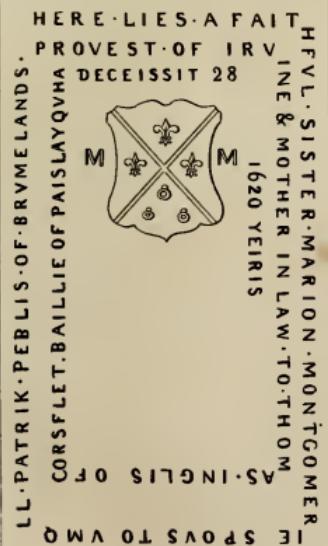
MONUMENTAL INSCRIPTIONS, WITHIN THE ABBEY CHURCH OF PAISLEY.

In the Nave



In St Mirens Aisle

D. O. M.
PIE. INFANTVM. MARGARETA. E.
HENRICI. ET. ALEXANDRI. HAMIL
TONIORVM. MEMORIE. CLAVDI
VS. HAMILTONIVS. PASLETIDO.
MINVS. ET. MARGARETA. SETON N.
EIVS. Vxor. PROLI CHARISSIME.
CVM. LACHR: POSS: OBIERE.
MARGARETA. AN: SAL: 1577. X.
RALEN: IAN: NATA. MENSES TR
ES. DIES. XXII. HENRICVS. 1585
ID: MAR. NATVS. MENSES.
TRES. DIES. DVOS. ALEXAND
ER. 1587. XI. KAL: DEC RMB. NA
TVS. MENSES. OCTO. DIESTRES.
FELICES. ANIME. VOBIS. SVPR
EMA. PARENTES
SOLVUNT. VOS. ILLIS SOLVERE
QVE. DEC VIT.



— Gray & Son Sc —

In the Choir



A P P E N D I X I.

DESCRIPTIONS OF THE

SHIRES OF LANARK AND RENFREW

AND OF THE PARISH OF BOTHWELL.

FROM SIBBALD AND MACFARLANE MSS.

ADVOCATES' LIBRARY.

DESCRIPTION OF
THE SHERIFFDOM OF LANERIK
BY SIR WILLIAM BAILLIE OF LAMINTON,
AND WILLIAM BAILLIE OF CARPHIN.

[SIBBALD MSS. written probably about 1650.]

THE sherrifdom of Lanerik is divided into two Wards, to wit, the Over and Nether Wards of Clidsdale; and bounds with the stewartry of Annandale, which is a part of the sherrifdom of Nidesdale, on the southeast,—the sherrifdom of Drumfries on the south,—the sherrifdom of Air upon the southweft,—the sherrifdom of Rannfrow on the northweft,—the sherrifdom of Dumbarton on the north,—the sherrifdom of Stirling on the northeast, and the sherrifdom of Linlithgow, called West Lothian, on the east, and the sherrifdom of Mid Lothian a little to the southeast, and the sherrifdom of Peebles on the south parts.

This shire is in length, fra Errikstane to Partik bridge, 40 miles; and in breadth, in the broadest part, 24 miles, and the narrowest part 16.

RIVER OF CLIDE.—The principal river is the river of Clide, having its beginning at Errik hill, alias Little Clydes hill, and runs through the middle of the whole shire, and exonerates it self at the sea, through Dumbarton shire.

The rivers running into Clide are: Daer water, flowing from the Well pethe, running four miles in length, before it fall in Clide;—Porttrail water, flowing fra Kirkhope head, running 4 miles before it fall in Clide, and falls in the water of Meitines, and then runs into Clide, beside Crooked stanes, upon the south fide of Clide;—The water of Glennuchan, flowing from the hill of Luthers, runs three miles ere it fall in Clide, upon the south fide of the said river;—The water of Glaspine, flowing fra the Glaspine hill, runs a mile ere it come to Clide, beside the Nether Newton;—Alvine water, flowing from the Luthers, runs about 4 miles ere it fall in Clide, at Nether Newton;—Hart cleuch water, flowing fra the Hart cleuch hills, runs 5 miles, ere it fall in Clide at the castle of Crawford;—Campe water, flowing fra Couter stane height, runs 6 miles ere it fall in Clide, at the said castle of Crawford;—Glengonar water, flowing fra the Luthers, runs 4 miles ere it fall in Clyde, at the Southwood;—Cald Chappel water, flowing fra the hill called the Ragged gill, falls in Clide at the Cald Chappel;—Dinidine water, flowing fra the hill of Carnetable, falls in Clide at Midding Coatts, being 12 miles;—Craik water, flowing fra the Quhitcleuch, goes into the sherrifdom of Nidesdale, by the Souchall;

Wandill burn, flowing from Birnokhead, runs three miles ere it fall in Clide at the Davidshall ;—Robertoun burn, coming fra Hartoun hill, runs 4 miles, and falls in Clide at Malmegates bour ;—Hartside burn, coming fra Bontak head, falls in Clide foreanent the house of Bagbie ;—Lamintoun burn, flowing fra the Smallgill hill, running 4 miles in length, falls in Clide ;—Gerff water, flowing fra Tyntoch hill, runs 4 miles of length ere it fall in Clide foreanent Lamintoun ;—Eaftertoun burn, coming fra the hill Montjadefoord, runs 2 miles of length, and falls in Clide at the Quhithill ;—The Daniel burn, flowing from the top of Tynto mountaint, runs two miles ere it fall in Clide, foreanent Lamintoun ;—The Landie moor burn, coming fra Tynto, runs about two miles ere it fall in Clide, above Symingtoun ;—Coulter water, coming fra Kingsbek head, runs 4 miles, and falls in Clide beneath Coulter Mains ;—Biggar water, flowing fra Bizziebiggar head, runs two miles, and falls in Clide beside Drumalyeart ;—The Two mile burn, coming fra Elfrikle bog, down by Skirling, falls into Biggar water, and then to Tweed ;—The Kirk burn, coming fra Tynto, two miles ere it fall in Clide, beneath Annytoun ;—Blaikburn, coming fra Tynto, 3 miles ere it fall in Clide, above Covington ;—Cathquhanne burne, coming fra the Schall hill, falls in Clide foreanent Coldingtoun ;—The two Medane waters, falling in Clide betwixt Carnwath and Libertoun, 6 miles long ;—Mous Water, coming fra the Corswood hill, runs in Clide above the Stanebyres, being 8 miles :—Clowburn water, on the west fide, comes fra Carmichael hill, and falls in Clide at Clowburn mill ;—Sandies burn, coming from the Howgate, flows from the north side of Tynto, and falls into Clide ;—Douglas water, coming fra Carnetabell, runs into Clide, about 10 miles, and falls therein above the Bonytoun Lin.

BURNS RUNNING INTO DOUGLAS WATER & CLIDE.—To this Water of Douglas runs in the burns of Park burn, Vdingtoun burn, Eifilside burn. Nethane water, coming fra the hills of Cummarheads, ten miles long, ere it fall in Clide, beneath Craig-Nethane ;—the Fidler burn, quhilke comes fra Kinkego law, 3 miles in length, and falls in Clide at the Crocefoord ;—the Forrest kirk burn, coming from Kilkegow law, runs 4 miles, and falls in Clide at the Miltoun and Maulfie ;—The Henschaw water, coming from the King's law, and eastward, ruus into Clide at Garyne, being four miles in length ;—Diferf burn, coming fra the west, called Calder mof, runs into Clide at the town of Diserf ;—South Calder water, coming fra the Blackstane, runs 10 miles, and falls in Clide foreanent Hamiltoun ;—North Calder, flowing fra the Blackloch, being twelve miles, falls in Clide at Calder bridge ;—Evin water, coming fra the Glengavells, runs into Clide, 12 miles, above Hamiltoun, at Rosevin ;—Reezoche water, coming fra the Lochheads, runs into Clide, 6 miles, through the town of Hamiltoun, and falls in the same at the Nether town of Hamiltoun ;—Rotin Calder water, coming fra the heads of Evindale, falls into Clide beneath Bothwell caftle, about 10 miles ;—Tivitt goes into Clide at Dilenvie, being 2 miles ;—Mer-

meer, coming fra Dechmont hills, falls into Clide above the Ferme ;—Ruglan burn, coming fra Cathkine hill, 4 miles, falls in Clide beneath Ruglan ;—The Langside burn, being 2 miles, falls in Clide at Over Govan ;—Blackheart, coming fra Cathkine hill [falling into Cart?], runs 10 miles through Ranfrow ere it come to Clide ;—Powcorfe burn, coming fra the Provin lochs, runs into Clide at Ardgray, 4 miles ;—Camelekie burn, coming fra Salmbrae, runs into Clide at Bogilsholl ;—Port Glafgow burn runs through a part of Glasgow, and runs to Clide at the bridge thereof, two miles.

BURGHS ROYAL.—Burghs royal in this shire are : Glasgow, Lanerik and Ruglan.

BURGHS OF BARONY.—Burghs of barony : Hamiltoun, Crawford, Biggar, Carnwath, Douglass, and Evindale.

ABBACIES & PROVOSTRIES.—One abbacy, to wit, Lismahagow ; and the Provestrie of Bothwell.

PRINCIPAL HOUSES.—The principal houses are : Hamiltoun, Douglass, Bothwell caftle, Craig of Blantire, Lamintoun, Crawford, Covington, Biggar, Carmichael, the Lie, Corehouse, Stanehyres, Carnwath, Cleghorn, Jariswood, the Miltoun, Maulslie, Diserf, Castehill, Evindale, Craig-Nethan, the Monkland, Orbistoun, Carphin, Lachope, Carnebroo, Clelandtown, Dalyell, the Ferm, Lickprivick, Raploch, Caffiltoun, Broomhill, Stenhouse, Patrickholm, Torrens, Calderwood, Mayns of Kilbryde, Cathkine, Gilbertfield, Murdestoun, Allantoun, Cultnes, Murrows, the Haggis, Faskine, Woodhall, Inchnoche, Provin, Airdrie, Rosevin, Jerrestoun.

GOLD & LEAD MINES.—There were Gold mines found in King James the Fifth's time, and Gold on Lamintoun burn yet ; and fine Lead mines in Glengonar water, at Symingtoun.

COALS, LIMESTONES & PEETS.—There is in this shire abundance of coals, limestones, and peets for fuel.

WOODS.—Woods are : Hamiltoun wood, Stanehyres, Miltoun, Camnethan, Cleghorn, Jariswood, Jerrestoun, Dalyell, the Rosevin, Bothwell, the Park of Bothwell, the Castlewood, the Monkland, with sundry other woods there, the woods of Lismahagow.

LOCHS.—The Lochs in this shire are : Cartairs, Carnwath, Cudilie loch, Lanerick, the Head loch, the Groundlees loch, the Lochcoatts, Provin loch, Garvirie, Gartsharie, Garqueme, Banheth loch.

This Shire well stored with Grafs, &c.—It has store of grafs, corn, and fishes of all sorts, the over ward most for pasturage, the nether ward for corns.

CHIEF HILLS.—The chief hills are Luthers, Tynto, Dargavell, Mont Inervar, Kingbek heicht, Coulter heichts, Darnoch heichts, Hurillbury heichts, the Ragged-gill heichts, Dechmont hill, Bissieberry hill, Quathquanee law, Carnetabell, the Black hill above the Stanebires, the King's law.

GEOGRAPHICALL DESCRIPTION OF THE PAROCH OF BOTHWELL.

[M^{CF}ARLANE MSS. Probably by the incumbent, Mr William Hamilton—date about 1720.]

THE paroch of Bothwell lyes in the nether ward of the shire of Lanark, within the bounds of the presbityry of Hamilton. It is about seven miles in length from east to west, and much about two miles broad from north to south. This paroch is bounded, upon the north, by the water of North Calder, which runs the whole length of the said paroch; and upon the south it is bounded, the whole length, by the water of South Calder.

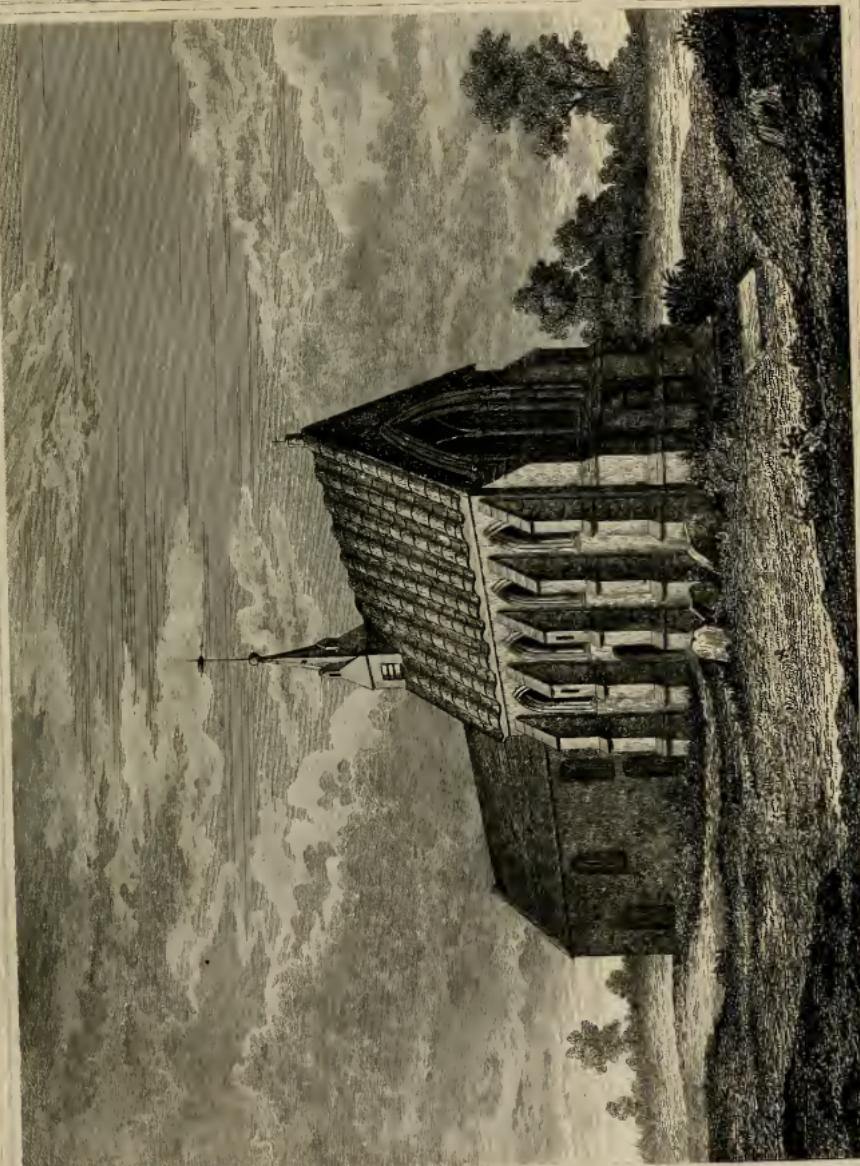
The adjacent paroche are: Hamilton upon the southeast, separated by the river of Clyde, at two miles distance (N. B. In this and others, I give the bearing and distance from the kirk); It hath Blantyre upon the south, separate also by the river of Clyde, at two miles distance; upon the west and northwest, it hath the paroch of Old Monkland, at two large miles distance, separate from it by the water of North Calder; upon the north, it hath the paroch of New Monkland, at five miles distance, separate likways by the water of North Calder; upon the northeast, it hath the paroch of Shotts, at seven miles distance (this was a new Erection, taken of the paroch of Bothwell); upon E. N. E. it hath the paroch of Cambusnethen, separate by the water of South Calder, at near five miles distance; upon the east, it hath the paroch of Dalzell, at two large miles distance, separate by the water of South Calder.

The kirk stands upon the north side of the river of Clyde, much about a large mile distance from the river. The kirk, or rather Quire, is a very stately structure, not very large, but old Gothic work, an arched roof, and very fine workmanship. It was built and endued by the family of Douglaſ, as is evident by the armes of that family cutt in stone, both without and within the house, at the south corner of the great window in the east end of the Quire. There is no description by which it can be understood when the church was built, only in both the above mentioned places, the Douglaſ armes are quartered with the Royall armes, which probably

BOOTHWELL, CHURCH

J. B. Barber & Son.

Copyright, 1874.



poynts at Archebald the Grime, who was marryed to King Robert's daughter; and, as the tradition goes, both of them lyed buried under a very large marble stome within the said Quire.

The Enduement of this kirk was very great; having a right to all the tyths of Bothwell and Bertram Shotts, Avendale, and Stonehoues paroches, with a great deal of property in lands, and severall superiortys. All these superioritys, with part of the property, and whole tyths, belong now to the Duke of Hamilton, who is both patron and titular.

The kirk of Bothwell was a kind of colledge, confisiting of the Proveft, his Vicar, and nine Prebends, all of which had houfes and yeards about the church. The houfes are all demolished, and the veftiges scarce known; but the yeards to this day retain their old names, fuch as the Vicar's yeard and Prebends' yeards.

There is at the church a little Hamlett or village, confisiting of fourty or fifty houfes, juft upon the highway betwixt Glasgow and Hamilton. This is likways the common paſſage for all merchands and other travellers going to England by the weft road.

Who have been ministers here fince the Reformation cannot now be known, in regard all our Registers prior to the Revolution are loft; only I find from ane old Decreit of locality, That one Mr Robert Boyd was minister here in the year 1618. When he dyed, or who fucceeded him, I know not; but I find from a Decreit of augmentation, obtained in the year 1650, that the Reverend Mr Mathew M^cKell was then minister at Bothwell. He was outed at the Reforation of King Charles the Second.—Minifters of the Epifcopall perfuasion were: Mr Robert Douglaf, afterwards Biþop of Dunkeld; Mr Alexander Kinnier; Mr Thomas Hamilton; and Mr Robert Douglaf, fon to the former. The laſt was minister here at the Revolution, in the year 1689. His immediate fucceſſor was the Reverend Mr John Orr, who was for severall years minister at Bothwell, and afterward transported to be one of the minifters of the city of Edinburgh. The preſent minister, and Mr Orr's immediate fucceſſor, is Mr William Hamilton, who was ordained to that charge in the year 1709.*

The adjacent towns, with their bearing and diſtance from the kirk of Bothwell: Hamilton lies two ſhort miles eaſt from the kirk. This is a very pleafant little town; the houfes all very well builte; lying at the confluence of Clyde and Aven, in a very fertile plain. About fix miles weſt from this kirk, and upon the

* "Mr Gawin Hamiltoun" is "proveift of Bothuell" Feb. 1590, and Feb. 1600.—"Mr Dauid Scharp proveift of Bothuell" occurs March 1606.—"Mr Robert Boyd minister at Bothuell" writes and ſubſcribes the Will of "Elizabeth Hamiltoun, relict of vñqle Thomas Faullis of Brouniesyde, within the parochin of Bothuell" Sep. 24. 1620. Again, he ſubſcribes the Test. of Gavin Widdrow in Aickinheid, Bothwell, Feb. 19. 1631.—Conf. of Tests. Com. Rec. Glas.

fame fide of Clyde, lyes the city of Glasgow: much about 18. miles north, stands the town of Stirling: about 24 miles to the N. E. stands the city of Edinburgh: and about 12 miles S.E. stands the town of Lanark, which is the head burgh of the shire.

About a short half mile east from the kirk, stands the famous Bridge called Bothwell bridge, upon the river of Clyde, consisting of four arches. Here all passengers, whether on horseback or on foot, as likways all kind of merchandize, pay a small Custom to the town of Hamilton. The bridge indeed belongs to the goverment, but it is sett in tack to the town of Hamilton, who are allowed to exact Custom of the Leidges, for upholding the bridge.

Let us follow down the course of the river, which runs much about two miles upon the border of the paroch. A litle below the bridge, there are two corn milns upon Clyde, much about a quarter of a mile south from the kirk. A great many salmon and other fish are caught here. The fishing in this part of the water belongs partly to the Duke of Hamilton, partly to the Earle of Forfar, and partly to the Lord Blantyre.

About a short mile west from the kirk, upon the fame fide of the river, stands the castle of Bothwell, upon a rising ground, very near the bank of the river. This was one of the ancient seats of the noble family of Douglas: given off, as a patrimonial portion with the Earl of Forfar; and is now again returned to the family of Douglas by the death of Archibald Earl of Forfar, who dyed at Stirling of his wounds received at Sheriff muir, in the year 1715.

The castle was once [a] very great and stately structure, of a very fine and curious workmanship, but is now altogether ruinous; much defac'd by length of time, and some considerable part of it thrown down by the late Earl of Forfar, who from the ruins thereof built a very handfom new house: but this house was never finished, being stoped by the death of both Earles, the father and son. This is a very pleasant situation, surrounded with wood and water, very much regular planting, and capable of all the embellishment that can render any place pleasent. Just opposite to this, upon the south bank of the river, stands the Craig of Blantyre, anciently the residence of the Priours of Blantyre, but now belongs to Lord Blantyre. The house is quite ruinous.

About a short mile west from the kirk, a large quarter of a mile N. W. from the castle, at a litle distance from the river, just upon the highway betwixt Glasgow and Hamilton, stands a litle village call'd Uiston, consisting of about sixty familys; and about a mile west from this village, just upon the highroad, stands a very good stone bridge, consisting of one arch, upon North Calder, just where it emptys itself into Clyde. This is [the] outmost bounds of the paroch to the west.

This water of Calder hath its rise from the Black loch, in the paroch of New Monkland, and continues its course westward for near twelve miles, untill it empty

itself into Clyde, at the bridge above mentioned ; and for four or five miles separates the paroch from that of Old and New Monklands.

Let us now follow up the course of the water as far as it wafhes this paroch. About a quarter of a mile up from the bridge, there stands a very good corn mill, called the New miln of Calder.

About a mile up from this miln stands the house of Bradisholme,—a family of the name of Muirhead. This is upon the north fide of the water, within the paroch of Old Monkland. Its bearing from the church of Bothwell is much about north-west, and about two miles distance. Here is very much wood, upon both fides of the water. Here likways there is a very good stane bridge, confisiting of one arch, with a corn miln, called Aikenhead bridge and miln. This is within the paroch of Bothwell.

Upon the south fide of the water, within the paroch of Bothwell, about half a mile up from the bridge, stands the house of Tannochside ; a very handfom little houfe, with parks, gardens and pidgeon house, and confiderable wood, upon both fides of the water. This formerly belonged to the name of Jack, but now to the name of Rae. This bears N. W. from the kirk, about a large mile and ane half distant from it. Just north from this, and about half a mile distant, stands the kirk of Old Monkland, in a low ground, all moft surrounded with woods.

Nixt upon the same water, stands the house of Rosehall, formerly called Haggis. This stands upon the north fide of the water, within the paroch of Old Monkland, about a large quarter of a mile S. E. from the kirk, and much about two miles N. W. from the kirk of Bothwell. It is a very handsome houfe, with a prodigious planting and parks. It now belongs to Sir James Hamilton of Rosehall.

About half a mile west from Rosehall, upon the south fide of the water, and within the paroch of Bothwell, about a large half mile S. E. from the kirk of Monkland, and much about two miles freight north from the kirk of Bothwell, stands the house of Carnbrue, upon the water of North Calder. This is a family of the name of Bayly. About a quarter of a mile south from this, stands the house of Sherrell, upon a low ground at a burnfide. It lyes just north from the kirk, at a mile and ane half diſtant. This formerly belonged to the name of Hamilton ; now to James Laurie. The water makes a confiderable compas up from Carnebrue, and there are several milns upon it, such as Haggis walk miln and corn miln, both belonging to Sir James Hamilton, and Carnbrue miln, but I paſſ these.

The nixt remarkable houfe we meet with upon this water is Woodhall, ſo called because it was furrounded with woods. This formerly belonged to the name of Hamilton ; it now belongs to Daniel Campbell of Shawfield, who has made it a very fine place : built ane handsome houfe, with a great deal of parks and planting. The bearing of this houfe is N. E. from the kirk, much about three miles diſtant.

It stands much about a mile east from Carnbrue, and about two or three pair of butts south from the water. Opposite to this, in the paroch of Monkland, stands the houſe of Faſcan, upon the north lip of the water; a very pretty little houſe, with a great deal of woods. This formerly belonged to the name of Cleland; now to that of Wright.

The next remarkable houſe within the paroch of Bothwell is the houſe of Lachop, about a ſhort half mile diſtant from the water. This was a very old family, the mother family and chief of the Muirheads. It now belongs to Alexander Leſlie of Lachop. It is ane old tour houſe; the walls are of a prodigious thickness. Its bearing from the kirk of Bothwell is northeaſt, about four miles diſtance; from the kirk of New Monkland about three miles ſouth; from the kirk of Shotts about three miles weſt; from the houſe of Wodhall about a mile freight eaſt.

About a large half mile north from Lachop, upon the north lip of the water, and within the paroch of New Monkland, stands the houſe of Monkland. This formerly belonged to Sir James Cleland, who built a very large houſe upon it. It now belongs to a gentleman of the name of Hamilton. This houſe was maliciously burnt, but the preſent Monkland has repaired it. The fituation of this houſe [is] noways convenient. At the upper end of Monkland's garden, there is a corn miln, muſh about a bowlhouſt above the houſe of Monkland. There is a pritty little rivulet called Lachop water emptys itſelf into Calder. The little rivulet hath its rise in the marshes above the kirk of Shotts, and for ſome little way separates the paroch of Bothwell from that of Shotts. There is nothing remarkable upon the rivulet of Lachop. Chappell, which was formerly a religious houſe, of what order I know not; but is now converted into a buriall place for Lachop's family. There is likeways a corn mill stands upon this water; and upon the N. E. fide, within the paroch of Shotts, stands the houſe of Gartneſſ, now belonging to Archibald More writer in Edinburgh.

The paroch of Bothwell reaches about a mile eaſt from the houſe of Lachop, where it is bounded by the paroch of Shotts.

Upon the E. N. E. quarter, there is a little rivulet called the Teeling burn, which falls into South Calder a little above the houſe of Cleland. The burn runs muſh about a mile upon the borders of the paroch, which it separates from that of Shotts. The only thing remarkable upon it is the houſe of Connoblehill,* in the paroch of Shotts,—a family of the name of Cleland. It belongs to Captain William Cleland, one of the Commiffioners of his Majefties Navey. There is alſo in this burn the beſt milſtones perhaps in the Weſt of Scotland.

* This ſeems an admirable softening indeed of the old name, Knowhobilhill.

I now come to the water of South Calder, which riseth from severall marshes and fens in the paroches of Shotts and Cambufnethan, and having continued its course for nine or ten miles, falls into Clyde a litle below the house of Orbiston.

The first remarkable house we meet with upon this water of South Calder, after it enters the paroch of Bothwell, is the house of Cleland. This is a very good house, antiently the seat of the Clelands of that Ilk; but now it belongs to Alexander Inglis, alias Hamilton Murdofton, son to Gavin Hamilton, late one of the under Clerks of Session. It is situate upon the north brink of South Calder. It stands upon a rock, with a precipice toward the water. There is here a great deall of wood, and some regular planting. In the rock below the house, toward the water, there is a naturall cove, capable to contain fourty or fifty men. The bearing of this house from the kirk is N. E. at near four miles distane. It lyes two miles south from Lachop. On the southeast from this, about three quarters of a mile, stands the house of Wishaw, just upon the south side of the water. This is a very good house, with a vait planting, most of them all come to perfection in the planter's own time. This belongs to William Hamilton of Wishaw. This is in the paroch of Cambusnethan, about a large mile west from the kirk of Cambusnethan. At the lower end of Cleland wood there stands the mill of Cleland, upon the water of Calder.

About three quarters of a mile west from Cleland, and upon the same side of the water, stands the house of Carphin. This house stands upon a rising ground, and below it, towards the water, there is a very pleasant peice of valley ground, surrounded upon three sides with the water and pritty high braes, of which the present Carphin has made a very large orchard. This formerly belonged to the name of Bayly, but now belongs to Archbald Nisbit of Carphin. The bearing of this house from the kirk of Bothwell is E. N. E. at three miles distane. At the east end of Carphin's park there is a very good stone bridge of one arch over the water of Calder. Here likeways stands Carphin's corn miln. To the southward of this lyes the house and kirk of Dalyell, about a long mile, or rather a mile and ane half distant.

About a short mile freight north from Carphin stands the house of Stevenson. This was formerly the residence of Stevenfone of that Ilk, who pretended to be the mother family and chief of the name. It was last possessed by George Muirhead of Stevenfone, brother to James Muirhead of Bridsholme, but now under sequestration for the behove of the creditors. The house is quite ruinous. It bears northeast from the kirk, about three miles distant.

About half a mile southwest from Stevenfone stands the house of Hillhead. This formerly belonged to the name of Bayly,—now to Euphame Nisbit, relict of the Revend Mr David Blair, late one of the ministers of the Gospell in Edinburgh.

To the south of Hillhead, about half a quarter of a mile, stands the house of Jer-

rifftoun upon a rising ground, hard by the water. This family is of the name of Bayly. The bearing of this house from the kirk is east northeast, about three short miles distant to the east, upon the same side of the water. It hath the house of Carnphin much about three quarters of a mile distant to the south; it hath the house and kirk of Dalyell much about a mile and ane half distant. There is upon the water, just under the house of Jerrifftoun, a corn miln called Motherwel miln, belonging to the Laird of Dalyell. About a quarter of a mile west from Jerriffton, formerly there was a very good stone bridge upon the water called the Camp bridge; but the vestige of it can scarce be known. This way is very dangerous to strangers, especially under cloud of night, in regard it is full of coal pits, some of them just upon the way side, which have been fatal to severall. About half a mile below Jerriffton, upon the other side of the water, there is a wauke miln called Braedhirst wauke miln; and about ane half mile below this stands Orbifton corn miln: a very little below this miln, there is a tolerable good foord throw the water, just upon the highway betwixt Glasgow and Lanark.

The next remarkable house which we meet with upon this water is Orbifton or Urbantoun, as it was formerly called in time of Popery. This is a family of the name of Hamilton. It now belongs to James Hamilton of Dalyell, to whom William Hamilton of Orbifton disposed it, having no children of his own surviving him. This is a very fine house; its situation is capable of all the embellishments both of nature and art. Its bearing from the kirk is almost due east, about a mile distant. It hath the house and kirk of Dalyell to the east, about a mile and ane half distant; and to the south it hath the town of Hamilton, a short mile distant. Just at the west end of the park, below the house, there is a good stone bridge, consisting of one arch. The water, a little below this, falls into Clyde.

About a mile northwest from Orbifton, stands the house of Parkhead,—a family once of the name of Hamilton; but now it is parcelled out to different persons. Its bearing E. N. E. from the kirk, at a mile's distance from it, and three quarters of a mile north from the water.

About a large quarter of a mile from Orbifton stands the house of Boogs, upon a rising ground, having a pleasant declivity towards Clyde, from which it is not above a quarter of a mile distant. It stands east from the kirk, about three quarters of a mile. This belongs to Sir James Hamilton of Rosehall.

About a short quarter of a mile southwest from Boogs stands the house of Raith, pritty near the river side. This is a family of the name of Hamilton. It stands about half a mile just east from the kirk. To the south of this house there is a pritty large meadow, betwixt it and the river, belonging to the Duke of Hamilton. To the north and N. W. of this, there are severall meadows and woods belonging to his Grace of Hamilton, with a pritty large platt of firs, as a vilee to the house, just oppofite to the mouth of the great avenue.

Thus I have gone through the whole paroch, and have taken notice of every thing remarkable, so far as they did occur to me at present. Only I had almost forgot to take notice that the King's high street, the common paifage betwixt Edinburgh and Glasgow, by way of the kirk of Shotts, goes the whole lenth of the paroch, from the one end to the other, and divides it almost into two equal halfs, being scarce discernable which of the two Calders the highway is neareft. The highway enters the west end of this paroch at a place called the Winefoord, a very litle above Calder bridge, where, as we noticed before, the water emptys itfelf into Clyde. Again, the highway goes out of this paroch, and enters into that of Bartrom Shotts, at ane houfe called Sandyfoord, a mile east from the house of Lachop. So the passengers betwixt Edinburgh and Glasgow travell full feven miles in the paroch of Bothwell.

I should have taken notice of some of the moft remarkable places upon the high-road, but neither the kirk nor any of the gentlemen's houfes stand upon the road, tho' all, or moft of them, are in view at fome place or other of it; but these having been already deferibit, their bearing and diſtance marked, it would be needless to repeat.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SHERIFFDOM OF RANFROW, HOL-
DEN OF THE PRINCES AND STEWARTS OF SCOTLAND,
DESCRIBED BY OF GREEN-
OCK AND MR JAMES MONTGOMERIE OF WEITLANDS.*

THE sheriffdom of Ranfrow has upon the north the river of Clide, separating it from the sheriffdom of Dumbarton, except a little part of the parish of Ranfrow quhilke lyes benorth Clide. It is joynd on the west to Dumbarton shire, and on the east to the sheriffdom of Lanerick; on the west and south it borders with the sheriffdom of Air, and the part thereof called the baillery of Cunningham marcheth with the burn called Kellie burn.—The river of Clide lyes on the north side of this shire, famous and portable for ships of great burden for ten miles.

There are in this shire three waters. The first is called Greiff, running out from the moor countries on the west side of this shire, and runs by the space of nine miles eastward, till it fall in Clide near the burgh of Ranfrow. The second is Blackart, having its beginning from the loch of Castle Sempill, within the parish of Lochquhinnoch, and runs eastward 5 miles, till it fall into Greiff. The water of Quhyttcart, coming from the moors on the south side of this shire, runs by the space of miles northwest, till it fall in Greiff, quhilke (as is before said) carries the other two with it into Clide.

The length of this shire is, from Kellie burn to Polmadie, at the march of Lanerick, 20 miles long; and eight miles of breadth at the broadest part.

It is for the most part a plain ground, without any great hills: the west and south

* SIBBALD MSS. This account would seem to have been written previous to 1653, the abbey of Paisley, which is here described as their chief residence, being then alienated by the family of Abercorn, and probably after 1647, when the family of Cochran were ennobled.—Of its joint author Montgomerie the following particulars may tend to gratify the curious, though probably their sole value.

“Ezettchell Montgomerie seruitour to the Lord Sempill” appears Feb. 1611.—*Com. Rec. Glas.* In 1618, Ezechiall Montgomerie occurs in the same records, creditor of “vicareg teynd and kirk stent” in the parish of Largs, where Lord Sempill was proprietor of these duties. It is therefore probable that he acted as chamberlain to his Lordship. He is designed of Weitlandis, April, 1625.—*Ibid.*—“Ezechiall Montgomerie of Weitlandis within the parochin of Kilbarchane, &c. deceist in the moneth of Julij, 1644 yeiris.”—Test. Con. Aug. 8 following.—*Ibid.* This document, which certainly relates to the same individual, bears to be “maid & gevin vp be Barbara Sempill, relict of the said vñqle Ezechiall, In name and behalf of W^m Montgomerie, laulⁿ sone, &c. And it is further stated that “The defunct, being ane old man, had no guidis nor geir, bot onlie the insy^t of his hous, in vtincillis & domicillis, with the abulyement of his bodie, estimat to liij li. vjs. viij d. with ane kow, worth x li.” He had however, at least three servant maids, as we learn further here.

Our author was very likely the elder son of this person, whose property he appears to have inherited; and it has been supposed that Mr Ezekiel Montgomerie, at a subsequent period, Sheriff-depute of Renfrewshire, was the son of Mr James.

parts of it moorish, and the rest fit both for corns and cattel. It has in it coals, lime-stone, and peats for fuel.

The woods are: Crookstoun, Hawkwood, Pollok, Howftoun, and Barruchane, besides other lesser woods.

In this shire, at a part called the Knok, on Greiff near Ranfrow, was King Robert, called Blear-eye, cutted out of his mother's womb by Sir John Forrester * of Ellietoun (who being hazarded on extremity to use that remedy to preserve the child's life, the Queen having there taken her child ill, being on the fields and dying, the child being quick in her belly) who before that was reputed a *simple* man, —from whence the House of Sempill and Lords thereof have their name, and a part of their estate. In memory whereof, there is yet a stome pillar erected and standing in that place.

In it is the round hill called the Langfide, where was fought that field betwixt Mary of Scotland and the Earl of Murray, Regent, called the field of Langfide, where she was defeated, and forced to fly to England, her son, King James, being then but two years of age.

In it there is but only one burgh royal, called Ranfrow, and the burgh of regality of Paillay, with one abbacy, of Paillay, quhilk now is the chief dwelling house of the Earles of Abercorn.

There is in it one presbytery, called Paillay presbytery, having 16 kirks, viz. Cathcart, Eastwood, Eglesham, Mearns, Ranfrow, Paiflay, Neilstoun, Kilbarchane, Lochquhinnoch, Houftoun, Inchinnen, Arreskine, Kilmacolm, Greinok, and Innerkip. The parishes of Cathcart and Eiftwood are adjoynted to the presbytery of Glagow, all the remanent is called the presbytery of Paillay.

The most considerable houses in this shire are: Crookstoun, pertaining to the Duke of Lennox; Pownoon, pertaining to the Earle of Eglintoun; Cathecart; Over Pollok; Nether Pollok; the Castle of the Mearns, belonging to the Earle of Nidessdale; Cardonall, pertaining to the Lord Blantyre; Cochran, pertaining to the Lord Cochran; Hawkwood [Hawkhead], to the Lord Ross; Caldwell; Castle Sempill, to the Lord Sempill; Craignes; Ramferlie; Auchnames; Blackstoun; Castle of Houftoun, a strong hold; Barruchane; Boghall; Arefkine; Bishtoptoun; Finlaftoun, pertaining to the Earle of Glencarne; New-wark; Duchill; Greinok; Gorrok; Ardgowan; Dunrod; Allerflie, from which has descended William Wallace, sometime governour of the armies of Scotland.

There are no other lochs except the loch of Castle Sempill, wherein is a houfe vaulted.

Bridges in this shire are: Paillay, Pollok, Johnstoun, Ramforlie, Calder, Kellie, and Allerflie, &c.

* Denoting an office—not a surname?

DESCRIPTION OF RENFREW SHIRE. *

NAUTURE OF THE SOIL.—This shire lying next to Clidesdale partaketh of its foil, that part of it which lyeth near Clide being both pleasant and fertile, without mountains; but having many pretty little rises of the ground, from which there are many fair prospects, both of the greater part of this shire and of the nether ward of Clidesdale, and the Lennox. The confines of the shire to the south and southwest and west, bordering on a part of Clidesdale, Cuninghame and the mouth of Clide, are more barren, hilly and moorish. The whole of it is strowed with grafs and corn, sufficient to serve its own inhabitants, except about Greenock, where there is a great confluence of people for the herring fishing, in its season. The herring fishing, though it may more properly belong to the river of Clide then to any shire lying on its shore, yet of all the shires that border on Clide this may most claim a right unto it, the inhabitants hereof, at Greenock, Gourock, Innerkip, and Newark, making the greatest number of fishers. This fishing of herrings, on all accounts, hath for many years been the most noted of any in Scotland, or about it, the fish that enter this firth of Clide being larger, fairer, firmer, of a better taste, and taking better with the salt then any other, and more valued both fresh and salted, at home and abroad, then any other the kingdom affords; the number likewise being incredibly great, considering in how narrow a firth they contain themselves. There have been reckoned 2500 last, which comes to 3750 tun of herrings, made and salted and exported in a year, beside vast quantities which are consumed within the country: thir herrings (when the take of them is good, as hath been many years together) being the daily food of all the shires adjacent, especially in harveft time. The fishers themselves may some years be reckoned to consume 1400 tun by their own eating. Thir herrings come together, as if they were under some government of their own, and swim with a great deal of order, as an army marching in battel aray. They enter the firth of Clide from the Mule of Kintyre yearly, sometime in June or July. When they first enter, they frequently come alongſt the coast of Argile,

* SIBBALD MSS. By Mr William Dunlop, Principal of the university of Glasgow, as is evident from what Mr Crawfurd states.—*Hist. of Ren.* last ed. p. 14.

and enter the lochs and take some time before they settle their principall residence. They come so throng that they are not visible to the fishers, but in calm weather they will swell and move the very ocean. They have sometime found them on the coast of Galloway and Carrick, about Ballantrae, but more frequently in the lochs on Argile fide, and within Clide at Greenock, and as far up as Armour [Ardmore], some of them coming to the firthes near Dumbarton, and are taken in the yairs : but these are not reckoned the best for salting. When the shole of herrings enters the firth, the fishers gather in such number that five or six hundred boats have been seen together in one place at the take, and all these have been seen to lode their boats in a day or two. The herrings will sometime continue till December and January, from June or July. The chief time is in July and harvest quarter for fishing and making. The royal company for fishing did seat their trade here, and built an house at Greenock for that effect.

PEARLS.—The most noted peculiar rarity this shire affords is that of pearls, found in the water of White Cart, about Paillay and above it for three miles. Though it be not that considerable that the proprietor of the water and land adjacent claims an interest in them, but every person hath liberty to search for them, yet pearls are not only frequently here found, but of such a finenes and magnitude as may be compared with any, except what the Indies afford ; and they are transported to other countreys in good parcels, so that Tavernier, the great French jeweller, in his Travells to the East Indies, taketh notice of them. They are found in the bottom of the water in a fishes shell, larger then that of the muscle. The fishing is most in the summer time.

FORRESTS.—There are no forests at present in this shire : formerly there was a forrest about Paillay, on the south and southeast of it ; and another, of the Ferinneis, adjacent thereto, as the account about the 1200 testifys.

WOODS.—The countrey is well stored with woods, every gentleman almost having some in his own bounds.

INCLOSURES AND PARKS.—The nobility and gentry are beginning to inclose and impark some of their ground, especially with stone dikes, particularly the Earle of Dundonald, quhair he hath plenty of fallow deer.

SPRINGS.—The countrey is well stored with springs, not a countrey house wanting them at its door ; one whereof, in the lands of Newyairds, near Paillay, is observable for that it's seen to ebb and flow with the tide, though it be on a far higher ground then any place where the tide comes, and half a mile from the nearest place of the water of Cart, where the tide comes.

RIVERS.—The countrey is very well watered with rivers, though the narrownes of the countrey doth not allow any long course to swell themselves navigable. These are chiefly three, all which have their rises on the confines of the shire, and do mix

DESCRIPTION OF

themselves together at their entry into Clide, within the shire likewife, viz. the two Carts and Greiff. The Carts are distinguished by their colours into White and Black. White Cart hath its rise out of these moors which ly betwixt Eglisfame in this shire, and Evandale and Kilbride in Clidesdale; from thence it runneth north ward, and is in many places the border betwixt the shires, untill it comes within two miles of Glafgow, there it turneth westward, until it comes to Paflay, whence to Inchinan northward, where it both mixeth with the two others and entereth Clide. The tide floweth up Clide, and enterethe this river as far up as the bridge of Paflay. The tide is reckoned to flow about three foot at Paflay, but all fresh. This river, all alongst, affords many pleafant seats of houſes for the nobility and gentry.

The Black Cart taketh its rise out of Lochinnoch loch, at the mouth of which it is many times not fordable. It runneth a straight course eastward. For the moft part, it runneth dead and low, and through the moſſes about Blackſtoun, which maketh it blackiſh. It emptieth iſelf into Clide near Inchinan, quhair it joyneth iſelf to the other.

Griff riſeth out of the northwest places of this shire, in Kilmacolm parish, and runneth south and southeaſt, until it mixeth iſelf with the other in the lower country. All the three are increased by feveral waters and burns or rivulets, not worthy the noticing. This Griff gave name to the northerly part of the shire, which was called Strath Griff about the year 1180: but that name is now out of uſe, and only preſerved in the gentrie's charters.

LOCHQUHINNOCH.—There are no confiderable lochs but one, Lochquhimnoch. It is about 4 miles in length, and 2 in breadth. Many rivulets run into it. On the weſt end it bordereth this shire and Cunighame, where it receiveth a rivulet which cometh out of Kilburny loch, in Cunighame, from which it's diſtant about 2 miles. Round this loch there are ſeveral ſeats of houſes, and many pleafant meadows. It's replenished with fish, ſuch as pikes, pearches, and eels. In the middeſt of this loch there is an old tower called the Peel, belonging to the Lord Sempill, to which they uſed to fly formerly in times of the feuds, or of wars. We never hear that it was beſieged, being a full mile from all fides. There are likewife ſome leſſer lochs in the Mearns and Eglisfame moors, where are plenty of fish; and a little one called loch Libo in Neiltoun, where there is plenty of fish and fowl for diſterne ſorts of game.

ROADS, BAYS AND PORTS.—All the roads, bays and ports in this shire are on the river Clide. From the weſt end of the shire, the firth of Clide beginneth to narrow it ſelf, it being at the Clochſtane about 4 miles in breadth, within which there are almoft every where good riding for ſhips. The firſt bay that openeth is that of Innerkip, without the Cloch, where there is a good fisher town. Then, more eaſt-

erly and inward, openeth a fair bay, at the west end whereof stands Gurock, where is a good road and harbour lately built by Walter Gibson, and a village building. Next inward, stands Greenock, the place of best account on all this coast, this being the principal harbour to all the Glasgow merchants, and a good road, and a well built town, and the chief seat of herring fishing. Here the Royal Company did build an house, and made it the seat of their trade. To this adjoyneth Crawford-dykes, and hath the same trade with that of Greenock; where good houses are fast building. Further, and a little more southward, lyeth Newark, where the town of Glasgow have built a good port, and called it Port Glasgow, and a large publick house, and there is a village building. Here is the custome house for all this coast; and the town of Glasgow of late oblige their merchants to lode and unlode here. Above Newark the river of Clide narroweth, being a mile's breadth over against Dumbarton, above which ships of burden do not come, and the river fresheth when the tide is out. But barks and boats of burden come up Clide to Glasgow, all alongst the coast of this shire, and so come to Ranfrew town. The tide floweth up two or three miles both the Carts and Griff, whereby boats come to Paillay with Highland timber and flates—6000 in a boat—fish of all sorts, and return with coals and lime. The coast all alongst is very safe, it being very rare to hear of any los of vessels within the Cloch, which is most ordinarily reckoned in the innermost mouth of Clide. The tide at Greenock flows 12 foot; within the harbour at Gurock 18 foot; at Newark 12 foot, at a spring tide.

THE ROMAN CONQUESTS.—This countrey being low, fertile, and adjacent to Clidesdale, fell likewise under the Roman arms, and (as I take it) did set a bound to their conquest: the Romans never having past the firth of Clide to Argile-shire, and the old Caledonian wood came to the border of this shire,—it having reached the Lennox or Dumbartonshire, on this hand, as it did Stirlingshire and to Forth on the other hand. But that the Romans came this length is more then probable; for as there are in many places, from the one [end] of Clidesdale to the other, visible, undeniable vestiges, for whole miles of way together, of an old Roman street, from Ericktane, in the head of Eusdale, to Maul's mire, at this end, where it bordereth this shire (called this day Watline street—corruptly, for Vitellian, or Vitellius' street), so there are continued vestiges of their being in this shire, for at Paillay there is a large Roman camp to be seen. The prætorium or innermost part of the camp is on the west end of a rising ground or little hill, called Oakshawhead, on the southeast descent of which hill standeth the town of Paillay. The prætorium is not very large, but hath been well fortified with three fossées and dykes of earth, which must have been large, when, to this day, their vestiges are so great that men on horseback will not see over them. The camp itself hath been great and large, it comprehending the whole hill. There are vestiges on the

north fide of the souffées and dyke whereby it appears that the camp reached to the river of Cart. On the north fide, the dike goeth alongſt the foot of the hill; and if we allow it to have gone ſo far on the other fide, it hath incloſed all the ſpace of ground on which the town of Paſſay stands, and it may be judged to be about a mile in compafs. Its fituation was both strong and pleafant, overlooking the whole countrey. I have not heard that any have been ſo curious as to digg the ground into the prætorium; but when they tread upon it, it gives a ſound as if it were hollow below, where belike there are ſome of their vaults. Near to this camp, about a quarter of a mile, stands two other rifes, or little hills, the one to the weſt, the other to the ſouth, which, with this, makes almoft a triangular form, where have been ſtations for the outer guards. The veſtiges of them appear, and make them little larger then the prætorium of the other camp; of the ſame form, without any other fortification then a fosſe and dike.

BATTEL OF LANGSIDE.—At Langſide there is the appearance of an old camp on the top of the hill, where was fought that memorable battel betwixt Queen Mary and Regent Murray, 1568.

CROSS BETWEEN PASLAY AND RANFREW.—Midway betwixt Paſſay and Ranfrew, at the Knock, is a high croſſ standing, but no iſcription is legible. Tradition hath handed it down, that it was erected on this occaſion: Marjorie Bruce, daughter to King Robert Bruce, and wife to Walter the Great Steward of Scotland, at that time lord of all this countrey, was hunting at this place, and got a fall; and ſhe being big with child of her ſon Robert (afterward King Robert the Second), fell in la-bour, and there died in the field; and (as tradition will have it) the child was a Caſar, cut out of his mother's womb, and had his eye touched by the chirurgeon, from which he was called King Blear-eye, and his mother is by the tradition called Queen Blear-eye, though ſhe was never Queen; and the croſſ is called Queen Blear-eye's croſſ. This fell out about the year 1317, and ſhe is buried at Paſſay.

NATURE OF THE INHABITANTS.—The inhabitants of this ſhire (both nobility, gentry and commons) are generally frugal; love to keep at home. The gentry are given to all manly ſports (as hunting, hawking and gunning); are friendly among themſelves, and their families in conſtant affinity by marriages one with another.

THIS SHIRE BELONGS TO GLASGOW DIOCESE.—In relation to the church, this ſhire, under Popery, was, and is ſtill, within the diocafe of Glasgow; and in the time of Presbytery made up a presbytery or class, in which are 15 parish churches, each church being well provided with a manfe and benefice for a ne minister, and Paſſay for two. The parishes are: Egglifhame, Neiltoun, Mearns, Eaſtwood, Ranfrew, Paſſay, Inchinan, Lochquhinnoch, Kilbarchan, Killellan, Howſtoun, Eriſkin, Kilmacolm, Greenock, and Innerkip. The churches are well built, yet none of them worth the noticing, except that of Paſſay.

ABBACY OF PASLAY.—In the time of Popery there were no monasteries [here] except Paflay, which was a very considerable abbacy. Our historians have generally reckoned it to have been founded by Alexander the Great Steward, about the year 1260. But they have been in a great mistake. The charter of the foundation, being extant, runs thus: “Walterus filius Alani, dapifer regis Scotiae, pro animis Regis David, et Regis Henrici, et Comitis Henrici; et pro salute corporis et animae Regis Malcolmii”—gives such lands to 13 monks, who were to be Ordinis fratrum de Wenloch, Ordinis Monachorum Cluniacensium. By which it appears to have been founded by Walter the second Great Stewart, or dapifer Regis Malcolmii ^{4th} called the Maiden, about the year 1160. This abbacy was so augmented by the Great Stewards, that the teynds of the greater part of this shire and of Kyle belonged to it. The Earles of Lennox and the Lords of the Isles were great benefactors to it. There were 32 churches under its patronage: to wit, Inerwick, in Lothian; Lidgerwood, in the Merse; Rutherglen and Catheart [Carmunock], in Clidesdale; Riccartoun, Craigie, Dundonald, Monktown, St Evox, Prefick, Affleck, the Chappel of Crosbie, in Kyle; Largs, in Cunighame; Cumray, in Boot; Kilpatrick, in Lennox; Rofneth, Kilecolmnell, Kilkinnan, and Kilkerran, in Argilesshire; Mearns, Eastwood, Neilstoun, Paflay, Kilbarchan, Lochquibinnoch, Killellan, Howstoun, Kilmacolm, Innerkip, [Catheart, and Erfkin], in this shire.

The abbey was well built, fair and large, and pleasantly seated on the river Cart, in a good soyl. The buildings are yet remaining, and shew forth much of the magnificence and luxury of that religion. There was a stately cross church built and a steeple, which was one of the greatest in the kingdom; but about a hundred years ago, the steeple fell with its own weight, and with it the quire of the church. The chancel [nave] only is now standing, and is a very fair building, and is indeed one of the most convenient and large houses for hearing that can be. The inscription on the porch tells that this church was built 14--.* The abbey and church, with all its fair gardens and orchards, and a little park for fallow deer, are enclosed within one of the fairest walls not in the kingdom only but in Europe, and perhaps in the world. It is altogether built, on both sides, of large squared free stone, so well that there is no appearance of lime in the wall, and it will be a full mile about, and of a great height. It was the work of many years. The inscriptions upon it shew it to have been begun by Schaw, abbot here about 1483.

BLACK BOOK OF PASLAY.—The monks of this abbacy wrote a Chronicle, which was continued by them, the authentick copy whereof perished when the abbay of Halyrood house was burned during the English usurpation, it being then in the King's

* This seems mistakingly to allude to an inscription to the memory of Abbot Lithgow, still remaining, within the north entrance to the church. It is included in the drawings of inscriptions inserted in a previous part of this volume.

bibliothec : but there are some copies and compends of it. There is extant a Register of all the charters granted to the abbacy, which, together with the charters themselves, are preserved after the Reformation. This abbacy was given to Lord Claud Hamilton, third son to James Duke of Chattelerault, whose posterity sold it to the Earle of Dundonald, who is the present owner of it. This abbacy was honoured by being the burial place of King Robert the Second and of his mother, Marjorie Bruce, whose grave-stone is to be seen, cut out in the shape of a woman.

MANY NOBLE FAMILIES HERE.—There is no shire in Scotland of its bounds, where no noble families have been, both of the greatest nobility and gentry.

Of nobility, this shire may justly claim to have been the seat of the noble family of the Stewarts, who were lords of all this countrey. And this shire was then Baronia de Ranfrew. Our historians have much erred in the genealogy of this noble family, which is very evident by the charters extant in the abbacy of Paisley, where we find the line of the family thus, BANCHO, &c.

The following document, partly in abstract, possesses considerable interest, in relation to the see of Glasgow, whilst it furnishes several particulars of the respectable prelate to whom it relates. It is pretended that the noted adventurer John Law was a descendant of the Archbishop ; but this is probably an honour to which his Grace has no just claim.

THE TESTAMENT testamentar and Inventar of the guidis, geir, debtis, and sowmes of money quhilkis perteint to vñquhile James Archibischope of Glaſgow, the tyme of his deceis, Quha deceit in the moneth of October, the yeir of God J^m vj^e threttie twa yeiris : ffayfullie maid & gevin up be his awin mouth, In fwa far as concernes the nominatioun of his exeo^{ns} and Legacie vnderwritin ; and pairtie maid and gevin vp be M^r Thomas and M^r George Lawis, his lan^tfull sones, and onlie exeo^{ns} nominat be him, In fwa far as concernes the vpgeyng of the Inuentar of his guidis, geir and debtis awand In and Out, as his testement and latterwill, of the daite vnderwritten, at mair length makis mentioune.

INUENTAR.—*Item*, The faid vñquhile James Archibischope of Glaſgow had the tyme of his deceis fairfaid perteining to him as his awin proper, the inficht of the hous, in vtincillis and domicillis with the abuilyementis of his body, estimat (by the air-schipe) to Sax hundrith pund money. *Item*, Of reddy money, iij^c xxxij li. vj s. viij d.

Summa of the Inuentar, patet, ix^c xxxij li. vj s. viij d.

DEBTIS AWAND IN.—*Item*, Thair was awand to the faid vñquhile James Archibis-

chope of Glasgow, the tyme of his deceis foirsaid, The sowmes of money and vtheris
 vnderwriten, be the perfones estirspit, viz. Be the fewaris, fermoraris, tennentis,
 occupieris, and posseffouris of the baronie of Glasgow, the few-fermes, caynes, en-
 stomes, and dewties of the famyne estirmentionat, off the crop and yeir of God
 J^m vj^e threttie twa yeiris, viz. of sylwir dewtie iij^e lix li. xvij s. Item, Be thame,
 of malt, Twenty thrie chalderis thrie furlottis thrie peckis half peck, prycce of the
 boll vj li. prycce of the chalder thairof, lxxxvj li. Inde, of all, Twa thowfand twa
 hundrith xij li. xv s. iij d. Item, Be thame, of meill, Thretty fax chalder nyne
 bollis thrie peckis, prycce of the boll, v li. vj s. viij d. prycce of the chalder, lxxx li.
 vj s. viij d. Inde, of all, Thrie thowfand j^e xxj li. Item, Be thame of corne, Allevin
 chalderis xij bollis ij f. ij. p. prycce of the boll, iij li. vj s. viij d. prycce of the chalder,
 liij li. vj s. viij d. Inde, of all, vj^e xxxij li. j s. viij d. Item, Be thame of salmound,
 Threttein duflane and fax salmound, prycce of the piece, xx s. prycce of the duflane,
 xij li. Inde, j^e lxij li. Be thame of capounes, Threttie ancht duflane and sevin ca-
 pouunes, prycce of the peice, vj s. prycce of the duflane, iij li. xij s. Inde, of all, j^e xxxvij li.
 xvij s. Item, Be thame of poultrie, Threttein duflane and ane poultrie, prycce of
 the peice, v s. prycce of the duflane, iij li. Inde, lxxxx li. v s. Item, Be S^r Dauid
 Murray of Stanehope, kny^t as for the few dutie of his landis of Stobo and Dreva,
 the foirsaid crop & yeir of God 1632 yeiris, j^e 1 li. Item, Be S^r Murray of
 Dernehill, kny^t baronet, and remanent fewaris, tennentis and posseffouris of the
 landis and baronie of Eccilstoun, callit the Quhyt baronie, for the few duties of the
 famyn landis and baronie the said crop, xlj li. x s. Item, Be the fewaris, fermour-
 aris, tennentis, occupieris, and posseffouris of the lands and baronie of [Auchrinie?] fiftie
 fax pund thrie s. as the few dutie of the saidis landis the said crop. Item, Be
 the fewaris, fermoraris, tennentis, occupieris & posseffouris of the landis of Lilleif-
 leif, for the few dewtie of the famyne the said crop, Thrie feoir pundis thrie s. iij d.
 Item, Be the fewaris, fermoraris, tennentis, occupieris & posseffouris of the landis
 and baronie of Eskirk, for the few dewties of the famyne the said crop, lxj li. vj s.
 viij d. Item, Be George Lord Forrester, for the few dewtie of his landis of [Nid-
 rie-Forrester?] the said crope, vj li. xij s. iiiij d. Item, Be Robert M^rBair, for
 the few dewties of his landis of [Conhatrig?] the said crope, Thrie pund vj s. viij d.
 Item, Be Claud Hamilton of Gairen, for the few dewtie of his landis of Gairen
 the said crope, xxx s. viij d. Item, Be the fewaris, fermoraris, tennentis, occu-
 pieris and posseffouris of the landis and baronie of Bisshopis-forrester, xxxij li.
 vj s. viij d. as the few dutie of the saidis landis the crope and yeir of God abouewret-
 tin. Item, Be the fewaris, fermoraris, tennentis, occupieris and posseffouris of the
 landis & baronie of Carstairis, as the few dutie of the famyne the crope and yeir of
 God abouewritten, of sylwir dewtie, fiftie pundis thrie s. iiiij d. Item, Be thame of
 corne, the said crope, Threttein bollis, prycce of the boll, xl s. Inde, lx li. Item,

Be thame of capounes, ffyiftein duffane, pryce of the peice, vj s. Inde, liij li. *Item*, Be Archibald Hamilton of Halcraig, Comissar of Lanark, v^e li. as the quottis of the testamenis within the commissariat of Lanerk, fra the terme of Witfounday, 1631 yeiris, to the terme of Mertimes, 1632 yeiris. *Item*, Be Adame Cwynynghame advocat, commissar of Drumfreis, Twa hundrithe pundis money, as the quottis of the testamenis within the commissariate of Drumfreis, restand fra the terme of Witfounday, 1632 yeiris, to Mertimes therestfir. *Item*, Be Johnne Petir, commissar of Peblis, ij^e xlij li. money, as the quottis of the testamenis within the commissariat of Peblis, the terme of Mertimes, 1632 yeiris. . . . *Item*, Be S^r George Elphinstoun of Blythwood, kny^t and the tennentis, occupieris of the landis of Gorballis, viij hs. meill, addebitit be thame yeirlie, furthe of the faidis landis, and restand awand vnpayit yeirlie the croppis & yeiris of God 1616—1631 yeiris. [given at length in the original] Be S^r Waltir Stewart of Mynto, kny^t and the tennentis, occupieris & possessoris of the landis of Eifir Daldowie, Barrachnie & Blakyairdis the sowme of Sax pundis money, as the few dutie of the aucht muis. land of Eifter Daldowie, and the sowme of seviu pundis vj s. viij d. as the dewtie of the landis of Barrachnie, and the sowme of xxij s. vj d. as the sylwir dewtie of Blakyairdis, sevin furlottis ane peck thrie pt. peck malt, fax furlottis twa peckis twa thrid pt. peckis meill, ane boll aittis, thrie capounes, and twa poultie, as the few dewtie of the landis of Blakyairdis, restand vnpayit the croppis & yeiris of God 1616—1631 yeiris. . . . *Item*, Be Bryce Blair of that Ilk, M^r Johnne Blair, his sone, and the tennentis and occupieris of the landis of Garroche, restand vnpayit, the croppis and yeiris of God 1617—1631 yeiris, fflour bollis hors corne, as ane pt. of the few dewtie of the landis of Garroche. . . . *Item*, Be the fewaris, fermoraris, tennentis, occupieris & possessoris of the Fourtie thrie s. iiiij d. land of Nethir Poffill the few dewties of the famyne estirmentionat, the croppis & yeiris of God abouewrittin, viz. in the first, the crop 1616 yeiris, twa fs. malt, pryce of the boll vj li. x s. Inde, iij li. v s. *Item*, Of multer meill, the faid yeir, thrie bollis, pryce of the boll, v li. Inde, xv li. . . . *Item*, Be the fewaris, fermoraris, tennentis, occupieris & possessoris of the fflour pund vj s. viij d. landis of Keppoche, the few-ferme, kaynes, customes, & dewties of the famyne estirmentionat, the croppis and yeiris of God abouewrittin, viz. in the first, the crop & yeir of God 1625 yeiris, of sylwir dewtie, Thrie pund xiiij s. *Item*, Ffve bollis malt, pryce of the boll, v li. xiiij s. iiiij d. . . . *Item*, Four bollis meill, pryce of the boll, iij li. xiiij s. iiiij d. . . . *Item*, Four bollis corne, pryce of the boll, iij li. . . . *Item*, Twell capounes, pryce of the haill, iij li. iij s. *Item*, Twa poultie, pryce thairof, xij s. Inde, of the haill, the faid yeir, lxvij li. x s. . . . *Item*, Be George Hutcheloun of Lambhill liij s. iiiij d. money yierlie, the yeiris of God 1616—1631, as ane tak of aucht bollis meill, altricit be the Archibischope of Glasgow to him,

extending in haill the saidis yeiris, the said tak-dewtie, to xlij li. xij s. iiiij d. *Item*, Be Johnne Erle of Perth, of taxationoun for the first terme of the teyndis of Drummen, liij li. x s. *Item*, Be M^r Franceis Irwein, commissar clark of Drumfreis, j^e lxxij li. iiiij s. iiiij d. *Item*, Be Alex^r Hay of Mountoun, of taxationoun, xij li. *Item*, Be Andro Turnebull, of dewtie, xvij li. xij s. iiiij d. *Item*, Be the Laird of Blairquhane, xx li. *Item*, Be the towne of Glasgow, for the taxationoun of the new mylne, lx li. *Item*, Be the baxteris, for the quheit mylne of Partick, of taxationoun, xxxvj li. *Item*, Be James Mitchell tailyeur, xl li. *Item*, Be James Boill pro'fischall, the sowme of Ane thowsand ane hundrithe lv li. xvij s. viij d. as ane pt. of the few-dewtie of the baronie of Glasgow, restand be him as chalmerland, of the crop & yeir of God 1631 yeiris. *Item*, Mair be him, the sowme of vij^e vj lis. money, restand of the quottis of testamantis of the commissariat of Glasgow, Hamiltoun & Canpsie, fra the terme of Witfounday, 1632 yeiris, to the terme of Mertimes thereffir, the said yeir.

Summa of the haill debtis In, xiiiij^m vij^e xxxvij li. j s. xj d.

Summa of the Inuentar & Debtis, xv^m vj^e lxx li. viij s. viij d.

DEBTIS AWAND OUT.—*Item*, Thair was awand be the said vnuquibile James Archibischope of Glasgow, the tyme of his deceis . . . viz. In the first, to M^r Johnne Bell, M^r Johnne Maxwell and M^r Zachrie Boyd ministeris, for thair stipend the crop 1632 yeiris, Aucht chalderis of malt, pryece of the boll vj li. . . . *Item*, To thame, as ane pt. of thair stipendis the said yeir, Aucht chalderis of meill, pryece of the boll, v li. vj s. viij d. . . . *Item*, To James Sanderis reider, of fey the said yeir, liij li. vj s. viij d. *Item*, To the Commissaris of Ed^r for the Mertimes feysis the said yeir, Twa hundrithe xlij li. *Item*, To the Lordis of Seffion, for thair feysis the said yeir, xlij li. . . . *Item*, To M^r Andro Law, of fey the said yeir, xxxij li. . . . *Item*, To Dvmmie porter at the yet, of fey the said yeir, iiiij li. viij s. . . .

Summa of the debtis Out, ij^m v^e lxxij li. xj s. iiiij d.

Restis frie geir, debtis deducit, xiiiij^m lxxxvij li. xv s. iiiij d.

FOLLOWIS THE LATTERWILL AND LEGACIE OF THE SAID UMQUHILE

JAMES ARCHIBISCHOPE OF GLASGOW.

AT GLASGOW, the Saxt day of Julij, J^m vj^e threttie twa yeiris: The quhilc day, We James, by the mercie of God, archibischope of Glasgow, being haill in body & mynd; yet knawing that thair is nothing moir certane nor daithe, and nothing moir vncertane than the tyme and place thairof; makis my Testament and Latterwill in maner following: In the first, I mak, nominat & constitute M^r Thomas Law, minister at Inchynane, & M^r George Law, my fones, my onlie ex^m and vnuerfall intro^m with my guidis, geir & debtis; And referris the vpgeving of the Inuentar to

thame. *Item*, I leive to the puir of Sanct Nicholas hospitall in Glasgow, foundit by the Archibischopis thairof, The sowne of ffyve hundrithe mkis. money of Scotland; And to the merchandis and croftis hospitallis thair, equallie to be devydit amangis thame, ffyve hundrithe mkis. money: And ordane the saidis sownmes to be mortefeit & employit for the sustentatioun of the puir of the saidis hospitallis present & to cum, be the advyse of my airis and exeo^{is} and successouris, Archibischopis of Glasgow, Proveift & Minifters of the said bur^r With this conditioune, That the preceptouris & M^{is} of the said hospitallis fall yeirlie mak compt & reckning to the saidis perſones abouewrittin of the imployment of the saidis sownmes, to the effect abouespecefeit; And how oft the famyne beis vplifted, that they fall employ the fame agane be advyse foirſaid, to the effect abouespecefeit: vpone quhilk conditioune this Legacie is left to the saidis hospitallis, & na vtherwayis. And gif it fall happen me at ony tyme befoir my deceis to pay the saidis sownmes left be me to the saidis hospitallis, Than & in that caice, I will and declair that my saidis ex^{is} falbe frie of all payment of the famyne to thame eftir my deceis, nochtwithstanding of my leving of the famyne in maner foirſaid. *Item*, I ratifie & approve the Dispositiouunes maid be me to the Colledge of Glasgow, M^r Patrik Turnet perſone of Dalkeith, James, M^{is} Thomas & George Lawis, my ſones, of certane buikis, conforme to thair feuerall dispoſitiouunes thairof: Togidder with the diſpoſitiouunes maid be me to Mareoune Boill, my ſpous, * of the twa ſylwir coupes, ovir gilt with gold, of playne work imhoffed; and of that ſylwir falt-fat, ovir gilt, that daylie ſervis my tabill, with the buird & drefſour almerie standing in the heich hall, within the Tour: And to the ſaid James Law my haill remanent ſylwir work, qubilk is o'gilt with gold, conforme to thair particular diſpoſitiouunes of the famyne: Lykas I haue dilyvert the ſaid haill buikis, ſylwir workis and vtheris abouewrittin to the feuſcall perſones aboueſpecefeit, to be vſit & keepit be thame as thair awin propir guidis & geir at thair pleſour. . . . In witnes quharof, wryttin be Robert Stewart, my fervand, I have, ſubſcryvit thir pnts. &c. Beſoir thir witneſſes, Johnne Dundas of Newliftoun, Thomas Dalyell of Beannes, W^m Muir of Glanderſtoun, & M^r Robert Linn [or Lun] induellar in Carrail, Sic ſub^r [Conf. Sept. 6. 1633. Com. Rec. of Glas.]

* " Dame Mareoune Boill, relict of vñq^e James Archibischope of Glasgow, &c. deceiſt in the monethe of Nov. 1636."—Test. Con. June 8. 1637.—*Ibid.* She nominates Thomas Stewart of Galſtoun, her ſone in law, & Annas Ros, her dochter, conjungle, &c. her onlie ex^{is}. And farther ordains: " *Item*, my ſaidis debitis being payit, I leive the reſt that falbe frie to be devydit betuixt the ſaid Tho^s Stewart his bairnes, procreat beſtuixt him & vñq^e Jeane Ros, my dochter, and the ſaid Anna Ros, my vther ex^{is} ſcho being on lyf." [Stewart is confirmed as " onlie ex^r on lyf."]

This lady was daughter of John Boyle of Kelburne, by Mareon, daughter of Crawford of Kilbirny, and previously wife of " M^r Mathow Ros of Hanng-Ros," who deceased October, 1617.—*Rec. ut ſupra.* She had a ſon, George Ros, one of the executors dative in his father's will, and probably there was an eldeſter, ſuccelfor to the eſtate.

APPENDIX II.
BEING ORIGINAL PAPERS
ILLUSTRATIVE OF THE PRECEDING
ACCOUNTS OF THE SHIRES OF
LANARK AND RENFREW.

DOCUMENTS RELATIVE TO GLASGOW.

INQUISITIO FACTA PER DAVID PRINCIPEM

CUMBRIÆ. [Circa 1116.]

[CHARTULARIUM GLASGUENSE.]

“**I**GITUR quandoquidem predecessorum instituta mortalium [mortuorum vel nostrorum?] literarum ostentatione, et scribarum deliberatione, ad memoriam revocantur, Nos Cumbrenium quedam gesta nobilium, presentibus apicibus memorie commendavimus. In Cumbria itaque, regione quadam inter Angliam et Scotiam sita, fide Catholica in illis climatibus prius exuberante ac propagante; domestici fidei ac proceres regni cum rege provincie co-operante, in honorem Dei et Sancte Marie pie genetricis, ecclesiam Glasguensem sedem scilicet pontificalem Cumbrensis regionis fundaverunt; et dignis sanctionibus pro pristina fancitorum religione patrum solidaverunt. Hoc vero pulcris initiatibus et ecclesiasticis institutionibus, sancte quoque fidei rudimentis inolevit; et dispositione divina Sanctum Kentegernum in Episcopum admisit, qui celestis affluentiam doctrinæ sicutibus propinaret, et cibum spiritualem ut fidelis Dispensator esurientibus ministraret. Verum enimvero fraudulentus exterminator, supradictam ecclesiam diu inviolabiliter constari ingemiscens, confuetis versutiis suis, post multa temporum currícula, scandala intolerabilia Cumbrensiū ecclesie machinavit. Sancto namque Kentegerno, prolibusque [pluribusque?] successoribus suis pie religionis perseverantia ad Dominum transinigratis; diverse seditiones circumquaque insurgentes, non solum ecclesiam et ejus possessiones destruxerunt, verum etiam totam regionem vastantes, ejus habitatores exilio tradiderunt. Sic ergo omnibus bonis exterminatis, magnis temporum intervallis transactis, diverse tribus diversarum nacionum ex diversis partibus affluentes, desertam regionem prefatam habitaverunt. Sed dispari gente et dissimili lingua et vario more viventes, haut facile [inter] se conficientes, gentilitatem potius quam fidei cultum tenuerunt. Quos infelices et dannate habitacionis habitatores, mere pecudum irrationaliter degentes, dignatus est Dominus, qui nemini-

nem vult perire, propiciacione sua visitare: Tempore enim Henrici regis Anglie, Alexandro Scotorum rege in Scotia regnante, misit eis Deus David predicti regis Scotie germanum in principem et ducem; Qui eorum impudica et scelerosa contagia corrigeret, et animi nobilitate et inflexibili severitate, contumeliosam eorum contumaciam refrenaret. Hic nempe bene vivendi studio fervidus, profane multitudinis miserie condolens, ut pastorali sollicitudine qua diuinus carnerant, eorumque obprobria deleret; divino instigatus hortamine, Johannem quemdam religiosum virum, qui eum educaverat, vitamque ejus Deo non imbecilliter devota voverat, peritorum confilio clericorum, quem suorum auxilio in Episcopum elegit. Set cum Episcopus cognita infelicitas populi feritate, et abhominabili viciorum multiplicitate; utpote perterritus, Jerusalem proficiisci disposeret; ab Apostolico Paschali licet invitus consecratus, officium suscepit sollicitudinis nullatenus differre voluit; set cum gudio, sub plebis alacritate, a principe et a proceribus regni receptus, verbum predicationis Spiritu Sancto largissime operante, per Cumbrensem parochiam diffudit. David vero Cumbrensis regionis Princeps, amore precipue Dei, partim quoque religiose dilectionem, et ammonitionem, terras ecclesie Glasguensi pertinentes, singulis Cumbrie provinciis que sub dominio et potestate ejus erant, (non enim toti Cumbrensi regioni dominabatur,) inquirere fecit, ut avidus ipsius ecclesie restauracionis, possessionum earum quas antiquitus tenuerat, posteris et sequacibus suis certitudinem relinqueret. Has vero auxilio et investigatione seniorum hominum et sapienciorum tocius Cumbrie, pro posse suo investigavit que inferius subscribuntur, Carlevien, Camcar, Camcachetheyn, Lengartheyn, Pathelanarhe, Cunclut, Chefcarnenwat, Carnetheyn, Caruill, Quendal, Abercarf, Mecheyn, Planmichel, Stoboe, Pentnacob, Alnecrumba, Keveronum, Lilliescliva, Aschechyr, Hodelm, Edyngaheym, Abermelc, Drivesdal, Colchtaim, Kevertrold, Ascheby, Brumescheyd, Keveryght. In Pebles una carucata terre et ecclesia. In Kenegyrd, una carucata et ecclesia; In Mereboda una carucata et ecclesia. Has terras juraverunt fore pertinentes ecclesie Glasgu, rogatu et imperio supradicti principis;—Uhtred filius Waldef, Gill. filius Boed, Leyfing et Oggo Cumbrenses Judices, Halden filius Edulf. Hujus rei testes sunt ut audientes et videntes, Mathildis Comitissa, que ex parte sua conceffit, Willielmus nepos ipsius principis, Cospatrick frater Dalfin, Waldef frater suis, Cospatrick filius Uctred, Cospatrick filius Alden, Oolf filius Eadmer, Maccus filius Undwyn, Uchtred filius Scot, Ulchel filius Alftan, Hugo de Morville, Paganus de Brausa, Osber de Ardena, Gervafius Ridel, Guido de Caynes, Berengarius Engine, Robertus Corbet, Walterus de Lindefuya, Robertus de Burnevilla, Reinaldus de Muscans, Walterus filius Winemari, Willielmus Venator, Alanus de Perci, Walterus de Broy.

NOTES ON THE PRECEDING WRITING.

THIS deed has been printed repeatedly, but incorrectly; and in the present reprint, I am not satisfied it is accurately represented. It appears from the style to be rather a narrative of the steps taken to ascertain the property, which had belonged to the ancient Bishopric of Cumbria, than a legal document. It is perhaps extracted from some history, which if found, might afford further information as to this Bishopric, and the country where it was situated. I doubt whether the copy in the *Charterulary of Glasgow*, whence they are all taken, is correct; certainly it is not so in the names of places. Gibson in his *History of Glasgow* says, that it shows the names of places were, at the time of the inquest, quite different from what they are now. In this he was mistaken; for a number of places, as well in the neighbourhood of Glasgow, as elsewhere in the diocese, still bear the very names given in this Manuscript. It is true these names are disguised in the orthography, most probably by frequent and careless transcription, and partly because the transcribers were ignorant of the names mentioned; and as usual every copy has multiplied these errors. It is likewise probable that the original may have been written by a foreigner, since there is reason to suppose that, at the time, few natives were equal to the task of drawing up a deed in Latin, or perhaps to write at all, and that the names were written down by the ear.

The following observations are submitted:—

In Cumbria itaque, regione inter Angliam et Scotiam sita. The present county of Cumberland is but a small part of the territory of Cumbria. Besides including the north-west counties of England, viz. Cumberland, Westmoreland, Cheshire, and perhaps other territory, it extended into Scotland, so as to include Clydesdale, and the counties on the west and middle borders. Whether it included Galloway is not well ascertained; but it is most probably that at one time it did.

The part of Cumbria now included in Scotland, early became a part of that kingdom; and had or some time been usually granted to the eldest sons of the kings. Malcolm III. when driven out by Macbeth retired to it. It had been granted by Edgar, one of the sons of Malcolm when king, to David his younger brother, afterwards king; and was possessed by him at the time of this inquest. Its date must therefore be previous to 1124, when David succeeded to the kingdom on the decease of his immediate elder brother, Alexander I.

Cumbria was originally a British country. It was conquered by the Saxons of Northumberland, and became a part of that kingdom. Accordingly the names of persons occurring in this writing are mostly Saxon, and they must have been persons of consequence; though most of the names of places do not appear to be derived from that language, and are probably of British origin. Afterwards it appears to have been invaded and ruined either by the pagan Norwegians or Irish; perhaps both had a hand in the destruction alluded to in this document. From the life of St Patrick, referred to in Usher's book *de Primordiis Ecclesiarum Britannicarum*, it appears to have been his native country. His time goes back to the period of the Roman colonists of that part of Britain. He was carried off from it as a prisoner in his youth, to Ireland, in one of the predatory expeditions from thence. Before his time, the Christian religion had been introduced into this country by the Roman colonists; and it was thence propagated in Ireland by Saint Patrick and his successors. The accounts of his life would imply that he returned to it and died there, though the English authors say he retired to and died at Glastonbury, to which place they ascribe the name Glastun, which may have been readily corrupted from *Glascu*, the *t* and *c* being easily confounded in old MSS., and *Glascu* then only wanting

the stroke above the *u* to make it *Glastun*, which a transcriber who knew Glastonbury, but had never heard of Glascu, would readily supply.

Kentigern's labours as a missionary were posterior to those of Patrick. He came from Wales, and appears to have instituted a religious establishment here, which our manuscript informs us was destroyed by the incursions of barbarians, by whom the country was wasted, and the inhabitants destroyed or driven out. Here then was a cessation of Kentigern's establishment represented as a bishopric. The writer, describing things according to the ideas of his own times, describes it as *Sedes pontificalis Cumbrensis regionis*, though probably only a small and poor Culdee monastery. But in the lives of the Saints, these early establishments begun by them, are usually represented in the most magnificent terms. If one of them fixed his dwelling in a pagan country, living in a cottage and preaching when the inhabitants would hear him, recommending himself by his harmless course of life, he is said to have converted the *whole nation* to Christianity. If by some skill in medicine, (a most useful accomplishment in rude countries,) he sometimes effected the recovery of a sick person, it is represented as miracle, of restoring a dead person to life, by means of his prayers. And the Establishment, consisting of a few Culdees living in small huts, is erected into a bishopric and chapter, according to the notions of the biographer, of bishoprics at the time he wrote.

As already said, this country came to be an ordinary possession of the eldest sons of the Scottish kings. Malcolm III. before he conquered Macbeth, was prince of Cumberland; so was David the son of Malcolm before he was king, though being the youngest son, he did not obtain it till the death of his brother Edgar, who was succeeded by the next brother, Alexander I.—Henry the son of David concurs in some gifts of his father to this church, as well as in the present Inquisition, and Henry's son, William, afterwards King, is a witness to it.

This writing shows that it was David, who when prince of Cumberland, restored the possessions of the church of Glasgow, and appointed a bishop. The proceeding adopted by David was to appoint several of the elder and more influential inhabitants (*Seniorum hominum et sapientiorum totius Cumbriae*,) to ascertain what lands in former times belonged to this church, that they might be restored to it. These lands had doubtless been long in the possession of laymen, and those not the usurpers; and could not be wrested from them without trouble and risk. This may have been one reason for the reluctance of the bishop to accept the bishopric. But David certainly took the safest method, by giving the task of pointing out the ancient possessions of the church to persons of consequence and authority in the country. After all, the recovery of them could not be easily accomplished among a people so rude as they are here described.

After these general observations, some remarks shall be submitted upon the names of lands mentioned in the writing now under consideration, with a view to ascertain, if possible, the particular lands mentioned in it. They are here placed in alphabetical order.

Abercarf, Abertarf; this name remains unaltered.

Abermelc. There is a water of Milk in Galloway which gives name also to Castlemilk.

Alnecrumba, Ancrum.

Afschaby remains unaltered.

Afschechirche, Askirk, remains unaltered. The difference in spelling is of no consequence.

Aftanefdene, Hassenden.

Ballanrik, Ballanark, Budlornac? Is Pathelamarke a corruption of this? There is a *Ballernock* near Glasgow, also Bedlormie.

Ballayn, Bedlay, in the parish of Calder.

Brumeschedy. There is Brownieside near Glasgow, but it is doubtful if it is the place here meant.

Bader, Badermonoch. Monoch in the names of places implies the place to have belonged to a convent; perhaps Baldernock.

Buthelule. Bonhill in Dumbartonshire is sometimes so written in old deeds; but here it probably signifies *Bothwell*.

Camcar. Can this be Sanquhar, though very unlike? Yet if we can suppose a French scribe, it is not impossible he might have so corrupted the name in writing it from the ear, and using *f* for *s*. Carcleven, written Carcleuien, and corruptly Carclemen, perhaps Carclie in Ayrshire.

Camecachethyn, *Cambusnethan*? The *Cambus* in names compounded with that word is commonly pronounced *Cam*.

Conclut, Conclud. In more modern deeds Kinclaith. The Green of Glasgow is said to have been part of these lands.

Chefcarnenwatt. Here is ground for supposing a foreign scribe: *Chef* is French; and when introduced here seems to signify *Upper* or *Over Carnwath*, which the writer may have translated, when informed of the meaning of Upper or Over prefixed to a name. There can be little doubt that the Saxon language prevailed in this country at the time of the inquest. Carnewid also is supposed to denote Carnwath in the upper ward of Lanarkshire.

Carnetheyn, Carnytne, near Glasgow. Yet there is a service of Margaret Wright, 9th Feb. 1688, in the lands of *Carnethan in parochia de Troqueir, et Senescallatu de Kirkcudbright*, which name comes very near to that in the *inquisitio* under consideration.

Carwill, erroneously written for *Carmyle*, near Glasgow.

Couendal, Quendal. There is a parish in the upper ward of Lanarkshire called Covinton, the first two syllables of which agree with this name. A foreign scribe might readily turn Conendal into Quendal. Perhaps it may be said the reverse was just as natural.

Colchtaim; perhaps Coltram, that is, Homecultram.

Casteltarras, this name still remains unaltered.

Dryvedale, Drysdale.

Dalmuneh, perhaps Dalmarnoch.

Drumteblay, Duntiblae.

Dalkarn, in Galloway.

Drilton, Dirleton.

Edulvistun, Edulfston, now Eddilston.

Edyngahaym, Edenhamb, or Ednam.

Encarrach, a blunder for In Carrick.

Guvan, Govan, remains unaltered.

Galwaith, Galloway.

Gillemoristun, the modern name of Penjacob.

Golyn, in Lothian.

Hachenkerach, Auchinraith, Auchinreach or Auchinreoch.

Houchiltre, Ochiltree.

Hodelm, Hoddam, in Dumfriesshire.

Hotun, Hutton.

Hardingeſtrena, Hassenden?

Horda, Orda, Orde.

Ingolifstun, Ingliston.

Innenfchaden, Inienfchaddin, Inchinan in Renfrewshire, near Glasgow.

Keveronum. Lands called Monach Kennaran are adjudged to belong to the monastery of Paisley by a decree in *Annalibus Facultatis artium* in Glasgow college. Can *Keveronum* be a corruption of *Kennaran*, and signify other lands of Kennaran not belonging to Paisley? Kennaran is in Kilpatrick parish.

Kevertrold.

Kevergylt.

Kevergyrd, Traquair, or Troqueer; or it may be Cathcart, ordinarily pronounced *Kerkert*, and usually written *Ketkert* in older writings. The two first syllables of these are perhaps corruptions of Caer, which occurs in many names in this country.

Keneayrd, Kinnaird?

Karnewid, Carnwath.

Kill, Incuill, corruption of In kyl.

Kerkentulacht, Kirkintilloch, both corrupted from *Caerpentalloch*, the ancient name of this place.

Lengartheyn. The first syllable of this name would seem to be *Lan*, the Welsh word for a church.

There are several places in Dumbartonshire, the names of which are compounded with *Gartan*. Lilliefcliva, now Lilliesleaf; the last syllable corrupted from *clive* or *clif*.

Lochorwar ecclesia, Locharret near Borthwick, Lochorward.

Levenaiche, Levenax, Lennox.

Laodonia, Lothian.

Mecheyn, Machan shire, in Lanarkshire.

Menenfchadin, probably an error for Inchinan.

Mereboda, corruptly written for Morebattle.

Morthewic, perhaps a corruption of Borthwicke, by miswriting of the transcriber.

Muckraht, Muckroft.

Planmichel; the first syllable may be an error for *Lan*; or is it Carmichel?

Penjacob; Pentnacob is a corruption of it. The more modern name in the Chartulary is Gillemoristune.

Perdeyc, Perdehic, Pertheit, Pertheic; Partick, near Glasgow, where the bishop had a residence.

Polmadie, still bears the same name: near Glasgow in the parish of Govan.

Rokele, is a misreading for Possele, which retains still the same name.

Sadinton, Schadinton, villa filiae Sadin, now corruptly called Shettleston, a village near Glasgow, named from Sadin a brother of St Patrick.

Selechirea, Selkirk.

Sleindaff.

Strablahane, Strathblane.

Travequer, Travercuer, Traquair.

Traverenni, Taverenni, Traverment. Can this be Tranent in East Lothian?

Wilthon, Wiltona, Wilton.

Thus only three or four names of the whole, are unaccounted for in the modern names of the country.

CARTA WILLIELMI REGIS DE ERIGENDO BURGO APUD

GLASGU. [Circa 1172.]

W. DEI gratia Rex Scottorum, Episcopis, Abbatibus, Comitibus, Baronibus, Justiciariis, Vicecomitibus, Ministris, et omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, clericis et laicis, modernis et posteris, salutem: SCIANT presentes et futuri Me concessisse et hac carta mea confirmasse Deo et Sancto Kentegerno, et Jocelino Episcopo Glasguensi, et singulis ejus successoribus in perpetuum, Ut burgum habent apud Glasgu, cum foro die Jovis, bene et honorifice, quiete et plenarie, cum omnibus libertatibus et consuetudinibus quas aliquis burgorum meorum in tota terra mea, melius, plenius, quietius, et honorificentius habet: QUARE Volo et firmiter Precipio, ut omnes burghenses qui in predicto burgo manentes erunt, meam firmam pacem iuste habeant, per totam terram meam, in eundo et redeundo: Et Prohibeo firmiter ne quis eos aut eorum catalla iuste distractet aut vexet, aut aliquam eis injuriam aut contumeliam, inferat, super meam plenariam forisfacturam. TESTIBUS Comite David fratre meo, Waltero Bidun Cancellario meo, Comite Dunecano, Comite Gilleberto, Comite Gillecrist de Meneth [Menteth?], Ricardo de Moreville Constabulario, Roberto de Quinci, Ricardo Cumim, Waltero de Berkeli Camerario, W. de Veteriponte, Philippo de Valloniis, Roberto de Berkeli, Adam de Stanford, Apud Travequer.

CARTA WILLIELMI REGIS DE NUNDINIS APUD

GLASGU. [Circa 1190.]

W. DEI gratia Rex Scottorum, Episcopis, Abbatibus, Comitibus, Baronibus, Justiciariis, Vicecomitibus, Prepositis, Ministris, et omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, clericis et laicis, salutem. SCIANT presentes et futuri Me dedisse et concessisse, et hac carta mea confirmasse Deo et Sancto Kentegerno et ecclesie de Glasgu, et Jocelino ejusdem loci Episcopo, omnibusque successoribus ejus, in perpetuum, Nundinas apud Glasgu habendas, et singulis annis tenendas, ab Octavis Apostolorum Petri et Pauli, plenarie per octo dies; cum firma et plenaria pace, et cum omnibus libertatibus aliquibus Nundinis in tota terra mea concessis; et cum omnibus rectitudinibus ad Nundinas pertinentibus, ita libere, quiete, plenarie, et honorifice sicut aliisque Nundine in aliquo burgorum meorum, liberius, quietius,

pleniū, et honorificentius teneuntur aut teneri debent. TESTIBUS Johanne Dunkeldensi Episcopo, Hugone Cancellario meo, Archibaldo Abate de Dunfermelin, O. Abate de Kelcho, Comite Dunecano, Rollando filio Uctredi, Willielmo de Lindeſeia, Waltero Corbet, Willielmo Cumin, Roberto filio Werneburc, Alexander vicecomite de Strivelin, Henrico de Graham, Henrico de Cormanoc, Apud Edenburc.

CARTA WILLIELMI REGIS DE ACCESSU LIBERO AD
NUNDINAS DE GLASGU.

WILLIELMUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre fue, clericis et laicis, salutem: SCIATIS Me firmam pacem meam iuste dedisse omnibus qui venient ad Nundinas de Glasgu, quas conceffi Deo et Sancto Kentegerno, et burgo de Glasgu, ad veniendum illuc et ibi standum, et inde iuste redeundum; ita ut faciant quod iuste et secundum affisam burgenſium meorum et terre mee facere debebunt. TESTIBUS Willielmo de Boscho Clerico meo, Philippo de Mubray, Apud Edeneburgh xxvij die Junij.

The following Charter suggests an inquiry, whether the building of cathedral churches, monasteries, and other important ecclesiastical buildings, may not have given rise to the societies of Free Masons.

CARTA WILLIELMI REGIS QUA CONFIRMAT FRATERNITATEM
CONSTITUTAM AD CONSTRUCTIONEM ECCLESIE GLASGU-
ENSIS.

WILLIELMUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre fue, clericis et laicis, salutem: Neceſſitati Glasguenſis ecclieſie, pietate debita compacientes, et eam summi regis, et Sanctissimi Kentegerni confeſſoris intuitu, devoſione non modica diligentes, defolacioni ipſius curam volumus conſolationis adhibere; Et eam quoad poſſumus regie protectionis munimine conſovere. Quum autem mater multarum gentium, exilis antehac et anguſta, ad honorem Dei ampliari defiderat; et preterea in hiis diebus noſtris igne conſumpta, ad fui reparationem, ampliiffimis expenſis indigens, et noſtrum et plurium proborum hominum ſubſidium expoſtulat; Fraternitatem quam ad ejus conſtructionem venerabilis Jocelinus ejuf-

dem ecclesie Episcopus, de confilio Abbatum, Priorum et alterius cleri Episcopatus sui constituit, devote recipimus, et regie concessionis munimine usque ad ipsius ecclesie perfectionem confirmamus: Et omnes ejusdem fraternitatis collectores, et ad ejus fabricam auctoritate Episcopi et Capituli ipsius ecclesie auxilium postulantes, in nostra firma pace et protectione suscepimus: Omnibus Ballivis nostris et ministris firmiter precipientes, ut eos ubique in regno meo protegant et manuteneant: Et districte prohibentes, ne quis eis injuriam, violenciam, aut contumeliam aliquam inferat, super meam plenariam forissacturam; TESTIBUS Hugone Cancellario nostro, Archembaldo Abate de Dunfermelin, Willielmo de Lindeſeia Jufciciario, Philippo de Valoniis, Apud Rokeſburg.

This Charter shows that the church had been burnt in the time of King William, and when Jocelin was bishop. The following two grants to the Bishop of Glasgow show that slavery was not unknown at the time in Scotland.

CARTA WILLIELMI REGIS QUA CONCEDIT GILLEMACHOI
DE CONCLUD ECCLESIE DE GLASGU.

WILLIELMUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre fue, falutem: SCIATIS Me concessisse et quietum clamasse de me et de heredibus meis, Deo et Ecclesie Sancti Kentegerni de Glafgu, et Episcopo Jocelino suisque successoribus in perpetuum, Gillemachoi de Conglud, cum liberis suis, et tota ejus fecta que de ratione eum sequi debuerint. Quare prohibeo firmiter, ne quis ballivorum meorum impedit quin eos libere habere possint. TESTIBUS Ricardo de Morvilla Conſtabulario, Roberto de Quinci, Waltero Olifard, Apud Selekirke.

CARTA ALEXANDRI II. REGIS DE QUIETA CLAMATIONE
QUORUNDAM HOMINUM.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre fue, falutem: SCIATIS Quod Waltero Episcopo Glafguensi et successoribus suis Episcopis, Quietum clamavimus in perpetuum quicquid juris habuimus in Gillemill filio Bowein et Gillemor filio ejus; et Buet et Gillys filio Eldredi, quos Adam filius Gilleberti predicto Episcopo et successoribus suis Episcopis quietos clamavit, profecto et heredibus suis in perpetuum, coram probis hominibus: Et in hujus rei testimonium predicto Waltero Episcopo has litteras nostras patentes inde fieri fecimus:

TESTIBUS Waltero Olifard Justiciario Laodonie, Henrico de Baillol Camerario, Johanne de Maccuswell Vicecomite de Rokesburg, Willielmo de Herteshevid Vicecomite de Lanark, Apud Cadihou xiij^{ma} die Novembris anno regni nostri xj^{mo} [1225.]

CARTA ALEXANDRI II. REGIS DE QUIBUSDAM TERRIS IN
LIBERA FORESTA ERECTIS.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue salutem : SCIATIS Quod conceffimus venerabili patri Willielmo Episcopo Glasguensi, ut ipfe et omnes succeffores sui Episcopi Glasguenfes, terras suas circa Glasgu, Scilicet terras de Conclud, de Schedinfun, de Ballayn, de Badermonoc, de Poffele, et de Kenmor, de Garvach, de Neutoun, de Leys, de Rammifhoren, et terram burgi, et alias terras ad Manerium de Glafgu fpestantes, habeant et teneant in perpetuum in liberam Forestam : QUARE firmiter Prohibemus, ne quis fine eorum licentia, in dictis terris fecet aut venetur, super nostram plenariam foriffacturam decem librarum. TESTIBUS Clemente Episcopo Dunblanense, Magistro M. Archidiacono Glasguenfe, Johanne vicecomite de Strivelyn, Walramo de Normanvilla, Apud Kirketun [Kirkentulach?] duodecimo die Septembris, anno regni Domini regis vicesimo octavo. [1242.]

CARTA ALEXANDRI II. REGIS, QUA CONFIRMAT
CONCESSIONEM BURGI DE GLASGU.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Episcopis, Abbatibus, Comitibus, Baronibus, Justiciariis, Vicecomitibus, Ministris, et omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, clericis et laicis, salutem : SCIAUT preſentes et futuri Me conceffisse, et hac carta mea confirmando, Deo et Sancto Kentegerno, et Waltero Episcopo Glasguensi, et singulis suis successoribus in perpetuum, ut burgum habeant apud Glafcu cum foro die Jovis, bene et honorifice, quiete et plenarie ; Cum omnibus libertatibus et conſuetudinibus quas aliquis burgorum meorum in tota terra mea melius, plenius, quietius, et honorificentius habet. QUARE Volo et firmiter Precipio, ut omnes burgenses qui in predicto burgo manentes erunt, meam firmam pacem juste habeant per totam terram meam in eundo et redeundo. Et Prohibeo firmiter, ne quis eos aut eorum catalla injufte diſturbet aut vexet, aut aliquam eis injuriam aut contumeliam inferat super meam plenariam foriffacturam ; Sicut carta Domini regis

Willielmi patris mei, Joscelino Episcopo Glasguensi et ejus successoribus, inde facta testatur. TESTIBUS, Hugone Episcopo Dunkeldense, Willielmo Cumin Comite de Buchan Justiciario Scotie, Rogero de Mortuomari, Thoma Hostiario, Waltero Cumin, Jordano Cumin, Malcolmo Pincerna, Thoma de Haya, Roberto de Seyntcler, Apud Edeneburg. xxij die Julij. [1215.]

CARTA ALEXANDRI II. REGIS DE NUNDINIS
HABENDIS APUD GLASGU.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Episcopis, Abbatibus, Comitibus, Baronibus, Justiciariis, Vicecomitibus, Prepositis, Ministris, et omnibus probis hominibus suis, clericis et laicis, salutem: SCIANT presentes et futuri Me concessisse et hac carta mea confirmasse, Deo et Sancto Kentegerno et ecclesie Glasguensi, et Waltero ejusdem loci Episcopo, omnibusque successoribus ejus in perpetuum, Nundinas apud Glasgu habendas singulis annis et tenendas, ab octavis apostolorum Petri et Pauli plenarie per octo dies, cum firma et plenaria pace, et cum omnibus libertatibus aliquibus nundinis in tota terra mea concessis; Et cum omnibus retributinibus ad Nundinas pertinentibus; ita libere, quiete, plenarie, et honorifice, sicut aliisque nundine in aliquo burgorum meorum, liberius, quietius, pleniuer, et honorificentius teneantur aut teneri debent, sicut carta Domini regis Willielmi patris mei, Jocelino Episcopo Glasguensi et ejus successoribus inde facta testatur. TESTIBUS Hugone Episcopo Dunkeldensi, Willielmo Cumin Comite de Buchan Justiciario Scotie, Rogero de Mortuomari, Thoma Hostiario, Waltero Cumin, Jordano Cumin, Malcolmo Pincerna, Thoma de Haya, Roberto de Seintcler, Apud Edeneburg. xxij die Julij.

LITERA PROTECTIONIS PER ALEXANDRUM II. REGEM
WILLIELMO EPISCOPO GLASGUENSI CONCESSA.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue salutem: SCIATIS Nos venerabilem patrem Willielmum Episcopum Glasguensem terras suas et homines suos, et universas eorundem possessiones, sub firma pace et protectione nostra juste suscepisse. QUARE firmiter Prohibemus ne quis eis malum, injuriam, molestiam, aut gravamen aliquod inferre presumat injuste, super nostram plenariam forisfacturam. TESTIBUS Patricio Comite de Dunbar, Alexandro Se-

nescallo, et Roberto de Meyners Camerario, apud Rokesburg, tricesimo die Aprilis anno regni secundo. [1216.]

CARTA ALEXANDRI II. REGIS DE BURGO APUD GLASGU. .

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue clericis et laicis, salutem: SCIANT prefentes et futuri Nos conceffisse et hac carta nostra confirmasse Deo et Sancto Kentegerno, et Waltero Epifcopo Glafguensi, et singulis Episcopis ejus successoribus; ut burgum habeant apud Glasgu cum foro die Jovis, ita bene et honorifice, plenarie et quiete, et cum omnibus libertatibus et consuetudinibus sicut aliquis burgorum nostrorum in tota terra nostra, plenus, melius, honorificientius habet. QUARE Volumus et firmiter Precipimus, ut omnes burgenses qui in predicto burgo manentes erunt, nostram firmam pacem iuste habeant per totam terram nostram, in eundo et redeundo: Et Prohibemus firmiter, ne quis eos vel eorum catalla injuste disturbet aut vexet, aut aliquam eis injuriam aut contumeliam inferat, super nostram plenariam forisfacturam; Sicut carta Domini regis Willielmi patris nostri inde facta Jocelino quondam Epifcopo Glafguensi testatur. TESTIBUS Waltero Olifard Justiciario Laodonie, Henrico de Bayllol Camerario, Johanne de Makewell Vicecomite de Rokesburg, Henrico Marescallo, Alexandro de Seton, Roberto de Sancto Claro, Willielmo de Herteshev-id Vicecomite de Lanarc, Apud Cadihou xxij die Novembris anno regni nostri undecimo. [1225.]

LITERA ALEXANDRI II. REGIS QUOD EPISCOPI GLASGUENSES
ET EORUM NATIVI ET SERVI QUIETI SINT DE TOLNEO PER
TOTUM REGNUM.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, salutem: SCIATIS quod Concessimus venerabili patri in Christo W. Epifcopo Glafguensi Cancellario nostro, ut ipse et successores sui Episcopi Glafguensium, et eorum homines, Nativi et Servi, quieti sint de Tolneo dando per totum regnum nostrum, tam in burgis quam extra, de propriis catallis suis, et de omnibus aliis que ad usus suos proprios evenerint: QUARE firmiter Prohibemus ne quis ipsos contra hanc concessionem nostram vexare presumat super premissis, tolneum ab eis exigendo, vel aliquam vexationem eis inferendo, super nostram plenariam forisfacturam: TESTIBUS Willielmo [Waltero?] filio A. Senefcalli Justiciario Scotie, W. Cumin Co-

mite de Meneteth, W. Olifard Justiciario Laodonie, Alano Hostiario, Rogero Avenel, David Marescallo, Apud Cadihou tertio decimo die Octobris anno regni domini regis vicefimo primo. [1235.]

CARTA ALEXANDRI II. REGIS, QUOD BURGENSES DE GLASGU
QUIETI SINT IN ERGADIA ET LEVENAX ET PER TOTUM
REGNUM, &c.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, salutem. Sciant presentes et futuri Nos concessisse et hac carta nostra confirmasse venerabili patri, W. Episcopo Glasguensi et ejus successoribus Episcopis Glasguensis in perpetuum, ut Burgenses et homines fui de Glasgu, in Ergadia et in Levenax, et per totum regnum nostrum ire possint ad emendum et vendendum, et omnimodas mercaturas exercendas cum voluerint; ita libere et quiete, plenarie et honorifice, et sine aliquo impedimento Ballivorum nostrorum de Dunbretan seu quorumcunque aliorum Ballivorum nostrorum; sicut dicti burgenſes et homines de Glasgu antiquitus, liberius, quietius, plenius, et honorificentius, facere potuerunt, antequam aliquem burgum apud Dunbretan fundari fecimus. Concessimus etiam, et hac carta nostra confirmavimus omnibus venientibus ad Nundinas et forum de Glasgu, et inde recedentibus, firmam pacem et protectionem nostram; Firmiter prohibentes, ne quis ad dictas Nundinas et forum de Glasgu venientibus et inde recedentibus, malum, injuriam, molestiam inferat, aut gravamen contra hanc concessionem nostram, quo minus ad dictas Nundinas libere, et ad forum de Glasgu cum voluerint venire, et inde recedere possint sine alicujus Ballivi impedimento, super nostram plenariam misericordiam decem librarum. TESTIBUS David Episcopo Sancti Andree, G. Episcopo Dunkeldensi, W. Comyn Comite de Menenteth, W. Olyfard, Justiciario Laodonie, W. Archidiacono Laodonie, H. de Balliol Camerario, W. de Lindeſeia, Philippo de Malevilla Justiciario Scotie. Apud Caſtrum puerarum xjº die Januarij, anno regni Domini regis viceſimo octavo. [1242.]

CARTA ROBERTI I. REGIS, QUA CONFIRMAT CARTAM ALEX-
ANDRI II. REGIS DE BURGO ET FORO APUD GLASGU.

ROBERTUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Omnibus probis hominibus suis ad quos preſentes litere pervenerint, salutem: Sciatis Nos infexisse literas excellentissimi

Principis quondam Domini Alexandri Dei gratia Regis Scottorum illustris, in hec verba “**ALEXANDER** Dei gratia Rex Scottorum omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, clericis et laicis, salutem: **SCIANT** presentes et futuri Nos concessisse et hac carta nostra confirmasse Deo et Sancto Kentegerno, et Waltero Episcopo Glasguensi, et singulis Episcopis ejus successoribus, ut burgum habeant apud Glasgu, cum foro die Jovis, ita bene et honorifice, plenarie et quiete, et cum omnibus libertatibus et consuetudinibus, sicut aliquis burgorum nostrorum in tota terra nostra plenius, melius, et honorificentius habet: **QUARE** Volumus et firmiter Precipimus ut omnes burgenses qui in predicto burgo manentes erunt, nostram firmam pacem juste habeant per totam terram nostram, in eundo et redeundo. Et Prohibemus firmiter, ne quis eos vel eorum catalla injuste disturbet aut vexet, aut aliquam eis injuriam aut contumeliam inferat, super nostram plenariam forisfacturam, sicut carta Domini Willelmi Regis Scotie patris nostri inde facta Jocelino quondam Episcopo Glasguensi testatur: **TESTIBUS** Waltero Olifard Justiciario Laudonie, Henrico de Baliolo Camerario, Johanne de Maxwell Vicecomite de Rokefburg, Henrico Marescallo, Alexandro de Seton, Roberto de Seton, Roberto de Sancto Claro, Willelmo de Hertisheved Vicecomite de Lanark, **APUD** Cardros, vicefimo secundo die Novembris, anno regni nostri, undecimo.”—Nos vero dictam concessionem confirmare volentes, dictam concessionem et confirmationem, in omnibus punctis suis et articulis, approbamus, ratificamus, et presente carta nostra confirmamus. **IN CUJUS REI** testimonium presenti carte nostrae sigillum nostrum precepimus apponi; **TESTIBUS** Venerabilibus in Christo patribus, Willelmo, Willelmo et Henrico, Sancti Andree, Dunkeldensis et Aberdonensis Ecclesiarum Episcopis, Bernardo Abbatte de Abirbrothok Cancellario nostro, Waltero Senefallo Scotie, Jacobo Domino de Dugas, Johanne de Menteth et Alexandro Frafer Camerario Scotie, militibus, **APUD** Sconam vicefimo octavo die Julij, anno regni nostri decimo octavo. [1324.]

In an Inventory of writings belonging to the city of Glasgow, there is this article:—

Nº 2. ITEM, A Charter be the said King Robert the first, dated at Glasgow the 15th day of November, and of his Majesty's reign the twenty-third year, which was in the year 1329, Approving and ratifying a Charter granted by King Alexander his predecessor last deceift, which was King Alexander 3. dated at the Maiden Castle the 18th day of June, and of the said King Alexander his reign the 26th year, which was the year of God 1275, which is repeated verbatim in the said King Robert's Charter; and bears the said King Alexander to direct his Charter to the Sheriff, Baillies, and Provosts of Dumbarton; and to say to them thairby, that they knew weill how his Majesty had granted to the Bishop of Glasgow, that his men of

Glasgow might go to and return from Argyle with their merchandise freely and without any impediment: AND because the same was granted by his Majesty to the said Bishop before the foundation of the burgh of Dumbarton, commanding therefore, that if they had taken any thing from the said Bishop his men, that without delay they would make restitution, and that none should vex or trouble them against this commission upon his Majesty's highest displeasure.

CARTA REGALITATIS CIVITATIS ET BARONIÆ GLASGUENSIS
ET ILLIUS TERRÆ QUÆ VOCATUR BISHOP FOREST, LEVA-
TA ET OPTENTA PER DOMINUM WILLIELMUM TURNBULL
EPISCOPUM GLASGUENSEM.

JACOBUS Dei gratia Rex Scotorum omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, clericis et laicis, salutem: SCIATIS Nos in honorem et laudem Dei omnipotentis et gloriose Virginis Marie, ac Beati Kentigerni confessoris patroni ecclesie Glasguensis, in qua canonicus existimus, et omnium sanctorum; Necnon pro singulari favore et zelo et dilectione quas erga reverendum in Christo patrem Willielmum Episcopum Glasguensem Prelatum ejusdem ecclesie modernum, nostrum consiliarium intime dilectum gerimus, propter sua merita servicia grata atque fidelia nobis longo tempore impensa; Dedisse, Concessisse et hac presenti carta nostra Confirmasse, prefato reverendo in Christo patri Willielmo Episcopo Glasguensi, et suis successoribus Glasguensis ecclesie Episcopis pro perpetuo; Quod habeant, teneant, et possideant perpetuis futuris temporibus civitatem Glasguensem, baroniam de Glasgu et terras vulgariter vocatas Bishop forest, in meram, puram, et liberam regalitatem. TENENDAM et HABENDAM prefatam civitatem Glasguensem ac baroniam, et dictas terras vocatas Bishop forest cum pertinentiis dicto Willielmo et suis successoribus, Episcopis ecclesie Glasguensis, De nobis et successoribus nostris, in meram, puram, et liberam regalitatem seu regaliam, in feodo et hereditate in perpetuum; Cum universis et singulis commoditatibus et proficuis dictæ civitati, baronie, et antedictis terris pertinentibus, in boscis, planis, moris, maresiis, viis, semiatis, aquis, stagnis, rivulis, pratis, pascuis, et pasturis, molendinis, multuris, et eorum sequelis, aucupationibus, venationibus, punctionibus, aquarum decursibus, petariis, turbariis, carbonariis, lapicidiis, lapide, calce, fabrilibus, bracinis, bruriis et genestis; cum homagiis, curiis et earum exitibus, eschaetis, libero introitu et exitu, bludwetis, herczeldis, et marchetis mulierum; cum libera forresta et warrenna; cum feodis, forissacturis, justiciis, antiquis confuetudinibus et custumis, ac cum

itineribus justiciarie et camerarie et eorum exitibus, portibus et passagiis, cum capella; in liberam, puram, et integrum regalitatem seu regaliam: Cum furca et fossa, fok, fak, Thol et Them, infangandthes, outfangandthes, hamsokyn; cum tenentibus, tenandriis, et libere tenentium servitiis: Nec non cum pifcationibus, antiquis usibus, et advocationibus ecclesiarum, aliisque omnibus et singulis libertatibus, communitatibus, ac aisiamentis, et justis pertinenciis suis quibuscumque, tam non nominatis quam nominatis ad regalitatem seu regaliam spectantibus, seu quovis modo juste spectare valentibus in futurum; et adeo libere, quiete, plenarie, integre, honorifice, bene et in pace, in omnibus et per omnia, sicut aliqua regalitas seu regalia cuicunque ecclesie, aut personis ecclesiasticis quibuscumque, in regno nostro, liberius, quietius, aut honorificenter conceditur aut donatur: REDDENDO inde annuatim, dictus Willielmus et sui successores Glasguensis ecclesie Episcopi, nobis, heredibus et successoribus nostris, unam rosam rubeam ad festum nativitatis Beati Johannis Baptiste apud Glasgu, nomine albe firme si petatur, et orationum suffragia devotarum tantum, pro omni alio onere, exactione, questione, demanda seu servicio seculari, que de dicta civitate, baronia et terris vocatis Bisshoporest cum pertinentiis per quoscumque juste exigi poterit quomodo libet seu requiri. IN CUJUS REI testimonium presenti carte nostre, magnum sigillum nostrum apponi precepimus. TESTIBUS Willielmo Domino Creychton nostro cancellario et confanguineo predilecto, venerabili in Christo patre Andrea Abate de Melros nostro Confessore et Thefaurario; Dilectis consanguineis nostris Patricio Domino Glammys Magistro hospitiis nostri, Patricio Domino de le Graham, Willielmo Domino Somervile, Georgio de Creychton de Carnes admirallo regni nostri, David de Murray de Tulybardin, Alexandro Ramsay de Dalwolff militibus; Magistris Johanne Mows [Arous] Archidiacono Glasguensi, et Georgio de Schorfwodd rectore de Cultyr clero nostro, apud Edynburgh vicesimo die mensis Februarij, anno Domini millesimo iii^o quinquagesimo et regni nostri decimo quinto.

In the copy of the Chartulary in the library of the university of Glasgow, there is a copy of this charter, said to be taken "Ex autographo in archivis ecclesie " Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera . Huic " cartæ appensum est sigillum magnum Scotiae ex cera alba integrum." The witnesses in this last mentioned charter are as follows, differing from that in the Chartulary which was kept at Glasgow before these records were carried to Paris:—"TESTIBUS reverendo in Christo patre Jacobo Episcopo Sancti Andreæ, " Willielmo Domino Creichton nostro cancellario et confanguineo predilecto, " carissimo consanguineo nostro Willelmo Comite de Douglas, et de Avendale " Domino Galwidie, venerabili in Christo patre Andrea Abate de Melros nostro " Confessore et Thefaurario, dilectis consanguineis nostris Patricio Domino Glamys Magistro hospitiis nostri, Willelmo Domino Somerville, Andrea Domino le

“ Gray, Magiftris Johanne Arows Archidiacono Glasguensi, et Georgio de Schorif-
 “ wod Rectore de Cultre, apud Edinburgh vigefimo die mensis Aprilis anno Do-
 “ mini 1450 et regni nostri decimo quarto.”

LITERA JACOBI II. REGIS DE PRIVILEGIIS ECCLESIE ET
 BURGI DE GLASGU.

JAMYS, be the grace of God Kyng of Scottis, to the balzeis, burgesis, and communiteis of Renfreu and Rutherglen, and all utheris quham it effeirs, to quhais knawlaigis thir our letters fal cum, gretynge: It is complenxit tyl us be a reverende fadry in Crift, our special counfalour, Wylzam, Bisshop of Glafgu, That ze mak disrublans and impediment tyl our lejis and communiteis of burgh and land, that bryngs ony guds to the mercat of Glasgu to sell or by; doing tharthrow hurtyng and prejudice to the privileges and custum grantyd to the Kyrk of Glasgu of auld tym be our nobill anteceffours, usyt and keptyn tym of our genitours, quham God assolze: Quharfor it is our wyll, and straytly we chargis yhou, and commands that nan of yhou tak on hand to mak disrublans, impediment, or lattyng, in ony maner of devyce tyll ony of our lieges cummand or gangand to the said mercat of Glasgu wyth merchandyfs, or ony uther guds to sell or by; bot that thaym to cum, gang, by or sell, frely and pesabli, but ony demand: Alfway that nan of yhou said burrows, na nan utheris cum within the barony of Glasgu, na within ony lands pertenand to Sant Mungo's fredom, to tak tol or custum be watter or land, of ony perfons cummand or gangand to the said mercat, nochwythstandyng ony letters of our predeceffours grantyt tyl our said burrowis of Renfreu, Ruglen, or ony uther burrowis of eschaet, or ony uther tenoures, be the quhilks we wyll nocth that thai extend to mak ony minwfyng, prejudice, or lattyng to the fredom and kyrk of Glasgu, or to the merkat of it; bot that it jois frely and pesabli all fredomys and privileges, in maner as is befor wrytyn. Gewyn under our privie seal at Edynborch the ferd day of February, and of our regne the xix yere, 1449.

LITERA DECANI ET CAPITULI SARISBERIENSIS DECANO
 ET CAPITULO GLASGUENSI.

VIRIS venerabilibus et discretis W. Decano et Capitulo Glasguensis ecclesie, R. Decanus et Capitulum Sarisberiensis ecclesie, salutem in Domino sempiternam, QUUM nobis supplicasti humiliter ac devote, ut libertates et approbatas confuetudines quibus utitur ecclesia nostra, ad vestram et ecclesie vestre informationem vobis

scribere curaremus; Vestris supplicationibus inclinati, presens scriptum vobis transmittimus. PERSONAS et eorum officia, dignitates et consuetudines quibus ecclesia Sarisberiensis ordinatur et regitur, juxta institutionem felicis memorie Of-mundi ejusdem ecclesie fundatoris et Episcopi, presens tractatus explanat. Quatuor itaque sunt persone principales in ecclesia Sarisberienfi, Decanus, Cantor, Cancellarius, Thesaurarius. Quatuor Archidiaconi, videlicet, Archidiaconi Dorset, Berkfir, et duo Wiltfir. Preterea subdecanus et succentor. DECANI officium est, cum omnibus canonicis et vicariis, in animarum regimine, et morum correctione premineat; Causas omnes ad Capitulum spectantes audire, et judicio Capituli terminare; Excessus clericorum corrigeret, et delinquencium personas juxta delicti quantitate, et personarum qualitate, digna animadversione punire. Canonici ab Episcopo institutionem, a Decano vero possessionem de Prebendis accipiunt. Decani est etiam Canonicis jam institutis, ecclesie communia suo jure conferre; et in Stallum in Choro, et in Capitulo locum assignare: Vicarias etiam vacantes ad presentacionem Canonicorum prefencium, vel ex iusta et rationabili causa, de licencia Decani et Capituli ob quamerunque causam absencium, de clericis idoneis ordinare. Verum si ultra mare absente Canonicus quacunque de causa, vicaria aliqua vacaverit, Decanus vicariam sua auctoritate, citra assensum ipsius Canonicus, cum voluerit, clero idoneo poterit conferre. Preterea nullus clericorum de superiore gradu vel de secunda forma in choro admittitur, nisi auctoritate Decani. CANTORIS officium est, chorum in cantuum elevatione et depressione regere, cantores et ministros altaris in tabula ordinare. Ad illum etiam pertinet puerorum instruacio et disciplina, et eorundem in choro admisso et ordinatio. Preterea in majoribus festis duplicibus, tenetur interesse regimini chori. Preterea in omni duplice festo, Rectores chori de cantibus injungendis et incipiendis, tenetur instruere. Preterea omnes cantus ab Episcopo incipiendo, ipso Episcopo in propria persona tenetur injungere. CANCELLARII officium est, in scolis regendis et libris reparandis et corrigendis curam impendere; lectiones auscultare et terminare, sigillum Capituli custodire, literas et cartas componere, et literas in Capitulo legendas legere, lectores in tabula notare; omnes etiam lectiones ad missam, que non scribuntur in tabula, tenetur injungere. THESAURARII officium est ornamenta et thesauros ecclesie conservare, luminaria administrare, magnum etiam cereum paschalalem, sacrificis quoque suis expensis tenetur Thesaurarius exhibere, campanas ecclesie congrue suspensas, in statu congruo conservare, et earum usibus necessaria providere, ornamenta etiam ecclesie suis expensis reficere; Panem, vinum, aquam, et candelas singulis altaribus ecclesie, excepto parochiali, administrare; incensum, carbonem, fiamen, juncum, et nattas [mattas?] statutis temporibus per totum annum ecclesie comparare. SUBDECANI officium est, si Decanus defuerit ecclesie, vices ejus supplere, curam Archidiaconatus in urbe et suburbio gerere. SUCCENTORIS officium

est vices cantoris absentis supplere, scolam cantus per officiale suum regere; si quis Canonicorum, sive ad dedicationem ecclesiarum, sive alias cum Episcopo ejusdem ecclesie fuerit, partem oblationis sicut aliis capellanus habebit. Item, si Episcopus ecclesias vel capellas Prebendarum dedicaverit, nichil ibi percipiunt capellani Episcopi nec alii, nisi solus Canonicus cuius fuit Prebenda: Quando vero aliquis constitutus Canonicus, debet jurare coram fratribus presente evangelio, se dignitates et consuetudines Sarisberiensis ecclesie inviolabiliter observaturum. Dignitas Decani et omnium Canonicorum est, ut Episcopo in nullo respondeat, nisi in Capitulo cathedralis ecclesie Sarisberiensis, et judicio tantum ejusdem Capituli pareant. Habent eciam curiam suam in omnibus Prebendis suis, et jurisdictionem Archidiaconalem ubique assignatae fuerint in dioecesi Sarisberiensi, sive in ecclesiis, vel decimis, vel terris, ita quidem ut nulla exigencia omnino in dono vel affisa aut aliqua alia consuetudine ab Episcopo vel aliquo alio fiat in Prebendis eorum; sed omnes libertates eorum, et omnes dignitates plenarie et pacifice habeant, quas predictus Osmundus Episcopus in eisdem Prebendis habuit creatas in suo hereditario dominio; in quibus Episcopi et Archidiaconi, nec visitacionem nec procuracionem ratione visitacionis, nec pecuniarium auxilium hactenus habuerunt: Sic enim optimum est ex libera et approbata consuetudine a tempore cuius non extat memoria. Eisdem eciam libertatibus et consuetudinibus gaudet ecclesia nostra in ecclesiis, terris et decimis ad communiam ipsius infra Sarisberensem diocesim assignatis, quas habet in Prebendis infra eandem diocesim existentibus, exceptis quibusdam ecclesiis de novo ad communiam assignatis, in quibus premissas libertates nondum optinuit. PRETEREA noveritis, quod communia ecclesie nostre inter residentes tantum clericos, vel qui pro negotiis Capituli sunt absentes distribuitur, secundum consuetudinem hactenus approbatam. Istud eciam notorium est, quod libera electio Decani, ad Canonicos ecclesie pertinuit a tempore Beati Osmundi predicti. IN CUJUS REI testimonium prefens scriptum Capituli nostri sigillo roboravimus. Datum Sarisbirie die affectionis Domini, anno gracie M°. cc°. quinquagesimo nono.
[1259.]

Notatur in Chartulario *Ex autographo*.

Huic carte appensum est sigillum ex cera viridi, parum attritum, exhibens ex una parte imaginem Beate Virginis sedentis, et filium in ulnis tenentis. Ex alia vero, ejusdem imaginem eodem modo, et infra imaginem, cuiusdam genuflexi, manibus junctis, et in circumferentia, *S. Roberti Decani Ecclesie Sarisberien*.

CARTA LIBERTATUM ECCLESIE GLASGUENSIS PER WILLIELMUM EPISCOPUM.

OMNIBUS Christi fidelibus presens scriptum visuris vel audituris, WILLIELMUS miseratione divina ecclesie Glasguensis minister, salutem in Domino. Officii nostri debitum remediis invigilat subditorum, inter quos ecclesie nostre cathedralis ministros prosequimur favore speciali, cui spirituali conjugio copulamur, et cujus ministri, nobis tanquam membra capiti, indissolubili caritate coherent. Attendentes igitur ecclesiam Sarisberiensem inter ceteras ecclesias cathedrales, libertatibus et consuetudinibus approbatas ornatam, eisdem Canonicis nostris libertates et consuetudines dictae ecclesie Sarisberiensis, de consensu Capituli nostri donamus et concedimus; Statuentes de assensu ejusdem Capituli, ut libertates et consuetudines prenominate ecclesie in ecclesia Glasguensi imperpetuum observentur; Data apud Alnecrumb die Sancti Leonardi anno gracie M^o. cc^o. L^o. octavo. [1258.]

Notatur in Chartulario, Ex autographo in archivis ecclesie Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera E.

Huic cartae appensum est sigillum ex cera alba multum attritum.

CONFIRMATIO LIBERTATIS SARISBERIENSIS ECCLESIE PER
DECANUM ET CANONICOS ECCLESIE GLASGUENSIS.

OMNIBUS Christi fidelibus presens scriptum visuris vel audituris, R. permissione divina ecclesie Dunblanensis electus, et ecclesie Glasguensis Canonicus; W. ejusdem ecclesie Decanus, R. et N. Glasguensis et Tevidalie Archidiaconi, S. Precentor, R. Thesaurarius, R. Cancellarius, J. Sacrifica dictae Glasguensis ecclesie, W. de Cadio, R. de Edinburgo, R. de Lanarc, W. de Stobbou, J. de Rainfru, J. Blundus ejusdem ecclesie Canonici, salutem eternam in Christo; NOVERITIS quod cum bone memorie W. quondam noster Episcopus ecclesie Glasguensi et nobis, omnes libertates et consuetudines Sarisberiensis ecclesie, tocius Capituli nostri accidente consensu, concederent; Nos omnes et singuli, ipsam concessionem in omnibus libertatibus et consuetudinibus quas nobis impedire viderimus et prodeffe, ratam habentes, prestito a singulis nostrum corporali juramento, promisimus, quod contra dictam concessionem in nullo veniemus. Hoc eciam in dicto juramento nostro adjecimus, quod si totum, vel major pars Capituli nostre ecclesie aliquas consuetudines dictae Sarisberiensis ecclesie, in ecclesia nostra mutare voluerit, Nos omnes et singuli ean-

dem mutationem in virtute ejusdem juramenti firmiter observari curabimus, nec ullo tempore contra mutacionem veniemus eandem, nisi dicta mutatio nobis reperiatur dampnoſa. In eodem eciam juramento, quilibet nostrum adjecit, quod si quem nostrum in pastorem ejusdem ecclesie, gracia divina vocaverit, idem quicunque fuerit, primo anno promocionis sue, palacium suum quod est extra castrum Glasguense amovebit exinde, et totum locum eundem, ad Canonicorum domicilia deputabit; Et quatenus dictus locus Canonicis domicilia non habentibus, sufficiens non fuerit, ceteris Canonicis qui supersunt, loca alibi competencia, infra predictum primum annum promocionis sue, ad conſtruenda domicilia assignabit: Omnes eciam et singuli tactis sacroſanctis juravimus, quod nec contra premissa nec aliquod premissorum, in integrum reſtitucionem vel hujus ſacramenti relaxacionem impetrabimus, nec aliiquid faciemus per quod premissa in toto vel in parte valeat infirmari, licet aliquem nostrum ad Episcopalem dignitatem in eadem ecclesia promoveri contigerit. IN CUJUS REI testimonium preſenti ſcripto figilla noſtra appofuimus. Data apud Glasgu in craftino Circumcifionis Domini, anno gracie millesimo ducentefimo quinquagesimo octavo. [1258.]

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesie Glasguenſis apud in pyxide lignea ſub litera E.

Huic cartae appensa erant 14 figilla Canonicorum, fed jam vetusſate pene omnia attrita.

Similis confirmatio conceſſa eft per N. Archidiaconum Thevidalie, W. Archidiacono Sancti Andree et Domini regis Cancellarium, Rogerum de Abirden et Adam de Dertford Canonicos ecclesie Glasguenſis. Data apud Glasgu die Sabbati proxima ante festum Sancti Luce Evangeliste, anno gracie millesimo ducentefimo faxagesimo octavo. [1268.]

CARTA WILLIELMI EPISCOPI GLASGUENSIS QUA CONCEDIT CAPITULO ET ECCLESIE GLASGUENSI, LIBERAM ELECTIO- NEM DECANI.

OMNIBUS Chrifti fidelibus hoc ſcriptum viſuris vel audituris, Willielmus miſeratione divina ecclesie Glasguenſis miſiſter, eternam in Domino ſalutem. Officii nostri debitum remedii invigilat ſubditorum, inter quos ecclesie noſtre cathedralis miniftros favore profequimur ſpeciali, cui ſpirituali conjugio copulamur, et cujus miniftri nobis, tanquam membra capiti indiſſolubili caritate coherent. CONSIDER-

ANTES igitur dictam ecclesiam nostram, liberam Decani electionem a multis temporibus non habentem, Ne igitur ceteris ecclesiis cathedralibus omnino censeatur inferior, liberam electionem Decani Canonicis ejusdem ecclesie damus in perpetuum et concedimus, pro nobis et successoribus nostris, Capituli etiam nostri accedente consensu, ut ita dicta electio Canonicis ejusdem ecclesie pia liberalitate concessa, approbata consuetudine aliarum ecclesiarum intelligatur ordinata. IN CUJUS REI testimonium sigillum nostrum presenti scripto duximus apponendum; TESTIBUS Domino Johanne Rectore ecclesie de Hodtoun, Ricardo vicario de ecclesia de Aſkirk Capellanis nostris, Domino Johanne Rectore de Castelmilc, Willielmo de Swineford clericis nostris, Adam de Kirkepatric, Johanne de Brun, Simon Marescallo, Roberto filio Walteri, Willelmo Treveman, et aliis, Datum apud Alne-crumbre v^{to} Idus Aprilis anno gracie 1258.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesie Glafguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera.

Huic cartae appensum est sigillum ex cera alba integrum, exhibens ex una parte Episcopum veteri mitra et casula indutum, ad laevam conversum, sinistra baculum pastorale tenentem, elevata dextra benedicentem. Inscriptum in circumferentia *S. Willielmi Dei gratia Glasg. Epi.*—Ex altera vero, item Episcopum eodem habitu benedicentem, Episcopo pontificalibus veteri more induto, coram eo manibus junctis genuflexo inscriptum in circumferentia, *ora pro nobis Beate Kentegerne.* Nec usquam hoc in figillo (quod omnium quae vidi vetustissimum est) vestigium pisces, annulli, aut avis.

LITERA GREGORII X. PAPE PRO LIBERTATIBUS ECCLESIÆ GLASGUENSIS CONFIRMANDIS.

GREGORIUS Episcopus, servus servorum Dei, dilectis filiis Decano et capitulo ecclesie Glafguensis, salutem et apostolicam benedictionem: Cum a nobis petitur quod iustum est et honestum, tam vigor equitatis quam ordo exigit racionis, ut id per solicitudinem officii nostri, ad debitum perducatur effectum. Sane peticio vestra nobis exhibita continebat, quod bone memorie Willielmus Episcopus Glafguensis prudenter attendens, quod libertates et consuetudines que habentur in Sarisberiensi ecclesia laudabiles existebant; quodque Glafguensis ecclesia, si eadem libertates et consuetudines inibi servarentur, quoad decorum et ornatum ipsius, sufficiere poterat incrementum, de quondam decani et nostro filii capitulum ejusdem ecclesie Glafguensis assensu, statuit predictas libertates et consuetudines, tam circa executionem officiorum personatus, et dignitates obtinencium in eadem; et divina

officia inibi celebranda; quam eciam erga alia in quibus prefatas libertates et consuetudines competebant, debere perpetuis futuris temporibus in dicta ecclesia Glasguensi observari, de observandis eisdem libertatibus et consuetudinibus prestito a dicto decano et nobis [vobis?] predicti capitulum juramento prout in literis inde confectis plenius dicitur contineri: Nos Itaque vestris supplicationibus inclinati, quod super hoc proinde factum est, et in augmentum cultus divini redundant, ratum et gratum habentes, illud auctoritate apostolica confirmamus, et presentis scripti patrocinio communimus. Nulli ergo omnino hominum liceat hanc paginam nostre confirmationis infringere, vel ei ausu temerario contraire. Si quis autem hoc attemptare presumpserit, indignationem omnipotentis Dei, et Beatorum Petri et Pauli apostolorum ejus, se noverit incursum. Data Lugduni tertio Idus Augusti, Pontificatus nostri anno tertio. [1274.]

In dorso *Guido Novariensis.*

In the Chartulary it is marked thus:—

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguensis apud in Sacco
linteo, sub litera D.

Huic carta appensa est bulla plumbea, cordula ex ferico croceo et rubeo.

LITERA GREGORII X. PAPÆ DE LIBERTATIBUS ECCLESIE SARISBERIENSIS, AB EPISCOPO GLASGUENSI OBSERVANDIS.

GREGORIUS Episcopus servus servorum Dei, venerabilibus fratribus Dunblanensi et Ergadiensi Episcopis, salutem et apostolicam benedictionem; SUA nobis electi filii Decanus et Capitulum ecclesie Glasguensis petitione monstrarunt; Quod bone memoria Willielmus Episcopus Glasguensis, prudenter attendens, quod libertates et consuetudines que habebantur in Sarisberiensi ecclesia laudabiles existebant; quodque Glasguensis ecclesia, si eadem libertates et consuetudines inibi fervarentur quoad decorum et ornatum ipsius, fuscipere poterat incrementum: De quondam

Decani et Capituli ejusdem Glasguensis ecclesie assensu, statuit, predictas libertates et consuetudines, tam circa executionem officiorum personatus, et dignitates obtainicium in eadem; et divina officia inibi celebranda, quam eciam erga alia in quibus prefatae libertates et consuetudines competebant, debere perpetuis futuris temporibus in dicta ecclesia Glasguensi observari; De observandis eisdem libertatibus et consuetudinibus, prestito a dictis Decano et Capitulo juramento, prout in literis inde confectis plenius dicitur contineri: Et licet predictae libertates et consuetudines in eadem ecclesia Glasguensi fuerint aliquamdiu observeate,

tamen venerabilis frater noster Episcopus Glasguensis, eas pro fue voluntatis arbitrio observari, indebite contradicit: Quamquam idem Episcopus Glasguensis electus, premislas libertates et consuetudines, ac statuta ipsius Glasguensis ecclesie, jumento prestito, promiserit observare: QUOCIRCA fraternitati vestre per apostolica scripta mandamus, quatenus si est ita, dictum Episcopum, quod predictas libertates et consuetudines, sicut sunt rationabiles et honeste, ut tenetur observet, monitione premissa autoritate nostra ratione previa, compellatis. DATUM Lugduni quinto Idus Augusti Pontificatus nostri anno tertio. [1274.]

Marked on the Chartulary thus:—

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesie Glasguensis in sacco linteo, sub littera D.
Huic appensa est bulla plumbea cordula ex cannabi.

LITERA GREGORII PAPÆ X. EPISCOPO DUNBLANENSI DE W.
DE LINDSAY ET W. SALSARIO IMPEDIENDIS OBSERVATION-
EM LIBERTATUM SARISBERIENSIS ECCLESIAE.

GREGORIUS Episcopus servus servorum Dei venerabili fratri Episcopo Dunblanensi, salutem et apostolicam benedictionem. SUA nobis dilecti filii Decanus et Capitulum ecclesie Glasguensis petitione monstraverunt, quod bone memorie Willielmus Glasguensis Episcopus, prudenter attendens quod libertates et consuetudines que habebantur in Sarisberiensi ecclesia, laudabiles existebant; Quodque Glasguensis ecclesia si eedem libertates et consuetudines inibi fervarentur, quoad decorum et ornatum ipsius fuscipere poterat incrementum. De quondam Walteri Decani et Capituli ejusdem ecclesie Glasguensis assensu, statuit, predictas libertates et consuetudines, tam circa executionem officiorum personatus et dignitates et canonias obtainentium in eadem, et divina officia inibi celebranda, quam etiam circa alia in quibus prefate libertates et consuetudines competebant, debere perpetuis futuris temporibus, in dicta Glasguensi ecclesia observari. Nofque postmodum eorundem Decani et Capituli supplicationibus inclinati, quod super hoc provide factum extitit, ratum et gratum habentes, illud autoritate apostolica duximus confirmandum; VERUM Magister Willielmus de Lyndesay, qui pro Archidiacono Glasguensi, et Magister Willielmus Salfarius, qui pro officiali suo se gerunt, quominus predictae libertates et consuetudines, in eadem Glasguensi ecclesia, juxta tenorem statuti et confirmationis hujusmodi observentur, contra iustitiam impidire presumunt. QUARE predicti Decanus et Capitulum nobis humiliter supplicarunt, ut prefatos Magistros Willielmum de Lyndesay et Willielmum Salfarium ab hu-

iusmodi impedimento compesci, per discretum aliquem mandaremus. QUOCIRCA fraternitatⁱ tue per apostolica scripta Mandamus, quatinus vocatis qui fuerint evocandi, et auditis hinc inde propositis, quod iustum fuerit, appellatione remota decernas; Faciens quod decreveris per censuram ecclesiasticam firmiter observari: Testes autem qui fuerint nominati, si fe gratia, odio, vel timore subtraxerint, censura simili, appellatione cessante, compellas veritati testimonium perhibere. Data Lugduni Nonis Aprilis, Pontificatus nostri anno quarto. [1275.]
Et in dorso *Guido Novarien.*

Marked on the Chartulary thus:—

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguensis apud in facco linteo sub litera D.

Huic appensa est bulla plumbea cum cordula ex cannabi.

QUÆDAM STATUTA CAPITULI GLASGUENSIS.

UNIVERSIS Christi fidelibus presentes litteras inspecturis, Robertus de Florencia Decanus ecclesie Glasguensis, Walterus de Roule, Precentor; ac eciam procurator Roberti Cambrun Thesaurarii et Walteri Twynham canonici ejusdem ecclesie, Willielmus Comyn Cancellarius, Johannes Wyshard ac Willielmus de Yetham Archidiaconi Glasguensis et Thevidalie, Willielmus de Lynedafye, Jacobus Ben per ipsum Willielmum procuratorem, Robertus de Stanipeth, Johannes de Prebenda, Hugo de Innyrpehfir, et Reginaldus de Pratis, per dictum Hugonem procuratorem, Robertus de Peblis, Ricardus dictus Smal et Hugo de Duglas per ipsum Ricardum procuratorem, canonici ejusdem ecclesie, salutem in Domino sempiternam. NOVERIT universitas vestra, quod cum die Veneris in crastino ascensionis Domini, anno M°. trecentesimo vicefimo quinto, pro statu nostro et utilitate communi ecclesie nostre Glasguensis, essemus in capitulo nostro apud Glasgu congregati, inter cetera ordinavimus et statuimus, de unanimi consensu nostro inviolabiliter futuris temporibus observandum; Quod scilicet statuta ecclesie Sarisberienfis, que concessa et observata fuerunt in ecclesia nostra Glasguensi, a tempore a quo non extat memoria, ad quorum observationem nos et quilibet nostrum juramento sumus astrikti, tam in ingressu nostro, quam nunc ex spontanea voluntate, sigillatim dictum jurementum renovantes, in dicta ecclesia perpetuo observentur: Et si quis nostrum vel successorum nostrorum canonicorum, per se vel per alium, directe vel indirecte contra predicta statuta, vel aliquod eorumdem, se opposuerit in futurum, statuimus et ordinamus, quod, hoc probato contra tales, perjurus habebitur: et a consilio et tractatibus Capituli nostri, ut perjurus, amoveatur. Et si contingat aliquos vel

aliquem nostrum, vel successorum nostrorum canonicorum, pro tuicione et defensiōne seu observacione dictorum statutorum, ab aliquo impugnari, gravari, seu quoquomodo molestari, Nos omnes conjunctim et divisim, in virtute ejus prestiti, quatenus in nobis est, indemnes vel idempnem reddemus. IN CUJUS REI testimoniū, sigilla nostra, una cum figillo Capituli nostri communi, presentibus sunt appensa. Data apud Glasgu, in Capitulo nostro predicto, die et anno supra dictis. [1225.]

Marked on the Chartulary :—

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesie Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea, sub litera F.

Huic cartae appensum est figillum commune Capituli, cum duodecim aliis parvis figillis, sed nunc ut plurimum attritis vel amissis.

LITERA ALEXANDRI PAPE GALWELENSIBUS DE DECIMIS SOLVENDIS.

ALEXANDER Episcopus servus servorum Dei, dilectis filiis Galweln [Galwelenfibus?] et aliis in Episcopatu Glasguensi constitutis, salutem et apostolicam benedictionem. Grave delictum incurunt, et merito timere possint periculum animarum, qui facris Dei ecclesiis, de decimis et aliis iusticiis suis respondere contempnunt. Quapropter univerositatem vestram per apostolica scripta monemus atque mandamus, quatinus ecclesiis in quarum parochiis habitatis, juxta commonitionem venerabilis fratris nostri Glasguensis Episcopi, decimas que de canonico jure debentur, fine contradictione, cum integritate solvatis, ne eas de cetero in hac parte fraudare temptetis. Quod si monitis apostolicis duxeritis resistendum, indignationem poteritis formidare, et sententiam quam idem Episcopus canonice tulerit in rebellis, a nobis noveritis autoritate dominica [autore Domino] ratam habendam. Datam Laterani viij Kal. Julij.

ALEXANDER Episcopus servus servorum Dei, venerabili fratri Episcopo, et dilectis filiis canonicis Glasguensis, salutem et apostolicam benedictionem. Decet personas ecclesiasticas viros seculares a viciis diligenti commonicione retrahere; et verbo et exemplo ad virtutes, et ad pietatis opera informare. NOVERITIS autem, Galwelenfibus et aliis in Episcopatu vestro morantibus, dedisse nos in mandatis, ut ecclesiis in quarum parochiis habitant, decimas fine contradictione cum integritate perfolvant, nec eas in hac parte de cetero defraudare presumant; Quocirca discre-

tioni vestre per apostolica scripta mandamus atque precipimus, quatinus predictos viros ad monita nostra complenda, inducere laboretis: Quod si monitis vestris et nostris duxerint resistendum, in eos qui magis contumaces fuerint et rebelles, excommunicationis, et in alios interdicti sententiam, tu frater Episcope, auctoritate nostra et tua, non differas promulgare: Ricardo de Morvilla, et Alano filio Walteri, et aliis a quibus predicti decimarum detentores, terras vel pascua acquirunt, ex parte nostra et tua, sub interminationem anathematis prohibens, ne predictis viris in malicia sua presidium vel favorem impendant; Sed si quam sententiam in eos protuleris, inconcusse studeant observare: Quod si contra prohibitionem tuam temerario presumperint ausu venire, eos, nullius contradictione vel appellatione obstante, ecclesiastica censura percellas. Data Laterani viij Kal. Junij.

CARTA MALCOLMI 4th REGIS DE DECIMIS SOLVENDIS ECCLESIAE DE GLASGU.

MALCOLMUS Rex Scottorum, Justificariis, Baronibus, Vicecomitibus, Ministris, Francis et Anglicis, Scottis, Waleſibus, *Galwelensibus* et omnibus ecclesie Sancti Kentigerni de Glasgu, et ejusdem Episcopi [Episcopatus?] parochianis, salutem, QUUM divina providentia nos in regno nostro, clero et populo preeſte voluit; utriusque excessus emendare, et salutem potestate tradita providere, Nobis necesse est: Unde dominica institutione, et Sancte Romane ecclesie matris nostre, et Domini pape hortata ac precepto commoniti, omnibus vobis regia auctoritate mandamus, hortamur, et precipimus in Domino, Quatinus Episcopo vestro et Archidiacono, eorumque ministris, debitam obedientie reverenciam exhibeatis, decimasque vestras, et cetera jura ecclesiastica ecclesias vestris, in omnibus plenarie et fine repugnantia persolvatis, sicut per alios Episcopatus regni mei decimas plenarius et melius dari precepi; Scilicet, de blado, de lino, de lana, de caſeo, de butiro, de agnisi, de vituli, de porcellis, de capellis, de pullis; necnon et de ceteris omnibus non nominatis de quibus lex Christiana decimam dari postulat. Si vero aliquis vestrum quicquam recte decime sue temere detinere presumperit, vicecomes meus de eo capiat foriffactum meum, scilicet duodecim vaccarum. Si vero vicecomes illi consenserit, aut propriam decimam detinuerit, justicia mea de ipso vicecomite foriffactum meum capiat, decimasque detentas ecclesias plenarie solvi faciat; ne per defectum justicie querela ad me perveniat. TESTIBUS Waltero de Lindeſia, Roberto Avinel, Randulpho de Solis, Odinello Umframvill, Ricardo Cumin, Philippo de Colevill.

CARTA WILLIELMI REGIS, DE DECIMIS SOLVENDIS ECCLESIE
DE GLASGU.

W. DEI gratia Rex Scottorum, Justiciariis, Baronibus, Vicecomitibus, Ministris, Francis et Anglis, Scottis, et Galweiensibus, et omnibus ecclesie Sancti Kentegerni de Glasgu, et ejusdem Episcopi parochianis, salutem. Quum divina providentia Nos in regno nostro, clero et populo preefse voluit, utriusque excessus emendare, et saluti, potestate tradita, providere, nobis neceſſe eſt: Unde dominica institutione, et Sancte Romane ecclesie matris noſtre, et Domini pape hortatu ac precepto commoniti, omnibus vobis regia auctoritate mandamus, hortamur, et precipimus in Domino, quatinus Episcopo vestro et Archidiacono, eorumque ministris, debitam obedientiam reverenciam exhibeatis; Decimasque veſtras, et cetera jura ecclæſtaſica eccleſiis veſtris in omnibus plenarie et fine repugnantia perſolvatis; ficut per alios Episcopatus regni noſtri decimas plenius et melius dari precepimus; Scilicet de blado, de lino et de lana, de caſeo et de butyro, de agnis et de vitulis, de porcellis, de capellis et de pullis: Nec non et de ceteris non nominatis, de quibus lex Christiana decimam dari poſtulat. Si vero aliquis veſtrum quicquam recte decime ſue temere detinere preſumpſerit, vicecomes noſter de eo capiat foriſfactum noſtrum, duodecim vaccas: Si vero vicecomes illi conſenferit aut propriam decimam detinuerit, iuſticia mea de ipſo vicecomite foriſfactum meum capiat; Decimasque detentas eccleſiis plenarie folvi faciat. Ne per defectum iuſticie querela ad me perveniat. TESTIBUS Roberto de Brus, Roberto de Quinci, Hugone Ridal, Waltero de Windſouſ, Johanne de Vallibus, Apud Jedewurth.

CARTA WILLIELMI REGIS DE DECIMIS ET ALIIS RECTITU-
DINIBUS ET JURIBUS ECCLESIE GLASGUENSIS.

WILLELMUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Justiciariis, Vicecomitibus, et omnibus Ministris et Ballivis suis salutem: Mando vobis et firmiter precipio, quatinus ita bene et plenarie, et fine diſturbatione ſolvatis Domino Jocelino Episcopo Glasguensi, omnes reſtituſines fuas, de decimis, et canis, et placitis, et lucris; et omnes alias reſtituſines fuas, ficut unquam melius aut plenius, Johanni, aut Heriberto, aut Engelrano Episcopis, aut alicui Episcopo, ante eum ſolvere ſolebatis. Ne per defectum veſtri inde clamorem audiam, ſuper meam foriſfacturam; TESTIBUS Ri-

cardo de Moreville Constabulario, Waltero filio Alani Dapifero, Waltero Olifard, Roberto de Quinci, Willielmo de Veteri ponte; Apud Dumfres.

CARTA WILLIELMI REGIS, DE DECIMIS, CANIS, ET RECTITU-
DINIBUS CONCESSIS ECCLESIE DE GLASGU RECIPIENDIS.

WILLIELMUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum Vicecomitibus et Ballivis suis de Galweia, et Carrik, et Levenax, salutem, SCIATIS quod audivi cartas regis David avi mei, et cartas regis Malcolmi fratris mei super libertatibus concessis Episcopis Glasguenibus, de rectitudinibus et de decimis que ipsos contingunt per Episcopatum Glasguensem; Scilicet, quod servientes ipsorum debent recipere decimas et rectitudines ad prefatum Episcopatum ex dono predictorum antecessorum meorum pertinentes per se, sicut servientes mei cana et rectitudines meas ad opus meum recipiunt. Quare precipio vobis firmiter, quatinus eos ita recipere permittatis, et eos inde non disturbetis super meam forisfacturam. TESTIBUS Roberto de Quinci, Philippo de Valloniis Camerario, Alexandro Vicecomite de Strivelin, Willielmo de Munfort, Willielmo Crimin, Willielmo Giffard. Apud Strivelin.

CARTA ALEXANDRI II. REGIS, DE DECIMIS SOLVENDIS EC-
CLESIE DE GLASGU.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Justiciariis, Vicecomitibus, Prepositis, Ministris, et omnibus probis hominibus et parochianis tocius Episcopatus Glasguensis, salutem. Quum divina providentia Nos in regno nostro clero et populo preesse voluit, utriusque excessus emendare, et saluti, potestate tradita, providere, nobis necessis est; Unde Dominica institutione inducti, omnibus vobis regia auctoritate mandamus, hortamur, et precipimus in Domino, quatinus Episcopo vestro et Archidiacono, eorumque ministris, debitam obedientie reverentiam exhibeatis, decimasque vestras, et cetera jura ecclesiastica, ecclesiis vestris, in omnibus plenarie et sine repugnancia persolvatis, sicut per alios Episcopatus regni nostri decimas plenarins et melius dari precepimus; Scilicet de blado, de lino et lana, de caseo et butiro, de agnis, de vitulis, de porcellis, de capellis, de pullis; Nec non et de ceteris omnibus non nominatis de quibus lex Christiana decimam dari postulat. Si vero aliquis vestrum quicquam recte decime sue temere detinere presumperit, vicecomes noster de eo capiat forisfactum nostrum, scilicet duodecim vaccas. Si vero vicecomes illi consenserit, aut propriam decimam detinuerit, justiciarius noster de eo vicecomite

forissactum nostrum capiat, decimasque detentas ecclesiis plenarie solvi faciat. Ne per defectum justicie querela ad nos veniat. Et sicut carta Domini regis Willielmi patris nostri testatur. TESTIBUS Henrico de Balliol Camerario, Johanne Macewell Vicecomite de Rokesburg, Willielmo de Colevill, Henrico Marescallo, Waltero Bifet, Willielmo Bifet. Apud Lanark xix die Novembris anno regni nostri xi. [1225.]

LITERA ALEXANDRI REGIS II. DE INCARCERATIONE
EXCOMMUNICATORUM.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum Vicecomiti et Ballivis suis de Travequair, salutem, MANDAMUS vobis firmiter precipientes, quatinus visis litteris presentibus, omnes illos in Ballia vestra quos venerabilis pater Episcopus Glasguensis, Archidiaconus, officialis vel Decanus ipsius, in excommunicationis sententia per quadraginta dies vobis ostenderit perdurasse, claves ecclesie viliter contempnendo, capi faciatis, et carcerali custodie mancipari; donec super hoc pro quo fuerint excommunicationis sententia innodati, Deo et ecclesie satisfecerint competenter. TESTIBUS D. Episcopo Sancti Andree, G. Episcopo Dunkeldense, W. Cumin Comite de Menetheth, Henrico de Balliol Camerario, Apud Schonam xv^{to} die Julij anno regni Domini regis vicefimo octavo. [1242.]

CARTA DUNECANI COMITIS DE CARRIC QUOD SOLVET OMNES DECIMAS ET RECTITUDINES ECCLESIASTICAS TOTO TEMPORE VITÆ SUÆ.

NOTUM fit omnibus hominibus, literas presentes visuris vel audituris, Quod Dominus Dunecanus de Carric, Anno gratie M^o. cc^o vicefimo quinto, die lune proxima ante festum Sancte Marie Magdalene, in Capitulo apud Are celebrato constitutus, In presentia Domini Walteri Glasguensis Episcopi, et multorum aliorum fibi affidentium, follempniter concessit, in fidelitate propria, et in fide Deo debita, et ecclesie, firmiter promisit, Quod omnes decimas suas et rectitudines ecclesiasticas solvet Deo et ecclesie plenarie, toto tempore vite sue, scilicet, de blado, de feno, et molendino, de lana et lino, de caseo, et butiro, de vitulis et agnis, de porcellis et pullis, et de capreolis, et de omnibus aliis de quibus lex Christiana decimas et rectitudines ecclesiasticas dari precipit; sicut alibi per dyocesem Glasguensem persolvuntur: Et has easdem decimas ab omnibus hominibus suis et tenentibus integre

pro viribus dari faciet; Et si qui resistentes fuerint vel rebelles, cum confilio clericorum, manum apponet adjutricem. Concessit etiam ibidem, quod clericos de Carric talliis aliquibus vel exactionibus indebitis in posterum non gravabit, nec, quantum ad ipsum pertinet, gravari permittet. Corredium ad opus servientium suorum qui Kethres nuncupantur, a clericis non exiget memoratis. Concessit etiam ut ipsi clerici per totam terram suam, communem habeant pasturam juxta traditiones sanctorum patrum et ecclesie statuta; Et in omnibus libertate gaudeant ecclesiastica. Excommunicatos et ecclesie rebelles, donec ad unitatem ecclesie redierint, devitabit; et cum de personis ipsorum sibi constituerit, si censuram vilipendant ecclesiasticam, post quadraginta dies bona eorum faciet confiscari, ut sic per penam temporalem, ad satisfactionem redeant, qui propter metum divinum redire noluerunt. PRESENTIBUS hiis testibus, Johanne et Odone de Kilwinin et de Dercungall Abbatibus, T. Decano de Carric, Umsrido quondam Decano de Cunningham, Gileberto de Kethkert, et A. et J. Capellanis Domini Episcopi, Magistro W. de Kilkenni, Magistro Roberto de Edenhall, Willielmo de Karleol, Modardo, Clericis Domini A. de Galweia, Roberto de Bigre, Jordano Locard, Roberto Cancellario, Waltero Clerico, Helya Walensi milite Domini Duncani, Waltero Campan. Magistro Hugone de Carric, et multis aliis clericis et laicis. [1225.]

CARTA MALDOVENI COMITIS DE LEVENAX DE DECIMIS SOLVENDIS.

NOTUM fit omnibus hominibus litteras presentes visuris vel audituris, Quod Dominus Maldoveni Comes de Levenax anno gratio M°. cc^{mo}. vicesimo sexto, die Veneris proxima post Epiphaniam Domini, in Matrici ecclesia Glasguensi constitutus; In presentia Domini Walteri Glasguensis Episcopi et multorum aliorum sibi assidentium, solemniter concessit in fidelitate propria, et in fide Deo debita et ecclesie firmiter promisit, quod omnes decimas suis et rectitudines ecclesiasticas solvet Deo et ecclesie plenarie in perpetuum; Scilicet, de blado, feno, et molendino; de lana et lino, de caseo et butiro, de vitulis et agnis, de porcellis et pullis, et de capreolis, et de omnibus aliis de quibus lex Christiana decimas et rectitudines ecclesiasticas dari precipit; sicut alibi per diocesin Glasguensem melius persolvuntur: Et has easdem decimas ab omnibus hominibus suis et tenentibus integre pro viribus suis dari faciet: Et si qui resistentes fuerint, vel rebelles, cum confilio clericorum manum apponet adjutricem. Concessit etiam ibidem quod clericos de Levenax, talliis aliquibus vel exactionibus indebitis perpetuo non gravabit; nec quantum ad ipsum pertinet gravari permittet ab aliis. Corredium ad opus servientium suorum qui Kethres nuncupantur non exiget, nec exigi permittet a clericis memoratis. Con-

cessit etiam ut ipsi clerici per totam terram suam, communem habeant pasturam juxta traditiones sanctorum patrum, et sancte ecclesie statuta; et ut in omnibus libertate gaudeant ecclesiastica. Excommunicatos et ecclesie rebelles, donec ad unitatem ecclesie redierint, devitabit: Et cum de personis illorum constiterit, si censuram vilipendant ecclesiasticam, post quadraginta dies, bona eorum faciet confiscari; Ut sic per penam temporalem ad satisfactionem redeant, qui propter metum divinum redire noluerint. Concessit idem comes, quod bona clericorum in namum pro laicis non capiet, nec ab aliis sub eo manentibus capi sustinebit. Et in hujus concessionis sue testimonium, et ut promissio sua Deo et ecclesie facta, majorem optineat firmitatem, dictus comes, tanquam filius devotus, presens scriptum sigilli fui munimine, cum sigillis bonorum virorum ibidem existentium fecit roborari. **HIS TESTIBUS** M. Decano de Levenax, Magistro H. de Pottoun, Magistro R. de Prebenda, G. clero Comitis de Levenax, Magistro R. de Brade, Domino H. et A. Capellanis Episcopi Glafguensis, Radulpho, Petro, Simone, Patricio, Johanne, Kentegerno, Gilberto, Vicariis et Clericis Glafguensis ecclesie; Roberto, Waltero, Andrea, Clericis Episcopi Glafguensis P. hayno de Kalentir, Nicholao, David, Coyn, servientibus Episcopi et multis aliis. [1226.]

Ex autographo. Huic cartae appensum est sigillum ipsius comitis, ex cera viridi integrum, exhibens ipsum comitem equestrum, strictum gladium dextra tenentem, et super scuto in pectore arma gentilitia. Huic insuper cartae appensa erant quinque alia minora figilla, quorum unum amissum est; cetera modicum fracta; ex quibus unum exhibit Beatam Virginem Christum tenentem, et inferius quandam genuflexum supplicantem, cum hac inscriptione in circumferentia; *Ora pro populo, Virgo Maria, tuo.*

SASINA PER PREPOSITOS ET CIVES GLASGUENSES, SECUNDUM CONCESSIONEM ODARDI FILII RICARDI HANGPUDYNG TERRARUM LUMINARI SANCTÆ MARIE IN MAJORI ECCLESIA GLASGUENSI.

OMNIBUS hoc scriptum visuris vel audituris, Oliverus et Ricardus Smally Prepositi, et ceteri prepositi ac cives Glasguenses, congregati in placitis burgi que tenebantur apud Glasgu, die Martis in craftino festi exaltacionis Sancte Crucis, anno gracie M^o. cc^o. nonagesimo tercio, salutem in Domino; NOVERITIS Odardum filium quandam Ricardi Hangpudyng, pro salute anime sue, predecessorum et suc-

cessorum suorum, ac ceterorum Christi fidelium dedisse, concessisse, et presenti scripto confirmasse luminari Sancte Marie in majori ecclesia Glasguensi, medietatem septem perticarum terre versus orientem, sicut jacet in longum et latum, in crofta extra villam versus occidentem, inter terram luminaris Beate Marie in capella inferiori in villa ex parte occidental; terram Christiane quondam sponse Symonis de Govan ex parte oriental; Et sayfinam ejusdem medietatis terre Domino Johanni de Bothwyl vicario chori Glasguensis tunc procuratori dicti luminaris, per intol, et uttol, super solum ut moris est tradidisse. Quam terram prefatus Odardus et heredes sui dicto luminari Sancte Marie contra omnes homines et feminas in perpetuum warantizabunt: Et quum predicta donacio cum sayfine tradicione fuit alias coram me Olivero tunc preposito, et presentibus xij civibus, ac Rogero filio Philippi et Johanne Dubb. ville servientibus, die Martis proxima post festum Decollacionis Sancti Johannis Baptiste anno prenotato, secundum confuetudinem civitatis nostre, sigillum communitatis nostre, in testimonium hujus facti in dictis placitis, huic scripto fecimus apponi: Et ad majorem rei geste securitatem sigillum officialitatis Glasguensis eidem est appensum. [1293.]

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera E.

Huic cartae appensa erant duo sigilla quorum primum exhibet superius caput Episcopi, et inferius tintinnabulum; alterum vero amissum est.

This is an ancient instance of the mode of giving seisin in burgage property, viz. in open court before a magistrate and assize of twelve burgesses, and attested, not by a notary or clerk, but by the town seal, which appears in those days to have represented Saint Kentigern's head and bell. No trace of the tree and salmon at this period.

IN PARLIAMENTO XXIX NOVEMBRIS. [1469.]

IN the actioun and caus perfewit be a reverend fadir in Criete, Andro, Bischop of Glasgu, and the Provost, Ballies, and Communite of his cite of Glasgu, on the ta parte, againe the Provost, Ballies, and Communite of the burgh of Dumbartane on the tothir parte; anent the stopping and impediment makin to the faid R. fader, and to the Provost and Ballies and Communite of Glasgu, in the bying of certane wyne fra Peris Cokate Fransch man, and out of his schip in the water of Clide, in contrar thar fredome, as was allegit. Bath the said partijs beand present be thar procurators and commissars, and thar charteris, infestments, evidents, richts, resouns, and allegaciouns beand at lenth fene, herde, and understandin; The

Lords auditours of complaints decretis and deliveris, that the said Provost, Ballies, and Communite of Dunbartane, has wrangit and injurit the said Rev^d. fader, and the said Provost, Ballies, and Communite of Glasgu, in the stoppin of thaim in the bying of the said wyne, and tharin has brokin thair privileg, fredom, and thair ald infestment grantit to thaim be oure Soverain Lord's predecessours of lang tyme of befor, as is contenit in thair charteris and infestments maid tharupon, schawin and producit befor the Lords, in sa far as the said R. f. Provost and Balzies of Glasgu was the first byars of the said wyne, and tharefter stoppit in the refaving of the famyn, be the said Provost, Ballies, and Communite of Dumbartane, as was clerely provit befor the said Lords be the schawin of the instruments and indenturis of bath the partijs: And ordanis the said Provost, Balzies, and Communite of Dumbartane, to desist and ces of sic wrangwis stoppin and impediment makin in tyme to cum, and to be punyf for the said injure done be thaim of before, at the wil of our Sovverain Lorde.

PRECEPT OF KING JAMES IV. AS TO THE OBSERVANCE OF
AN ACT OF COUNCIL RESPECTING THE PRIVILEGES OF
FREE BURGHS.

JAMES, be the grace of God king of Scottis, To all and fundrie our lieges and subditis quham it effeirs, to quhais knawlege thir our lettres sal cum, greeting: Forasmekleas umquhill our maist noble fader, quham Gode affolzie, with the avise of the Lords of his Counsale, decreitit, deliverit, and ordanit, that in time to cum, all maner of schippis, strangers, and utheris, fuld cum to our free burrowis, sic as Dumbertane, Glasgu, Are, Irwin, Wigton, Kirkudbryght, Renfreu, and utheris sic burrowis of our realme, and thar to mak thar merchandis; and that the said strangers fuld by na fische bot saltit and barrelit, and by nane uther merchandis bot at fre burrowis, and thar to pay thar dewties and custumes, and tak thar coket tharapon; And that tha fuld mak no merchandis at the Lowis nor uther Mane landis, bot at fre burrowis, as said is: And als that nane of our lieges fuld tak schippis to fraucht, under colour, to defraud us or our lieges, under the pane of tinsale of thar lifes and gudis: And that na fstrangear fuld do in the contrare of the things abone writtin, under the pane of tinsale and confiscation of thar schippis and gudis to our use; likeas at mar lenth is contenit in the act and decree forsaide, ratifiect and apprevit be umquhill our said fader under his quhit walx. The quhilk act, decree, and deliverance we in likwise has ratifiect, appruvit, and confermit, and be thir our lettres ratifies, appruves, and confermes in all points and articles contenit tharinill:

CHARGING herefore straitly and commanding all and fudry our lieges and subdicts, and all strangears quham it effers, that name of yhou tak upon hand, to do ony thing in contrar or breking of the said act, decree, and deliverance in tyme to cum, under the panis contenit in the famyn : AND ALS We charge our Great Admiral and his deputs, that thai tak diligent inquisition what persons our lieges or others has brokin the said act and decree in ony point in tymes bygane ; and that thai punis the brekars tharof with all rigor ; And in tyme to cum that our said Admiral and his deputs mak the said act and decree to be observit and kepit, after the tenor of the famyn under the hiest pane and charge that efter may follow : GEVIN under our prive sele at Edinburgh the sex^t day of October, the yeir of God J^m. iij^c. lxxxx yers, and of our reigne the thrid yere. [1490.]

LITERA ALEXANDRI IV. PAPE CONFIRMATIONIS LIBERTA-
TUM ECCLESIÆ GLASGUENSIS.

ALEXANDER Episcopus servus fervorum Dei, venerabili fratri Johanni Episcopo Glasguensi, salutem et apostolicam benedictionem :—Confuevit fedes apostolica, precibus condescendere devotorum, et eorum votis favorem benevolum impertiri : EA PROPTER devocationis tue precibus benignum impercipientes assensum, libertates et immunitates a predecessoribus nostris Romanis pontificibus, predecessoribus et ecclesie tuis concessas ; necnon exemptiones secularium exactiōnum, a regibus, principibus, et aliis Christi fidelibus rationabiliter eisdem indultas ; omnes quoque ipsius ecclesie consuetudines rationabiles et antiquas, tibi et per te eidem ecclefie, auctoritate apostolica confirmamus, et presentis scripti patrocinio communimus : Nulli ergo hominum liceat hanc paginam nostre confirmationis infringere, vel ei ausu temerario contraire. Si quis autem hoc attemptare presumperferit, indignacionem omnipotentis Dei, et Beatorum Petri et Pauli apostolorum ejus, se noverit incursum. Data Anagnie V. kalendas Novembris, pontificatus nostri anno quinto, 1259. Super Replica Abs.

Marked thus in the Chartulary :—

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiæ Glasguensis apud in facco li-
neo, sub litera D.

Huic appensa est bulla plumbea cum cordula ex ferico croceo et rubro.

CARTA CONFIRMATIONIS CAPITULI GLASGUENSIS, CARTÆ
ROBERTI EPISCOPI GLASGUENSIS FRATRIBUS PREDICA-
TORIBUS DE GLASGU, FONTIS IN DENSIDE.

OMNIBUS has literas visuris vel audituris, Capitulum Glasguensis ecclesiæ, eternam in Domino salutem; Noveritis Nos literas venerabilis patris Domini nostri Roberti Dei gratia Glasguensis Episcopi, non abolitas, non cancellatas, nec in aliqua sui parte viciatas, vero sigillo suo signatas, in forma quæ sequitur inspexisse: “ Om-
“ nibus Sanctæ matris ecclesiæ filiis ad quos presentes literæ pervenerint, Ro-
“ bertus miseratione divina ecclesiæ Glasguensis minister humilis, salutem in Domi-
“ no sempiternam. Noveritis Nos intuitu caritatis, Dediisse fratribus predicatori-
“ bus de Glasgu, fontem quendam qui dicitur Medow wel in loco qui dicitur Den-
“ fide featurientem, in perpetuum conducendum in claustrum dictorum fratrum,
“ ad usus necessarios eorundem. In cujus rei testimonium sigillum nostrum pre-
“ sentibus est appensum. DATUM apud Glasgu anno Domini millesimo trecentesi-
“ mo quarto, sexto decimo kalendarum Septembbris.”—Nos vero Capitulum memo-
ratum, donationem predictam in tam pios usus factam, ratam et firmam habentes,
eam, tenore prefentium confirmamus. In cujus rei testimonium commune sigil-
lum Capituli nostri, huic scripto fecimus apponi. DATUM apud Glasgu die lunæ
in festo Sancti Bartholomei apostoli anno Domini Mccc°. quarto. 1304.

CARTA DECANI ET CAPITULI GLASGUENSIS DE TRANSUMPTO
CARTÆ ALEXANDRI III. REGIS DECEM LIBRARUM FRATRI-
BUS PREDICATORIBUS DE FIRMIS DE DUMBRETAN.

OMNIBUS has literas visuris vel audituris, Decanus et Capitulum Glasguense, eternam in Domino salutem: Noveritis Nos literas quondam Domini Alexandri Dei gratia regis Scotiæ illustris, non abolitas, non cancellatas, nec in aliqua sui parte viciatas, vero sigillo suo signatas, in forma quæ sequitur inspexisse.—“ ALEXANDER
“ Dei gratia rex Scotie, prepositis suis de Dunbretan, salutem: Mandamus vobis
“ et precipimus, quatinus pro die quo in qualibet septimana, caritative pascimus
“ fratres predicatorum de Glasgu, eisdem fratribus, vel eorum certo aëtornato ha-
“ beri faciat singulis annis, de firmis burgi nostri de Dunbretan decem libras,
“ medietatem videlicet ad festum Sancti Martini, et aliam medietatem ad Pente-

“ costem. IN CUJUS REI testimonium has nostras literas patentes vobis transmittimus: TESTIBUS venerabilibus patribus Dd et W. Sancti Andreæ et Glafgu Episcopis, W. Cumyn Comite de Meneteth, W. Comite de Mar Camerario, Apud Edinburg vicefimo tertio die Aprilis, anno regni Domini regis tertio.”—IN CUJUS REI testimonium commune figillum Capituli nostri, una cum sigillo officialis curiae Glasguensis huic scripto fecimus apponi. DATUM apud Glasgu in festo undecim milium Virginum anno Domini M^o. ccc^o. quarto. [1304.]

CARTA DE PROTECTIONE CONCESSA PER ROBERTUM 1^o REGIS FRATRIBUS PREDICATORIBUS DE GLASGOW.

ROBERTUS Dei gratia Rex Scotorum, omnibus probis hominibus totius terre sue salutem. SCIATIS Nos religiosos viros priorem et conventum monasterii ordinis fratrum predicatorum de Glasgu, terras suas, homines suos, et universas eorundem possessiones, ac omnia bona sua mobilia et immobilia, ecclesiastica et mundana, sub firma pace et protectione nostra iuste suscepisse. QUARE firmiter prohibemus ne quis eis malum, molestiam, injuriam, seu gravamen aliquod inferre presumat injuste, super nostram plenariam forisfacturam: CONCESSIMUS etiam eisdem religiosis, ut nullus namos suos aut hominum suorum capiat, pro alicujus debito, plegiagio seu forisfacto, salvis burgis nostris; Firmiter inhibemus ne quis contra hanc concessiōnem nostram ipsos vexare presumat injuste super eandem nostram plenariam forisfacturam: MANDAMUS insuper et firmiter precipimus, justiciariis, vicecomitibus, prepositis et eorum Ballivis, ad quos presentes literè pervenerint, ut omnes illos in eorum balliis seu burgis, qui debita debent eisdem religiosis, ad eadem debita eis vel eorum certo actornato latori presentium, iuste et fine dilatione reddenda, secundum quod dicti religiosi, vel dictus eorum actornatus dicta debita sibi deberi, ab eisdem rationabiliter probare potuerint vel poterit, coram eis prout justum fuerit compellant; ita quod per eorundem defectum amplius inde justam querimoniam non audiamus. IN CUJUS REI testimonium, has literas nostras penes dictos religiosos perpetuo remansuras, sibi fieri fecimus patentes, Apud Perth quarto die mensis Junii anno regni nostri sexto. [1312.]

CARTA ROBERTI IST REGIS, DE VIGINTI MARCIS ANNUATIM
DE FIRMIS DE CADIOU ECCLESIAE FRATRUM PREDICATO-
RUM DE GLASGOW, AD LUMINARE.

ROBERTUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum omnibus probis hominibus totius terre sue, salutem. SCIATIS Nos pro salute anime nostrae, et salute animarum omnium antecessorum et successorum nostrorum regum Scotiae, divinæque pietatis intuitu, Dedisse, Concessisse, et hac presenti carta nostra Confirmasse fratribus predicatoribus de Glasgu presentibus et futuris, nomine dotis ecclesiae eorundem, pro sustentatione luminaris ecclesiae ante dictæ, et aliis operibus ad divinum cultum spectantibus, viginti marcas Sterlingorum, habendas et percipiendas eisdem fratribus et eorum successoribus in perpetuum, de firmis nostris de Cadiou in valle de Clude, ad duos anni terminos, viz. Decem ad festum Pentecostes, et alias decem ad festum Sancti Martini in hieme; Termino primæ solutionis incipiente ad festum [anno] gratiae millesimo trecentesimo decimo quinto: QUARE firmiter mandamus et precipimus Ballivis nostris de Cadiou qui pro tempore fuerint, quod [dictas] viginti marcas eisdem fratribus, et eorum procuratoribus annuatim persolvant ad terminos supradictos; et quid in hoc apposuerint eis in computis plenius volumus allocari. IN CUJUS REI testimonium presenti cartæ nostræ sigillum nostrum precepimus apponi. TESTIBUS Edwardo de Brus Comite de Carryc et Domino Galwydiae fratre nostro, Thoma Ranulphi Comite Moraviae nepote nostro, Waltero Seneschallo Scotiae, Bernardo Abbe de Abberbrothok Cancellario nostro, et Jacobo Domino de Douglas milite. Apud Aar xxviii^o die Aprilis anno regni nostri decimo. [1316.]

LITERA ROBERTI IST REGIS BALLIVIS DE CADIOU, DE VI-
GINTI MARCIS CONCESSIS FRATRIBUS PREDICATORIBUS
DE GLASGU.

ROBERTUS Dei gratia rex Scottorum Ballivis de Cadiou qui pro tempore fuerint, salutem. SCIATIS quod concessimus divine pietatis intuitu, fratribus predicatoribus de Glasgu presentibus et futuris, nomine dotis ecclesiae eorundem, viginti marcas Sterlingorum, percipiendas fibi et eorum successoribus in perpetuum de firmis nostris de Cadiou, annuatim ad duos anni terminos, decem marcas, viz. ad festum

Pentecostes, et alias decem marcas ad festum Sancti Martini in hyeme, termino primæ solutionis incipiente ad festum Pentecostes anni gratiæ millesimi cccⁱ. quinti decimi : QUARE vobis mandamus et precipimus quatinus dictis fratribus et eorum successoribus dictas viginti marcas sterlingorum persolvi faciat, recipientes ab eisdem literas acquietanciam de solutis : Et quid in hoc apposueritis precipimus Camerario nostro Scotiæ qui pro tempore fuerit, quod vobis in compotis vestris faciat allocari. IN CUJUS REI testimonium has literas nostras vobis mittimus inspiciendas et penes dictos fratres perpetuo remansuras ; Dat. apud Are die Aprilis, anno regni nostri decimo. [1316.]

On the Tag, Ballivis de Cadiou.

LITERA ROBERTI I. REGIS CAMERARIO, DE VIGINTI MARCIS
DE CADIOU FRATRIBUS PREDICATORIBUS DE GLASGU.

ROBERTUS Dei gratia rex Scotorum, Camerario suo Scotiæ qui pro tempore fuerit. SCIATIS quod precepimus per literas nostras Ballivis de Cadiou qui pro tempore fuerint, quod fratribus predictoribus de Glasgu persolvi faciant annuatim ad duos anni terminos viginti marcas sterlingorum, quas eisdem et eorum successoribus concessimus nomine dotis ecclesiæ corundem, percipiendas fibi annis singulis de firmis nostris de Cadiou, ad duos anni terminos, decem marcas, viz. ad festum Pentecostes, et alias decem marcas ad festum Sancti Martini in hyeme ; termino primæ solutionis incipiente ad festum Pentecostes anni gratiae Mⁱ. cccⁱ. quinti decimi. QUARE vobis mandamus et precipimus quatinus cum dicti ballivi nostri de Cadiou vobis presentaverint literas dictorum fratrum de receptione dictæ pecunie, eisdem vel eorum procuratoribus solutæ, eisdem Ballivis nostris compotis vobis reddendis, summam vobis per dictorum fratrum literas presentacionem plenius allocetis : Et quod in hoc apposueritis vobis in compotis vestris faciemus plenius allocari. IN CUJUS REI testimonium has literas nostras patentes vobis mittimus pro eisdem fratribus perpetuo duraturas. Dat. apud Are ultimo die Aprilis anno regni nostri decimo. [1316.]

OBLIGATION BY FREIR JOHN MURE, VICAR GENERAL OF
 THE ORDER OF PREACHERS, TO SAY A MASS FOR THE
 SAWLL OF MATHEW STEWART LAIRD OF CASTLEMILK,
 HIS MOTHER AND BAIRNS.

BE IT KENDE till all men be thir presents, ws frere John Mure Wicar generall of the ordour of prechouris, and the diffinitouris of the cheptour of the famin ordir, with consent ande assent of the Prior of Glasgw and the Convent of the famyn : Ande with consent of all the Prioris of the nation, Till be bundyn and oblift, and be thir present lettris binds and oblisws ws and our succeffouris perpetually in tyme till cum, till say a Mefs, the quihilk falbe the secunde mefs of the convent betwix fevine and acht ouris, for the fawll of Mathow Stewart, Larde of Castelmilk, ande for the fawlis of his modir and barnis, that thar banis rests in our place ; and for the fawll of his progenitouris and succeffouris, and for all Cristine fawlis perpetuallie to be done ; He giffande to the forsaid Prior and Convent ten markis of annual zerly for the saynge of the faid mefs : ITEM, we oblisws ws ande our succeffouris, quhen at ewir it plefis the forsaid ayris of Mathow Stewart, till found perpetualy till the forfaide Convent of Glasgw xx markis of annual zerly rent, the forsaid mefs fal be changit fra a faid mefs till a songin mefs with noyt. In strenthin and roboration of this prefent obligation, we Wecar generall and diffinitowris, till the prefent writ we haif set to our felis, the viii day of June efter our Cheptour Generall, the zeir of God a thousand four hundredth fewinte and thre zeris. [1473.]

BOOKS OF COUNCIL, VOL. XXX. FOLIO 219.

4^{to}. MARCII 1517.

IN the actioun and caus perfewit at the instance of ane maist reverend fader in God, James Archebisshop of Glafgow, Chancelar, Commendator of the abbay of Kilwynyng, aganis Johnne Mure of Caldwell, for the wrangwis and violent ejection and furthputting of his servands out of his castell and palice of Glafgow ; and taking of the famyn fra thame ; the xx day of Februar the yer of God J^m. v^e. and xv zers ; and for the wranguis spoliatioun, intrometting, away taking, and withholdinge fra the faid maist reverend fader of thir guds undwrittin, being in his said castell and palace in the famyn tyme ; That is to say, xxviii fedder bedds furnit,

price of ilk bedd viii lib. xviii verdours, price of the pece iii lib. xiiii arres werks, price of the pece iiii lib. tua arrefs of the gretest bynd, price of the pece x lib. vi ruffs and courtings of say and four of lynning claiith, to the avale of xxx li. with mony uther insight guds, claithing, jewells, filkes, precius stanes, veschell, harnefs, vittales, and uther guds: And for the wranguis destruccioun of his said castell and place, breking down of the famyn with artalzary and utherwais; lykeas at mair length is contenit in the summonds maid therapoun: The said maist reverend fader comperand be Master James Simfon his procurator, and the said Johne Mure of Caldwell comperand be Master Johnne Letham his procurator; Thare richts, resons, &c. The Lordis of Counfale decretis and deliveris that the said Johne Mure of Caldwell has done wrang in the maisterfull spoliation, intrometting, away taking, and withhalding fra the said maist reverend fader of thir guds underwrittin, and destruccioun of his castell and palace of Glasgow; And tharfor ordanis him to restore and delivir the famyn again to him, or the avale and prices of thame as efter followis: That is to say, xiii fedder bedds furnift, price of ilk bed five merks, xviii verdour bedds, price of the pece xl s. vi erres werk, price of the pece iii li. tua uther erres, price of the pece v merks, vi ruffs and courtings of say, and four of lynning, price of the pece ourheid xxx s. Three stands of Dornwyk with thare towellis and serviots, price of the pece v li. xii burd claiths and four towellis of lynning, price of the pece of four of tham x s. price of the pece of the remenant v s. price of the pece of the towelliis ii s. xii tyn quarts, xii tyn pynts, price of ilk quart viii s. price of ilk pynt iiii s. v dusane of peuder veschell, prycce of the dusane viii li. Tua irne brandreths, prycce of thaim ix li. vi raks of irne, price of thame v li. xiii spets weyand xxiiii stane of irne, price of the stane v s. Tua kettills, price of the pece fifty s. xviii pots, price of thaime xx marks. xiii pannis, price of thaime all vi li. x s. Tua brafn morters, price of the pece xxx s. vi laddillis, four culcruks, thre roftyn yrnis, price of thaim all xl s. viii irne chimnais, price of the pece xxx s. xxvii lokks, price of the pece iii s. Tua pair of gardevyance, price of thaim baith iiii li. Tua kists, price of thaim iiii li. vi compter claithis, price of thaim vi li. v mantillis, price of the pece xl s. xxiiii martis, price of the pece xx s. xv fwyne, price of the pece x s. Four dakyr of salt hyds, price of the dakyr iii li. x s. vi dusane of salmond, price of the pece iiii s. Ane laft of salt herring, price of the barrel xxviii s. i*e.* keling and lyng, price of the pece viii d. xii punds of pepir, price of the pund vi s. viii d. Tua punds of salfron, price of the pund iii li. Four punds of ginger, price of the pund x s. lx punds of sugar, price of the pund iii s. Tua punds of clowis, price of the pund xl s. iii punds of masis, price of the pund xl s. Tua punds of canell, price tharof iiii li. xvi s. Half ane barrel of prune damais, price xl s. xxxvi punds of almonds, price of the pund xvi d. vi punds of rasfings of cure, price tharof xii s. xxii

punds of strochetts, price of the pund xxviii d. Tua dusane of draucht claihs contenand xxiiii ells, price of the ell viii d. Ane hogtoun of double wortett, price iiiii li. Ane crossbow ourgilt, price x li. Ane pece of damas, price v crounis. viii bras chandelars, price iiiii li. Ane compter, tua lang sedles, tua chyrs, price of thaim five marks. vii cushenis, price of the pece ourheid vi s. viii d. Ane chekker of Evor, price x li. Ten chalderis of mele, price of ilk chalder ten marks. xii tunnes of wyne, price of ilk tun x li. Ane hingand chandelier, price tharof xxxiv s. Tua lafts of flour, price of the barrell xxviii s. Tua capis, ane of scarlet and ane uther of ypir, price of baith l li. Tua steiks of fay, ilk steik contenand xviii ellis, price of the ell iii s. Fifty lammer beds, price xl s. Ane gown of scarlett lynit with mertriks, price xl li. Ane obligatioun maid be umquhile Matho Erle of Levinax contenand the soume of ii^c. marks to the said maist reverend fader. Ane uther obligation maid to him be the chanouns and chapter of Glasgw, contenand the soume of J^m. marks for reparatioun of the kirk of Glesgu. vi barrels of gunpulder, price of the barrell xx marks. xi gunnis, price of the pece xx s. xiiii halkirks [halberks, hauberks?] price of the pece xx s. xiiii steil bonnets, price of the pece iiiii s. xiiii pair of splynts, price of the pece xviii s. vi halberts, price of the pece vi s. viii d. iiiii crossbowis, price of the pece l s. The soum of ii^c. marks for the scaith sustenit be the said maist reverend fader in the destruccioun of his said castell and palice of Glasgw. Ane gown of rufflit lynit with furzeis; ane gown of brown lynit with mertriks; ane gown of rufflit lynit with Roucany buge; ane gowne of browne lynit with buge; ane gown of tanny lynit with wattermalis. The quhilks castell, plaice, and guds forsaid pertenit to the said maist reverend fader, and was ffulzeit, takin, and intromettit with be the said Johnne Muir of Caldwell and his complices; lykas was clerly previt befor the saids Lords: Tharfor ordanis lettres to be direct to compell and distrenze the said Johnne Mure his lands and guds tharfor as effers: And as to the avale and price of the said gown of rufflit lynit with furzeis, and the remanent of the said gowns contenit in the said summonds, except ane gown of scarlet lynit with mertriks, togidder with the gold rings, precius stanes, uther jewell, and obligationis being in ane lettron contenit in the famyn, continewis that part of the said summonds in form and effect as it now is, on to the xv day of April nixt to cum, with continuation of dais, but prejudice of party: And ordanis the said maist reverend fader to have lettres to summond the witneses at was summoned of befor and comperit not, be summonds under gretar panes; and ma witnesses gif he plefis, for the preving of the famyn as effers.

The following passage of *Rymer's Fædera*, page 401, Vol. II. new edition, Part I. shows, that during the contest with Robert Bruce, Edward II. did not cease to grant benefices in the church of Scotland, even when it was not in his power to give or to maintain his presentees in possession. It is inserted here, because most of the benefices are in the diocese of Glasgow.

DE PREBENDIS ET BENEFICIIS IN SCOTIA, PER REGEM
CONCESSIS.

Anno Dom. 1319
Pst. 13. Edw. 11
M. 40. in Tarr. Lond.

REX dedit et concessit dilecto clero suo Willielmo de Areymynne, Prebendam de Stubbehou in ecclesia Glafguensi vacantem, et ad donationem regis spectantem, ratione Episcopatus Glafguensis vacantis, et in manu regis existentis, habendam; Cum suis juribus et pertinentiis quibuscumque. IN CUJUS, &c. TESTE REGE apud Ebora-cum xix die Julij Per ipsum regem.

Consimiles literas habent subscripti de Prebendis subscriptis, viz.

Robertus de Clyff de Prebenda de Cadyhou

Edwardus de London de Prebenda de Aſkirk

Johannes de Morton de Prebenda de Rutherglen

Willielmus de Herlaſton de Prebenda de Carnwyth

Robertus de Hemmynburgh de Prebenda de Reynfru

Willielmus de Clyff de Prebenda de Kylbryde

Johannes de Lund. de Prebenda de Govan

Thomas de Braylon de Prebenda de Fynglas

} in ecclesia Glafguensi.

Robertus de Coucy clericus habet consimiles literas de Decanatu in ecclesia Glafguensi vacante, &c. ut supra. Teste rege apud Gosford in Northumbria, vi^{to} die Augusti. Per breve de privato sigillo. Et mandatum est J. Glafguensi Episcopo quod eidem Roberto, stallum in Choro, et locum in Capitulo, ratione Decanatus predicti, ac corporalem possessionem Decanatus predicti, cum suis juribus et pertinentiis quibuscumque prout moris est, habere faciat.

Robertus de Halliwell clericus habet literas regis de presentatione ad ecclesiam de Sondum [Sundrum?] Glafguensi dioecesi, vacantem, et ad donationem regis spectantem. Et diriguntur literæ J. Glafguensi Episcopo. TESTE rege apud Ebora-cum xix die Julij. Per ipsum regem.

Consimiles literas de presentatione habent subscripti ad ecclesiæ subscriptas, viz.

Elias de Grymesby ad ecclesiam de Alyncrumbe ejusdem dioecesis.

Johannes de Briggewater ad ecclesiam de Lillesclive ejusdem dioecesis.

Thomas de Cottyngham ad ecclesiam de Wyggeton, Candidæ casæ dioecesis. Et diriguntur literæ Episcopo Candidæ casæ.

Johannes de Lincoln, ad ecclesiam de Comlongan ejusdem dioecesis.

Johannes de Donecastr. ad ecclesiam de Middeby [Middleby?] ejusdem dioecesis.

Johannes de Anlaghby ad ecclesiam de Dalfwynton ejusdem dioecesis.

Willielmus de Miklegate ad ecclesiam de Botil ejusdem dioecesis.

Johannes de Tokkenham ad ecclesiam de Croffinaghell ejusdem dioecesis.

Johannes de Wottonhull ad ecclesiam de Twyngham ejusdem dioecesis.

Thomas de Gairgrave ad ecclesiam de Carnesmolle ejusdem dioecesis.

REX dedit et concessit Johanni de Oxonia custodiam hospiti regis Sanctae Mariæ Magdalenaæ de Rokesburgh vacantis, et ad donationem regis spectantis; Habendam cum omnibus ad custodiam illam qualitercumque spectantibus, ad totam vitam ipsius Johannis. IN CUSUS, &c. TESTE REGE apud Eboracum xix die Julij

Per ipsum regem.

Confimiles literas habent subscripti, viz.

Thomas de Eggefeld, de custodia hospiti de Lanark vacantis, &c. ut supra. Per ipsum regem.

Willielmus de Houk, de custodia hospiti Sancti Johannis de Polmadde in Cliddefdale.

Johannes de Cerne de custodia hospiti Sanctæ Mariæ Magdalenaæ juxta Berewicum.

Thomas de Gairgrave, de custodia hospitalis Beatæ Mariæ de Hadyngton in Scotia Per breve de privato sigillo.

Rogerus de Croyton clericus habet literas regis de presentatione ad ecclesiam de Kirketun super Stryvelin, vacantem, et ad donationem regis spectantem. Et diriguntur literæ Episcopo Sancti Andreæ. IN CUSUS, &c. TESTE rege apud Eboracum xx die Julij. Per ipsum regem.

BULLA INDULGENTIARUM PAPÆ NICHOLAI V. PRO LACTICINIIS, OBTENTA MAGNIS LABORIBUS ET EXPENSIS PER DOMINUM WILLIELMUM EPISCOPUM GLASGUENSEM.

NICOLAUS Episcopus servus servorum Dei. Ad perpetuam rei memoriam. Etsi cunctorum votis honesta petentium, ex injuncto nobis desuper apostolice servitutis officio, benignum impertimus assensum; cum etiam illa nobis presertim et sedi apostolice devotis personis, libenter gaudemus concedere, que eorum concedimus indemnitatibus profutura. Cum itaque, sicut karissimus in Christo filius noster Jacobus Scottorum rex illustris, nobis nuper exponi fecit, in regno Scotie maxime in

civitate et dioceſi Glasguenſi, Olivarum olei liquor, quo incole et habitatores civitatis et dioceſeos hujusmodi, ac in eisdem moram pro tempore trahentes commode vefci poſſint, aliquatenus non excreſcat, nec ibidem niſi aliunde ad civitatem et dioceſim easdem afferatur; Et eciam tunc cum ſemper inibi in caro foro eſſe conſueverunt, commode haberi non poſſit. Et quia butiri et aliorum lacticiniorum, de quibus in civitate et dioceſi hujusmodi, ac eciam partibus circumviciinis, ubertas ha- betur largiflua, et admodum copioſa, quamplurimi ex quadam conſuetudine, quadrageſimalibus et aliis diebus, quibus de jure vel conſuetudine, eſus lacticiniorum et butiri hujusmodi uſus eſt interdictus, vefci conſueverunt: Et quod prefatis habitatoribus et incolis predictis, uſus et eſus lacticiniorum et butiri fore noſcantur plurimum opportunū; Pro parte ipſius regis ac incolarum et habitatorum civitatis et dioceſeos earundem, nobis fuit humiliter ſupplicatum, ut providere ſuper hiis pa- terna diligentia curaremus; Nos ad ea que incolarum, habitatorum, et aliorum pre- dictorum commoditate, ſuper hiis reſpicere dinoscuntur, ut ea potiſſime ſedi memo- rate devociores ſe exhibeant, quo ſe amplius noverint illius ubertate foſeri favorabi- liter intendentis, hujusmodi ſupplicationibus inclinati, incolis, habitatoribus, et commorantibus predictis, univerſis et ſingulis utriusque ſexu, prefentibus pariter et futuris; QUOD ipſi et eorum ſinguli, quadrageſimalibus et aliis diebus quibus- cunque, quibus uſus carnium per eccleſiam ſeu alias prohibitus exiſtit de jure vel conſuetudine, butiro et aliis lacticiniis etiam abſque cujuſuſi conſcientie ſcrupulo, ita eciam quod eis id ad culpam nequeat imputari, ac cujuſcunq; licentia ſuper hoc minime requiſita, pro ſue libito voluntatis vefci libere et licite valeant, quibusuſi apoftolicis, neconon forſan in provincialibus et synodalibus editis conſtitutionibus et ordinationibus, ceterisque contrariai nequaquam obſtantibus, auſtoritate apoftolica, tenore prefentium, de ſpeciali gratia, licentiam elargimur, perpetuis temporibus duraturam. NULLI ergo omnino hominum liceat hanc paginam noſtre confeſſionis infringere, vel ei auſu temerario contraire: Si quis autem hoc attemptare preſump- ferit, indignationem omnipotentis Dei, et Beatorum Petri et Pauli apoftolorum ejus ſe noverit incurſurum. Data Rome apud Sanctam Mariam Majorem, anno incarnationis Dominice millesimo quadringentesimo quinquagesimo primo, Septimo kalendas Aprilis, pontificatus noſtri anno quinto. [1451.]

CARTA DAVIDIS COMITIS DE CENTUM SOLIDIS DE HARDING- STRONA AD EDIFICATIONEM ECCLESIÆ.

DAVID comes omnibus ecclefie fidelibus, ſalutem: NOTUM fit omnibus vobis ME in perpetuum prebuſſe redditionem centum ſolidorum in Hardingeſtrona Glasguenſi ecclefie, in elemofina, ad edificationem et restaurationem ejusdem ecclefie; et hoc

deliberatione et conceffione Matildis uxoris mee, testimonio ipfius M. et procerum et militum meorum, Roberti de Brus, et Roberti filii Nigelli, Hugonis de Morvilla, Hugonis Bret. et Roberti Corbet, Walteri de Lindefeia, et Walteri filii Winemeri. Valete.

CARTA DAVIDIS I^o. REGIS DE TERRA IN PERDEYC.

DAVID Rex Scocie, Baronibus, Ministris, et omnibus fidelibus suis tocius regni sui, salutem: SCIATIS Me Dediffe et Concessisse Deo et ecclesie Sancti Kentigerni de Glafgu, terram illam in Perdeyc in perpetuam elemosinam, pro anima mea, et patris et matris mee, et fratrum et fororum mearum, et salute Henrici filii mei, et omnium antecefforum et succefforum meorum; Quam, Aſcelinus ejusdem ecclie Archidiaconus, de me tenebat, in nemore et plano, aquis et pifinis, pratis et paſcuis, et in omnibus aliis locis, per reſtas divifas, ſicut Ailſi et Tocca eas tenebant, die quo predicta terra fuit in meo dominio; Ita quod Archidiaconus faciat Deo et Sancto Kentegerno de Glasgu, que tunc mihi facere solebat, ſcilicet annuatim unam marcam argenti, pro omnibus ſerviciis et confuetudinibus quamdui vixerit. Post diſceſſum vero Archidiaconi, remaneat predicta terra ecclie deservienda, ita libera, et foluta, et quieta, ſicut melius et liberius tenet suas alias terras et elemofina [in] eisdem libertatibus; PRESENTIBUS TESTIBUS Heriberto Abbe de Rokeſburg, Willielmo Cancellario, Willielmo filio Dunecani, Malifio Comite, Dunecano Co- mite, Fergus de Galweia, Aad. cum barba, Malduveni Mac Murdac, Malodeni de Scona, Malodeni Mareſcallo, Radulpho filio Dunegalli, Duvenaldo fratre ejus, Uchtred filio Fergus, Hugone Britone, Heriberto Camerario, Gileberto Fimboga, Gileberto de Strivelin, Dufoter de Calanteria, [vel Calderia ?] Apud Glafgu.

CARTA DAVIDIS I^o. REGIS DE OCTAVO DENARIO DE PLACITIS.

DAVID Dei gracia Rex Scottorum, Juſticie fue, [Juſticario suo ?] Vicecomitibus, Baronibus, et omnibus ministris suis tocius Cumberlandie, salutem: SCIATIS Me Dediffe et Concessisse Deo et ecclesie Sancti Kentigerni de Glafgu, octavum denarium de omnibus placitis meis per totam Cumbriam, que ibi placitabuntur, aut in denariis aut pecunia [pecore ?]. VOLO itaque et firmiter precipio, ut predicta ecclie, hanc fuam partem, ita libere, et quiete, et honorifice teneat in perpetuum, ſicut elemofina liberius et quietius potest dari et teneri: TESTIBUS Willielmo Cu- mino Cancellario, Fergus de Galweia, Hugone Bretone, Waltero filio Alani,

Radulpho filio Dunegalli, Duvenaldo fratre suo, Alwino Mac Archill, Apud Cadihou.

CARTA DAVIDIS Ist. REGIS DE DECIMA DE CAN.

D. DEI gracia Rex Scottorum, Baronibus, Ministris, et omnibus fidelibus suis tocius regni sui, tam Galwenisibus quam Anglicis, et Scotis, salutem : SCIATIS ME Dediffe et Concessisse, Deo et ecclesie Sancti Kentigerni de Glasgu, in perpetuam elemosinam, totam decimam meam, de meo Chan in animalibus et porcis de Strathgriva, et Cunegan, et de Chiil, et de Karric, unoquoque anno, nisi tunc quando ego ipse illuc venero perendinans, et ibidem meum Chan comedens : TESTIBUS Willielmo Cumin Cancellario, Hugone de Morvilla, Fergus de Galweia, Hugone Bretone, Waltero filio Alani, Alwino MacArchil, Radulpho filio Dune-galli, Duvenaldo fratre suo, Apud Cadihou.

[DALSERF OR MACHAN.]

CHARTER OF ROBERT I. TO WALTER, SON OF GILBERT.

ROBERTUS Dei gratia rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, salutem ; SCIATIS Nos Dediffe, Concessisse et hac presenti carta nostra Confir-masse Waltero filio Gilberti, dilecto et fidei nostro, pro homagio et servicio suo, totum tenementum de Machan quod fuit Johannis Comyn militis cum pertinenciis, in valle de Clude, tenendum et habendum predicto Waltero et heredibus suis inter ipsum et Mariam de Gordun sponsam suam legitime procreatis, et ipsis deficien-tibus, heredibus dicti Walteri, de Nobis et heredibus nostris in feodo et heredi-tate, per omnes rectas metas et divisas suas, cum omnibus libere tenentibus dicti tenementi, libere, quiete, plenarie, et honorifice, et cum omnibus aliis libertatibus, commoditatibus, aysfamentiis, et justis pertinenciis suis, sicut dictus quondam Jo-hannes Comyn predictum tenementum cum pertinenciis, aliquo tempore tenuit seu possedit, faciendo nobis et heredibus nostris dictus Walterus et heredes sui predicti, servicum inde debitum et consuetum, tempore bone memorie Domini Alexandri regis Scotie predecessoris nostri ultimo defuncti. In ejus rei, &c."

Ex Registro
Magni Sigilli.

This *Walterus filius Gilberti* is most probably the same person as *Schyr Walter Gilbertson* in Bar-bour's Bruce, book 9, v. 587, who was captain of Bothwell at the time of the battle of Bannockburn, and in the English interest. After the defeat, the Earl of Hertford made for this castle of Bothwell, as mentioned in the following verses :—

" The Erle of Herfurd fra the mellé
 " Departyt with a gret mengné ;
 " And ftraucht to Bothwell tok the vai
 " That than in the Ingliſſ mennys fay
 " Was, and haldyn as [a] place of wer.
 " Schyr Walte Gilbertson was ther
 " Captaine, and had it in ward.
 " The Erle of Herfurd thidderward
 " Held, and wes tane in our the wall,
 " And fifty of his men withall,
 " And set in howfis findryly,
 " Swa that thai had that na mercy.
 " The lave went towart Ingland."

These lines imply that the Earl was not received with welcome at Bothwell, he being admitted with only fifty of his men. The gates were not opened to them, but such of them as were taken in were taken over the wall, and placed in confinement, no doubt lest the rest should have entered by force.

The castle of Bothwell was surrendered to Edward Bruce, detached by King Robert for that purpose, by Sir Walter.—v. 856:

" And fyne to Bothwell send he
 " Schyr Eduuard, with a great menye ;
 " For thar was than send him word
 " That the rich Erle of Herford
 " And oþyr mychty als wer ther.
 " Swa tretyt he with Schir Walter,
 " That Erle and castell, and the lave,
 " In Schyr Eduuardis hand he gave
 " And till the king the Erle send he," &c.

Crawfurd, on the authority of Hamilton of Wishaw's Genealogical History of the Family of Hamilton, sets forth that this Walter Gilbertson was an Englishman, trusted by King Edward of England with the command of Bothwell castle, which he gave up to Robert Bruce and the English in it, and became a subject of King Robert, who gave him lands and treated him as a favourite. The charter before quoted is evidence of a grant of part of the estate of John Cumyn, slain by Robert. But I have doubts of Walter being an Englishman, and acting treacherously towards his sovereign. I think it much more probable he was a Scotsman in the English interest, as most of the nobility and gentry of Scotland were, till Robert overcame his difficulties, (which was accomplished by the victory at Bannockburn,) and then took part with the Bruce. It favours this presumption that his wife bears a Scotch name, *Mary de Gordon*.

Barbour proceeds to narrate, that the Earl of Hertford was set at liberty without ransom; except that Robert Bishop of Glasgow, who was old and blind, the Queen, and her daughter Marjory, whom Edward II. had long detained as prisoners, were received in exchange for the Earl.

I think it more creditable to the founder of the Hamilton family, that he should be represented as a Scotsman returning to his duty, than as an Englishman guilty of treason against his lawful sovereign, by making his commanders and soldiers prisoners and delivering them to their enemies the Scots.

It is probable, that in the next Parliament held after the battle of Bannockburn, forfeiture was

awarded against those who did not make their submission to King Robert, and their lands granted out to his faithful followers. Of this there are several instances in the first remaining roll of Robert's charters. The charter to Walter Gilbertson of the lands of Machan is one of these; and of course must have been granted after 1314. The records of Parliament are lost till 1319, printed in Skene's Collection, and has no reference to the forfeitures, which must have been previous. The first remaining roll is marked C, indicating that there were two others previous to it.

INDENTURA INTER DECANUM ET CAPITULUM GLASGUENSE,
ET JOHANNEM DOMINUM SYMPLE DE ECCLESIA DE GLAS-
FURD.

HÆC INDENTURA edita apud civitatem Glasguensem, vigesimo die mensis Maij anno Domini 1494 ostendit, et fidem indubiam facit; Quod alias, prius evidente utilitate et commodo Decani et Capituli ecclesie Glasguensis, Capitulariter in Capitulo Pentecostali generali congregatorum, primitus confideratis, matura deliberatione et solemni traictatu desuper prehabitis, juris solennitate observata; Inter eosdem ab una, et nobilem Dominum Johannem Dominum Sympill partibus ab altera, dummodo ad hoc expresius apostolice sedis, et supremi Domini nostri regis consensu acceſſerint et non aliter, appunctuatum et concordatum existit, sub modo et forma infra scriptis; videlicet, Quod dicti Decanus et Capitulum, concedent in excambium et emphiteofim eorum terras vocatas Rydale muir de Largis et Farley cum pertinentiis, jacentes infra Balliam de Conyngham, prefato Johanni Domino Sympill et suis heredibus in perpetuum. Pro quibus quidem terris cum pertinentiis, predictus Dominus Johannes Sympill et heredes sui persolvet et persolvent dictis Decano et Capitulo, viginti libras usualis monete regni Scotie ad duos anni terminos confuetos, feſta videlicet Penthecoſtes et Sancti Martini in hyeme per equales portiones futuris temporibus; Ac etiam durante vita Magiftri Willielmi Steward Rectoris ecclesie parochialis de Glaffurde Glasguensis dioceſeos, dictus Johannes et heredes sui persolvet et persolvent annuatim ut premititur, eisdem Decano et Capitulo ad prefatos terminos, ultra viginti libras, decem marcas prefate monete Scotie: Pro quibusquidem ex cambio et commutatione, ac in emphiteofim conſeſſione ut premititur fiendis, dictus Johannes Dominus Sympill, donabit et concedet prefatis Decano et Capitulo, advocationem et Jus patronatus dictæ ecclesie de Glaffurde, ac consentiet unioni ejusdem ecclesie cum suis terris, fructibus, emolumenis, et communibus distributionibus five menfe Capitulari dictorum Decani et Capituli in perpetuum fiendis, tanquam ecclesia communis eorundem. INSUPER dicti Decanus et Capitulum causabunt commiffionem a fede apostolica impetrari et levari super premissis, de dirigenda Episcopis Candide Cafe et Lismorensi, ac Abbatii de Pasleto ordinis Cluniacensis Glasguensis dioceſeos, infra annum, quamcūtius commode potuerit, cefſanti-

bus legitimis impedimentis, expensis eorundem et dicti Domini Sympill per equalē divisionem. ULTERIUS prefati Decanus et Capitulum si intervenerit autoritas et licentia summi Pontificis et supremi Domini nostri regis ut premititur, obligabunt se in forma juris debita, ad observanda et fideliter adimplenda premissa, ac contra eadem in futurum non deveniendum, sub pena mille librarum monete Scotie, dicto Johanni Domino Sympill pro damnis, expensis et interesse, si que sustinuerit ob defectum adimpletionis premissorum. Ac simili modo dictus Johannes Dominus Sympill obligavit se dictis Decano et Capitulo, heredes ac successores suos, ac totas terras suas de Glaffurde in forma juris requisita, in summa mille librarum dictae monete, eisdem persolvenda, pro eorum damnis, expensis et interesse, si ipse vel heredes sui in contrarium premissorum deviant qualitercumque, post impetrationem et levationem dictae commissionis, et ejusdem ostensionem et executionem in partibus, omni fraude et dolo seclusis. DEMUM dictus Johannes Dominus Sympill tanquam ballivus dictorum Decani et Capituli prenominatarum terrarum, fideliter observabit affestationem earundem factam tenentibus commorantibus in eisdem per ipflos Decanum et Capitulum pro tribus annis immediate sequentibus, juxta formam et tenorem litterarum affestationis desuper confeccarum eisdem, per dictum Decanum et Capitulum, absque obstaculo vel demanda, inquietatione seu molestatione quibuscumque, per eum aut alios ejus nomine qualitercumque preftandis et fiendis. INSUPER dictus Johannes Dominus Sympill persolvet annuatim Decano et Capitulo Glasguensi, omnia emolumenta firmarum et gersumas, ac alleca, et omnia alia et singula debita, sicut ipse Decanus et Capitulum ante hujusmodi contraactum perceperunt, donec et quousque intraverunt possessionem pacificam dictae ecclesie, per cessum vel decepsum Magistri Willielmi Stewarde nunc possessoris ejusdem. IN CUJUS REI testimonium, huic presenti endenture remanent cum dicto Johanne Domino Sympill, sigillum dictorum Decani et Capituli quo utuntur ad causas, est appensum: Et huic prefenti endenture remanent cum dictis Decano et Capitulo, sigillum dicti Johannis Domini Sympill est appensum, CORAM hiis testibus Magistris Johanne Thorntoun, Johanne Buquhoune, Dominis Roberto Braidfut et David Ride notariis publicis, Dominis Johanne, Hugone, Roberto de Dunlope, Johanne Smyth vicario de Campfy et Roberto Clark vicariis chori Glasguensis, et diversis aliis, die et loco prescriptis.

Huic cartæ appensum est sigillum ex cera rubea super alba integrum, exhibens super scuto a duobus cervis suffulto hinc inde, canterium tessellatum, medium inter tria cornua venatica. Inscriptum in circumferentia, *Sigillum Johannis Domini Sympilli.*

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesie Glasguensis apud in facco lineo sub litera Vide Lochwinnoch.

COMPOSITIO DE ECCLESIA DE KILLEBRIDE INTER JOCELI-
NUM EPISCOPUM ET ROGERUM DE VALONIIS.

SCIANT presentes et futuri, quod talis est concordia et compositio, de controvergia que vertebatur inter Jocelinum Episcopum Glasguensem et Rogerum de Valloniis, super donationem ecclesie de Kellebride; Scilicet, Quod Rogerus quietam clamavit donacionem predictae ecclesie predicto Jocelino Glasguensi Episcopo, et suis successoribus in perpetuum, cum una carrucata terre et communii pastura, et omnibus aliis asiamentis parrochie, iuste pertinentibus ad eandem ecclesiam: Et renunciavit juri quod dicebat se in ipsa habere; Quia recognitum et probatum fuit in presencia Domini regis apud Lanarc, per legitimos testes, donacionem predictae ecclesie de Kellebride antiquitus pertinuisse, et debere pertinere ad ecclesiam de Glafgu, et Episcopum Glasguensem; Et quia Johannes Episcopus Glasguensis et successores sui, libere et fine aliqua contradictione vel reclamacione dederunt ipsam ecclesiam. PRETEREA supra dictus Jocelinus Glasguensis Episcopus concepsit supradicto Rogero habere capellam et capellanum proprium in castello suo de Kellebride; qui capellanus ex ipso Rogero, et suis curialibus et hospitibus oblationes tantum percipiet: Ita quod si quis de familia sua averia habuerit vel catalla, vel bladum, vel aliqua alia, tantum decime prestari debeant infra parochiam de Kellebride, ipsas decimas persolvet matrici ecclesie, et omnia alia iura ecclesiastica preter predictas oblationes tantum: Et idem Rogerus necessaria inveniet capellano suo; Ita quod neque ipse capellanus, neque predictus Rogerus, ad sustentacionem ipsius capellani quicquam exiget de matrice ecclesie, vel de persona ipsius ecclesie. *HIS TESTIBUS Domino Rege, Comite Patricio, Roberto Capellano, Hugone Clerico, Ricardo de Morvill Constabulario Regis, Alano Dapifero regis, Philippo de Valloniis, Adam filio Gileberti Waltero de Berkelay Camerario regis.*

CARTA WILLIELMI REGIS DE ECCLESIA DE KILLEBRIDE.

W. DEI gratia rex Scottorum, Episcopis, Abbatibus, Comitibus, Baronibus, Justiciariis, Vicecomitibus, Prepositis, Ministris, et omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue clericis et laicis, salutem. SCIANT presentes et futuri quod recognitum fuit et probatum in presencia et plena curia mea apud Lanarc, per probos et antiquos homines patrie, et legitimos testes; Quod donacio ecclesie de Kellebride antiquitus pertinuit ad Episcopum Glasguensem, et pertinere debet; Et quod Johannes Episcopus Glasguensis, et sui successores libere et quiete et sine

aliqua contradictione vel reclamatione ipsam dederunt: Et ideo Rogerus de Valloniis in prefencia mea renunciavit calumpnie et juri quod dicebat se habere in predicta ecclesia. QUARE concedo, et presenti carta mea confirmo donationem prenominate ecclesie de Kellebride liberam et quietam, cum una carrucata terre et omnibus aliis justis pertinenciis suis, ecclesie et Jocelino Episcopo Glasguensi, et suis successoribus in perpetuum; TESTIBUS Roberto Capellano meo, Hugone de figillo clero meo, Comite Patricio, Ricardo de Morvill Constabulario, Alano Dapifero, Philippo de Valloniis, Waltero Berkeli Camerario, Johanne de London, Ada filio Gileberti, Apud Travequir.

INSTITUTIO PERPETUI VICARII PENSIONARII IN ECCLESIA DE KILBRYDE.

AD perpetuam rei memoriam: UNIVERSIS Sancte matris ecclesie filiis, WILLIELMUS permissione divina Episcopus Glasguensis, falutem in Domino sempiternam; NOVERIT universitas vestra, Nos de consenu et assensu venerabilis viri Johannis de Hawik precentoris ecclesie nostre Glasguensis, una cum consenu et assensu Decani et Capituli ecclesie nostre antedicti, Ordinasse, constituisse et decrevisse, tenore presencium Ordinare, constituere, et decernere, Quod de cetero in ecclesia de Kylbryd eidem precentorie annexa, sit unus perpetuus vicarius pensionarius, curam ibidem gerens animarum, pensionem recipiens perpetuam annuatim duodecim mercarum usualis monete regni Scotie, de fructibus dictae ecclesie de Kylbryd percipiendarum; Et per precentorem dictae ecclesie nostre qui pro tempore fuerit, ad quatuor anni terminos, per egales portiones perfolvendarum, viz. Quadraginta solidos ad festum Pentecostes; Quadraginta solidos ad festum Sancti Laurencii martyris; Quadraginta solidos ad festum Sancti Martini confessoris; et reliquos quadraginta solidos ad festum purificationis Beate Marie Virginis proxime inde sequens; una cum quadam mansione ex parte orientali cimiterii dictae ecclesie, et versus aquam de Kydow situata, et Crofta eidem mansioni contigue annexa, usque ad orientalem partem cimiterii, et mensurando ab angulo sive cornu australi orientalis partis cimiterii, directe usque ad dictam aquam de Kydow: Cum feno decimali locorum infra scriptorum, viz. de Murrays, de Torrens, de Lagetland, de le Parke, de Coirlas, de Cladans, de Skeach, de Ardawrygg, et de Clochanys: Et dictus vicarius qui pro tempore fuerit, panem et vinum, tam pro communicandis quam pro missa ad altare parochiali celebrandis, sumptibus propriis administrabit, salvo quod in solenne Paschali, precentor qui pro tempore fuerit, pro parochianis ibidem tunc communicandis, expensis suis, de vino tum faciet provideri. Constituimus etiam et ordinamus, quod dictus Johannes de Hawik precentor, et successores sui precentores qui pro

tempore fuerint, ad dictam vicariam, quotienscumque ipsam vacare contigerit, personam ydoneam infra tempus legitimum Nobis et successoribus nostris Episcopis Glasguensibus, per nos vel eisdem successores nostros instituendam, habeant presentare. IN SIGNUM vero hujus ordinationis, constitutionis, et decreti, necnon consensus et assensus nostri Capituli, sigillum nostrum, una cum sigillo dicti Capituli nostri, ac sigillo predicti precentoris, presentibus sunt appensa: DATA in ecclesia nostra predicta Glasguensi xxvii^{mo} die mensis Marcii anno Domini millesimocccc^{mo} xvii^{mo}. [1417.]

Marked thus on the Chartulary:—

Huic cartæ appensa sunt tria sigilla; Primum ex cera viridi fere integrum, quod est ipius Episcopi; Exhibit imaginem Dei patris, sedentis in throno, coram se imaginem Christi crucifixi; hinc inde ex utraque parte troni, arma Scotiæ Leonem scilicet erectum. Infima vero pars sigilli, ubi erant arma ipius Episcopi, attrita est. In circumferentia inscriptio S. WILLELMI DEI GRACIA EPISCOPI GLASGUENSIS.— Secundum sigillum est commune Capituli Glasguensis. Tertium sigillum, Johannis de Hawyk, ex cera rubea super alba, exhibit in summitate scuti Beatam Virginem filium ulnis tenentem; inferius vero quandam genuflexum supplicantem.

CARTA DAVIDIS I. REGIS, DE ECCLESIA DE CADIHOU, ECCLESIE ET EPISCOPO GLASGUENSI.

D. REX Scotorum, Episcopis, Abbatibus, Comitibus, Baronibus, Justiciariis, Vicecomitibus, Prepositis, Ministris, et omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, salutem; SCIATIS me Concessisse et in perpetuam elemosinam Dedisse, ecclesie Sancti Kentegerni de Glafgu, et Episcopo ejusdem ecclesie, ecclesiam de Cadihou, sicut elemosina dari potest melius et liberius: H. Comite concedente et assensum prebente. TESTIBUS Eraldo Abbe de Chelgho, et Waltero Cancellario, et Hugone de Morville, et Heriberto Camerario, et Galtero filio Alani, et Thoma Lundoniarum, et Waltero de Lindeſeia, et W. de Lindeſeia et Waltero de Ridale. Apud Strivelin.

Marked in the Paris copy, Ex autographo.
Ex authentica carta in archivis collegii Scotorum Parisiis.

CARTA ROBERTI DE LUNDONIIS, DE PETRA CERÆ AD LU-
MINARE DE TERRA DE CADIHOU.

ROBERTUS DE LUNDONIIS, filius regis Scocie, omnibus sancte matris ecclesie filiis, salutem. SCIANT presentes et posteri, ME Dediffe et hac carta mea Confirmasse, Deo et Sancto Kentegerno, et matrici ecclesie de Glasgu, singulis annis, unam petram cere de redditu meo de Cadihu in predicta ecclesia; ad Nundinas de Glasgu annuatim recipiendam; Et tenendum de me et de heredibus meis [in] liberam et quietam elemosinam: QUARE volo et precipio, ut predicta ecclesia prenominatam petram cere, ita libere quiete et honorifice teneat et possideat in perpetuum, sicut aliquam elemosinam liberius quecius et honorificencius possidet. HII TESTIBUS Domino Jocelino Glasguensi Episcopo, Heriberto Decano de Glasgu, Helia de Perthe, Willielmo, Beda, Helia, Canonicis de Glasgu, Henrico de Cormanoch, Kentegerno, et David, clericis ejusdem ecclesie.

Huic cartæ appensum est sigillum ex cera alba fere integrum, exhibens ipsum Robertum equestrum, dextra extensa gladium strictum tenentem; et in scuto super peccatore, pro insigniis, Leonem insurgentem. Inscriptio *S. Roberti de Lundoniis filii regis Scotie.*

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiæ Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera

CARTA ALEXANDRI II. REGIS DE QUATUOR MERCIS DE CA-
DIHOU PRO DIACONO ET SUBDIACONO.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue salutem; SCIANT presentes et futuri, Nos preter sex marcas prius per antecessores nostros datas et affignatas in firma burgi de Rotherglen, ad perpetuam sustentationem unius Diaconi, et unius Subdiaconi in ecclesia Glasguensi deserviciendum, caritatis intuitu, perpetuo Dediffe, Concessisse et hac carta nostra Confirmasse, Deo et Sancto Kentegerno, et ecclesie Glasguensi, et eisdem Diacono et Subdiacono in dicta ecclesia Glasguensi perpetuo servituris, Quatuor marcas singulis annis percipiendas de firma Domini nostri de Cadihu, per manus illius qui pro tempore Ballivus vel Firmarius noster, five heredum vel successorum nostrorum ibidem extiterit: QUARE volumus et firmiter precipimus, ut quicunque pro tempore Ballivus vel Firmarius noster, five heredum vel successorum nostrorum extiterit apud Cadihu,

dictis Diacono et Subdiacono quolibet anno habere faciat, de firma de Cadihou, quatuor marcas, medietatem ad Pentecosten, et medietatem ad festum Sancti Martini: TESTIBUS W. filio Alani Senefallo, Justiciario Scocie, Waltero Cumyn Comite de Menethet, Waltero Olifard Justiciario Laodonie, Alano Hoftiario, Waltero Bifet, Rogero Avenel, David Mariscallo; Apud Castrum puellarum octavo die Februarij anno regni Domini regis vicefimo tercio.

Marked on the Paris copy, *original*,—Ex autographo in archivis ecclesie Glasguensis apud in arca lignea, sub litera
 Huic cartæ appensum est sigillum magnum Scotiæ fere integrum ex cera alba, exhibens ex uno latere regem sedentem in folio, capite aperto, dextra strictum gladium tenentem. Ex altero autem regem equestrum, dextra extensa gladium strictum tenentem; Et super pectore in scuto Leonem erectum. Inscriptio utrinque in circulo
Alexander Deo Rectore Rex Scotorum.

CARTA J. [JOHANNIS?] EPISCOPI, DOMINO WILLIELMO DE
 CADIHOU, DE AREA IN GARDINO SUO DE GLASGOW.

UNIVERSIS Sancte matris ecclesie filii presens scriptum visuris vel audituris, J. miseratione divina Glasguensis Episcopus, salutem in Domino sempiternam. Universitati vestre notum facimus, Nos de communi consensu et assensu Capituli nostri Glasguensis, Deditisse, Concessisse, et hac presenti pagina Confirmasse, Domino Willielmo de Cadihou ecclesie Glasguensis Canonico, aream illam de Gardino nostro apud Glasgu, cum arboribus, et edificiis sumptibus suis constructis et construendis in eadem, quam sibi per ejusdem loci Decanum, et Magistrum Adam de Dertford officialem nostrum limitari fecimus et assignari. Tenendam et habendam, de nobis et successoribus nostris toto tempore vite sue, ita libere quiete et honorifice, sicut alie aree et edes aliorum Canonicorum circa ecclesiam, liberius et quietius tenentur aut possidentur. Hoc proviso, quod inter eandem aream suam et gardinum nostrum, bonam claustram faciat et sustineat, ita quod ex illa parte pro defectu claustrum, nullum nobis dampnum eveniat vel gravamen. Volumus etiam et concedimus quod dictus Dominus W. propter magnos sumptus quos fecit ibidem in edificiis construendis, possit easdem edes in sua ultima voluntate onerare in rationabili pecunie quantitate; ut consideratis expensis circa easdem factis, et considerata temporis quantitate, ac usus sui utilitate habita in eisdem, ratio et equitas suadebit: Et quod ille cui dicta area cum edificiis post mortem dicti Domini W. assignabitur, teneatur ad solutionem predicte pecunie executoribus ejusdem W. faciendam. Et quod ad hoc si necesse fuerit, per Nos aut successores nostros legitime compellatur. IN CUJUS REI

testimonium, sigillum nostrum apponi fecimus huic scripto; **HIS TESTIBUS**, Magistro Adam de Derford et Johanne de Lena, Dominis Waltero Vicario de Pebbis, et W. de Bedeford, Willelmo de Swineford, Radulpho de Munferton, Clericis nostris, Johanne de Unloin [Bulend?] et Eogino, [Rogero?] et aliis.

**PRECEPTUM ROBERTI I. REGIS DE ANNUIS REDDITIBUS DE
CADIHOU ET DE ROTHERGLEN.**

ROBERTUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Camerario suo Scotie qui pro tempore fuerit. Quia ecclesia Glasguenfis et succeffores Sancti Kentigerni, tempore bone memorie regis Alexandri predecessoris nostri, annuatim percipere solebant de firmis de Rotherglen et Cadihou, ad certos terminos, centum solidos Sterlingorum pro stipendio unius Capellani in dicta ecclesia ministrantis: Et decem marcas Sterlingorum pro stipendiis unius Diaconi et Subdiaconi in ecclesia eadem ministrancium: Ac etiam quadraginta solidos Sterlingorum pro luminari Sancti Kentigerni; Prepositis et Ballivis de Rutherglen et de Cadihou firmiter dedimus in mandatis, quod ipsi dictas summas pecunie, ad opus dictorum ministrorum, de dictis firmis ad terminos consuetos prout persolvi confueverunt, annuatim persolvant; et literas acquietancie de dictis summis pecunie per ipsos solutis penes se recipiant. Quare vobis mandamus et precipimus, quatenus dictis literis acquietancie per dictos ballivos vobis annuatim presentatis, dictas summas pecunie eiusdem ballivis in compotis suis annuatim allocatis: Et Nos ipsas vobis in compotis vestris annuatim volumus allocari. Datum apud Dunbretane 25^o die Februarij anno regni nostri nono. [1315.]

**PRECEPTUM ROBERTI I. REGIS, BALLIVIS DE CADIHOU DE
QUATUOR MARCIS DE FIRMIS DE CADIHOU SOLVENDIS.**

ROBERTUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Ballivis de Cadihou qui pro tempore fuerint, salutem: Quia tempore bone memorie Domini Alexandri regis Scotorum predecessoris nostri, et aliorum predecessorum nostrorum regum Scotie, ecclesia Glasguenfis et succeffores Beati Kentigerni annuatim percipere confueverunt ad certos terminos, quatuor marcas argenti de firmis de Cadihou in partem sustentacionis unius Diaconi et unius Subdiaconi in dicta ecclesia ministrancium; vobis mandamus et precipimus quatenus dictas marcas argenti de firmis predictis ad opus dictorum ministrorum dictae ecclesie Glasguenfis, vel ejus procuratori, ad terminos consuetos annuatim persolvi faciatis sine dilatione; Literas acquietancie

penes vos cipientes de receptis, et presentes literas earundem portitoribus librantibus: Et quid in hoc apposueritis, precipimus in compotis vestris vobis per Camerarium nostrum plenius allocari. Apud Abirbrothoc 14^o die Martij anno regni nostri nono. [1315.]

CARTA JOHANNIS REGIS SCOTTORUM DE QUADRAGINTA SOLIDIS AD LUMINARE, &c.

JOHANNES Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, salutem. SCIATIS quod caritatis intuitu, Concessimus ad luminare ecclesie Glasguensis quadraginta solidos quos Willielmus quondam Rex Scotie dedit in perpetuum ad sustentacionem ejusdem luminaris de firmis de Rutherglen annuatim percipiendos. Concessimus etiam ad perpetuam sustentacionem unius Diaconi et unius Subdiaconi in dicta ecclesia perpetuo deservientium decem marcas, viz. de firmis de Cadihou quatuor marcas, et de firmis de Rutherglen sex marcas. Preterea Concessimus Presbytero qui in ecclesia cathedrali Glasguensi divina celebrat ad altare Beati Kentigerni ad presentacionem nostram, centum solidos Sterlingorum, recipiendos annuatim per vicecomitem de Lanark et ballivos suos de Rutherglen, prout in cartis regum Willielmi, Alexandri, et Alexandri predecessorum nostrorum quas inde habent, et quas inspeximus, plenius continetur. QUARE volumus et precipimus vicecomiti et ballivis suis de Lanark qui pro tempore fuerint, quatinus dictis Presbytero, Diacono et Subdiacono, et luminari, dictas summas eisdem solvi faciant terminis consuetis, sicut easdem pecuniarum summas eis ut dictum est haec tenus solvere consueverunt. Et Nos dictas pecuniarum summas, eisdem in compotis suis, singulis annis faciemus plenius allocari. TESTIBUS Johanne Comyn, Alejandro de Balliollo Camerario Scotie, et Galfrido Moubray militibus, apud Strivelyne decimo die Augufti, anno regni nostri primo.

CARTA EDWARDI REGIS SCOTORUM, QUA CONFIRMAT
CARTAM REGIS JOHANNIS.

EDWARDUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, salutem. INSPEXIMUS cartam Johannis Dei gratia quondam regis Scotie patris nostri in hec verba. JOHANNES, &c. [ut in precedenti.] Nos autem dictas pecuniarum summas per progenitores nostros ut predictum est conceffas, pro luminari predicta ecclesie Glasguensis per presentes ratificamus; et quantum in d d 2

nobis est confirmamus et approbamus in perpetuum. **HIS TESTIBUS**, Dominis Henrico de Bellomonte Comite de Boughan, David de Strabolgy Comite Atholie, Alexandro de Montbray, Ricardo Talbot, Thoma Ughtred, Johanne de Strivelyn militibus, et aliis. Teste me ipso apud Glasgu vicefimo quinto die Septembris, anno regni nostri secundo.

**PRECEPTUM DAVIDIS II. REGIS DE ANNUIS REDDITIBUS DE
RUTHERGLEN ET DE CADIHOU.**

DAVID Dei gratia Rex Scotorum, Johanni de Roxborch Camerario nostro, salutem. **PER INSPECTIONEM** quarundam cartarum bone memorie Domini Roberti patris nostri quondam regis Scotie, et aliorum predecessorum suorum et nostrorum regum Scotie, invenimus, quod ecclesia Glasguensis et successores Beati Kentigerni, sunt et erant in possessione percipiendi singulis annis ad duos anni terminos per equeales medietates, de firmis burgi nostri de Rutherglen, quadraginta solidos argenti ad sustentacionem luminaris ecclesiae Glasguensis; Centum solidos ad sustentacionem unius capellani divina celebrantis in eadem, et sex marcas ad sustentacionem unius Diaconi et unius Subdiaconi: Necnon et de firmis nostre terre de Cadyou in complementum sustentacionis eorundem Diaconi et Subdiaconi, quatuor marcas: De quibus summis remanent quinque librae sexdecem solidi et octo denarii non soluti, de stipendiis Capellani, Diaconi, et Subdiaconi de termino Sancti Martini ultimo preteriti, prout dicti ministri Nobis conquesti sunt: **VOBIS** mandamus et firmiter precipimus, quatinus dictas quinque libras sexdecem solidos et octo denarios, de primis denariis nostris, firmis seu exitibus quos primo levare poteritis, eisdem persolvi faciatis indilat, ne inde justam querimoniam de cetero, ob defectum solutionis audiamus. Et Nos easdem summas pecunie in primis compotis vestris vobis allocari faciemus: Datum apud Aberdeen 28^o die Martii, anno regni nostri decimo sexto.

**PRECEPTUM DAVIDIS II. REGIS DAVIDI FILIO WALTERI DE
QUATUOR MARCIS DE CADIHOU.**

DAVID Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, David filio Walteri militi, et heredibus suis qui pro tempore fuerint, salutem. **QUIA** tam per literas et munimenta predecessorum nostrorum regum Scocie Nobis exhibitas, quam alias, Nobis evidenter innotuit, quod ecclesia Glasguensis et Capitulum ejusdem ipsius nomine, percepserunt et percipere consueverunt ac debuerunt, ex concessione dictorum predecessorum

noftrorum in augmentum stipendiorum unius capellani, unius Diaconi, et unius Subdiaconi, ministrancium in ecclesia Glafguensi predicta, in stipendiis nostris et heredum nostrorum qui pro tempore fuerint, Quatuor marcas Sterlingorum percipiendas annuatim de firmis Baronie de Cadhou infra vicecomitatum de Lanark: Et quia dictam Baroniam de Cadhou cum pertinentiis, pro dicta summa pecunie Nobis et heredibus nostris annuatim persolvenda vobis affedavimus hereditarie, MANDAMUS vobis et precipimus quatinus Decanum et Capitulum predictae ecclesie Glafguensis ipsius nomine, predictas quatuor marcas Sterlingorum de illa summa pecunie per vos Nobis annuatim debita de Baronie supradicta faciatis, fine difficultate, annis singulis deferviri. Quas vero quatuor marcas Sterlingorum, in vestra solutioni annua de dicta summa pecunie, Nobis et heredibus nostris ut premittitur facienda, vobis ipsius Decani et Capituli literis de recepto, plenarie volumus allocari. Et hoc nullo modo omittatis. IN CUYJS REI testimonium has literas nostras vobis ostendendas, et penes Decanum et Capitulum predictae ecclesie Glafguensis remansuras, sibi fieri fecimus patentes. Apud Edinburgh decimo octavo die mensis Julij anno regni nostri quadragefimo.

CARTA DAVIDIS II. REGIS, DAVIDI FILIO WALTERI MILITIS,
* DE BARONIA DE CADYOU.

DAVID Dei gratia Rex Scotorum, omnibus probis hominibus totius terre sue, clericis et laicis, salutem. Sciatis quod cum recolende memorie Dominus progenitor noster, per cartam suam hereditarie ad firmam concessit quondam Waltero filio Gilberti militi, patri David filii Walteri militis, Baroniam de Cadyou cum pertinentiis infra vicecomitatum de Lanark, pro octoginta libris Sterlingorum, viginti duobus celdris frumenti et sex celdris ordei annuatim inde solvendis; prout in dicta carta Domini progenitoris nostri plenius dinoscitur contineri: Nos attentes prout presenti concilio nostro tento apud Perth, nono die mensis Decembris super hoc fuimus informati, quod dicta Baronia, tam per guerras quam per varias pestilencias que ab aliis temporibus contingebant, adeo diminuta extitit et destruxta, quod ipsius firme et redditus ascendere non possunt ad totam summam pecunie et bladorum per annum; Dedimus, Concessimus, et ex deliberacione dicti Concilij nostri, hac presenti carta nostra Confirmavimus, prefato David predictam Baroniam de Cadhou cum pertinentiis; et terram five tenendram de Edelwod cum servicio tenendrie ejusdem, una cum annuo redditu quatuor marcarum Nobis inde debitarum, in augmentum Baronie de C. supradictae. Tenendam et habendam totam predictam baroniam cum pertinentiis, una cum terris five tenendria predicta, cum servicio tenentium ejusdem, et annuo redditu

Ex Registro
Magni Sigilli.

supradicto, eidem David et heredibus suis, de Nobis et heredibus nostris in feodo et hereditate, per omnes rectas metas et divisas suas, in boscis et planis, pratis, pascuis, moris, marresvis, viis, semitis, aquis, stagnis, molendinis, multuris, et eorum sequelis, fabrilibus, bracinis, aucupacionibus, venacionibus et piscariis, bondis, bondagiis, nativis et eorum sequelis, cum libere tenentibus dictae Baronie et serviciis eorundem; cum furca et fossa, focca et facco, tholl et theame et infangandthef; Necnon et cum omnibus aliis et singulis libertatibus, commoditatibus, ayfiamentis, et iustis pertinentiis suis quibuscumque ad dictam baroniam de C. et ad terram five tenandriam de E. predictam, ac ad annum redditum predictum spectantibus seu quoquomodo iuste spectare valentibus in futurum: Reddendo inde Nobis et heredibus nostris ipse David et heredes sui, octoginta libras Sterlingorum, apud Rutherglen, ad festum Dedicationis ecclesie Glasguenfis, viz. ad Nundinas ejusdem, et ad festum Purificationis Beate Marie Virginis, per euales portiones. Relaxamus etiam, et per tenorem presentis carte nostre, ex deliberatione dicti concilij nostri, in perpetuum remittimus eidem David et heredibus suis, predictam sommam bladorum, viz. viginti duas celdras frumenti, et sex celdras ordei contentam in carta dicti quondam Domini patris nostri. Volumus etiam concedimus, quod si dicta Baronie per guerram aut pestilencias destrueta vel diminuta fuerit, quominus firme et redditus ejusdem sufficere poterunt ad solucionem dicti summe octoginta librarum per annum, fiet eidem David et heredibus suis debita allocatio per Camerarium nostrum qui pro tempore fuerit, prout fuamente equitate fuerit facienda. Concessimus etiam eidem David et heredibus suis, quod cum aliquis heres ejusdem post deceplum sui predecessoris de dicta Baronie cum pertinentiis superius nominatis saysinam debitam receperit; non teneatur ad aliquam duplicationem firme predicta, sed quod solvat nobis et heredibus nostris, illo anno introitus fui infra dictam Baroniam, nomine dictae duplicationis ultra debitam firmam dictae Baronie, Decem marcas Sterlingorum, unum palefridum precii decem marcarum, tantum pro omni alio onere, exaccionem, seculari servicio, seu demanda. Apud Londors vicefimo septimo die mensis Decembbris anno regni nostri tricesimo nono.

CARTA ROBERTI II. REGIS ROBERTO DE ERSKYN VIGINTI
LIBRARUM DE REDDITU DE CADYOU.

Ex Registro
Magni Sigilli.

ROBERTUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum omnibus, &c. Sciatis Nos Dediisse, &c. dilecto et fideli nostro Roberto de Erskyne militi, viginti libras Sterlingorum de illo annuo redditu nobis debito five exeunte de Baronie de Cadyou infra vicecomitatum de Lanark, in excambium terre de Bondyngton, et annui redditus qua-

tuor marcarum debiti five exeuntis de terris de Wefthall cum pertinenciis in Baronia de Rathau infra vicecomitatum de Edinburgh. Apud Edinburgh quarto die Maij anno regni nostri primo.

CARTA ROBERTI II. REGIS SCOTORUM ROBERTO DE ERS-KYNE DE DECEM MARCIS DE REDDITU DE CADYOU.

ROBERTUS Dei gracia Rex Scottorum, omnibus, &c. SCIATIS Nos Dedisse, &c. dilecto consanguineo nostro Roberto de Erfkyne militi, viginti libras Sterlingorum de illo annuo redditu Nobis debito five exeunte de Baronia de Cadyou infra vicecomitatum de Lanark, in excambium terre de Bondyngton; et annui redditus quatuor marcarum debiti five exeuntis de terris de Wefthall, cum pertinenciis in Baronia de Rathau infra vicecomitatum de Edinburgh. Concessimus eiam eidem Roberto, mero motu et ex libero dono nostro, decem marcas Sterlingorum in complementum summe quadraginta marcarum, percipiendas annuatim de eodem annuo redditu Nobis debito five exeunte de Baronia de Cadyou predicta. Tenendas et habendas dictas quadraginta marcas Sterlingorum, dicto Roberto et heredibus suis, de nobis et heredibus nostris, annuatim ad eosdem terminos quibus dictus annuus redditus Baroniae de Cadyou predicta percipi con fuerat et perfolvi, in feodo et hereditate, &c. Quare Camerario nostro qui pro tempore fuerit, ac omnibus et singulis qui ad solucionem dicti anni redditus jam tenentur, et quos ad ipsius solucionem teneri contigerit in futurum, ceterisque quorum interest vel interesse poterit, damus, tenore prefencium, firmiter in mandatis, quod dicto Roberto et heredibus suis, de prefato annuo redditu, suis terminis, respondeant, ac de ipso satifaciant, prout ad ipsos, et eorum quemlibet pertinet, seu poterit pertinere. In cuius rei, &c. Apud Edynburgh, quarto die Maij anno regni nostri secundo.

Ex Registro
Magni Sigilli.

CARTA ROBERTI II. REGIS, DE QUADRIGINTA MARCIS DE CADYOU DAVID DE HAMILTON.

ROBERTUS Dei gracia Rex Scottorum omnibus, &c. Cum alias Concessimus Roberto de Erfkyne militi consanguineo nostro dilecto hereditarie per cartam, quadraginta marcas Sterlingorum, percipiendas annuatim de illo annuo redditu Nobis debito five exeunte de Baronia de Cadiou infra vicecomitatum de Lanark, prout in carta nostra fibi exinde confecta plenius continetur: Ac idem Robertus, in presencia nostra postmodum propter hoc personaliter constitutus, ex certis

causis ipsum ad hoc moventibus; et specialiter pro excambio faciendo cum David de Hamylton filio et herede David filii Walteri militis, de dictis quadraginta marcis anni redditus cum terris de Clonyfchenach, del Bernys et de Aulde landys cum pertinentiis, in Baronia de Reynfrew, infra vicecomitatum de Lanark predictum, ipsas quadraginta marcas anni redditus in Baronia de Cadiou predicta Nobis sursum reddiderit, pure et simpliciter resignavit. Nos vero resignacionem de dictis quadraginta marcis anni redditus nobis factam ut supra recipientes et ratum habentes, ipsas quadraginta marcas anni redditus, eidem David de Hamylton pro predicto excambio ut premittitur faciendo, Donamus, Concedimus, et hac presenti carta nostra Confirmamus: Tenendas et habendas eidem David et heredibus suis, de nobis et heredibus nostris in feodo et hereditate, adeo libere, quiete, plenarie, integre et honorifice, in omnibus et per omnia, sicut dictus Robertus dictis quadraginta marcas anni redditus ante factum hujusmodi resignationis, liberius tenuit, seu recepit. In cuius rei, &c. fine data.

CARTA JOANNIS DE MALLEVERE DOMINI DEL CASTELHILL,
DE LUMINARIBUS DEBITIS ECCLESIE DE CADIHOU.

UNIVERSIS ad quorum notitiam presentes litterae pervenerint; Johannes Malklevere de le Castelhill, salutem in Domino sempiternam. NOVERITIS quod ex certa conventione inita inter discretum virum Dominum Henricum tunc perpetuum vicarium de Cadiou nomine suo, ecclesie sue predicte, et parochianorum ejusdem ex una parte, et me pro me et heredibus meis ex altera, teneor et fateor me firmiter obligatum Deo, et gloriose Virgini Marie, et ecclesie mee de Cadiou, ad luminare ipsius coram ejus altari in Choro de Cadiou, pro terra que vocatur Spitelholme, cum pertinentiis jacente juxta pratum Patricii filii Ade heredis ejusdem prati: Quas quidem terras predictus Dominus Henricus a me Johanne Malklevere emebat pecunia pre manibus mihi persoluta; IN duobus cereis, quolibet ponderis unius libre cere, perpetuo inveniendis, illuminandis et comburendis, horis consuetis et competentibus, fine additamento candele gracilioris, coram altare Beate Virginis in Choro Et ad hoc me obligo, me, terram meam predictam de Castelhill, et heredes meos, ac omnia bona mea et eorum, mobilia et immobilia ubicunque locorum inventa. Subjiciens me nihilominus et heredes meos predictos, jurisdicitioni et coercioni Decani Glasguensis qui pro tempore fuerit, ut ipse me et heredes meos ad inveniendum ut premittitur dictos duos cereos possit compellere, per omnimodam censuram ecclesiasticam, nullo proponendo obstante: Et ad solvendum fabrice ecclesie Glasguensis quadraginta

denarios Sterlingorum nomine penæ, omni anno quo per me vel heredes meos cessatum fuerit ab inveniendo dictos duos cereos ut dictum est: Ad quam penam me et heredes meos et terram meam de le Castelhill obligo in omnibus et per omnia, prout ad inveniendum predictos duos cereos melius et magis expresse sum superius obligatus. IN CUVJS REI testimonium quia sigillum proprium non habui tempore hujus contractus, nec habere antea consuevi, sigillum nobilium virorum Domini David filii Walteri Domini Baronie de Machane, et Johannis fratris sui, ac sigillum officialitatis curie Glasguensis, presentibus apponi gratia testimonii, procuravi. Datum apud Cadiou die Dominica proxima ante festum Sancti Thome apostoli, anno Domini 1367.

CARTA HUGONIS SEVILLAND.

UNIVERSIS ad quorum notitiam presentes literè pervenerint, Hugo Sevilland Dominus terre de Pomario jacente ad finem ville de Cadiou, ex parte orientali, salutem in Domino sempiternam. NOVERITIS quod ex certa conventione inita inter discretum virum Dominum Henricum tunc perpetuum vicarium ecclesie de Cadihou, nomine suo, ecclesie sue predicte, et parochianorum ejusdem, ex parte una, ac me, pro me et heredibus meis ex altera; Teneor et fateor me teneri firmiter obligatum, Deo et gloriose Virginis Marie, et ecclesie mee de Cadihou, ad lumine Sancte Crucis coram ejus altare in ecclesia de Cadihou, pro terra que vocatur Danscallis croft, et terra que vocatur Hundishill, in duobus cereis, quolibet ponderis unius libre, perpetue inveniendis, illuminandis et comburendis, fine additamento cujuscunque candele gracilioris, coram predicto altare Sancte Crucis in ecclesia predicta: Et ad hoc obligo me, terram meam predictam de Pomario, et heredes meos, ac omnia bona mea et eorum mobilia et immobilia, ubicunque locorum inventa; Subjiciens nihilominus me et heredes meos predictos, jurisdictioni et cohercioni Decani Glasguensis qui pro tempore fuerit, ut ipse me vel heredes meos ad inveniendum predictos duos cereos ut premititur, possit compellere per omnimodam censuram ecclesiasticam, nullo proponendo obstante; et solvendum fabricice ecclesie Glasguensis quadraginta denarios Sterlingorum nomine pene, omni anno quo per me vel heredes meos cessatum fuerit ab inveniendo predictos duos cereos ut dictum est: Ad quam penam me et heredes meos, et terram meam predictam de Pomario obligo in omnibus et per omnia, prout ad inveniendum predictos cereos melius et magis expresse sum superius obligatus. IN CUVJS REI testimonium, quia sigillum proprium non habui tempore hujus contractus, nec antea habere consuevi, sigillum Domini David filii Domini Walteri militis Domini de Machane, presentibus cum instantia gratia testimonii procuravi. Datum apud Cadihou die Dominica proxima ante festum Sancti Gregorii pape, anno Domini 1368.

CARTA AGNETIS FILIÆ JOHANNIS DE CERA AD LUMINARE
ECCLESIE DE CADIHOU.

UNIVERSIS ad quorum notitiam presentes literæ pervenerint, Agnes filia Johannis, fæludem in Domino sempiternam, NOVERITIS quod ex certa conventione inita inter discretum virum Dominum Henricum tunc perpetuum vicarium de Cadihou, nomine suo, ecclesie sue predicte, et parochianorum ejusdem, ex parte una, et me, pro me et heredibus meis ex altera, teneor, et fateor me teneri firmiter obligatam Deo et Sancte Crucis ecclesie de Cadihou, ad illuminare ipsius, coram ejus altare, pro terra que vocatur terra Sancte Marie, jacente inter terram Sancte Marie de Bethelem ex parte una, et terram meam quam teneo de Comite de Marr ex altera, In uno cero, quolibet ponderis unius libre, perpetuo inveniendo, illuminando et comburendo, horis consuetis et competentibus, sine additamento cuiuslibet candele gracilioris, coram altare Sancte Crucis ut predicitur: Et ad hoc obligo me, terras meas quas teneo de Bethelem, et de Comite de Marr, et heredes meos, ac omnia bona mea et eorum, mobilia et immobilia, ubicunque locorum inventa; Subjiciens me nihilominus et heredes meos predictos, jurisdictioni et cohercioni Decani Glasguensis qui pro tempore fuerit, ut ipse me vel heredes meos, de inveniendo ut premittitur dictum unum cereum, possit compellere, per omnimodam censuram ecclesiasticam, nullo proponendo obstante: Et ad solvendum fabrice ecclesie Glasguensis quadraginta denarios Sterlingorum nomine pene, omni anno quo per me vel heredes meos cessatum fuerit ab inveniendo dictum unum cereum ut dictum est: Ad quam penam, me et heredes meos et terras meas predictas, obligo in omnibus et per omnia, prout ad inveniendum dictum cereum melius et magis expresse sum superius obligata. IN CUJUS REI testimonium, quia sigillum proprium non habui tempore hujus contractus, nec antea habere consuevi, sigillum religiosi viri Domini Willelmi Prioris de Lefmahaggu, presentibus apponi gratia testimonii procuravi. Datum apud Cadihou die Dominica qua cantatur, *Quasi modo geniti* anno Domini 1369.

IN INVENTARIO ORNAMENTORUM, &c. ECCLESIE GLASGUENSIS.

Item, duæ mappæ de viridi et rubeo serico, cum armis *Domini Cadyhou*, in textis.

Unus calix deauratus pro altari Sancte Marie Virginis, quem donavit *Magister David de Cadyhou Precentor*, eidem altari in perpetuum servitum.

Item, Unum breviarium datum per *Magistrum David de Cadyhou*, extra ecclesiam, bene notatum.

In instrumento transumpti conventionis inter Duncanum Comitem de Levenax et Willielmum Episcopum Glasguensem 16^{to} Februarij 1440, *Magister David de Cadyhou officialis Glasguensis*.

In fundatione Capellaniæ per Patricium Leche Cancellarium ecclesiæ cathedralis Glasguensis 6. Martii 1458, donatum est dictæ Capellaniæ “Tenementum jacens in vico vulgariter nuncupato Ratonraw, ex parte boreali ejusdem, inter tenementum Magistri David de Cadzou, et tenementum Magistri David Narne.”

Safina Nicholai de Aula executoris quondam *David de Cadzou*, de data 4^{to} Maij 1465, annui redditus concessi per Johannem Brady burgensem de Striveling, quinque solidorum de tenemento in vico Fullonum, et duorum solidorum de tenemento Gilberti Walteri in dicto vico, pro septem marcis, dicto Johanni Brady per dictum Nicolaum perfolutis; et per Johannem Brady Domino David Burntone sacrifici ecclesiæ Glasguensis et suis successoribus sacrificiis qui pro tempore fuerint, idem annuus redditus conceditur.

Safina de data 31. Martij 1477. annui redditus quatuor solidorum concessi per Nicholaum de Aula executorem *Magistri Davidis de Cadyhou* Canonici Glasguensis, de tenemento quondam Johannis Browster, jacente infra civitatem Glasguensem, in magno vico extidente ab ecclesia cathedrali usque ad Crucem fori, ex parte occidentali ejusdem, Domino Thomæ McGub presbytero, tanquam sacrificiæ et nomine sacrificiæ dictæ ecclesiæ qui pro tempore fuerit.

In decreto Decani et Capituli Glasguensis super jurisdictione Archidiaconatus Thederaliæ, *David de Cadhou Precentor ac Rector almæ universitatis Glasguensis*, de data 16^{to} Septembris 1452.

LITERA ARCHIBALDI COMITIS DE DOUGLAS PRO ERIGENDA ECCLESIA DE CAMBUSLANG IN PREBENDAM DE GLASGU.

REVERENDO in Christo patri et Domino, Johanni miseratione divina Episcopo Glasguensi, ARCHIBALDUS Comes de Douglas et de Longville, Dominus Galwidie et Vallis Annandie, reverentiam et honorem. CUM ecclesiæ vestram Glasguensem honorare, ejusque ministros multiplicare intenderimus et augere; vestre paternitati specialiter supplicamus, quatenus ecclesiæ parochialem de Cambuslang vestre

dioceſeos, ad noſtrā duntaxat preſentationem ſpectantem; in unam prebendam erigere et ordinare, perpetuis futuris temporibus, ad laudem Dei et dicte vefte ecclieſie Glasguenſis decorem, velitis, hoc noſtro preſenti conſenſu mediante. Et quia venerabilis vir Magiſter Thomas Roule, dicte ecclieſie de Cambuſlang rector, huic eretioni conſentit, eadem vefte paternitati etiam ſupplicamus, quatinus fibi canonicatum in dicta veftra ecclieſia Glasguenſi conſerre, et iſum in unum de veftris Canoniceſ recipere; Et fibi de dicta prebenda de Cambuſlang, poſtquam erecta fuerit ut premittitur, in prebendam dignemini gratiosius providere. Nos . . . ad hanc eretionem perpetua, pro nobis et ſucceſſoribus noſtris veftrum [noſtrum?] conſenſum, beneplacitum et auctoritatē impertim[ur], Salvo Nobis et ſucceſſoribus qui pro tempore fuerint dicta prebende de Cambuſlang jure patronatus. In quorum teſtimonium et fidem premiſſorum, preſentibus apud vos permaſuris, ſigillum noſtrum apponi fecimus, Apud Caſtrum noſtrum de Bothevile 26^{to} die menſis Novembriſ anno Domini 1429.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclieſiae Glasguenſis in pyxide lignea ſub litera G.
 Huic cartæ appenſum eſt ſigillum ejusdem comitis, ex cera rubea ſuper alba integrum, exhibens virum ſylvetrem ftantem, tenentem dextra ſeutum quadrifidum, exhibens 1^{mo} Tria lilia Franciſca. 2^{do} Cor humanum, et in apice ſcuti, tres ſtellulas. 3^{to} Decuſſim. 4^{to} Leonem erectum.

CARTA WILLELMI REGIS DE XL SOLIDIS DE RUTHERGLEN, AD LUMINARE.

W. DEI gratia Rex Scottorum, Epifcopis, Abbatibus, Comitibus, Baronibus, Juſticiariis, Vicecomitibus, Prepositis, Miniftris, et omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre ſue, falutem. SCIANT preſentes et futuri, me Dediffe et Conceſſiffe, et hac carta mea Confirmaſſe, Deo et Sancto Kentegerno, et ecclieſie Glasguenſi, in perpetuam elemofinam, xl ſolidos de firma burgi mei de Rutherglen, ad luminare prediſte ecclieſie: Quare precipio firmiter Ballivis meis de Rutherglen, ut prenominate ecclieſie de Glasgu, fingulis annis, illos xl ſolidos de firma prefati burgi, abſque omni diſturbacione habere faciant, ſcilicet xx ſolidos ad festum Sancti Martini et xx ſolidos ad Pentecosten: TESTIBUS, Comite Dunecano Juſticiario, Comite Patricio, Comite Gilberto, Ricardo Morevill Conſtabulario, Waltero Olifard, Alano Dapifero, Seiero de Quinci, Willielmo de Morevill, Willielmo de Haia, Ricardo Mareschall, Simone Loggart; Apud Rutherglen.

CARTA WILLIELMI REGIS DE SEX MARCIS DE BURGO DE
RUTHERGLEN.

W. DEI gratia Rex Scottorum, Episcopis, Abbatibus, Comitibus, Baronibus, Jufti-
ciariis, Vicecomitibus, Prepositis, Miniftris, et omnibus probis hominibus tocius
terre fue, clericis et laicis, falutem. SCIANT prefentes et futuri, me ad incremen-
tum trium marcarum quas dederam tempore Jocelini Epifcopi Glasguensis, ad fu-
tentacionem unius Diaconi et unius Subdiaconi in ecclesia de Glasgu, tempore Wil-
lielmi Epifcopi ejusdem loci, Dediſſe et Conceſſiſſe, et hac carta mea Confirmaffe Deo
et ecclefie Beati Kentigerni, et prediſtis Diacono et Subdiacono in ecclesia de Glasgu
ſervituris, alias tres marcas de firma burgi mei de Rutherglen; Ita ut ipſi ſecundum
ſtatuta ecclefie de Glasgu, decenter et ordinate incedant cum ſuperpelliciis et nigris
cappis, ficut alii vicarii incedunt. Tenendas et habendas in liberam, puram, et per-
petuam elemofinam, ita libere, quiete, et honorifice, ficut aliqua elemofina liberius et
quietius et honorificentius, in toto regno meo tenetur et poſſidetur. QUARE pre-
cipio Prepositis meis de Rutherglen, ut ſingulis annis, prediſtas ſex marcas eisdem
clericis, in ecclesia Beati Kentigerni pro me et Alexandro filio meo ſervientibus et
ſervituris, in omni diſtributione habere faciant, ad duos anni terminos, ſcilicet, tres
marcas ad Pentecosten, et tres marcas ad festum Sancti Martini: Et prohibeo fir-
miter ne prefate ſex marce ultra terminos fuos preſcriptos eis detineantur, ſuper
meam plenariam foriſſacturam. TESTIBUS Philippo de Valloniis Camerario meo,
Waltero et Willielmo Capellanis meis, Willielmo Cumin, Gervasio Avenel, Wil-
lielmo Giffard, Thoma de Coleville, David de Haia, Alejandro filio Thore [forte
Thome] Philippo de Lundin, Thoma de Chartes [Charteris?] Rogero de la Ker-
neille [Kermile?] Rogero de Wilton. Apud Edenburg x die Aprilis.

CARTA ALEXANDRI II^o REGIS DE XL SOLIDIS DE RUTHER-
GLEN.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus totius terre fue
clericis et laicis, falutem. SCIANT prefentes et futuri Nos Concepſiſſe et hac pre-
fenti carta mea Confirmaffe, Deo et Sancto Kentegerno, et ecclefie Glasguensi, in
puram elemofinam, quadraginta ſolidos de firma burgi noſtri de Rutherglen, ad
luminare prediſte ecclefie, Quare precipimus firmiter Ballivis noſtris de Ruther-
glen, ut prenominate ecclefie de Glasgu ſingulis annis, illos quadraginta ſolidos de
firma prefati burgi, abſque omni diſturbatione habere faciant; Scilicet viginti foli-

dos ad festum Sancti Martini, et viginti solidos ad Pentecosten, sicut carta Domini regis Willielmi patris nostri inde facta testatur. TESTIBUS Waltero Olifard Justiciario Laodonie, Ingelramo de Balliol, Henrico de Balliol Camerario, Radulpho Capellano, Henrico de Strivelin filio Comitis David, Johanne de Maccuswell, Reginaldo de Crauford, Vicecomite de Are, Waltero Bifet. Apud Are viii^o die Maij anno regni nostri nono. [1233.]

CARTA ALEXANDRI II^o REGIS DE SEX MARCIS DE RUTHERGLEN.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, clericis et laicis, salutem; SCIANT presentes et futuri, Nos Concessisse et hac carta nostra Confirmasse Deo et ecclesie Sancti Kentigerni de Glafgu, illas sex marcas quas Dominus rex Willielmus pater noster eidem ecclesie dedit, de firma burgi de Rutherglen, ad sustentacionem unius Diaconi et unius Subdiaconi; Ita ut ipsi secundum statuta ecclesie de Glafgu, decenter et ornate incedant, cum superpelliciis, et nigris cappis, sicut alii vicarii incedunt. Tenendas et habendas, in liberam et perpetuam et puram et quietam elemosinam, ita libere et quiete et honorifice, sicut aliqua elemosina liberius et quietius et honorificentius, in toto regno nostro, tenetur et possidetur. QUARE Precipimus Prepositis nostris de Rutherglen, ut fingulis annis, predictas sex marcas eisdem clericis in dicta ecclesia Beati Kentegerni, pro anima Domini regis Willielmi patris nostri, et pro Nobis servientibus et servituis, sine omni impedimento habere faciant, ad duos terminos, Scilicet, Tres marcas ad Pentecosten, et tres marcas ad festum Sancti Martini: Et prohibemus firmiter, ne prefate sex marce ultra terminos suos prescriptos eis detineantur, super nostram plenariam forisfacturam, sicut carta Domini regis Willielmi patris nostri, inde facta, testatur. TESTIBUS Waltero filio Alani Senescallo, Waltero Olifard Justiciario Laodonie, Radulpho Capellano, Ingelramo de Balliol, Henrico de Balliol Camerario, Henrico de Strivelin filio Comitis David, Johanne de Maccuswell, Reginaldo de Crauford Vicecomite de Are, Waltero Bifet, Apud Are viii^o die Maij anno regni nostri nono. [1233.]

CARTA ALEXANDRI II. REGIS DE NON CAPIENDO TOLNEUM
IN VILLA DE GLASGOW.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, clericis et laicis, salutem. SCIANT presentes et futuri, Nos Concessisse et hac carta

nostra Confirmasse Deo et ecclesie Sancti Kentigerni de Glasgu, et Waltero Epifopo ejusdem loci, et successoribus suis Episcopis, ne prepositi vel Ballivi, vel ferventes nostri de Rutherglen, Tolneum aut consuetudinem capiant in villa de Glafgu; Set illa capiant ad Crucem de Schedinestun, sicut illa antiquitus capi solebant. QUARE prohibemus firmiter ne Prepositi vel Ballivi, vel ferventes nostri de Rutherglen, tolneum aut consuetudinem capiant in villa de Glasgu. TESTIBUS Thoma de Strivelin, Cancellario, Henrico de Baillol Camerario, Rogero de Quinci, Johanne de Maccuswell, David Mariscallo, Henrico Mayn [Marescallo?] Waltero Biffet, Apud Jeddeburgh 29^o die Octobris, anno regni nostri duodecimo. [1236.]

The *Crux de Schedinestun* is probably Tolcross, where no doubt a cross was erected to mark the boundary on that side of the lands of the Bishopric. *Schedinestun* is no doubt the villages now corruptly called *Shettleston*. The name is most probably derived from a brother of St Patrick called Sadin, mentioned by his biographers.

CARTA ALEXANDRI III. REGIS DE CENTUM SOLIDIS DE RUTHERGLEN.

ALEXANDER Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Vicecomiti de Lanark et Ballivis suis de Rutherglen qui pro tempore fuerit, salutem: SCIATIS Nos Dediisse et hoc presenti scripto nostro Concessisse, pro Nobis et heredibus nostris in perpetuum, Presbytero qui in cathedrali ecclesia Glasguensi ad altare Beati Kentigerni, pro nobis, antecessoribus et dictis heredibus nostris, Missarum Solennia et alia divina officia, perpetuo celebraturus est, ad presentacionem nostram, centum solidos Sterlingorum recipiendos apud Rutherglen, per manus vestras singulis annis in perpetuum. QUARE vobis mandamus et precipimus, quatinus dicto Presbytero, dictos centum solidos, singulis annis habere faciat, viz. medietatem ad festum Pentecostes, et aliam medietatem ad festum Sancti Martini in yeme. Et Nos dictos centum solidos, vobis in compotis vestris faciemus plenius allocari. TESTIBUS Willielmo de Soulis, Justiciario Laodonie, Willielmo de Brechyn, et Galfrido de Moubray militibus. Apud Forfar xxviii die Maij anno regni nostri tricesimo quinto.

CARTA ROBERTI I. REGIS, QUA CONFIRMAT CARTAM WIL-
IELMI REGIS, BURGO DE RUTHERGLEN.

ROBERTUS Dei gracia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, salutem. SCIATIS Nos inflexisse ac veraciter intellexisse, cartam venerande memorie Domini Willielmi Dei gracia illustris regis Scotorum, predecessoris nostri, factam burgenibus de Rutherglen, non abolitam, non cancellatam, nec in aliqua sui parte viciatam, set vero sigillo ipsius regis signatam, in hec verba. WILLIELMUS Dei gracia Rex Scottorum, Episcopis, Abbatibus, Comitibus, Baronibus, Justiciariis, Vicecomitibus, Prepositis, Ministris, et omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, clericis et laicis, salutem. SCIANT presentes et futuri, me Concessisse et Deditse, et hac carta mea Confirmasse, Burgo meo de Rutherglen, et burgenibus meis ejusdem ville, omnes confuetudines et rectitudines quas haberunt tempore David avi mei, et illas divisas quas eis concessit; Scilicet de Neithan usque Polmadie, et de Garin usque Kelvin, et de Loudoun usque Prenteneith; et de Karnebuth ad Karun. Et quicunque detulit tholneum, vel alia jura que predicta ville tempore regis David pertinuerunt, ubicunque Prepositus prefatae ville vel serviens ejus, illum attingere possit, in cuiuscunque terra attingat, Dominus terre illius inveniat Preposito de Rutherglen vel servienti suo auxilium, ut non disturbetur donec habeant jura regis. Et nisi Dominus ville hoc fecerit, volo ut ipse sit in forisfacto meo de decem libris. Et prohibeo firmiter, ne aliquis educat aliquid ad vendendum infra istas divisas prenomina, nisi prius fuerit ad burgum de Rutherglen. TESTIBUS Eraldo Abbe de Melros, Jocelino Archidiacono de Dunkelden, Roberto de London, Waltero Corbet, Willielmo Cumyn, Waltero de Berclai Camerario, Johanne de London, Apud Jedewurth." QUAMQUIDEM concessionem et donationem, in omnibus punctis et articulis suis predictis, burgenibus de Rutherglen et eorum successoribus, pro nobis et heredibus nostris, approbamus, ratificamus, et hac presenti carta nostra in perpetuum confirmamus. Concessimus etiam eisdem burgenibus de Rutherglen et eorum successoribus, et hac presenti carta nostra confirmavimus eisdem, quod de Tolneio et confuetudine et [de?] dominicis catallis suis, per totum regnum nostrum, liberi sint et quieti in perpetuum, prout carta bone memorie Domini Alexandri secundi Dei gracia illustris regis Scotorum predecessoris nostri, super eadem libertate eisdem concessa, juste proportionat et testatur. IN CUJUS REI testimonium, presenti carte nostre sigillum nostrum fecimus apponi. TESTIBUS venerabilibus in Christo patribus Willielmo et Willielmo Sancti Andree et Dunkeldenis ecclesiarum Dei gracia, Episcopis, Bernardo Abbe de Abirbrothok Cancellario nostro, Waltero Senefallo Scotie, Jacobo Domino de Duglas et Alexandro Fraser

Camerario nostro militibus. Apud Berwicum super Twedam, vicesimo die Aprilis anno regni nostri octavo decimo. [1324.]

This Charter is extant at Rutherglen in possession of the Magistrates.—There is a Charter by James V. and another of James VI. to the burgh of Rutherglen, printed in Ure's History of Rutherglen, but they are not now to be found.

QUITTANCIA EPISCOPI GLASGUENSIS, DATA DOMINO WILIELMO DE CORRY DE £247 LIBRIS 16 DENARIIS STERLINGORUM CONTRIBUTIONIS PAPALIS.

PATEAT univerfis per prefentes Nos Willielmum miseratione divina Episcopum Glafguensem, recepisse per dilectos nostros Magistros Johannem de Cadyou et Willielmum Dwnne auditores ad hoc deputatos, finale compotum apud Glafgu a Domino Willielmo de Corry Canonico Glafguensi de 247 libris et 16 denariis Sterlingorum per ipsum receiptis de contributione nostra, immo verius Papali, a Decanis quinque Decanatum, viz. a Decano de Levenax 35 libras et 8 solidos : a Decano de Carrie, 28 libras et 16 solidos ; a Decano de Conyngham 65 libras 17 solidos et 4 denarios ; et de Abbate de Paiflay 10 libras de dicto decanatu : a Decano de Kyle 16 libras 18 solidos et 8 denarios ; et de Abbate de Paiflay de eodem Decanatu 13 libras 5 solidos et 4 denarios ; et a Decano de Rutherglen 48 libras et 3 solidos ; et de Abbate de Paiflay de eodem Decanatu 28 libras 3 solidos. De quibus pecuniarum summis predictum Dominum Willielmum quietum clamamus omnino per prefentes. Datum sub figlio nostro apud Manerium nostrum de Lacu, die Martis in craftino Beatae Catherinæ virginis anno Domini 1342.

CARTA ROBERTI I. REGIS, DE DEBITIS DE RUTHERGLEN, &c.

ROBERTUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Camerario suo Scotie et ministris suis qui pro tempore fuerint, salutem. SCIATIS quod precepimus Prepositis et ballivis burgi de Rutherglen, quod ipsi ecclesie Glafguensi vel ejus procuratori, annuatim per solvi faciant de firmis burgi predicti, ad terminos confuetos, quadraginta solidos argenti ad sustentacionem luminaris ejusdem ecclesie ; et centum solidos ad sustentacionem unius capellani divina celebrantis in eadem. Et sex marcas ad sustentacionem unius Diaconi et unius Subdiaconi, in dicta ecclesia perpetuo ministrancium. Quas quidem pecunie summas dicta ecclesia Glafguensis et successores Beati Kentigerni, tempore bone memorie Domini Alexandri regis Scottorum et aliorum

predecessorum nostrorum Scocie regum, annuatim percipere confueverunt. Quare vobis precipimus et mandamus, quatinus cum dicti Prepositi et Ballivi de Rutherglen, literas prefate ecclesie vel ejus procuratoris de prefatis summis pecunie receptis vobis presentaverint, ipsas summas pecunie eisdem Prepositis et Ballivis, plenius allocari faciat. Et quid in hoc apposueritis vobis in compotis vestris plenarie volumus allocari. IN CUJUS REI testimonium, has literas nostras patentes dicte ecclesie Glasguensi fieri fecimus perpetuo duraturas. Data apud Abirbrothoc xij^o die Marcij anno regni nostri nono.

CARTA DAVIDIS II. REGIS DE DEBITIS DE RUTHERGLEN.

DAVID Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Camerario nostro Scotie qui pro tempore fuerit, salutem. Quia tempore bone memorie Domini Alexandri regis Scocie ultimo defuncti, et recolende memorie Domini patris nostri, et aliorum predecessorum nostrorum regum Scotie, ecclesia Glasguensis et successores Beati Kentigerni, annuatim percipere confueverunt de firmis burgi de Rutherglen, quadraginta solidos argenti ad sustentacionem luminaris ejusdem ecclesie: Et centum solidos ad sustentacionem unius capellani divina celebrantis in eadem: Et sex marcas ad sustentacionem unius Diaconi, et unius Subdiaconi, in ecclesia predicta perpetuo ministrancium; Vobis mandamus et precipimus quatinus dictas pecuniarum summas, de firmis dicti burgi prefate ecclesie Glasguensi, vel ipsius ecclesie procuratori ad opus dictorum ministrancium et luminaris, ad terminos confuetos annuatim faciat indilatate persolvi. Quas quidem pecuniarum summas in compotis vestris annuis plenius vobis volumus allocari. IN CUJUS REI testimonium has literas nostras vobis ostendendas, penesque prefatam ecclesiam Glasguensem perpetuo remansuras, eidem ecclesie fieri fecimus patentes. Apud Dumbartane decimo septimo die Octobris anno regni nostri sexto decimo.

PRECEPTUM DAVIDIS II. REGIS DE DEBITIS DE FIRMIS DE RUTHERGLEN AD LUMINARE, &c.

DAVID Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Prepositis et Ballivis burgi de Rutherglen qui pro tempore fuerint, salutem. Quia tempore celebris memorie Domini progenitoris nostri, et recolende memorie Domini Alexandri regis Scotie predecessoris sui, ac aliorum predecessorum regum Scotie, ecclesia Glasguensis et successores Beati Kentigerni annuatim confueverunt percipere de firmis burgi de Rutherglen predicti xl. solidos Sterlingorum ad sustentacionem luminaris ejusdem Glasguensis ecclesie, et centum solidos ad sustentacionem unius capellani, divina celebrantis in eadem, et

sex marcas ad sustentacionem unius Diaconi, et unius Subdiaconi perpetuo ministrancium in ecclesia Glasguensi predicta: Et ne oporteat dictos ministros, capellani videlicet, Diaconum et Subdiaconum currendo, annis singulis ad Camerarium nostrum pro dictis pecuniarum portionibus habendis, in detrimentum cultus divini expensis et laboribus fatigari; Vobis mandamus et firmiter precipimus, quatinus predictas summas pecunie de firmis antedictis prefate ecclesie Glasguensi vel ejus procuratori, ad opus dictorum ministrorum et luminaris, ad terminos consuetos sine dilatione persolvi annis singulis faciatis; Literas acquietancie penes vos capientes de receptis, et presentes literas earundem portitoribus liberantes; Et predictas pecuniarum summas precipimus per Camerarium nostrum qui pro tempore fuerit in compotis vestris annuis plenius allocari. IN CUIUS REI testimonium has literas nostras patentes predictae ecclesie Glasguensi fieri fecimus perpetuo duratas. Datum apud Dunbretane 25^o die Maij anni regni nostri 16^o.

Vide Precept to the chamberlain as to the above sums, and four marks from Cadhou, under *Cadiou* or *Hamilton*.

PRECEPTUM JOHANNIS DE ROXBURCH CAMERARII, DE DEBITIS DE RUTHERGLEN.

JOHANNES de Roxburgh Camerarius Scotie, Prepositis et Ballivis burgi de Rutherglen, salutem. Quia recepimus quandam cartam Domini nostri regis hec verba continentem " DAVID Dei gratia Rex Scottorum Camerario nostro Scotie qui pro tempore fuerit, salutem. QUA a tempore bone memorie Domini Alexandri regis Scotie ultimo defuncti, et recolende memorie Domini patrii nostri, et aliorum predecessorum nostrorum regum Scotie, ecclesia Glafguensis et successores Sancti Kentigerni, annuatim percipere consueverunt de firmis burgi de Rutherglen, quadraginta solidos argenti, ad sustentacionem luminaris ejusdem ecclesie; Et centum solidos ad sustentacionem unius capellani divina celebrantis in eadem; Et sex marcas ad sustentacionem unius Diaconi et unius Subdiaconi, in ecclesia predicta perpetuo ministrancium; Vobis mandamus et precipimus quatenus dictas pecuniarum summas de firmis dicti burgi prefate ecclesie Glasguensi vel ipsius ecclesie procuratori ad opus dictorum ministrorum et luminaris, ad terminos consuetos annuatim faciatis indilate persolvi: Quas quidem pecuniarum summas in compotis vestris annuis plenius vobis volumus allocari. IN CUIUS REI testimonium has literas nostras presentes vobis ostendendas, penesque prefatam ecclesiam perpetuo remansuras, eidem ecclesie fieri fecimus patentes. Apud Dunbretan decimo septimo die Octobris, anno regni nostri sexto decimo." VOBIS firmiter precipiendo mandamus qua-

tenus dictum tenorem carte Domini nostri regis prenominate ecclesie Glasguensi, et ejusdem ministris ad terminos consuetos, annuatim perimpleri faciatis indilate; Recipientes penes vos literas Capituli de recepto, quas in compotis vestris annuis vobis faciemus plenius allocari, presentibus penes dictam ecclesiam et ministros remansuris. Datum apud Edymburch sub sigillo nostro ultimo die Junii anni Domini 1345.

DAVID Cunyngham Archidiaconus Ergadiensis, Prepositusque ecclesiae collegiate de Hammilton, ac officialis Glafguensis, concedit capellaniæ et capellano fundatæ in quadam ecclesia sumptibus suis extra muros civitatis Glafguensis, in communia via Furcarum, extra torrentem de Malindonar, et prope arbores vocatas Sancti Kentigerni edificata et constructa, de censibus et redditibus in eadem carta scriptis, et inter alia quadraginta solidos annui redditus de terris de Melvins Orchart, jacentibus prope Rugling, et conquestos per eum a Jacobo Edmondstoun et Helena Murray. De data tertio die mensis Octobris anno Domini 1500.

CARTA ROBERTI II. REGIS DE ASSEDATIONE BURGI DE RUGLEN, CUM CURIIS, &c. ET PARVIS CUSTUMIS.

Ex Registro
Magni Sigilli.

ROBERTUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre fuerit clericis et laicis, salutem. SCIATIS quod assedavimus et ad firmam concessimus, dilectis et fidelibus nostris, burgensibus et communitati burgi nostri de Ruglen, burgum predictum, cum curiis, curiarum exitibus, Molendinis, piscariis, et parvis custumis, ac omnibus aliis suis iustis pertinentiis quibuscumque, tenendum et habendum eidem burgensibus nostris et eorum successoribus in perpetuum, de Nobis et heredibus nostris in feodo et hereditate, cum omnibus et singulis, libertatibus, commoditatibus, asfimentis, et iustis pertinentiis ut premittitur, adeo libere et quiete, plenarie, integre, et honorifice, sicut dictus burgus gavisus est haecenus, et usus quibuscumque temporibus retroactis. REDDENDO inde Nobis et heredibus nostris dicti burgenses et eorum successores singulis annis in Cameram regiam, tresdecim libras Sterlingorum ad festum Pentecostes et Sancti Martini in hyeme per equales portiones. IN CUJUS REI testimonium presenti carte nostre nostrum precepimus apponi sigillum. TESTIBUS, &c. Apud Strivelyne sexto die Februarij anno regni nostri decimo septimo.

CARTA ROBERTI III. REGIS WILLEMO DE COCHRANE, XL.

SOLIDORUM DE FIRMIS DE RUGLEN.

ROBERTUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, Ex Registro
Magni Sigilli.
clericis et laicis, salutem. SCIATIS Nos Dediffe, Concessisse et hac prefenti carta
nostra Confirmasse, dilecto et fidi nostro Willelmo de Cochrane, pro servicio suo
Nobis impenso et impendendo, quadraginta solidos Sterlingorum annuatim de fir-
mis nostris burgi nostri de Ruglen, Tenendos et habendos ac percipiendos eidem
Willelmo predictos quadraginta solidos annuatim per manus Ballivorum nostrorum
dicti burgi, ad festa Pentecostes et Sancti Martini in yeme per equeles porciones
pro toto tempore vite sue. Quare ballivis nostris burgi de Ruglen firmiter pre-
cipimus et mandamus, quatinus eidem Willelmo annis singulis predictos quadra-
ginta solidos ad terminos predictos prompte persolvatis, quos vobis in compotis
vestris annuis inde reddendis per auditores scaccarii nostri, volumus et precipimus
allocari, vissis ejusdem Willelmi literis de recepto. In CUIUS REI testimonium pre-
fenti carte nostre nostrum precepimus apponi sigillum. TESTIBUS venerabilibus in
Christo patribus Mattheo et Gilberto Glasguensis, et Aberdonensis ecclesiarum
Episcopis, Roberto de Fy et de Meneteth fratre nostro karissimo, Archebaldo de
Douglas, Domino de Dalketh, Thoma de Erkyne consanguineis nostris dilectis,
militibus; et Alexandro de Cokburne de Langton custode magni sigilli nostri.
Apud Irwyn vicefimo quarto die Februarij anno regni nostri secundo.

LITERA ARBITRORUM DE PROCURATIONIBUS DE ECCLESIIS
IN DIOCESI GLASGUENSI AD CONVENTUM DE PASSELEHT
SPECTANTIBUS, [1227.]

UNIVERSIS sancte matris ecclesie filii, presens scriptum audituris vel inspecturis,
Magister Hugo Archidiaconus, Robertus Precentor Glasguensis, Radulphus Do-
mini regis Scotie Capellanus, Magister Christianus Clericus, Philippus de Perthe
rector ecclesie de Rotherglen, eternam in Domino salutem. Cum controversia
mota esset inter venerabilem patrem Walterum Episcopum Glasguensem ex una
parte, et Willielmum abbatem et conventum de Passeleht ex altera, super pro-
curationibus exigendis de ecclesiis ad monasterium de Passeleht spectantibus in dyoce-
si Glasguensi: Tandem dictus Dominus Episcopus, de Capituli sui assensu, et idem
abbas et conventus de Passeleht, in Nos amicabiliter compromiserunt, ut certas pro-

curationes de ejusdem monasterii ecclesiis, ad pacem utriusque partis perpetuam, provida deliberatione taxare ac moderari deberemus. Nos autem in nomine Domini nostri Jesu Christi, anno incarnationis ejusdem M^o.cc^o.xxvij^{mo}. mensē Novembris, die Martis proximo ante festum Sancti Martini in ecclesia de Pebbles, ad firmam pacem et stabilitatem perpetuam inter ecclesiam Glasguensem et monasterium de Passeleht; post longam deliberationem super estimationem dictarum ecclesiārum habitam, omnes in unum concordes, et solum Dominum pre oculis habentes; Providimus et ordinavimus, ac eciam arbitrando pronunciavimus moderando, viz. Quod de omnibus ecclesiis ad predictos monachos in Strathgrif. tunc spectantibus, Episcopus Glasguensis et ejus successores, duo tantum hospitium nomine procurationis recipient in loco Episcopis competentiori: De ecclesia de Kylpatrick, unum habent hospitium nomine procurationis: De ecclesiis vero de Curmannoc et de Mernes, unum habeant hospitium nomine procurationis: De ecclesiis vero de Rutherford et Katkert, de Polloc, unum habeant hospitium nomine procurationis: De ecclesia vero de Craggyn et de Preftwic monachorum unum habeant hospitium nomine procurationis: De ecclesia vero de Turnebyry unum habeant hospitium nomine procurationis; Ecclesia vero de Preftwic burgo, ecclesia de Nelestun, et ecclesia de Neveht, a procurationibus fint exempta. De predictis vero procurationibus, et de omnibus honeribus ad que ipse ecclesie tenentur de jure, earum vicarii respondeant. Et quia videbatur nobis, in hujusmodi moderatione, in aliquibus Episcopo deperire, in recompensationem hujusmodi detimenti, ordinavimus, ut ecclesia de Hyrefskyn, que tunc ad dictum monasterium de Passeleht pertinebat, in jus cedat Episcopi Glasguensis et successorum ejus, et pensionem duarum marcarum que ex ipsa ecclesia monasterio solvebatur percipiet Episcopus, donec eadem ecclesia vacaverit. Hanc siquidem ordinationem seu provisionem per Nos factam, Dominus Episcopus et Capitulum Glasguense, et predicti abbas et conventus acceptaverunt, et perpetuam habere promiserunt. Et ut prefens ordinatio ab utraque parte fideliter approbata et gratis recepta firma maneat, et in perpetuum inconcussum, dictus Episcopus et Capitulum Glasguense, et Abbas et conventus predicti huic scripto in modum cyrographi conscripto, sigilla sua alternativam apposuerunt. Et Nos predicti taxatores sigilla nostra apponi fecimus. Actum anno mensē et die et loco prescriptis, PRESENTIBUS Magistro Ric. de Bradie et R. de Eywud, Canonici Glasguensis, Adam et Hugone Capellanis Domini Episcopi, Thoma Capellano Archidiacconi fui, Johanne vicario de Pebles, Magistro Radulfo de Brade, Magistro Ingelramo, Warino, Waltero, Clericis Episcopi, et multis aliis.

CARTA DAVIDIS 1st. REGIS DE GOVAN.

D. DEI gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus sancte ecclesie fidelibus, salutem. SCIATIS Me Dediffe et Concessisse ecclesie Sancti Kentigerni de Glasgu et Episcopatui ejusdem ecclesie, Guven cum suis divisis, solutam et quietam, perpetuo in elemosinam possidendam, sicut aliqua elemosina liberius et quietius potest et debet dari. TESTIBUS Henrico filio regis, et concedente; Roberto Episcopo Sancti Andreæ, Gaufrido Abbe Dunfermelitano, Herberto Abbe de Rochesburg, Roberto de Brus, Roberto de Umfravilla, Hugone de Morville, Hertero Cancellario, Cospatrickio fratre Dalfin, Gilmichel, Uniet Albo, Alwinno Rennere.

CARTA DAVIDIS 1st. REGIS DE TERRA IN PERDEYC.

DAVID Rex Scottorum, Baronibus, Ministris et omnibus fidelibus suis, clericis et laicis, tocius regni sui, salutem: SCIATIS Me Dediffe et Concessisse, Deo et ecclesie Sancti Kentegerni de Glasgu, terram illam in Perdeyc, in perpetuam elemosinam, pro anima mea, et patris et matris mee, et fratrum et fororum mearum, et salute Henrici filii mei, et omnium antecessorum et successorum meorum; quam Ascelinus ejusdem ecclesie Archidiaconus de me tenebat, in nemore et plano, aquis et piscinis, pratis et pascuis; et in omnibus aliis locis, per rectas divisas, sicut Ailfi et Tocca eas tenebant die quo predicta terra fuit in meo dominio; Ita quod Archidiaconus faciat Deo et Sancto Kentegerno de Glasgu quod tum mihi facere solebat: Scilicet annuatim unam marcam argenti pro omnibus servitiis et consuetudinibus quamdiu vixerit: Post discessum vero Archidiaconi remaneat predicta terra ecclesie defervienda, ita libera et soluta et quieta, sicut melius et liberius tenet suas alias terras et elemosina [cum] eisdem libertatibus; PRESENTIBUS TESTIBUS Heriberto Abbe de Rochesburg, Willelmo Cancellario, Willelmo filio Dunecani, Malis Comite, Dunecano Comite, Fergus de Galweia, Aad cum Barba, Malduveni MacMurdac, Malodenii de Scona, Malodenii Marefallo, Radulpho filio Dunegal, Duvenald fratre ejus, Uchred filio Fergus, Hugone Britone, Heriberto Camerario, Gileberto Fimboga, Gileberto de Strivelin, Dufoter de Calanteria; Apud Glasgu.

CARTA HERBERTI EPISCOPI GLASGUENSIS HELP. CLERICO
SUO.

HERBERTUS Dei gratia Glasguensis Episcopus, universis, &c. salutem. SCIATIS Me Dediffe et Concessisse, et Episcopali auctoritate Confirmasse Help. clero meo,

in liberam et quietam elemosinam, unam Prebendam in ecclesia Sancti Kentigerni de Glafgu, ecclesiam de Guvan, cum omnibus ecclesiasticis re^ctitudinibus eidem ecclesie pertinentibus ; et insulas inter Guvan et Perthec ; et illam partem de Perthec quam David Rex Scotie dedit in dotem ecclesie de Glasgu, in ejusdem dedicatione ; Et aliam partem de Perthec quam idem Rex David postea dedit predicte ecclesie de Glasgu, et Johanni Episcopo ejusque successoribus, in liberam et perpetuam elemosinam, pro salute anime sue et animarum antecessorum suorum : Quam partem prius ad Prebendam non pertinentem, pro augmento honoris et dignitatis ecclesie mee, predicte Prebende augeo, dono, et perpetualiter confirmo, cum insulis adjacentibus et piscinis ; Ita libere et quiete, &c. sicut antecessor suus tenuit, liberius, &c. et carte successorum Episcoporum penitus testantur et confirmant.

FUNDATIO ET ERECTIO TERRARUM ELIMOSINARIARUM DE
POLMADE, CUM ECCLESIA PAROCHIALI DE STRABLAHANE
IN PREBENDAM PERPETUAM ECCLESIAE CATHEDRALIS
GLASGUENSIS.

IN NOMINE Domini nostri Jesu Christi, Amen. Idem Dominus Johannes Episcopus, in divini cultus augmentum, terras ecclesiasticas et elmosinarias de Polmade, quibus annexa est ecclesia parochialis de Strablahane, ad plenam dispositionem Episcopi Glasguensis pertinentes, cum universis suis juribus et pertinentiis, in Prebendam dictae ecclesie Glasguensis sub hiis conditionibus que infra continentur erexit et creavit, viz. Quod Prebendarius ejusdem, quatuor pueros probos et honestos, de bonis parentibus procreatos, in cantu expertos, et voces habiles puerorum habentes, teneret ; Cuilibet iporum quatuor puerorum, quatuor marcas usualis monete regni Scotie currentis, una cum superpelliciis congruis et sufficientibus, annis singulis, pro cori sustentatione provideret et ministraret ; Quos pueros Dominus Episcopus qui pro tempore fuerit presentabit, et in chorum inducet ; Et dicti pueri singulis diebus et festis novem lectionum, vespertinis ac matutinis, horis et missis de cantu, omnibusque missis de *Requie* pro defunctis Episcopis, cum suis superpelliciis servituri ; ac etiam in singulis processionibus tenebuntur interesse ; Et istos pueros Prebendarius qui pro tempore fuerit, in cantu, morum honestate ac vite, per se vel per alium tenebitur informare : Et statim quo cuiusquam illorum puerorum intellexerit vocem esse mutatam, significabit Episcopo aut suo vicario in spiritualibus ; Et ipse Dominus Episcopus de alio pueru sufficiente loco sui providebit.

CARTA JOHANNIS EPISCOPI GLASGUENSIS SUPER DONATIONE MEDIETATIS TERRE DE PARVA GOVAN, HOSPITALI DE POLMADE.

UNIVERSIS Sancte matris ecclesie presentem cartam inspecturis, Johannes Dei gratia Episcopus Glasguensis, eternam in Domino salutem: NOVERIT Universitas vestra, quod Nos attentes terras et redditus hospitalis de Polmade, per predecessores nostros et alias Christi devotos eidem hospitali collatas, exiles fuisse, et minus sufficientes pro cultu divino ibidem continuando, et sustentatione fratrum et fororum inibi commorantium, et in futuro commorari valentium; Ad honorem Dei et dicti hospitalis relevamen, Damus, Concedimus, et presenti carta nostra Confirmamus Deo et dicto hospitali, ac fratribus et fororibus in eodem perpetuo remansuris, Mediætatem totius terre nostre de parva Gowan, jacentem inter dictum hospitale et aliam partem ejusdem terre occidentalem; Cum omnibus suis pertinentiis, commoditatibus, libertatibus, et aysfamenti ad ipsam mediætam terre spectantibus, seu quoquomodo spectare valentibus; Tenendam et habendam dicto hospitale, fratribus et fororibus ejusdem, in puram et perpetuam elimosinam, adeo libere, quiete, pacifice, et honorifice sicut aliqua elemosina in regno Scotie liberius, quietius, et honorificenter tenetur aut possidetur, absque omni servitio seculari, exactione, seu demanda. IN CUJUS REI testimonium, presenti carte nostre sigillum nostrum est appensum, HIS TESTIBUS Magistro Johanne de Berwyc, Dominis Roberto de Sancto Andrea et Johanne de Pasfeleto canonici Glasguenibus, Domino Adam de Holdeno (Hodelmo?) Rectore ecclesie de Kirkepatrick-Domando, Domino Waltero de Southayx Rectore ecclesie de Kirkpatrick-Croe, Domino David de Abyrnyth perpetuo Vicario de Drifdale, et Domino Nicholao filio Petri Rectore ecclesie de Lyne, et multis aliis.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera F.

Huic cartæ appensum est sigillum ex cera alba multum attritum, exhibens imaginem episcopi habitu pontificali vetere, et hinc inde arma quedam gentilitia.

g g

CARTA ROBERTI I. REGIS DE CONFIRMATIONE PRIVILEGIO-
RUM HOSPITALIS DE POLMADE.

ROBERTUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus ministris suis et Ballivis, ac omnibus aliis et singulis hominibus suis quibuscumque, ad quos presentes litere pervenerint, salutem : Scatis quod Concessimus magistris, fratribus et fororibus hospitalis de Polmade prope Ruglen, quod libere valeant gaudere omnibus privilegiis quibus uti solebant tempore Regis Alexandri predecessoris nostri, viz. Quod nullus capiat prisas alias seu clipeiones de suis aut catallis existentibus in terra de Strablaithy vel quoconque alio loco; Nec etiam capiat aliquem vel aliquos de hominibus suis, ad transeundum cum ipsis, causa testimonii perhibendi. Quare firmiter Prohibemus, ne quis dictos magistrum, fratres, et forores contra hanc concessionem nostram gravare vel vexare presumat: Data apud Ruglen vigefimo octavo die mensis Maij, anno regni nostri Undecimo, [1317.]

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiæ Glasguensis apud in pyxide linea sub litera B.

Hujus cartæ, quæ scripta est super pergamenum admodum lacero, sigillum amissum est.

CARTA MALCOLMI COMITIS DE LEVENAX DE LIBERTATE
HOSPITALIS DE POLMADE.

UNIVERSIS ad quos presentes litere pervenerint, MALCOLMUS Comes de Levenax, salutem in Domino sempiternam: NOVERIT Univeritas vestra Nos ob salutem anime nostre, predecessorum et successorum nostrorum, Concessisse, et hoc presenti scripto nostro Confirmasse, pro nobis et heredibus nostris, magistris, fratribus et fororibus hospitalis de Polmade qui pro tempore fuerint, quod liberi sint et quieti ab omnibus prorsus cariagiis, taliagiis, captionibus, et subfidiis quibuscumque; ac omnimodis aliis servitiis, oneribus, exactionibus, et demandis, tam domum suam, quam ecclesiam de Strablaithan cum terris tribus

Deest in
autographo.

qui nunc in domo hospitali morantur, pro suis temporibus, de vite sue sustentatione, prout status domus requirit, debite ministrentur, presentibus per spatium viginti annorum tantummodo duraturis; Volentes quod litere et monumenta super servitiis

et oneribus que nobis de dicto hospitali debentur, per totum dictum tempus, omni robore careant et firmitate, et nullius penitus fint momenti. IN CUJUS REI testimoniis presentibus sigillum nostrum fecimus apponi. DATA apud Balach die Jovis proxima post festum apostolorum Petri et Pauli, anni gratiae 1333.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea, sub litera F.

Hujus cartae sigillum amissum est.

LITERA ADAMI FILII ALANI DE ACTORNATIS CONSTITUENDIS, AD TRACTANDUM FRATRIBUS ET SORORIBUS DE POLMADE.

OMNIBUS has literas visuris vel audituris, Adam filius Alani burgivus de Dumbathane, salutem in Domino: NOVERITIS Nos Fecisse, Constituisse et Ordinasse Dominum Johannem de Paffelay canonicum Glasguensem, et Nicolaum filium Petri, rectorem ecclesie de Line, actornatos nostros conjunctim et divisiim, ad tractandum, conveniendum et perveniendum cum fratribus et sororibus de Polmade super Nobis vel actornatis nostris satisfactione cuiusdam summe pecunie, per nos ipsis in eorum necessitate Deest.

Ratum et gratum habentes et habituri, quicquid predicti nomine nostro in premissis duxerint faciendum, Iusticia mediante. IN CUJUS rei testimonium, presentibus sigillum nostrum est appensum. DATA apud Dumbarhan in vigilia Pasche anno gratiae 1334.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera F.

CARTA MARGARETÆ REGINÆ SCOTIÆ, QUA CONFERT DOMINO WILLIELMO DE KIRKYNTULACH, ADMINISTRATIONEM HOSPITALIS DE POLMADE.

UNIVERSIS ad quorum notitiam presentes litere pervenerint, Margareta Dei gratia

Regina Scotie, salutem in Domino: NOVERITIS Nós Fecisse, Constituisse, et Ordinasse, dilectum nostrum Dominum Willielmum de Kirkytulach magistrum hospitalis de Polmade infra episcopatum Glasguensem: Quod quidem hospitale nostram dispositionem et provisionem concernit, ex concessione Domini nostri regis de episcopatu Glasguensi, cum potestate nobis facta: Ac eidem Willielmo gubernaculum et administrationem bonorum et reddituum quorumcunque dicti hospitalis pro toto tempore vite sue Commisissile penitus per presentes; Ita vero quod dictus Dominus Willielmus sustineat et sustentet, omnia onera et servitia dicto hospitali debita et consueta. QUARE omnibus et singulis quorum interest vel interesset poterit firmiter precipimus et mandamus, quatenus eidem Willielmo, tanquam vero magistro dicti hospitalis in omnibus et singulis que ad ipsum hospitale pertinent, respondent, pareant, et intendant, sub pena que inde poterit provenire. IN CUJUS REI testimonium presentibus pro toto tempore vite ejusdem Domini Willielmi duraturis, sigillum nostrum fecimus apponi; Apud Edinburgh decimo octavo die mensis Maij anno Domini 1367.

Ex autographo.

Huic cartæ appensum est sigillum ex cera rubea albæ impressa fere integrum, exhibens in superiore parte sigilli, super scuto duobus Leonibus suffulso, arma Scotie, scilicet, Leonem erectum, duplario limbo, lilliis contrapositis constitum: Inferius, imaginem Reginæ habitu regali coronatae, sceptrum dextra tenentis; Hinc inde super duo scuta, arma quædam gentilitia. Inscriptio in circumferentia, *Sigillum Margaretae Log Scotie.*

PRESENTATIO PATRICII DE FLOCKER AD HOSPITALIS DE
POLMADE ADMINISTRATIONEM, PER ROBERTUM EPISCO-
PUM GLASGUENSEM.

ROBERTUS miseratione divina ecclesiae Glasguensis minister humilis, discreto viro Domino Patricio dicto Floker salutem, gratiam et benedictionem. Tuam industriam et circumspectionem domum hospitalitatis de Polmade utilem fore attendentes, Te magistrum et custodem ejusdem domus, atque administratorem rerum tuo (pro?) perpetuo Constituimus et Facimus per presentes; Dantes tibi potestatem et liberam facultatem, fratres sororesque ejusdem, ac pensionarios si qui fint corripiendi, excessusque eorundem corrigendi, ipsosque seu aliquem eorum, aliquamve pro suis demeritis amovendi; ac omnia et singula faciendi, que perpetuo magistro

domus ejusdem de jure et consuetudine incumbunt: Tecum quoque specialiter Dispensamus super non residentia tua facienda ad ecclesiam de Kylpatic curatam, propter custodiam predicte domus, sic tibi pro perpetuo per nos concessam: Proviso tamen quod dicta tua ecclesia suis divinis non defraudetur obsequiis. In cujus rei testimonium, presentibus literis penes te perpetuo remansuris, sigillum nostrum fecimus apponi. DATA apud Glasgu die Veneris proxima post festum Sancti Marchi Evangeliste, Anno gratie 1316.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera.

Huic cartae appensum est sigillum ex cera alba multum attritum.

INSTRUMENTUM SUPER APPELLATIONE WALTERI DE DANY- ELSTON, A MATTHÆO EPISCOPO GLASGUENSE.

IN NOMINE DEI Amen; Per hoc prefens publicum Instrumentum, cunctis appareat evidenter, quod anno a Nativitate ejusdem 1395, Indictione quarta, mensis Novembris die nona, Pontificatus sanctissimi in Christo patris ac Domini nostri, Domini Benedicti divina providentia Pape xiii, anno secundo; Constitutus in mei Notarii publici et testium subscriptorum presentia Discretus vir Magister Walterus de Danyelston Canonicus Glasguensis, Presentavit reverendo in Christo patri Domino Matthæo miseratione divina episcopo Glasguensi, quoddam instrumentum publicum, continens ut afferuit quandam provocationem seu appellationem ab ipso Domino episcopo ejus Jurisdictione et processibus quibuscumque, in causa hospitalis de Polmade cum pertinentiis Glasguensis dioceos, continens; Quod instrumentum dictus Dominus episcopus recepit, et mihi Notario publico mandavit ipsum perlegere; quod etiam mihi tradidit, et ipsum ab eodem Domino episcopo de suo mandato recepi perlegendum; ipsumque instrumentum manu mea scriptum et signatum recepi, vidi, et tenui, et de verbo ad verbum perlegi alta voce et intelligibili ad audiendum: Quo loco idem Magister Walterus petiit a dicto Domino episcopo apostillas super appellatione in dicto instrumento publico contenta et ibidem perlecta: Quiquidem Dominus episcopus sibi respondit, quod libenter daret sibi apostillas in termino juris: SUPER quibus omnibus et singulis dictus Dominus episcopus, et dictus Magister Walterus petierunt per me Notarium subscriptum, sibi fieri publicum instrumentum. ACTA fuerunt haec apud Manerium de Lacu dicti Domini episcopi, in Camera ejusdem, sub anno, Indictione, mensa, die, et pontificatu predictis; Presentibus discreto viro Johanne de Hawyk Canonico Glasguensi, et

Thoma de Glendonwyn Scutifero, Testibus ad premissa vocatis specialiter et rogatis.

Et Ego Thomas de Barry Presbiter Sancti Andreæ dioceſeos, publicus autoritate apostolica et imperiali notarius, &c. [1395.]

LITERA MARTINI V. PAPÆ DE ERECTIONE ECCLESIÆ DE
STRABLANE ET HOSPITALIS DE POLMADE IN PREBENDAM
ECCLESIÆ GLASGUENSIS.

MARTINUS episcopus Servus fervorum Dei, ad perpetuam rei memoriam. Expositit nobis injunctum defuper apostolicæ fervitutis officium, ut ea quæ pro ecclesiarum præfertim Cathedralium indemnitatibus et divini cultus augmento, rationabiliter processione comperimus, ne impugnationi subjaceant, apostolici muniminis solidemur. Sane pro parte dilecti filii Roberti Scorm (Forman?) Canonici ecclesiæ Glasguensis, Nobis nuper exhibita petitio continebat; quod olim venerabilis frater noster Johannes episcopus Glasguensis, ad augmentum numeri Canonicorum et personarum in dicta ecclesia, Domino pro tempore famulantium, cum consensu filiorum dilectorum Capituli ecclesiæ ejusdem, hospitale de Polmade Glasguensis dioceſeos Clericis secularibus in titulum perpetui beneficij ecclesiastici assignari solitum; Cujusque dispositio ad episcopum Glasguensem pro tempore existentem pertinere noscebatur, in Prebendam dictæ ecclesiæ autoritate ordinaria Erexit, talibus inter cætera (conditionibus?) quod ipsius prebendæ collatio, plenaque dispositio, ad Johannem prædictum, et successores fuos pro tempore existentes Glasgueneses episcopos, in antea, (ut antea?) pertineant; Eademque prebenda cum vacaverit clero conferatur idoneo, in Cantu bene ac notabiliter instrueto; et quibusdam aliis conditionibus adiectis, prout in patentibus defuper consecratis, ipsorum episcopi et Capituli sigillis munitis literis, et quarum tenorem de verbo ad verbum prefentibus inferi fecimus, plenius dinoscitur contineri. Cum autem sicut eadem petitio subiungebat, postea quondam Willemo de Cunyngham, olim ipsius hospitalis Rectore, extra Romanam curiam vita functo, dictus episcopus præfata Prebendam eidem Roberto autoritate prædicta contulerit; et de illa etiam providerit; ipseque Robertus vigore collationis et provisionis earundem, dictam prebendam aſſecutus, illam ex tunc tenuerit, prout tenet pacifice de presenti; Pro parte Roberti prefati, nobis fuit humiliter supplicatum, ut erectioni prædictæ, singulisque in ipsis contentis literis, pro eorum subsiftentia firmiori, robur apostolicæ confirmationis adjicere, de

benignitate apostolica dignaremur: Nos itaque, dictis supplicationibus inclinati, eretionem et contenta hujusmodi, ac quaecunque inde secuta, rata habentes et grata, illa autoritate apostolica et certa scientia confirmamus, et presentis scripto patrocinio communimus, supplentes omnes defectus, si qui forsan intervenerint in eisdem. Tenor vero dictarum literarum talis est.—“ JOHANNES miseratione divina Episcopus Glasguensis, ac Cancellarius Scotiae, omnibus has literas visuris vel audituris, salutem in omnium Salvatore: NOVERIT universitas vestra, quod Nos, cum consensu et assensu totius Capituli nostri Glasguensis, solenni tractatu præhabito, in honorem et laudem omnipotentis Dei, Beatae Mariae Virginis matris ejus, Sanctique Kentigerni confessoris, et omnium sanctorum; atque in augmentum numeri canonicorum et personarum in dicta ecclesia nostra Glasguensi Deo servientium, et futuris temporibus servitorum, ereximus, et per presentes erigimus hospitale de Polmade infra Baroniam nostram de Glasgu existens, cuius fundatio et plena dispositio ad Nos et predecessores nostros dinoscitur pertinere, una cum ecclesia de Strablahane eidem hospitali annexa, in unam Prebendam in dicta ecclesia nostra Glasguensi, perpetuis temporibus duraturam sub modo, forma, et conditionibus infra scriptis, viz. Quod dicta Prebenda plena collatio et dispositio ad Nos et successores nostros qui pro tempore fuerint, pertineat; Et quod dicta prebenda cum contigerit vacare, clerico idoneo, et in cantu bene et notabiliter instructo, conferatur. ITEM, ordinamus et volumus, quod in dicta ecclesia de Strablahane, sit perpetuus vicarius curam parochia gerens animarum, cui quidem vicario dictus Prebendarius et ejus successores qui pro tempore fuerint, solvent annuatim quatuordecim marcas usualis monetæ Scotiae ad duos anni terminos, viz. ad festum Pentecostes et Sancti Martini in hyeme per equales portiones, et unam marchatam terræ prope ecclesiam sibi assignandam: Et quod dictus vicarius solvet nobis et successoribus nostris qui pro tempore fuerint, procurations et alia onera ordinaria. Item dictus Prebendarius, solvet quatuor pueris in Choro ecclesiæ nostræ predictæ, in horis divinis cantantibus, sedecim marchas usualis monetæ Scotiae, viz. Cuilibet ipsorum puerorum quatuor marchas in anno, ad quatuor anni terminos, sub modo et forma quibus Canonici dictæ ecclesiæ nostræ solvunt vicariis in eorum stallis ferventibus; quorum quidem puerorum admisso et remoto ad Nos et successores nostros qui pro tempore fuerint volumus pertinere: ITEM dictus Prebendarius per se vel per alium, predictos quatuor pueros qui pro tempore fuerint, in cantu sufficienter et diligenter instruere teneatur. IN QUORUM omnium fidem et testimonium, sigillum nostrum, una cum communi Capituli nostri sigillo, presentibus est appensum, die duodecimo mensis Januarij in ecclesia nostra Glasguensi predicta, anno Domini 1427 secundum computationem ecclesiæ Scoticanæ, et consecrationis nostræ primo.” Nulli ergo omnino hominum liceat hanc paginam nostræ confirmationis et commu-

nitionis infringere, vel ei aufu temerario contraire. Si quis autem hoc attemptare præsumperit, indignationem omnipotentis Dei, et Beatorum Petri et Pauli apostolorum ejus, se neverit incursum, DATA Romæ apud Sanctos apostolos, nonis Decembbris Pontificatus nostri anno 13th.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguenfis apud in facco lineo sub litera D.

Huic appensum est bulla plumbea cordula ex ferico croceo rubeo: et super replica *Gaillardus*.

TRANSUMPTUM INSTRUMENTI DE CONVENTIONE INTER DUN-
CANUM COMITEM DE LEVENAX, ET WILLIELMUM EPISCO-
PUM GLASGUENSEM, DE JURE COLLATIONIS AD HOSPITALE
DE POLMADIE.

IN DEI NOMINE, AMEN. Per hoc presens instrumentum cunctis pateat evidenter, quod anno ab incarnatione ejusdem, secundum computationem regni Scotiae, 1440, mensis Februarij die decimo sexto, indictione quarta, Pontificatus sanctissimi in Christo patris ac Domini nostri Domini Eugenii divina providentia pape quarto, anno decimo; **IN MEI** notarii publici et testium subscriptorum prefentia, venerabilis vir magister Robertus Storm [Forman?] Canonicus ecclesiae Glasguenfis, ac Prebendarius Prebende de Strablane in eadem, veniens coram honorabili viro Magistro David de Cadzou officiali Glasguenfi in dicta ecclesia Glasguenfi pro tribunali sedente; Produxit quoddam publicum instrumentum sub signo et subscriptione quondam Domini Walteri Raa Presbyteri Glasguenfis dioceſeos, ac publici notarii dum viveret, confectum et signatum, ac per ipsum quondam Dominum Walterum propria manu scriptum; De quibus signo scriptura et subscriptione, dicto Domino officiali ac testibus infra scriptis constabat; qui dictum notarium cum signo suo et scriptura fide oculata plenius cognoverant; Ac petiit instanter, et humiliter suppli- cavit, quatenus dicti instrumenti copiam seu transcriptum faceret, in publicam formam redigi, et sua autoritate publicari. Cujus instrumenti tenor sequitur in hiis verbis. “**IN DEI NOMINE, AMEN;** Per hoc presens publicum instrumentum, cunctis pateat evidenter, Quod anno Domini 1424, septimo die mensis Januarij, indictione septima, Pontificatus sanctissimi in Christo patris ac Domini nostri Domini Martini divina providentia pape quinti, anno sexto, Me notario publico pre-

fente, nobilis et potens Dominus, Duncanus Comes de Levenax, tunc in castro de Edynburgh existens, ad reverendum in Christo patrem Willielmum miseratione divina Episcopum Glafguensem, Cancellarium regni Scotiae, ad abbaciam Sancte Crucis transmisit [transfivit?] eundem ipsum Episcopum requirendo, quatenus ad dictum castrum accederet, secum super una materia, suam tangente conscientiam locuturus: Quicquidem Dominus Episcopus acceperit ad ipsum, dictis die et loco in capella occidentali dicti castrorum, ipsis existentibus; Post plura colloquia, tandem ipse comes motu proprio et spontanea voluntate fatebatur, quod Dominus Episcopus Glasguensis et sui successores, habuit et habere debuit, plenum jus ad conferendum hospitale de Polmade cum suis annexis, viz. Ecclesiam de Strablaethan in suo canonicatu situatam: Et quod ipse comes aut sui progenitores, ad presentationem dicti hospitalis nullum jus habebat: Et si quod [jus?] ipse comes aut sui progenitores habuit vel habere poterat, in dicto hospitali, cum suis pertinentiis ibidem, ex tunc pure et simpliciter et perpetuo, dicto Domino Episcopo Glafguensi et suis successoribus resignavit. SUPER quibus confessione, concessione et resignatione, ipsi Comes et Episcopus a me notario publico sibi fieri petierunt publicum instrumentum. ACTA fuerunt haec sub anno, indictione, mensie, die, et loco quibus supra; Presentibus nobilibus viris, Roberto de Lawder filio Domini Roberti de Lawder de Bas militibus, Alano de Lawder, Alexandro Narn, Thoma de Corfby, et Laurentio de Balfour, Testibus ad premissa vocatis et specialiter requisitis. [Sequitur subscriptio notarii] Et Ego Walterus Raa presbyter Glasguensis dioceos, publicus autoritate imperiali notarius, predictis confessioni, concessioni, et resignationi prefens interfui; Ea sic fieri, vidi et audivi, et in notam recepi; Hoc prefens publicum instrumentum, manu mea scriptum inde confeci, et signo meo consueto signavi, una cum prenominatis testibus, in fidem et testimonium omnium et singulorum premissorum rogatus et specialiter requisitus." QUICQUIDEM Dominus officialis volens probationibus subvenire, ne veritate occultata iusticia valeat deperire, citare fecit generaliter omnes et singulos quorum interfuit, et qui sua putabant interesse, inter-
vallo octo dierum eis concessio, ad opponendum, si quid opponere vellent, propter quod hujusmodi publicatio fieri non deberet; Quo die adveniente et expectato usque ad penultimam diem ejusdem mensis Februarij, ac ipsis non comparentibus, cum nihil oppositum fuit, per quod deberet hujusmodi publicatio impediri, dicto instrumento undique inspecto et invento, non cancellato, non vitiat, nec in aliqua sui parte suspecto, nec in signo nec in scriptura; Idem Dominus officialis milii notario publico infrascripto precepit, ut ipsius instrumenti copiam seu transcriptum in publicam formam redigeret, ad fidem perpetuam faciendam, ac suam interposuit auctoritatem, mandans hujusmodi transumptum sigilli officii sui appensione muniri. ACTA fuerunt haec, loco, anno, mensie, diebus, indictione, et pontificatu quibus fu-

pra; PRESENTIBUS ibidem venerabilibus et circumspectis viris, Magistris Thoma de Mirtoun Decano, Patricio Lech, Willelmo de Govan Canonicis ecclesie Glasguensis; Roberto de Prendergast Rectore de Glaffurd, Jacobo de Camera Rectore de Collace; Dominis Thoma Wyschard Vicario de Kylpatrick, Roberto Bur Vicario de Peblis, Johanne de Camera, Thoma Cady Presbyteris, Johanne Muffald Presbitero ac notario publico infra scripto, Dominis Alano Smith, Willelmo Flemyngh Presbytero, et Johanne de Restone clero, Testibus ad premissa vocatis specialiter et rogatis.

Et ego Johannes de Hawyk Presbyter Glasguensis dioceos, publicus auctoritate imperiali notarius, ac scriba dicti Domini officialis, de mandato ipsius, dicti instrumenti copiam seu transcriptum, per alium fideliter scriptum confeci, &c. Et ego Johannes de Muffalde Presbyter Glasguensis dioceos, publicus autoritate imperiali notarius, premissis omnibus, dummodo sicut premittitur coram dicto Domino officiali agerenter et fierent, &c.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera G.

MANDATUM MATTHÆI EPISCOPI GLASGUENSIS DE CITANDO WILLELMUM DE CUNYNGHAM VICARIUM DE DUNDONALD.

MATTHÆUS permissione divina Episcopus Glasguensis, officiali nostro ejusdem curiae, universisque et singulis Decanis, Eschaetoribus, Rectoribus ecclesiarum, perpetuis vicariis, capellaniis, parochis, et aliis quibuscumque, infra dioecesim nostram divina celebrantibus, salutem cum benedictione divina. CUM invasores et usurpatores iurium et possessionum ecclesiasticarum, ipso facto excommunicationis sententiam secundum ecclesiae Scoticanae generalia statuta incurrere dignoscuntur; Et nuper Willielmus Dominus de Cunningham, [lege Dominus Willielmus de Cunningham] vicarius de Dundonald, administrationem domus pauperum de Polmade, que ad ius et possessionem ejusdem ecclesiae nostrae pertinet, ut est notum, de facto tantum, cum de jure non potuit, nititur, occasione ut dicitur cuiusdam pretensæ concessionis sive presentationis nobilis viri Domini Comitis de Levenax, temerarie occupare possessionem vel quasi possessionem hujusmodi juris ecclesiae nostræ, multipliciter perturbando, in animæ suæ periculum, multorum scandalum, ac hujusmodi ecclesiae nostræ prejudicium non modicum et gravamen; Mitius tamen quam tanta temeritas meruerit secum agentes in hoc casu, vobis et vestrum cuilibet, ad quos vel ad quem presentes nostræ literæ pro executione pervenerint

in virtute obedientiae firmiter preciendo mandamus, quatenus eundem Dominum Willelmum, personaliter et nominatim quam cito commode ejus presentiam habere poteritis, et generaliter omnes et singulos alios qui sua putaverunt interesse, Moneatis, primo, secundo, tertio, et peremptorie, unico saltem contextu et ex causa, quos sic etiam tenore presentium monemus, quod ab hujusmodi administratione et occupatione omnino desistat, recepta per eum, et qualitercumque alienata sive expofita restituat, et omnia in statum pristinum reducat, infra triginta dies, hujusmodi monitiones veftras, uno verius noſtras immediate fequentes, quarum decem pro prima, decem pro ſecunda, et reliquas pro tertia monitione canonica, ac tertio peremptorio eidem affignamus, et per vos volumus affignari, ſub excommunicationis pena, quam in eosdem lapsarum a tempore hujusmodi monitionum dictis triginta diebus ferimus in hiis scriptis. PRETEREA pari modo et forma, veftrum culibet precipimus et mandamus, quatenus eundem personaliter citetis, ut compareat coram nobis vel noſtris in hac parte deputatis pluribus aut uno, in eccleſia majore Glasguenſi, hora cauſarum, triceſimo die computando a die hujusmodi monitionum ſive citationis, ad videndum ſe publice ob cauſas pretactas, denunciari excommunicatum, vel ad oſtendendum rationabiles cauſas quare ſic publice denunciari non debeat in hoc caſu : IN SIGNUM vero hujus mandati noſtri per vos plenius executi, vos qui illud executi fueritis, ſigillum veftrum juxta noſtrum preſentibus appendatis. Datum ſub ſigillo noſtro apud Glasgu vigefimo quinto die mensis Januarij anno Domini 1403.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclie Glasguenſis apud in pyxide lignea ſub litera G.

PRESENTATIO MATTHÆI EPISCOPI GLASGUENSIS DE RECEP- TIONE GILLIANÆ DE VAUX, IN HOSPITALE DE POLMADE.

MATTHÆUS miſeratione divina Epifcopus Glasguenſis, Magistro et fratribus domus Hosptialis de Polmade, ſalutem cum benedictione divina ; Vobis ac omnibus aliis notum facimus per preſentes, quod Nos Gillianam de Waux in fororem et portionariam dictæ domus pro toto tempore vitæ ſua conſtituimus, et tenore preſentium ordinamus ; QUARE vobis precipimus et mandamus quod dictam Gillianam in fororem et portionariam dictæ domus recipiatis pro ſuo perpetuo, ſibi que de jure et portione unius fororis cum pertinentiis dari forori debitis et conſuetis, et in futuro debendis, ſingulis annis pro toto tempore vitæ ſuae, iuste et rationabiliter ſatisfieri et debite faciatis : Sic quod dicta Gilliana in veftro defectu iuftam materiam non ha-

beat conquerendi. IN CUJUS REI testimonium, sigillum nostrum fecimus apponi,
Apud Manerium nostrum de Lacu, decimo die Mensis Maij anno Domini 1391,
confecrationis nostre quartu.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera F.

Huic cartæ appenfun est sigillum ex cera alba parum attritum, exhibens imaginem
Dei patris fidentis et coronati, tenentis coram se imaginem filii crucifixi.

Books of Council.
18th June 1491.

ANENT the complaint maid be a reverend fader in God, Robert Archibischop of Glasgrow, upone Johne Lord Simple of Elzottoune Sheriff of Renfrew, for his finisfer informacioun, in the caufing of the said reverend faider to be callit, in the last Justice are of Ranfrew for his lands of Govane; and for falt of apperance to the said are, the Juflice put the said reverend faider in an unlaw, he not awand prefens in the said are of Ranfrew for the said lands of Govain, bot in the are of Lanark, as is allegit: The King's hienes and the Lords beand avifit in the said matter, ordanis that letters be writtin to the Sheriff of Ranfrew, chargeing him to decift and cefs of the poinding and diftrenzeing of the lands of Govan for the said unlaw: Beacaus that it is clerly understandin and declarit, that the lands of Govain ar ane pendicle of the Barony of Glasgu, for the quhilk the Archibischop of Glasgu aw apperance in the Justice are of Lanark alanelry; And elikwise, that the auditors of the Chekker, allow the famyn unlaw to the Sheriff and difcharge him therof, for the caus abone exprimit, and that the Sheriff of Ranfrew mak na mar calling of this Lord therfor, in tym to cum, to the said ayr of Renfrew.

CARTA WILLIELMI REGIS DE CONCLUD, CADER, ET BADER-MONOCH.

W. REX Scottorum, univerfis Epifcopis, Abbatibus, Comitibus, Baronibus, Jufticiariis, Vicecomitibus, Prepotitis, Miniftris, cunctisque aliis probis hominibus totius terre fue, Francis et Anglis, Scotis et Galweienibus, salutem. SCIANT clerci et laici, prefentes et posteri, Me Dediffe, et hac carta mea Confirmasse, Deo et Sancto Kentegerno, et Epifcopatu Glasguensi, Conclud et Cadder et Badermonoc, cum univerfis earundem terrarum pertinencis et divisis; Pro salute anime mee, et pro animabus antecefforum meorum omnium et fuccefforum; et nominatim pro animabus regis David avi mei, et Comitis Henrici patris mei, et regis Malcolmi fra-

tris mei, qui easdem terras prenominato Episcopatu dedit et concessit in elimosinam perpetuam, liberas et quietas et solutas ab omni servitio et consuetudine et seculari exactione, et omnium hominum calumpnia; Sicut aliqua elimosina in regno meo liberius et quietius possidetur; David fratre meo idem ex parte sua plenarie concedente, et hoc coram me confitente. TESTIBUS hiis, Johanne Abbatte de Kelcho, Oberto Abbatte de Jedburgh, Comite Waldevo, Comite Duncano, Ricardo de Morville Constabulario, Ricardo Capellano, Philippo Camerario, David Olifard, Willelmo de Veteriponte, Philippo de Coleville, Gilleberto filio Richardi, Willelmo de Haia Pincerna, Gilleberto de Umframville, Apud Striveline.

CARTA WILLIELMI REGIS DE BALLAYN.

WILLIELMUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, Episcopis, Abbatibus, Comitibus, Baronibus, Justiciariis, Vicecomitibus, Ministris, et omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre fue, clericis et laicis, salutem: SCIANT presentes et futuri Me, pro excessibus a me et a meis per me, Sancto Kentegerno et ecclesie Glasguensi post decepsum Engelrami Episcopi illatis, Dedisse et Concessisse, et hac carta mea confirmasse Deo et Sancto Kentegerno et ecclesie Glasguensi, et Jocelino Glasguensi Episcopo, et universis Episcopis ejusdem et successoribus, ad incrementum Episcopatus de Glasgu, Balain per rectas divisas suas, tenendam in liberam et perpetuam elimosinam, in bosco et plano, in terris et aquis, in pratis et pascuis, et omnibus iustis pertinenciis suis, ita libere et quiete, plenarie et honorifice, sicut alias terras ejusdem Episcopatus, liberius, quietius, plenius et honorificenter tenent. TESTE et concedente David fratre meo, Waltero de Bidun Cancellario, Johanne Abbatte de Kelcho, Ricardo de Morville Constabulario, Roberto de Brus, Willielmo de Veteri ponte, Galfrido de Malevilla Justiciario, Willielmo de Lindefeia, Philippo de Valunis, Roberto filio Wernebaldi, Herberto de Maccuswell, Edwardo de Lestalrich, Roberto de Bercheli, Roberto de Boevilla, Adam de Stanford, Ivone de Croffibi, Apud Linlidqu.

CARTA WILLIELMI CUMIN DE TERRIS DE MUKROFT.

W. CUMIN omnibus amicis et hominibus suis has literas videntibus, salutem: SCIANT presentes et futuri, Me in presentia Domini regis Willielmi et curie sue apud Alith, quietum clamasse pro me et heredibus meis in perpetuum, Deo et

Sancto Kentegerno, et Willielmo Episcopo Glasguensi, et succefforibus suis in perpetuum, Totum jus quod dicebam et credebam me habere in terra illa que dicitur Mukraht, unde loquela fuit inter predictum Episcopum et me; Quam terram ego dicebam esse de Kerkentulaht, et quam Episcopus dicebat esse de Balain: QUARE volo, et per hanc cartam meam concedo, ut predictus Episcopus et successores ejus in perpetuum habeant et teneant predictam terram de Mukrath cum justis pertinenciis suis, liberam et quietam pro me et heredibus meis in perpetuum, ab omni jure quod dicebam me habere in predicta terra. TESTIBUS Ricardo de Prebenda clero domini regis, Philippo de Munbray, Engelramo de Bailloel, Johanne de Wiltun, Philippo de Coleville, Johanne de Graham, Rogero de la Kerneill [Kermyle?] Ricardo Revel, David Marescallo et multis aliis.

CARTA WILLIELMI REGIS DE MUKRAHT.

W. DEI gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre fue, clericis et laicis, salutem. SCIANT presentes et futuri, Willielmum Cumin in presentia mea et in curia mea, quietum clamasse pro se et heredibus suis in perpetuum, Deo et Sancto Kentegerno, et Willielmo Episcopo Glasguensi, et succefforibus suis in perpetuum, totum jus quod idem Willielmus Cumin dicebat et credebat se habere in terra illa que dicitur Mucraht, unde loquela fuit inter predictum Willielmum Episcopum et predictum Willielmum Cumin; Quam terram idem Willielmus Cumin dicebat esse de Kirkentulaht, et quam predictus Episcopus dicebat esse de Balain; Et quam ego ad quietanciam illam ratam et firmam habeo et concedo, et hac carta mea confirmo. QUARE volo et firmiter precipio ut predictus Willielmus Episcopus et successores sui in perpetuum, habent et teneant predictam terram de Muncrath cum justis pertinenciis suis, liberam et quietam pro predicto Willielmo et heredibus suis in perpetuum, ab omni jure quod idem Willielmus Cumin dicebat vel credebat se habere in predicta terra; Sicut carta ipsius Willielmi Cumin testatur. TESTIBUS E. Abbatte de Kelkou, Comite Patricio, Alano filio Rolandi Constabulario meo, Roberto de Lundoniis, Willielmo de Lindefeia, Gervasio Avenen, Thoma de Coleville, Henrico de Cormanoc, Heriberto de Macculwell, Bernardo de Hauden, Waltero Murdach, Philippo Marescallo, David Marescallo, Apud Rokefburg, primo die Marcii.

CARTA DUNCANI WALAYS DE FUNDACIONE CAPELLANÆ.

UNIVERSIS Sancte matris ecclesie filiis ad quorum noticiam presentes litere pervenient, Duncanus Walays Dominus de Cnokfubill infra Baroniam de Bothuyll, fa-

lutem in Domino sempiternam : NOVERIT univeritas vestra, quod ego pro salute anime mee, et anime Elianore de Bruys Comitissae de Carrick uxoris mee, et pro salute Domini mei Domini quondam Thome de Moravia militis, Domini de Bothuyll, et pro salute animarum omnium antecessorum et successorum suorum et meorum, ac pro salute omnium fidelium defunctorum, constitui et ordinavi, ac constituo et ordino de presenti, unam perpetuam capellaniam, five unum perpetuum capellanum perpetuo celebraturum in ecclesia Glasguensi, ad altare Et ad ipsius capellanie et capellani sustentacionem, Dedi, Concessi, et per presentes literas meas Confirmavi, ac Dono, et de presenti Concedo duodecim marcas Sterlingorum percipiendas et levandas annuatim de firmis terre mee de Knoefubyll ad duos anni terminos, viz. Pentecostes et Sancti Martini in yeme per equeales porciones, in puram et perpetuam elimosinam, adeo libere, quiete, plenarie, integre, pure, et honorifice, sicut aliqua pecunia ad aliquos pios usus, per quemcunque in regno Scotie liberius conceditur seu donatur. Et si contingat, quod abfit, quod dictus capellanus dictas xii marcas, aliquo casu contingente, de dictis firmis de Cnoefubyll percipere vel habere non poterit, volo et concedo, pro me et heredibus meis, quod ipsas xii marcas, habeat percipiaturque de terris meis de Daliell, ad eosdem terminos Sancti Martini, viz. et Pentecostes, sine difficultate et contradictione mei vel heredum meorum quorumcunque, &c. IN CUJUS REI testimonium, sigillum meum presentibus est appensum, Apud Dalyell vicefima prima die mensis Octobris, anno gracie millesimo ccc^{mo} sexagesimo octavo, 1368.

CARTA JOANNÆ COMITISSÆ DE DOUGLAS TRIUM PETRARUM CERÆ DE BARONIA DE BOTHWELL.

OMNIBUS hoc scriptum visuris vel audituris, Johanna Comitissa de Douglas et Domina Bothwell, salutem in omnium Salvatores ; NOVERITIS Nos in pura et simplici viduitate nostra, pro salute anime nostre, necnon anime recolende memorie quondam nostri Domini Archibaldi Comitis de Douglas, Domini Galwidie et de Bothvile, et animarum omnium predecessorum et successorum suorum et nostrorum, ob reverentiam Dei, Beate Marie semper Virginis, et Beati Kentigerni ; Necnon propter magnam devotionem quam Nos et antecessores nostri habuimus et habemus ad Beatum Kentegernum et ecclesiam Glasguensem, Dedisse, Concessisse, ac Dare, Concedere, et hoc presenti scripto nostro Confirmasse et Confirmare, Deo, Beate Marie, Beato Kentegerno et ecclesie Glasguensi predicte, in augmentum cultus divini, et supplementum luminarium ejusdem ecclesie, tres petras cere, annuatim percipiendas de firmis Baronie nostre de Bothvile, solvendas ministris dictæ ecclesie quolibet anno

in ecclesia Glasguensi predicta, ad festum Penthecostes, fine ulteriore dilatione, dolo vel fraude: Tenendas et habendas dictas tres petras cere dictae ecclesie Glasguensi et ministris ejusdem, in puram et perpetuam elemosinam, in perpetuum, adeo libere, quiete, pacifice, bene et in pace, sicut aliqua elemosina in regno Scotie, quietius, liberius aut melius possidetur. In CUJUS REI testimonium presenti scripto, sigillum nostrum apponi fecimus, apud Castrum nostrum de Bothvile, octavo die Junij anno Domini 1401.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesie Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea, sub litera G.

Huic carta appensum est sigillum fere integrum, exhibens super duplice scuto coronato, primum, cor humanum, et super apice scuti tres stellulas. Secundum obliteratum est.

CARTA JACOBI III. REGIS DE TRIBUS PETRIS CERÆ DE TERRIS DE BOTHWELL.

JACOBUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus totius terre sue, clericis et laicis, salutem. QUIA plene intelleximus, et Nobis clare Constat quod ecclesia cathedralis Glasguensis, de tempore vetere infeodata exitit de tribus petris cere annuatim levandis et percipiendis de terris Dominii de Bothvile cum pertinentiis, jacentibus infra vicecomitatum nostrum de Lanark, antequam dictæ terre Nobis et corone nostre regie appropriabantur; Nos igitur quamvis nonnullis annis preteritis dicti Dominii et terrarum de Bothvile possessores, prefatam ceram a dicta ecclesia cathedrali pertinaciter detinuerint, possessionem inde habitam auferendo; per hoc volentes dictæ ecclesie futuris temporibus, in suis restitutinibus prejudicium generari; Dedimus, Concessimus et Mortificavimus, ac tenore presentis carte nostre, pro singulari devotione quam habemus ergo Beatum Kentegernum confessorem, et ejus matrem Sanctam Teneu, et erga dictam ecclesiam cathedralem, Damus, Concedimus et Mortificamus dictæ ecclesie cathedrali Glasguensi, tres petras cere, annuatim levandas de terris de Odingstoune et de firmis earundem, cum pertinentiis, jacentibus infra dictum Dominium de Bothvile, in perpetuum, ad luminaria dicti Beati Confessoris Kentegerni, et dictæ Sancte Teneu matris sue; vide-licet duas petras cum dimidia petra cere predicta, fiendas et distribuendas ad luminaria dicti Beati Confessoris in dicta ecclesia cathedrali, super sepultura sua et construccióne ejusdem; et dimidiā petram dictæ cere fiendam et distribuendam dictæ Sancte Teneu, ac construccióne super eadem sepultura facta in capella ubi

offa hujusmodi sancte requiescunt, tenendas et habendas dictas tres petras cere, prefate ecclesie cathedrali Glasguensi, ac dictae capelle Sancte Teneu, de supradictis terris de Odingstoune percipiendas, et ut premittitur distribuendas et participiendas, de Nobis et successoribus nostris, ad manum mortuam in perpetuum; Cum potestate pro eadem cera, sicut de annuo redditu mortificato, namandi et diringendi per reverendum in Christo patrem dictae ecclesie cathedralis Episcopum et successores suos, ac ministros eorundem libere, quiete, plenarie, integre, honorifice, bene et in pace, fine aliquo retinemento aut revocatione quacunque, per Nos aut successores nostros quovis modo inde fiendo in futurum: Quocirca stricte precipimus et mandamus Camerariis, Ballivis, et officiariis dicti Domini de Bothvile presentibus et futuris, quantum dictas tres petras cere de dictis terris annuatim levandas, prefate ecclesie ut premittitur, persolvant et deliberent. Et quod dicto reverendo in Christo patri et successoribus suis, ac eorum factoribus, in solutione predicta prompte respondeant pareant et intendant, ad manum mortuam in perpetuum, Non obstantibus quibuscumque revocationibus per Nos generaliter vel specialiter in posterum faciendis, IN CUJUS REI testimonium presenti carte nostre magnum sigillum nostrum apponi precepimus. TESTIBUS reverendis in Christo patribus, Thoma Episcopo Aberdonensi, Willelmo Episcopo Orchadensi, nostri secreti sigilli custode, dilectis consanguineis nostris Andrea Domino Avandale Cancellario nostro, Colino Comite de Ergyle Domino Lorne, Magistro Hospitii nostri, David Comite de Craufurde Domino Lyndesay, Jacobo Domino Hamiltoun, Johanne de Culquhone de eodem milite, et Magistro Archibaldo de Quhitelaw Archidiacono Laudonie nostro secreterio, Apud Edinburgh decimo quarto die mensis Octobris anno Domini 1475 et regni nostri decimo sexto.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea, sub litera.

Huic cartae appensum est sigillum magnum Scotie ex cera alba integrum.

INSTRUMENTUM DE NAMANDO PRO CERA DEBITA DE TER- RIS DE UDYNSTON.

IN DEI NOMINE, AMEN. Per hoc presens publicum instrumentum, cunctis pateat evidenter et sit notum, Quod anno ab incarnatione Domini 1496, mensis vero Januarij die decima, indictione decima quinta, pontificatusque sanctissimi in Christo patris et Domini nostri, Domini Alexandri divina providentia pape sexti, anno quinto; In mei notarij publici et testium subscriptorum presentia personaliter acceperunt

discreti viri Magistri Johannes Gibsoun Camerarius Glasguensis, ac canonicus ejusdem, et Dominus Robertus Clerk sacrifita prescripte ecclesie metropolitane Glasguensis, de mandato reverendissimi patris et Domini Roberti Archiepiscopi Glasguensis, ad dominium de Boithwell et terras de Udynstoun, secum portantes veram copiam cuiusdam carte mortificationis quondam illustrissimi principis Jacobi Scotorum regis tertii, copiatam et collationatam per notarium publicum, trium petrarum cere de predictis terris, ad luminaria Beatissimi Confessoris Kentigerni et sue matris Sancte Teneu, annuatim levendarum; qui a Joanne Caldwell vicem gerente ferjeandi, et ab inhabitatoribus ejusdem ville de Udynstoun, predictas tres petras cere pro anno instante, nec non pro septem annis preteritis non solutis, allocatis allocandis, ad bonum compotum, secundum formam predictae carte et mortificationis petierunt: Quibus recusantibus de hujusmodi cera satifacere, namum sumperunt et secum portare voluerunt. TANDEM prefatus Johannes Caldwell vicem gerens ferjandi ut supra, et sui complices, prescriptum namum de manibus prescriptorum Camerarii et sacrifite, nomine potentissimi Domini Archibaldi Comitis Angutie et Cancellarii Scotie, ipsis invitis, cum onere et periculo juris, receperunt et detinuerunt. SUPER quibus omnibus et singulis, actis, factis, gestis, et recitatis, prefati Dominus Camerarius et Dominus Robertus, a me notario publico fibi fieri petierunt publicum et publica instrumentum et instrumenta, quotquot erant necessaria. ACTA erant haec in prescripta villa de Udynstoun, infra prefatum Dominium de Boithwell, hora undecima ante meridiem vel eo circa, presentibus ibidem discretis viris Ricardo Lauder, Jacobo Petigrw, Johanne Nifbet, Johanne Scot, Johanne Lowk et Nigello Parcar cum diversis aliis, ad premissa vocatis et specialiter rotatis.

Et ego Ricardus Fergusii Presbyter Glasguensis dioceos, autoritate apostolica publicus notarius, &c.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesie Glasguensis apud in sacco lineo sub litera

LIBELLUS PRO PARTE ARCHIEPISCOPI ET CAPITULI GLASGUENSIS, CONTRA INHABITATORES DE UDINSTOUN, SUPER CERA DEBITA ECCLESIÆ GLASGUENSI.

CORAM vobis venerabili et circumspecto viro Magistro David Cunningham preposito ecclesiæ collegiatae de Hamilton, Archidiacono Ergadiensi ac officiali Glasguensi

generali, seu veftris Commissariis quibuscunque, parte reverendissimi in Christo patris et Domini Roberti permiffione divina Archiepifcopi Glasguensis, et Capituli Glasguensis ab una, contra et aduersus personas infrascriptas, viz. Johannem Cauldwell, Johannem Scot, Robertum Scot, Johannem Wylkynfone, Jacobum Pettigrew, Johannem Scot, Gilbertum Jak, Johannem Braidwod Juniorem, Patricium Silvirton, Robertum Scot, Jacobum Wilfon, Relictam Johannis Corby, Relictam Patricii Braidwod et Relictam Johannis Scot, inhabitatores terrarum de Wdynfton infra Baroniam et parochiam de Bothveil, seu contra alias quascunque personas pro eis in judicio legitime comparentes, partibus ab altera ; Dicit, allegat et proponit in jure, quod licet ecclesia cathedralis Glasguensis, de tempore veteri infeodata extitit, prout de tempore prefenti extat, ac fuit et est, in pacifice aposffione annuatim levandi et percipiendi tres petras ceræ de terris de Wddynfton et firmis earundem cum pertinentiis, jacentibus infra dominium de Bothveil ad luminaria Beati Confessoris Kentigerni in ecclesia Glasguensi, et Beatæ Thanew fuæ matris, in capella ubi offa ejus requiescunt prope civitatem Glasguensem, hac defuper mortificatione regia approbante et confirmante : Nihilominus tamen predicti inhabitatores terrarum de Wddynftoun, dictas tres petras ceræ de septem annis immediate elapsis, annuatim persolvere ad luminaria predicta prout tenentur, penitus et omnino postponunt ; licet ad id faciendum sepius fuerint requiriti, in animarum suarum periculum, et dictæ ecclesiæ Glasguensi, et capellæ Sanctæ Thanæ damnum, lesionem, et gravamen ; QUARE reverende Domine Judex, probatis in hac parte probandis, et allegatis allegandis, petit pars dictorum reverendissimi patris et Capituli, nomine predictæ ecclesiæ et capellæ, prefatos inhabitatores de Wddynfton in xxi petris ceræ, restantibus non solutis de septem annis immediate transactis ratione qua supra petitis, Per vos et vefram fententiam diffinitivam condemnari, et ad folitionem compelli, adjudicando ecclesiæ Glasguensi et Capellæ Sanctæ Thanæ prefatas tres petras ceræ de predictis terris de Wddynftoun et firmis earundem, cum pertinentiis annuatim perpetuis futuris temporibus ; secundum formam mortificationis defuper confitæ pertinere ; Una cum expensis litis factis et fiendis, non se artante ad superfluam probationem, sed quatenus probaverit eatenus obtineat in petitione ; Protestando infuper, de [et] ad hunc suum libellum addendo, mutando, et minuendo, ac ad calamus corrigendo, toties quoties opus fuerit et videbitur expedire, cum ceteris probationibus solitis et consuetis. Super hiis omnibus veftrum benignum officium humiliter implorando, reverende Domine Judex ante dictæ.

Ex autographo super carta communi in archivis ecclesiæ Glasguensis apud
in facco lineo sub litera

MONITORIUM OFFICIALIS GLASGUENSIS SUPER CERA DE
WDYNSTON SOLVENDA ECCLESIÆ GLASGUENSI.

OFFICIALIS GLASGUENSIS Curato de Boithweill seu cuiuscunque alteri Capellano Curato Glasguensis dioceſeos, ſalutem. QUA alias in quadam cauſa moṭa inter reverendissimum in Chriſto patrem et Dominum Robertum, miferatione divina quondam Archiepifco-pum Glasguenſem, et Capitulum ejusdem ab una, et Johannem Cauldwell, Johannem Scot, Johannem Wilkinsone, Jacobum Pedigreu, Johannem Scot, Gilbertum Jak, Johannem Braidwoth et reliqtam Johannis Scot, inhabitatores terrarum de Wdynfton, infra baroniam et parochiam de Boithwell, partibus ab altera, viſis cauſæ meritis, fententialiter condemnavimus prefatos inhabitatores terrarum de Wdynfton, in viginti una petris ceræ reſtantibus non folutis, de septem annis immediate tranſactis, ſolvendis et deliberandis ecclesiæ metropolitanae Glasguenſi et Capellæ Beatae Teneu, viz. in octodecem petris ceræ dictæ ecclesiæ, et in tribus petris dictæ capellæ. Et hoc ad certum terminum jam elapſum, &c. VOBIS igitur et veſtrum cuilibet virtute Sanctæ obedientiæ, et ſub pena ſuſpentionis a divinis, ſtričte precipimus et mandamus, quatenus moneatis, primo, ſecundo, tertio, necnon et peremptorie, prefatos Johannem, Johannem, Jacobum, Johannem, Gilbertum, Jo-hannem, Johannem, Patricium, Robertum, Jacobum, reliqtam Johannis, reliqtam Patricii et reliqtam Johannis.

. ſic premonitos, quoſ lapsi dictis duodecim dierum monitionibus, fi hujusmodi non paruerint cum effectu, ex nunc prout ex tunc, et vigore tenoris prefentium, excommunicamus, vos [eos?] ſic per nos fore excommunicatos in fingulis ecclesiæ veſtris, omnibus diebus Dominicis, festiſis et aliis, infra miſſarum ſolennia, campanis pulsatis, candelis accenſis et extinctis; ac demum ut moris eſt, in terram projecltiſ, publice denunciatoſ habeatiſ; et dicta denunciatione non ceſſante, donec aliud a nobis habeatiſ in mandatiſ; Et prefentibus debite executiſ, die executionis ſubſcribendo earundem redditis literarum. DATUM ſub ſigillo officii noſtri apud Glafgw die ſecundo mensis Junij anno Domini 1498.

Hæc litera fuit publice ejecuta per me Willelmum Kyrkton Dominicā Pentecōfṭes, viz. tertia die Junij in monitionibus, ſecundum tenorem ejusdem, coram parochianis et signanter hiis teſtibus Johanne Neſbeſt de Dalzell, Jacobo Belhe de Carſyn, Johanne Hamilton de Vodhall et Johanne Baptiſter, teſte manu propria. Lator exiuit fine ſubſcriptione mea.

Insuper haec litera fuit publice executa per me Willelmum Kyrkton in die Nativitatis Beati Johannis Baptiste, de mandato supra scripto excommunicat secundum tenorem ejusdem ad absen. prior. Coram parochianis teste manu propria, Ryr.

Huic carta impressum est sigillum officialitatis Glasguensis ex cera viridi.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiæ Glasguensis super carta communi, apud . . . in sacco lineo, sub littera

CONSENSUS JOHANNIS CAPELLANI COLLEGII DE BOTHEVILE, QUOD ECCLESIA DE HAWYK ERECTA SIT IN PREBENDAM DE BOTHEVILE.

VENERABILIBUS et circumspctis viris Thome de Myrton Decano, et Capitulo ecclie Glasguensis, Johannes de Magister in Artibus, ac Capellanus ecclie de Bothevile, procurator ac locum tenens venerabilis viri, Gawan Prepositi ecclie de Bothevile, reverentias debitas et honores; Cum vos venerabiles viri, et Domini mei supra scripti, cum consensu et assensu, magnifici et potentis Domini, Domini Willielmi Comitis de Douglas et Avendale, Domini Galwidie et Baronie de Hawyk, ecclesiam parochialem de Hawyk Glasguensis dioceos, in canonicatum et prebendam, five ecclesiam prebendalem, in nostro collegio de Bothevile antedictæ erigere proponatis, NOVERITIS quod ego Johannes procurator ac locum tenens antedictus, nomine procuratorio quo supra, erectioni hujusmodi meum expressum consensum et assensum impendo per presentes. IN CUJUS REI testimonium, quia sigillum proprium ad presens non habui, sigillum officii officialitatis Glasguensis presentibus ad instantiam, apponi procuravi, coram hiis testibus Magistro Willielmo Gowane Canonico Glasguensi, Magistro Johanne Clerk, Domino Willielmo Danby Capellano, et Dunkano Olifart, Apud civitatem Glasguensem, quarto die mensis Octobris anno Domini 1447.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiæ Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera G.

PRESENTATIO PER WILLELMUM COMITEM DE DOUGLAS, JA-
COBI LYNDESAY, AD ECCLESIAM DE HAWYK.

WILLELMUS Comes de Douglas et Avendale, Dominus Galwidie et Baroniæ de Hawyk, venerabilibus et circumspetis viris Decano et Capitulo ecclesiæ Glasguensis, fede vacante ejusdem, reverentias debitas et honores. Ad ecclesiam Prebendalem de Hauyk, in canonicatum et prebendam de nostro consensu in ecclesia collegiata de Bothevile noviter erectam et creatam, ad nostram presentationem, vestramque collationem de facto et de jure spectantem, Magistrum Jacobum Lyndfaye consanguineum nostrum, vobis presentium tenore presentamus; Vos intime rogantes, quatenus dictum Magistrum Jacobum presentatum nostrum, ad predictum canonicatum et prebendam admittatis, ipsum in corporalem possessionem eorundem cum pertinentiis inducatis; ac inductum in eosdem institui faciatis; Mandantes sibi assignari stallum in Choro, et locum in Capitulo, cum plenitudine juris canonici, ut moris est in predicta ecclesia de Bothevile collegiata: Cetera omnia sibi fieri facientes quæ vobis hac vice fede vacante ex officio vestro incumbunt facienda. Datum sub sigillo nostro apud Douglas quarto die mensis Octobris, anno Domini 1447.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiæ Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera G.

Huic carta appensum est sigillum ex cera rubea albæ impressa, exhibens imaginem viri filivestris coram se tenentis scutum quadriido segmine distinctum; Primum delatum; Secundum leonem erectum; Tertium, tres stellulas in apice; Inferior pars oblitterata est; Quartum segmen clathrata est.

CARTA WILLIELMI DE SUMERVILLA ECCLESIÆ DE CARNE-
WID.

UNIVERSIS Sancte matris ecclesie filii, tam futuris quam presentibus, Willielmus de Sumerville, salutem. SCIATIS Me confilio Willielmi patris mei et aliorum amicorum meorum, Dedisse et Concessisse, Deo et ecclesie de Glasgu, et Engelranio ejusdem loci Episcopo, et hac carta mea Confirmasse, Jocelino Episcopo Glasguensi successori suo, eorumque successoribus, ecclesiam de Karnewid in liberam et perpetuam elemosinam, cum dimidia carucata terre; et cum plenario tofto et crofto ad

dimidiam carucatam terre pertinente; et cum communis paftura, et omnibus aliis
afiamentis ejusdem ville; et cum omnibus aliis ad predictam ecclesiam pertinenti-
bus; Pro anima patris mei, et anima matris mee; et pro anima mea et anima uxoris
mee, et animabus heredum meorum: **QUARE** volo ut predicta ecclesia de Glasgu,
et Episcopi ejusdem loci, teneant et possideant prenominatam ecclesiam de Karne-
wid, cum omnibus pertinentiis suis, ita libere et quiete et plenarie, sicut ecclesia
de Glasgu aliquam ecclesiam, liberius et plenius tenet et possidet. **HIIS TESTIBUS**
Ernaldo Abbatte de Mailros, Osberto Abbatte de Chalkou, Gaufrido Abbatte de
Novo Monasterio, Hugone Abbatte de Neubotle, Simone Archidiacono Glasguensi,
Michael Clerico de Berewic, Magistro Rogero de Newport, Magistro Adam de
Nichole, Magistro Adam de Hesh. Ricardo Decano de Tevidalia, Petro Decano
de Cludesdale, Simone Anglico, Henrico de Heriet.

LITERA URBANI PAPÆ CONFIRMANS ECCLESIAM DE CARNE- WID ECCLESIAE GLASGUENSI.

URBANUS Episcopus servus servorum Dei, venerabili fratri Episcopo, et dilectis
filii Decano et Capitulo Glasguensi, salutem et apostolicam benedictionem. Sig-
nificantibus vobis agnovimus, quod cum ecclesia de Carnewith, ex concessione no-
bilis viri W. de Sumerville, ecclesie vestre canonice collata fuisset; Tu frater Epis-
cope, aucto in ecclesia tua, tam prebendarum, quam canonicorum numero, ecclesie
pretaxatam, uni prebendarum in perpetuum assignasti. PORRO licet factum
hujusmodi, tam tuo quam prenominata W. scriptis fit autenticis confirmatum, et
auctoritate sedis apostolice roboratum; quia tamen eadem ecclesia infra terminos
parochie de Libertun constructa esse proponitur, et jus patronatus ipsius ecclesie de
Libertun, ad allum postea dicitur pervenisse; ne occasione hujus vobis et ecclesie
vestre, aliquod in posterum prejudicium generetur, pretaxatam ecclesiam de Carne-
with vobis, et per vos ecclesie Glasguensi, ad exemplar felicis recordationis Lucii
pape predecessoris nostri confirmamus, et presentis scripti patrocinio communimus.
NULLI ergo omnino hominum liceat hanc paginam nostrae confirmationis infringere,
vel ei ausu temerario contraire: Si quis autem hoc attemptare presumperit, indig-
nationem omnipotentis Dei, et Beatorum Petri et Pauli apostolorum ejus, se no-
verit incursum. Datum Verone iij nonas Augufti.

There is a Charter in favour of the Burgh of Lanark, granted by Charles I. dated 20th February 1632, which confirms

1. **CARTAM** per quondam **ROBERTUM** Scotorum regem, ad et in favorem burgen-sium et communitatis burgi nostri de Lanerk factam et concessam, de toto et integro prefato burgo nostro, cum minutis firmis, custumis et tholoneis ejusdem; Cum curiis, amerciamentis, aliisque libertatibus, commoditatibus, asiamentis, privilegiis et pertinentiis quibuscumque, quas burgenses dicti burgi nostri tunc gavisi sunt, habuerunt, et possederunt; ac cum omnibus aliis libertatibus dicti burgi simili modo, et adeo libere, sicut ullum burgum Scotiae et burgenses ejusdem quoconque tempore, easdem antea tenuerunt seu possederunt. Tenenda, &c. de data apud Linlith-gow octavo die mensis Junij et regni regis anno quarto. [1630.]

2. Ac ETIAM aliam **CARTAM** factam per quondam **ALEXANDRUM** Scotorum regem, Dando, Concedendo, et Confirmando dicto nostro burgo de Lanark, et burgenibus in eodem remanentibus, omnia jura, libertates, et privilegia, quae prefati burgenses habuerunt et possederunt, aut habere debuerint tempore pre-fati quondam regis Alexandri, seu quorumcumque aliorum suorum predecessorum; Cum omnibus burgi libertatibus adeo libere sicut quivis alii liberi burgi infra hoc regnum nostrum easdem tenuerunt seu possederunt: **PROHIBENDO** ne quis infra vicecomitatum nostrum de Lanerk, lanam aut coria emat, aut ullam aliam mercantiam exerceat; aut pannum latum aut tintum tondere faciat, nisi burgenses burgi nostri antedicti: Et **QUOD** nullus alias mercator, infra dictum vicecomitatum nostrum, ullus mercantias emat in dicto nostro burgo, nisi dicti burgenses ejusdem burgi nostri. Et si ullus peregrinus aut extraneus mercator re-periatur emens lanam, coria, et alias ejusmodi mercantias exercens, infra dictum nostrum vicecomitatum, quod ipse cum suis bonis capiatur, et detineatur, donec de eo nostram determinaverimus voluntatem: Et **QUOD** omnes personae infra dictum burgum commorantes cum burgenibus ejusdem, pro nostra provisione contribu-tionem perfolvant: Et **QUOD** portantes seu ferentes ligna seu focalia, ad predicti nostri burgi sustentacionem, habeant nostram pacem. Et **QUOD** nullus in nostra via ad prefatum burgum accedens, aut ab eo discedens, eos namare seu injuste per-turbare presumat. Ac ETIAM concedendo, quod prefati burgenses omnes suas com-moditates, communes pasturas, moras, mossias, lie peat pottis, maresias, omniaque alia asiamenta, ad prefatum burgum nostrum de Lanerk, prout ipsi aut quivis alii eorum predecessores, iuste habuerunt, possederunt, et per suas rectas metas et divi-sas usque ad haec tempora habeant et possideant. Quae carta est de data die mensis et regni regis anno

3. ALIAM CARTAM per prefatum quondam ALEXANDRUM Scotiae regem factam et concessam, Concedentem prefatis burgenibus in predicto burgo nostro remanentibus; Quod ipsi pro perpetuo quieti et liberi sint ab omni custuma et consuetudine bonorum et catalogorum lie Cattell Dominis fundi, infra regnum nostrum predictum; Inhibendo ne ulla persona in ejusdem contrarium injuste devenire presumat. Quæ carta est de data, decimo die mensis Augufti, et regni regis anno decimo tertio.

4. CARTAM per Jacobum quintum :
· · · · ·

CARTA WILLIELMI DE MORAVIA DE JURE PATRONATUS EC-
CLESIÆ DE WALYSTON.

UNIVERSIS sancte matris ecclesie filii ad quos presentes litere pervenerint, WIL-
LIELMUS de Moravia Panetarius Scotie, salutem in Domino sempiternam: No-
VERITIS Nos caritatis intuitu, et pro salute anime noſtre, et animarum predecessorum
et successorum noſrorum, Dediſſe, Concessiſſe, et hac preſenti carta Confirmaſſe,
Deo et Beato Kentegerno; Necnon Decano et Capitulo ecclie Glafguenſis, juſ
patronatus Rectorie ecclie de Walyſton; Reservata nobis et heredibus ſeu fu-
celforibus noſtris, preſentatione vicarii dictæ ecclie, juxta ordinationem venerabilis
patris Domini Roberti Dei gratia Glafguenſis Epifcopi, ſuper hoc factam: Quod-
quidem Juſ patronatus dictæ ecclie de Walyſton, Nos et heredes noſtri ſeu fu-
celfores vel affignati quicunque, dictis Decano et Capitulo, contra omnes, in poſ-
terum warantizabimus et defendemus. In cujus REI teſtimoniū preſentibus fi-
gillum noſtrum appoſuimus, ac figillum Domini Andree fratris noſtri eiſdem apponi
procuravimus. H̄is TESTIBUS dicto Domino R. Dei gratia Glafguenſi Epifcopo,
Dominis Andrea fratre noſtro, Johanne de Moravia, Willielmo de Somyrvilla,
Johanne de Parco militibus, Magistro Nicholao de Sancto Andrea clerico, et mul-
tis aliis. DATA apud Sconam die Mercurii proxima poſt festum Sancti Valentini
Martyris, anno Domini 1292.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclie Glafguenſis apud in pyxide
ligea ſub litera E.

Huic cartæ appenſum eft ſigillum ex cera alba parum attritum, exhibens iſpum
Willielmum equeſtrem armatum, et ſtellulis undique ornatum.

k k

CARTA ROBERTI EPISCOPI GLASGUENSIS, QUA CONFIRMAT
CONCESSIONEM ECCLESIE DE WALYSTON PER WILLIEL-
MUM DE MORAVIA.

OMNIBUS Christi fidelibus presentes literas visuris vel audituris, ROBERTUS miseratione divina ecclesie Glasguensis minister humilis, salutem in Domino sempiternam: NOVERITIS Nos cartam nobilis viri Domini Willelmi de Moravia Domini de Bothewyl, Panetarii Scotie, non abolitam, non cancellatau, nec in aliqua sui parte viciatam, super collatione Juris Patronatus Rectorie ecclesie de Walyston nostre diocefis, facta Decano et Capitulo ecclesie nostre Glasguensis, confectam, ac veris sigillis dicti Domini Willelmi et Domini Andree fratris sui signatam, in forma que sequitur, Inspexisse: UNIVERSIS Sancte matris, &c. [ut ante]. QUAM collationem seu donationem, pro Nobis et successoribus nostris, ratam et firmam in perpetuum habentes, ipsam autoritate pontificali Confirmamus; et eidem confensum et assensum expressum in hiis scriptis prebemus. IN CUJUS REI testimonium, sigillum nostrum huic scripto fecimus apponi. DATA apud Glasgu die Veneris in Craftino Beati Georgii Martyris, anno Domini 1293.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiæ Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera E.

Huic carte appensum est sigillum ejusdem Roberti ex cera viridi integrum.

CARTA ROBERTI EPISCOPI GLASGUENSIS, QUA DAT ECCLE-
SIAM DE WALYSTON CAPITULO GLASGUENSI.

OMNIBUS Christi fidelibus ad quos presentes litere pervenerint, ROBERTUS miseratione divina Glasguensis ecclesie minister humilis, salutem in Domino sempiternam; NOVERIT universitas vestra, Nos pro nobis et successoribus nostris, caritative Dedisse et Concessisse, Decano et Capitulo ecclesie nostre Glasguensis, Rectoriā ecclesie de Wallyston in proprios usus, ad augmentum communie sue in perpetuum tenendam et habendam, cuius Rectorie Jus Patronatus nobilis vir Dominus Willelmus de Moravia Dominus de Bothewyl Panetarius Scotie, ac tunc temporis verus patronus ejusdem ecclesie de Walistoun, eiusdem Decano et Capitulo, confensu nostro accidente, caritative contulit. IN CUJUS REI testimonium sigillum nostrum pre-

fentibus fecimus apponi: DATA apud Glasgu die Veneris in craftino Beati Georgii Martyris, anno Domini 1293.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera G.

Huic cartæ appensum est sigillum ipsius Roberti ex cera viridi durissima, integrum.

CARTA ROBERTI EPISCOPI GLASGUENSIS, SUPER CONVENTIONE INTER CAPITULUM ET WILLIELMUM DE MORAVIA
DE ECCLESIIS DE SMALHAM ET WALYSTON.

UNIVERSIS Sancte matris ecclesie filiis ad quos presentes litere pervenerint, ROBERTUS miseratione divina Glasguensis ecclesie minister humilis, salutem in Domino sempiternam; NOVERIT universitas vestra, quod cum inter nobilem virum Dominum Willielmum de Moravia Dominum de Bothevil Panetarium Scotie, ex parte una, et Decanum et Capitulum ecclesie nostre Glasguensis ex altera, super ecclesia de Smalham Sancti Andree dioecesis, diverse causa mote fuissent, et diutius agitate; ac dictæ partes super premissis ordinationi ac voluntati nostre se alte et basse supposuissent; Nos provida deliberatione prehabita, in modum qui sequitur ordinamus, viz. Quod dicti Decanus et Capitulum, totum jus quod habuerunt in dicta ecclesia de Smalham resignent; qua resignatione debite facta, volumus et ordinamus in hiis scriptis, quod dicti Decanus et Capitulum Rectoriam ecclesie de Waliston habeant in perpetuum; Quam Rectoriam eisdem Decano et Capitulo in proprios usus, tenore presentium pro Nobis et successoribus nostris caritative conferimus: Ordinamus etiam quod dicti Decanus et Capitulum, nomine Rectorie antedictæ, viginti marcas annuas in certis decimis garbarum antedictæ ecclesie de Waliston per Nos taxatarum, in augmentum communie sue, libere et pacifice percipient, sine aliqua contradictione. IN CUJUS REI testimonium sigillum nostrum presentibus fecimus apponi. DATA apud Glasgu die Veneris in craftino Beati Georgii Martyris anno Domini 1293.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera E.

MANDATUM ROBERTI EPISCOPI GLASGUENSIS DE INSTITUTIONE AD RECTORIAM DE WALLYSTON.

ROBERTUS miseratione divina Glasguensis ecclesie minister humilis, dilecto sibi in Christo Decano Christianitatis de Lanark, salutem, gratiam, et benedictionem: NOVERITIS Nos Rectoriam ecclesie de Walyston, de jure et de facto vacantem, per resignationem Magistrorum Willelmi de Wiltona quondam Rectoris ejusdem ecclesie, Decano et Capitulo ecclesie nostre Glasguensis, caritative contulisse; QUARE vobis firmiter precipiendo mandamus, quatenus Dominum Johannem de Bothevil capellananum, procuratorem dictorum Decani et Capituli, in dicta Rectoria nomine procuratorio instituatis, ipsumque in corporalem possessionem ejusdem inducatis et inductum defendatis, contradictores et rebelles per censuram ecclesiasticam compescendo. Et in signum hujus mandati nostri per vos plenius executi, presentibus sigillum officii vestri apponatis. IN CUJUS REI testimonium sigillum nostrum presentibus apposuimus. DATUM apud Glasgu die Veneris in crastino Beati Georgii Martiris, anno Domini 1293.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiæ Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera E.

OBLIGATIO WILLELMI DE MORAVIA DE CENTUM MARCIS STERLINGORUM CAPITULO GLASGUENSI SOLVENDIS.

OMNIBUS Christi fidelibus has literas vifuris vel audituris, WILLELMUS de Moravia Dominus de Bothevil, Panetarius Scotie, salutem in Domino sempiternam: NOVERITIS Nos teneri et fide media obligari, discretis viris Decano et Capitulo ecclesie Glasguensis, in centum mercis Sterlingorum bone et legalis monete, pro expensis factis per dictos Decanum et Capitulum, inter Nos et eosdem super ecclesia de Smalham dudum motis, per ordinationem venerabilis patris Domini R. Dei gratia Episcopi Glasguensis de consenuo nostro taxatis; Solvendis eisdem Decano et Capitulo apud Glasgu, infra quinquennium ad terminos subsequentes, scilicet, decem marcas ad festum Pentecostes anno gratie 1293, et alias decem marcas ad festum Sancti Martini hyemale, proximo sequens; et sic de anno in annum, et termino in terminum, quo usque dictæ centum marce eisdem plenarie fuerint perfolute. Ad cuiusquidem pecunie solutionem suis terminis ut predictum est faciendam, obliga-

mus Nos, heredes, succeſſoresque noſtros quoſcunq; et executores noſtros, et bona noſtra mobilia et immobilia; Subjicientes noſ, heredes, succeſſoresque noſtros et executores, et ſpecialiter in hoc ſaēto, jurisdictioni et cohercioni Domini Glasguenſis Epifcopi, et aliorum ipfius ecclie ordinariorum qui pro tempore fuerint, ut ipſi conjuſtim et diuiſim, noſ, heredes, succeſſoresque noſtros et executores ad ſolutiones antedictas faciendas, per censuram eccleſiaſticam poſſint ſeu poſit compellere, fine aliqua contradictione. IN CUJUS REI teſtimoniuſ ſigillum noſtrum hiis litteris appoſuimus, ac ſigillum predicti Domini R. Dei gratia Epifcopi Glasguenſis eisdem apponi procuravimus. DATA apud Glasgu, die Veneris proxima ante festum Sancti Marci Evangelife, anno 1293.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclie Glasguenſis apud in pyxide lignea ſub litera E.

Huic cartae appenſa ſunt duo figilla, primum ipfius Willelmi ex cera alba multum attritum, ſecundum Roberti Epifcopi Glasguenſis.

CARTA ROBERTI EPISCOPI GLASGUENSIS, SUPER CONVENTIONE INTER DECANUM ET CAPITULUM GLASGUENSE ET WILLELMUM DE MORAVIA.

OMNIBUS Sancte matris ecclie filiis, has literas viſuris vel audituris, ROBERTUS miſeratione divina Glasguenſis ecclie minister humilis, falutem in vero falutari, NOTUM vobis facimus, quod cum de ordinatione inter Decanum et Capitulum ecclie Glasguenſis ex una parte, et nobilem virum Dominum Willelmum de Moravia Dominum de Bothewil ex altera, de partium conſenſu per nos facta, ratione controverſie inter ipfas partes, ſuper ecclie de Smalham mote, viginti marce in certis decimis parochie ecclie de Wallifton, et tres acre de terra ipfius ecclie, dictis Decano et Capitulo nomine Rectorie ejusdem ecclie reſtarent affignanda: Nos provida deliberatione prehabita, omnes garbas decimales tam de villa de Elgirig, ubiunque prope vel longe exiſtentes, quam de Dominio dicti Domini Willelmi de Wallifton [Moravia?] prout aliquo tempore majus fuit quam pro dictis viginti marciſ ſecundum communem estimationem, taxamus prefatis Decano et Capitulo, nomine Rectorie predicta ecclie de Wallifoun, in augmentum communie ſue in perpetuum affignamus, ab omni onere, pure, libere, et quiete, fine alicujus contradictione percipiendas, affignamus; Et eisdem Decano et Capitulo tres acras terre ejusdem verſus orientem in longum ſituatas, que verſus aufrum propinquias adja-

cent Dominico dicti Domini Willelmi, per certos fines limitate, ad usus suos, ab omni onere libere et quiete perpetuo tenendas et habendas; Ita quod residui fructus dictæ ecclesie, tam maiores quam minores, in usus vicarii in dicta ecclesia defervientis, et omnia onera dictæ ecclesie sumbeuntis, cedant et convertentur; Cujus vicarii presentationem ad Dominum Willelmum antedictum et ejus successores in perpetuum volumus pertinere. IN quarum decimarum superius nominatarum, ac trium aclararum terre, corporalem possessionem, procurator dictorum Decani et Capituli eorum nomine fecimus induci. IN CUJUS REI sic geste testimonium, sigillum nostrum ad perpetuam memoriam habendam, huic scripto fecimus apponi. DATA apud Glasgu die Mercurii proxima post festum Beati Laurentii Martiris, anno Domini 1293.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiæ Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera E.

CARTA ADAMI ABBATIS ET CONVENTUS DE KILVYNNYNE,
SUPER CONCESSIONE JURIS PATRONATUS DE LIBERTON
GLASGUENSI ECCLESIAE.

UNIVERSIS et singulis presentes litteras visuris vel audituris, ADAM, permisso di-
vina, Abbas monasterii de Kylvynne, ordinis Sancti Benedicti, Glasguensis dioce-
eos, ac ejusdem loci conventus, salutem in omnium Salvatore. NOVERITIS Nos in ho-
norem Dei et Sancti Kentigerni confessoris, ac ad augmentationem divini cultus
ecclesie Glasguensis, in Capitulo nostro super hoc diversis vicibus congregato, so-
lenni tractatu prehabito, Dediisse, Concessisse, et per nostras presentes literas Con-
firmasse, Deo et Beato Kentegerno, Decano et Capitulo dictæ ecclesie Glasguensis,
jus patronatus ecclesie parochialis de Libertoun dictæ dioceos Glasguensis; ac
totum jus presentationis, ordinationis, seu cuiuscunque alterius dispositionis, quod
nobis et dicto monasterio nostro de jure et consuetudine dinoſcitur pertinere; Tenen-
dum et habendum dictum jus patronatus dictæ ecclesie de Libertoun, prefatis De-
cano et Capitulo ecclesie Glasguensis, cum omnibus juribus suis et pertinentiis ut
premittitur in perpetuum. IN CUJUS REI testimonium sigillum nostri commune
Capituli presentibus est appensum, Apud monasterium nostrum de Kilwynyne,
vigefimo quarto die mensis Junii anno Domini 1429.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiæ Glasguensis apud in pyxide linea sub litera G.

Hujus cartæ sigillum amissum est.

INSTRUMENTUM SUPER UNIONE ECCLESIAE PAROCHIALIS DE
LIBERTOUN, COMMUNIBUS DISTRIBUTIONIBUS CAPITULI
GLASGUENSIS.

IN DEI NOMINE, AMEN. Anno ab incarnatione ejusdem 1429, mensis Julij die vigesima sexta, indictione septima, Pontificatus Sanctissimi in Christo patris et Domini nostri Domini Martini divina providentia pape quinti, anno duodecimo. In mei notarii publici et testium subscriptorum presentia, Reverendus in Christo pater et Dominus, Dominus Johannes miseratione divina Episcopus Glasguensis, considerans ut afferuit, fructus, redditus, et proventus communibus distributionibus canonicorum dictæ ecclesie, in dicta civitate Glasguensi residentium, esse nimis debiles et exiles, cum consensu et assensu Capituli dictæ sue ecclesie Glasguensis, ecclesiam parochialem de Lybyrtoun dioceos Glasguensis nunc vacantem, per liberam, puram, et simplicem resignationem venerabilis viri Magistri Johannis de Vaux Canonici dictæ ecclesie Glasguensis, ac ultimi Rectoris ipsius ecclesie de Libyrtoun, in manibus dicti Domini Episcopi factam; cuius ecclesie presentatio ad Decanum et Capitulum ipsius ecclesie Glasguensis pleno jure dinoscitur pertinere, in quantum in ipso Domino Episcopo fuit, univit dictis communibus distributionibus Canonicorum predicatorum, qui in dicta civitate futuris temporibus residebunt, ad augmentationem communium distributionum eorundem. SUPER qua quidem unione sic facta, dictus Dominus Episcopus petiit a me notario fieri publicum instrumentum. ACTA fuerunt hec in ecclesia cathedrali Glasguensi, coram altari Beate Marie Virginis Domine nostre, in ecclesia inferiori, Canonicis ibidem capitulo congregatis, anno, mensē, die, indictione, et pontificatu quibus supra; PRESENTIBUS discretis viris Dominis Thoma Marescalli et Gilberto de Park, vicario et rectore ecclesiarum de Kylwynne et Colbwantoun prefatae dioceos Glasguensis, Testibus ad premissa vocatis et specialiter requisitis.

Et Ego Johannes de Hawyk Presbiter Glasguensis dioceos, publicus autoritate imperiali notarius, dictæ unioni dum sic ut premittitur ageretur, &c.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiæ Glasguensis apud in pyxide linea sub litera G.

By a deed, dated 5th Kalendas Februarij anno 1228, Walter Bishop of Glasgow taxes certain vicarages of parishes belonging to the Monastery of Holyroodhouse, and among these is

CRAWFURD, que estimata est ad viginti marcas; vicarius percipiat centum solidatas, salvo statu Yvonis capellani nunc instituti.

There is in the register of Holyroodhouse confirmations of this and other churches situated in the Bishopric of Glasgow, in favour of that convent, by Jocelin, Ingelram, and Walter, Bishops of Glasgow.

CARTA ALANI FILII FUNDATORIS, MOLENDINI DE PASSELET MONACHIS DE PAISLEY.

Chartul.
Pasletere.

OMNIBUS, &c. ALANUS filius Walteri fundatoris, Dapifer regis Scotiæ, salutem. SCIATIS, &c. Dedisse, &c. Molendinum meum de Passelet, cum sua plenaria fecta, in feudum firmam tenendum imperpetuo, de me et heredibus meis; Reddendo inde singulis annis, michi et heredibus meis, quatuor celdras farinæ avenarum, et quatuor celdras et dimidiam brafæ avenarum; ad eandem mensuram, ad quam alii reddere consueverunt. Concessi etiam eis unum messuagium ad mansionem molendinarii faciendam. Hæc itaque est finalis compositio ideo, inter nos ita facta; Ut ego et heredes mei sumus quieti de decimis omnium molendinorum nostrorum: et Henricus de Nes quietus sit de multura sua et hominum suorum; Et predicta redditio, scilicet, de farina et brafœ persolvetur ad vincula Sancti Petri. His TESTIBUS, Wilemo Episcopo Sancti Andreeæ, Roberto Archidiacono Tevidaliæ, Herbereto Decano, Henrico de Cormanok, Thoma Thancard, Roberto Croc, Alano filio suo, Henrico de Nes, Alano filio suo, et multis aliis.

CARTA ALANI DAPIFERI, FILII FUNDATORIS, MONACHIS DE PASSELET.

Chartul. Paslet. OMNIBUS, &c. ALANUS filius Walteri Fundatoris, Dapifer regis Scotiæ, &c. Dedisse, &c. Pro acquietatione decimi denarii reddituum meorum imperpetuum, illas quinque marcas argenti quas monachi de Melros solebant reddere michi annuatim de Maphelim; Et ego et heredes mei erimus quieti imperpetuum apud illos de decimo denario reddituum nostrorum; Et ipsi monachi de Melros erunt liberi erga

me et heredes meos de firma ipsorum denariorum, et respondebunt amodo monachis de Passelet de ipsis denariis: **L**ibertas autem foresti de Maphelim remanebit michi et heredibus meis, prefatis monachis de Passelet tantum denarios quos ego dictis monachis de Melros percipi imperpetuum recepturis: **H**uius **T**ESTIBUS Wilelmo Episcopo Sancti Andreæ, Osberto Abbe de Kelkou, Roberto Croc, Magistro Alwyn, Alano de Mungumri, Willelmo de Passelet, Henrico de Nes, Alano filio suo, Ranulfo de Ketkert, Wilelmo filio Maudi, et aliis testibus.

**CARTA ALANI FILII WALTERI FUNDATORIS, MONACHIS DE
PASSELET, TERRÆ INTER KERT ET GRYFE.**

SCIANT presentes et futuri, quod ego **A**LANUS filius Walteri, Dapifer regis Scotiæ, Concedo, et hac mea carta Confirmo Domui meæ de Passelet, et monachis ibidem Deo servientibus et imperpetuum servituris: **D**onationem illam quam Henricus de Sancto Martino eis fecit, per confilium meum, et voluntatem, et consensum **G**ilberti filii sui et heredis, de tota terra sua inter Kert et Grif, in liberam et perpetuam elemosinam eis semper habenda; Ita plene et integre, sicut idem Henricus dictam terram plenius et integrius tenuit, vel tenere debuit ex dono Walteri filii Alani patris mei; **P**RETEREA ego ipse, pro anima regis David, et pro anima regis Malcolmi, et pro anima patris mei Walteri, et matris meæ Eschinæ, et pro salute Domini nostri Willelmi regis Scotiæ et heredum suorum, et pro salute mei ipsius et heredum meorum, Dono, Concedo, et hac mea carta Confirmo, eidem Domui de Passelet; et monachis ibidem Deo servientibus, ecclesiam de Kingaif in insula de Bote, cum omnibus capellis et tota parochia ejusdem insulæ; Et cum tota terra quam Sanctus Blanus sicut dicitur olim cinxit a mari usque ad mare, per metas certas et apparentes; Ita libere et quiete sicut aliqua ecclesia in toto regno Scotiæ tenetur, liberius et quietius: **H**uius **T**ESTIBUS Waltero de Coftentin, Nigello fratre ejusdem, Roberto filio Fulberti, Petro fratre ejusdem, Galfrido de Coftentin, Rolando de Merins, Rogerio de Nes, Macolmo Lockart, et multis aliis.

**CARTA REGINALDI FILII SOMERLED DOMINI DE INCHEGALL,
DE UNO DENARIO EX QUALIBET DOMO IN TERRA SUA, DE
QUIBUS EXIT FUMUS, MONACHIS DE PASSELET.**

SCIANT omnes tam presentes quam futuri quod ego **R**EGINALDUS filius Sumerled,

Dominus de Inchegall, factus sum frater, et uxor mea Fonia foror, in Capitulo Domus de Passelet, et in toto ordine Cluniacensi: Et ego verus frater et bonus amicus predictis monachis fratribus meis de Passelet in perpetuum mansurus, cum heredibus meis et hominibus meis. Testimonia sigilli mei Concessi eis, me daturum sibi, pro salute mea et uxor meæ, et heredum meorum et hominum, in hoc anno octo boves, et duos denarios ex qualibet domo unde fumus exit. Et post hunc annum, singulis annis, unum denarium ex qualibet domo tocius terræ meæ unde fumus exit dabo illis, et post me heredes mei dabunt, aut maledictionem meam habebunt, nisi promptissime dederint. PRETEREA UXOR MEA FONIA CONCESSIT EIS SE DATURAM ILLIS IN ELEMOSINAM, DECIMAM OMNIVM RERUM QUE SIBI DEUS DEDERIT; Scilicet, tam ex ipsis que apud se retinere voluerit, quam ex illis que per terram vel mare, ad vendendum imperpetuum miserit: Et quia ego et heredes mei participes fumus, et imperpetuum erimus, omnium bonorum que in domo de Passelet, et in toto ordine fiunt, vel imperpetuum fiunt, tam in orationibus quam in ceteris divinis servitutis obsequiis; Dedi eis et Concessi, et hoc presenti scripto, auctoritate sigilli mei roborato Confirmavi, pacem meam et omnium heredum meorum et hominum, cum manutentimento bone fraternitatis ubicunque ipsis vel homines eorum fuerint vel venerint, in terra vel in mari; Supplicans amicis meis et precipiens omnibus hominibus meis, ut ubicunque invenerint predictos monachos fratres meos, aut eorum homines, ipsos manuteneant, et in suis auxilientur negotiis, scientes pro certo, quod per Sanctum Columbam, si aliquis heredum meorum eis malefecerit, maledictionem meam habebit; Vel si quid mali forte ab hominibus meis, vel ab aliis de quibus eos vindicare potero, sibi vel suis factum fuerit, mortis pena punientur. HII TESTIBUS Ameleo filio Gillemcolmi, Gillemcolmo filio Gilmichel, Mau-
ricio Capellano meo, et multis aliis ibi tunc presentibus.

CARTA DOVENALDI FILII REGINALDI FILII SUMERLED, DE
UNO DENARIO CAPIENDO EX QUALIBET DOMO IN TERRA
SUA UNDE FUMUS EXIT, MONACHIS DE PASSELETO.

SCIANT omnes tam presentes quam futuri, Quod ego DOVENALDUS filius Reginaldi filii Sumerled, factus sum frater, et uxor mea foror, in Capitulo domus de Passelet, et in toto ordine Cluniacensi; Et ego verus frater et bonus amicus predictis monachis fratribus de Passelet, et imperpetuum mansurus, cum heredibus meis et hominibus meis quibus fraternitatem predicta domus, et participationem orationum et omnium beneficiorum tocius ordinis Cluniacensis a jam dictis monachis adquisivi;

Conceffi eis me daturum fibi, testimonio sigilli mei, octo vaccas pro salute mea et uxoris mee [et heredum meorum et hominum, et duos denarios ex qualibet domo unde fumus exit. Et post hunc annum singulis annis, unum denarium, ex qualibet domo unde fumus exit*] vel qualibet anno pro ipsis denariis octo vaccas. Et quia ego et heredes mei et homines mei participes fumus, et imperpetuum erimus, omnium bonorum que in domo de Passelet, et in toto ordine fiunt, vel imperpetuum fiunt, tam in orationibus quam in ceteris divine servitutis obsequiis; Dedi eis et Conceffi, et hoc presenti scripto, auctoritate sigilli mei Confirmavi, firmam pacem meam et omnium heredum meorum et hominum meorum, cum manutencimento bone fraternitatis ubicunque ipsis vel homines eorum fuerint aut venerint in terra vel in mari; Supplicans amicis meis, et precipiens omnibus hominibus meis, ut ubicunque invenerint predictos monachos fratres meos, aut eorum homines, ipsos manuteneant, et in suis auxilientur negotiis: Scientes pro certo, quod per Sanctum Columbam, si quid mali forte ab hominibus meis, vel ab aliis de quibus eos vindicare potero, fibi vel suis factum fuerit, mortis pena punientur. Et notandum quod ubicunque ego vel heredes mei, aut aliqui ex hominibus meis mortui fuerimus in terra vel in mari, predicti monachi orabunt pro nobis imperpetuum, ut salvi simus, et per totum ordinem Cluniacensem orationes pro nobis fieri facient. Huius TESTIBUS, Ameleo filio Gilcolmi, Gilcolmo filio Gilmichel, Mauricio Capellano, et multis aliis ex propriis hominibus meis.

CARTA DIMIDIE MARCE, ET UNIUS DENARII ANNUATIM DE
SINGULIS DOMIBUS DE QUIBUS FUMUS EXIT IN TERRA
ANGUS FILII DOVENALDI.

SCIANT omnes tam presentes quam futuri quod ego ANGUS filius Dovenaldi, verus frater et amicus Domus de Passelet, ad exemplum avi mei et patris mei, Dedi, Conceffi, et hac presenti carta mea Confirmavi, Deo et Monasterio de Passelet, et monachis ibidem Deo ferventibus, in puram et perpetuam elemosinam, dimidiā marcam argenti de domo mea propria et heredum meorum annuatim; Et de singulis domibus per omnes terras meas de quibus fumus exit, unum denarium singulis annis imperpetuum: Dedi etiam et Conceffi dictis monachis et hominibus suis firmam pacem meam et heredum et hominum meorum, cum manutencimento bone fraternitatis ubicunque fuerint aut venerint per potestatem nostram, in terra

* This omitted in the copy in the Advocates' Library. It is supplied from the preceding charter.

vel in mari, supplicans amicis meis, et precipiens omnibus hominibus meis, super meam plenariam forisfacturam, ut ubicunque invenerint predictos monachos fratres meos, aut eorum homines, ipsos manuteneant, et in suis auxilientur negotiis: Et si dicti monachi, vel eorum homines litteras abbatis vel conventus deferentes ad partes nostras causa pescandi, aliquando venire voluerint; Dedi et Concessi eisdem licentiam et facultatem pescandi ubique in potestate mea et heredum meorum, pro sue voluntatis arbitrio; Cum omnibus aisiamentis terre mee et heredum meorum congruentibus pescature et pescatoribus. IN CUJUS REI testimonium prefenti scripto sigillum meum apposui; His TESTIBUS Alexandro fratre meo, Ferchardo de Buit, Duncano fratre suo, Throfino, Gilberto filio Samuelis, Petro Clerico, Henrico Russel, Thoma Piftore, Wilelmo de Stragrif, Laurencio Clerico et multis aliis.

**COPIA DONATIONIS ET ECIAM CONFIRMATIONIS ECCLESIE
SANCTI QUERANI IN KENTYIR, MONACHIS DE PASSELET.**

VENERABILI patri in Christo Domino Laurencio Dei gracia Ergadiensi Episcopo, ceterisque Christi fidelibus, ad quorum aspectum prefens scriptum pervenerit; JACOBUS Senecallus Scociae, Dominus Robertus Thesaurarius ecclesie Glasguensis, Magister Thomas Nicholayus Subdecanus ejusdem loci, et Magister Alexander Kenedi Canonicus ejusdem ecclesie, salutem in Domino sempiternam; QUIA peccatum est mendacio sentire, et veritati testimonium subtrahere, ne falsitas prevalat veritati, vel iniquitas prejudicet equitat, universitati vestre presentibus significamus, Nos inspexisse cartam Domini Engus filii Dovenaldi super Sancti Querani in Kentyir; Necnon et confirmationes venerabilium patrum Dominorum Alani et Laurencii Ergadiensium Episcoporum super eadem ecclesia, religiosis viris abbatii et conventui de Passelet concessas et roboratas, non rasas, non abolitas nec in aliqua parte viciatas in hec verba. "OMNIBUS Christi fidelibus tam presentibus quam futuris, Engus filius Dovenaldi, eternam in Domino salutem; SCIATIS me intuitu pietatis, et pro salute Domini mei Alexandri illustris regis Scocie, et pro salute Alexandri filii ejus, et pro salute mea propria et heredum meorum, Dedisse, Concessisse et hac carta mea Confirmasse, Deo et Sancto Jacobo et Sancto Mirino, monasterio de Passelet, et monachis ibidem Deo servientibus et imperpetuum servitibus, ecclesiam [quae] Sancti Querani in terra mea de Kintyir appellatur; Tenendum et habendam in liberam, puram, et perpetuam elemosinam, cum omnibus justis pertinenciis suis, ita libere et quiete, sicut aliqua ecclesia tenetur et possidetur liberius et quietius in regno Scocie, ex donatione Comitis vel Baronis habentis

Jus Patronatus in ecclesiis. **HIS TESTIBUS** Domino Alano Deneſſ [de Nes?] milite, Ferchardo filio Nigelli de Buya, Dovenaldo Clerico de Kildufbenin, Gilhis Macdunſith, Kennauch Macgilruth, Gilleschop nuncio, et aliis."

DONATIO ECCLESIE SANCTI QUERANI IN KENTYIR PER
ALEXANDRUM DE HYLE.

OMNIBUS Christi fidelibus prefens scriptum visuris vel audituris, **ALEXANDER** de **HYLE** filius et heres Domini Engusii filii Dovenaldi Domini de Hyle, salutem in Domino sempiternam; **NOVERIT** universitas vestra me inspexisse et palpassé cartam Domini patris mei, non ratam [rafam] non obolitam, nec in aliqua parte sui vicatam vel reprehensibilem in hec verba. “**OMNIBUS** Christi fidelibus tam presentibus quam futuris, Engus filius Dovenaldi, eternam in Domino salutem: **SCIATIS** me, intuitu pietatis, et pro salute Domini mei Alexandri illustris regis Scocie, [et cetera omnia de verbo ad verbum ut prescribitur, usque ad illud, Habentis jus patronatus in ecclesiis.] Hanc siquidem donationem, concessionem, et confirmationem ratam et firmam habere volens imperpetuum, cum sigillo meo duxi roborandum: Et nichilominus ex abundanti, ut omnis materia controversie tollatur de cetero, predictis monachis prenominatam ecclesiam, sicut scriptum est in omnibus Do, Concedo, et presenti scripto Confirmo. Et ne ceca depereat oblivione aliquo tempore, quod per me pia devotione gestum est et recognitum, prefens scriptum sigillo meo, una cum sigillo Domini Laurencii Dei gratia Ergadiensis Episcopi, et Domini Roberti Brus Comitis de Carryc, gratia majoris testimonii roborari procuravi: **HIS TESTIBUS** Domino Patricio Dei gratia Abbatte Monasterii de Crofraigl, Domino Roberto Brus Comite de Carryc, Roberto filio ejusdem et herede, Domino Roberto Anglico milite, Domino Mauricio Vicario de Aran, Patricio Clerico de Kentyir, Domino Nicholao Monacho de Crofragal, et aliis.

DONATIO ECCLESIE SANCTI QUERANI PER ALANUM EPISCOPUM.

ALANUS Dei gratia Ergadiensis Episcopus, omnibus Christi fidelibus tam presentibus quam futuris, ad quorum noticiam prefens scriptum pervenerit, eternam in Domino salutem. **INSPEXIMUS** cartam nobilis viri Engus filii Dovenaldi super ecclesia de Kelkeran in Kentyir, quam contulit intuitu pietatis, abbatu et conventui de Passleſet, et eorum monasterio, in liberam et perpetuam elemosinam, cum omni-

bus iustis pertinenciis suis, longe antequam Nos ad curam ecclesie Ergadiensis vocati fuimus et electi. Nos igitur attendentes hospitalitatem, et alia opera misericordie que in dicto monasterio fiunt et crescunt quotidie, dictam ecclesiam de Kelkeran, cum omnibus iustis pertinenciis suis, auctoritate Episcopali Concedimus et Confirmamus, in proprios usus cum vacaverit convertendam, ita libere et quiete tenendam et habendam imperpetuum, sicut aliquas ecclesias fibi in proprios usus datas et concessas tenent et possident liberius et quietius; Salva quarta parte ejusdem ecclesie ad mensam Episcopalem pertinente; Et salvis Episcopalis in omnibus, de quibus dicti abbas et conventus facient nobis et successoribus nostris respondere, et dictae ecclesie honeste et debite serviri. IN CUJUS REI testimonium hoc scriptum Concessionis et Confirmationis nostre, sigilli nostri impressione fecimus communiri. HUIS TESTIBUS Magistro Henrico Rectore ecclesie de Cuthquen, Johanne de Sancto Andrea, Rectore ecclesie de Dulfinston, Magistro Ambrofio organista, Magistro Godefrido de Wintonia, Philippo et Johanne Capellani, Roberto et Ricardo Clericis nostris, et multis aliis. DATUM apud Passelet die Sanctorum Martyrii Cosmi et Damiani, anno gracie millefimo ducentesimo quinquagesimo tertio. [1253.]

ORDINATIO EPISCOPI DE SOLVENDO PETRAM FERRI MONASTERIO DE PASSELET DE ECCLESIA DE KILKERRAN.

OMNIBUS Christi fidelibus hoc scriptum visuris vel audituris, ALANUS Dei gratia Episcopus Ergadiensis, salutem in Domino; SCIATIS quod cum Malcolmus Rector ecclesie Sancti Querani in Kentyir, quam nobilis vir Dominus Engus filius Dovenaldi ejusdem ecclesie verus patronus, monasterio de Passelet et monachis ibidem Deo servientibus et perpetualiter servituri, contulit, intuitu caritatis, de consensu et voluntate ejusdem nobilis viri, in tempore predecessoris nostri, se obligasset ad solvendum annuatim de predicta ecclesia, predicto monasterio, pensionem unius ponderis ferri, quod petra vulgariter appellatur; nec tamen plenarie persolvisset; propter quod in causam trahebatur coram judicibus delegatis; Postmodum sue inobedientie et inconstantie penitens, de predicta pensionis solutione minus completa, humiliter satifsecit; Ac prestito corporali super sacrosanctis evangelii sacramento, se nostre ordinationi super annua pensione predicto monasterio solvenda; necnon abbas et conventus ejusdem loci superposuerunt. Nos vero quia dictus Malcolmus primam quam promiferat pensionem sicut debuit non persolvit, ita duximus ordinandum, scilicet, quod idem Malcolmus, monasterio de Passelet de predicta ecclesia sua, libram cere vel fex denarios annuatim persolvet apud Passelet

infra tempus Nundinarum de Glasgu, nomine pensionis, et quod ab omni actione ac lite mota et que posset moveri per abbatem et conventum de Passelet, dictum Malcolmum usque ad diem hujus ordinationis, ratione pensionis minime persolute remaneat absolutum. IN CUJUS ordinationis testimonium, prefens scriptum sigilli nostri munimine fecimus roborari. DATUM apud Ar die Purificationis Beatae Mariæ anno gracie millesimo ducentesimo sexagesimo primo. IN CUJUS REI testimonium prefens scriptum sigillis nostris, una cum figillo officialitatis curie Glasguensis, gratia majoris testimonii fecimus roborari. [1261.]

LITERA JOHANNIS COMITIS DE ROSS CONVENTUI DE PASSELET, PENES ECCLESIAS INFRA SUAS BONDAS.

JOHANNES DE YLE, Comes Rossie et Dominus insularum, universis et singulis ad quorum noticias presentes litere pervenerint, salutem in omnium salvatore; NOVERIT universitas vestra Nos dimisisse, neconon per presentes libere, quiete, et pacifice dimittimus, venerabilibus et religiosis viris abbatii et conventui de Passleto presentium conservatoribus, ob reverentiam, gloriam, et honorem omnipotentis Dei, ac beatissime Virginis Marie matris ejus, et Sancti Mirini, omniumque Sanctorum, rectorias ecclesie Sancti Kylkeran et Colmaneli in Kyntyir et Knapdale, Ergadiensis dioecesis; per predecessores nostros eisdem pro salute animarum ipsarum et nostra concessis temporibus retroactis, sicut in cartis super hoc confectis plenius continetur; Permittentes eisdem abbatii et conventui, dictas Rectorias assidare et de eisdem libere disponere et providere futuris temporibus, sicut eis melius videbitur expedire; Atque mandantes firmiter et districte, universis et singulis nostris hominibus, quatenus prefatis Domino abbatii et conventui, aut eorum procuratoribus in hac parte, in assidatione dictarum ecclesiarum nullum impedimentum prestare presumant, sub pena omni que erga nostram donationem amittere poterint quovis modo. IN CUJUS REI testimonium nostrum sigillum presentibus est affixum. DATA apud Cleandaghallagan in Knapdale xxi die mensis Maij anno Domini millesimo quadringentesimo quinquagesimo quinto. [1455.]

CONFIRMATIO PER CURIAM OFFICIALATUS GLASGUENSIS,
CARTÆ WALTERI SENESCALLI SCOTIÆ DE ECCLESIA DE
LARGIS, MONACHIS DE PASSELET.

UNIVERSIS presentes literas inspecturis officialatus curie Glasguensis, eternam in Domino salutem. NOTUM vobis facimus, Nos cartam nobilis viri Domini Walteri Senescalli Scocie, non cancellatam, non abolitam, nec in aliqua sui parte viciatam, figilli sui munimine roboratan, tenoris et continencie subsequentis inspexisse "UNIVERSIS sancte matris ecclesie filiis presentem cartam visuris vel audituris, WALTERUS Senescallus Scocie, eternam in Domino salutem. NOVERITIS me, caritatis intuitu, et pro salute anime mee et Marjorie quondam sponsæ mee; necnon et pro salute antecessorum meorum et omnium fidelium defunctorum, Dediſe, Concessiſe, et hac presenti carta mea Confirmasse, Deo et Sancto Mirrino et Sancte Milburge de Passeleto, et omnibus sanctis, et monachis ibidem Deo servientibus et imperpetuum servituris, ecclesiam de Largis in puram et perpetuam elemosinam; cum omnibus decimis, obvencionibus, oblationibus, et fructibus quibuscumque ad dictam ecclesiam pertinentibus vel quoquomodo aut jure pertinere valentibus, a die obitus Domini Willielmi de Lyndesay Rectoris ejusdem ecclesie, vel a die resignacionis, promotionis, seu cessionis ejusdemcumque, et fine annalis ejusdem, usque in sempiternum; Cum tota terra predictæ ecclesie pertinente, in qua dicta ecclesia, a tempore a quo non extat memoria erat dotata et sayfita; Et cum omnibus aliis commoditatibus et asiamentis ad eandem ecclesiam juste pertinentibus. Tenendam et habendam dictam ecclesiam, cum omnibus libertatibus et asiamentis, tam non nominatis quam nominatis, predictis monachis et eorum successoribus, in puram et perpetuam elemosinam adeo libere, quiete, pacifice, et honorifice a die obitus dicti Domini Willielmi resignacionis, promotionis, seu cessionis ejusdemcumque et fine sui annalis, sicut aliqua ecclesia, cum pertinentiis, aliquibus religiosis in regno Scocie, per aliquem patronum, liberius, quietius, et honorificentius, in puram et perpetuam elemosinam datur seu confirmatur, vel dari poterit aliquo tempore, vel Confirmari. Ego Walterus et heredes mei, prenominatam ecclesiam de Largys cum omnibus suis pertinentiis iustis tam non nominatis quam nominatis, predictis religiosis et eorum successoribus, in perpetuum warantizabimus, acquietabimus, et plenarie defendemus contra omnes homines et feminas. IN CUJUS REI testimonium, presentem cartam figilli mei impressione munivi, HIIS TESTIBUS videlicet, Dominis Jacobo de Cunyngham, Malcolmo Flandrenci, et Alano de Galfrit militibus; Gillifeo de Estwod,

Roberto Sympil, Ada filio Huctredi et aliis multis. IN CUJUS REI testimonium ad requisicionem dictorum abbatis et conventus, sigillum officii nostri presentibus apposuimus. DATUM apud Paisleyn trigesimo die Januarij anno Domini m°. ccc^{mō}. decimo octavo. [1318.] .

1491. Feb. 10.

BEFORE the Lordis auditouris, comperit George Abbot of Paistlay and proteftit, that fen the burges and communite of Ranfrew had fummound him unordourly & nocht this divers tymmes, & caufit him to mak gret expens & coftis, that tharfor thai fuld refound and pay his coftis and expens or thai war hard in jugement aganis him.

Records of Parliament.

IN the actioun and caufs perfewit be the bailzeis, burges, and communite of the burgh of Ranfrew, aganis Johne of Quhitefurde bailze to the abbot of Paiftlay, for the wrangwis spoliatioun and takin fra thaim of certane poyndis & stresis fra the officiaris of the said burgh of Ranfrew, quhilkis thai haid takin for our Soverane Lordis custume of certane gudis, as is contenit in the summondis, baith the saidis partiis beand present be thaimself & thair procuratouris; Beaufs it wes allegit be the procuratouris of the said Johne of Quhitefurde, that the abbot and convent of Paiftlay fuld werrand him anent the takin of the said gudis, beaufs he did it as bailze to thaim, the Lordis auditouris tharfore affignis to the said John the xviii day of Junii nixt to cum with continuatioun of dais, to call his said werrand, & to charge the said abbot and convent, to bring sic richtis and evidensis as thai will use for thaim in the said mater; & baith the partiis are summond be thaimself and thair procuratouris *apud acta*; & contenewis the summondis, &c. in the meynnym to the said day, in the sammyn form and effect as it now is, but prejudice of partiis.

XIII JUNIJ SEDERUNT DOMINI AUDITORES EXCEPTIS ABBATE Acta Auditorum in Libris Parliamenti.

DE SCONA ET DOMINO GLAMMIS. [1493.]

IN the actioun and caufs perfewit on the behalf of our soverane Lord, and the bailzeis, burges and communite of Ranfrew on the ta parte, aganis Alane Stewart & Johne of Quhitefurde bailzeis for the tyme to a venerable faider in God, George abbot of Paiftlay on the tothir parte; for the defrauding of our soverane Lord in his custumez, and usurping apoun the privelegis & fridomez of the said burgh, & takin fra the custumaris & officiaris of the said burgh of the gudis pondit & takin

be thaim for thair custumes in the toun of Paftlay; That is to say, a quarter of beif takin for a penny custum; a cabok of cheifs takin for a halfpenny of custum, a wynd of quhite clraith for a penny of custum. Baith the saidis partiis beand present be thaimself and thar procuratouris; & the said abbot of Paftlay comperand for his interefs, the charteris, richtis, and reffonis of the saidis partiis at lenth sene hard & undirstanding, The Lordis auditouris tharwith rippily avilis, decretis and deliveris, that the saidis Alane and Johne has done na fraud to our soverane Lord, nor usurpit apoun the privileg of the said burgh, in the taking fra the custumaris & officiaris of the said burgh of Ranfrew, of the saidis poindis takin be thaim in Paftlay; Beacaus the said toun and landis of Paftlay ar creat in ane fre barony & regalite, as wes previt be a Charter under King Robertis grate sefe of the date precedand the infestment maid to the said toun of Ranfrew: And als becaus the said toun of Ranfrew is privelegiit bot of the landis within thar burgh and the barony of Ranfrew.

LITERA EXAMINATIONIS DE TERRA MONACH-KENNARAN IN JUSTE ALIENATA.

INTENTIO Abbatis et Conventus de Passelet est probare, quod tota illa terra de Monach-Kennaran, super amnem de Clud, injuste in Gilbertum filium Samuelis alienata est; quia de jure ad ecclesiam eorum de Kylpatrik debet pertinere; unde petunt ipsum Gilbertum a dicta terra amoveri, et eandem terram ad jus et proprietatem dictae ecclesie legitime revocari. **P**RIMA produc^{tio} testium per abbatem et conventum contra dictum Gilbertum, die lune proxima ante festum Sancti Mathei, in parochiali ecclesia de Yrewin, anno gratie millesimo ducentesimo tricesimo tertio. **A**LEXANDER FILIUS HUGONIS juratus dicit, quod sexaginta annis et eo amplius elapsis, vidit quandam nomine Bede ferdan, habitantem in quadam domo magna fabricata de virgis, juxta ecclesiam de Kylpatick versus orientem, et tenuit illam terram de Monach-Kennaran quam Gilbertus filius Samuelis nunc tenet. Interrogatus, cuius nomine dictam terram possedit, dicit quod tantum nomine ecclesie, nullum aliud servitium faciendo pro dicta terra, nisi tantummodo recipiendo et pascendo hospites illic venientes. Dicit etiam, quod cum puer esset, aliquando receptus est ibi cum patre suo sicut hospes; et quod dictus Beda eodem jure et servitio tenuit terram de Cultbuthe et de Duntechglunane. **T**HOMAS GASKEL juratus dicit, quod vidit dictum Bedam ferdan manentem in eadem domo, in terra ecclesie Sancti Patricii sita, tenentem easdem terras, eodem modo, eodem jure, et idem servitium faciendo, sicut Alexander testatus est: Addidit etiam, quod vidit postmo-

dum Cristinum filium dicti Bede possidentem easdem terras, eodem jure quo pater eius possidebat: Et quod totalis terra ecclesie divisa erat in quatuor partes, quarum unam partem dictus Beda ferdan possebat; et tres alii tres alias partes, quorum quilibet nomine ecclesie respondebat hospitibus inter se divisis. Requisitus de tempore, dicit quod plusquam quadraginta anni elapsi sunt, quia ibidem nutritus est ab infantia. Interrogatus que alie terre pertinent ad ecclesiam, dicit, quod Cochmanuch, Fimbelach, Edinbernan, et Cragnentalach, et quedam alie terre quas Dufgallus filius Comitis nunc tenet. **DUFGALLUS** filius Comitis, juratus dicit, idem per omnia quod Thomas Gaskel; et adjecit, quod dicta terra de Monachkennaran et plures alie terre, per defecatum et negligentiam ipsius, a dicta ecclesia fuerunt alienate, quia noluit patrem vel fratrem suum, vel parentes suos offendere. **SECUnda** produc^tio testium, per abbatem et conventum de Passelet, contra dictum Gilbertum filium Samuelis, die Sabbati proxima post festum Sancti Martini, in parochiali ecclesia de Are, anno supradicto. **MALCOLMUS BEG** juratus dicit, quod vidit Bedam ferdan habentem domum suam sitam juxta Cimiterium ecclesie de Kylpatrick, ex orientali parte; et tenuit nomine ecclesie illam terram de Monachkennaran, quam Gilbertus filius Samuelis modo tenet, et [in] predicta terra et aliis quas tenebat de ecclesia, recipiebat hospites ad ecclesiam venientes, nullum aliud servicium faciendo pro eis. Requisitus, in tempore cuius Comitis hoc vidit, dicit quod in tempore Alwini Comitis; Et quod idem Comes dedit Sancto Patricio et ecclesie illam terram de Kachconen quam ipse Malcolmus postea tenuit et vendidit pro timore: Et dicit quod omnes terre ecclesie quas dictus Beda tenuit, et quas Dufgallus et alii modo tenent, libere et quiete erant ab omni temporali servicio, et quod homines in illis terris manentes et habitantes, defensi erant semper per ecclesiam, et in curia ecclesie contra omnes. **ANEKOL** juratus, idem dicit per omnia quod Malcolmus beg, et adjecit, quod Comes David frater regis Wilelmi, eo tempore quo habuit comitatum de Levenax et possedit, voluit de dictis terris ecclesie de Kylpatrick habere auxilium, sicut de ceteris terris Comitatus, et non potuit, quia defensi erant per ecclesiam. **GILON** juratus, idem dicit per omnia quod Malcolmus beg. **GILBERTHO** juratus, concordat in omnibus cum Malcolmo et Anecol, et adjecit quod dictus Beda interfec^tus erat pro jure et libertate ecclesie. **FERGUS** filius Cunigham, juratus, concordat cum Gilbethoc in omnibus. **HILARIUS** juratus, dicit idem per omnia quod Fergus et Gilbethoc. **NEMIAS** juratus, idem dicit per omnia quod Anecol, et adjecit, quod quinquaginta anni et eo amplius elapsi sunt, postquam hec vidit, et pro certo habet quicquid dicit, quia natus fuit in illa parochia. **KESSIN** juratus, idem dicit per omnia quod Nemias. **GILLEMOR** juratus idem dicit per omnia quod Kessin et Nemias. **ROTHERIC BEG** de Carric juratus, concordat in omnibus cum Malcolmo beg fratre ipsius. Requisitus qualiter hoc scivit, dixit, quod hoc vidit ab

adolescentia sua, quia natus et nutritus erat in parochia de Kylpatrik. KATHEL juratus, concordat in omnibus cum predicto Rotheric. GILLEKONEL MANTHAC frater Comitis de Carric juratus, dicit idem per omnia quod Malcolmus beg.

LITERA DELEGATA CONDEMPNATIONIS EPISCOPO GLAS-
GUENSI.

VENERABILI patri, WILELMO Dei gratia Glasguensi Episcopo, Laurencius et Rocardus de Carric et de Cunigham Decani, et Allanus Magister scolarum de Are, salutem, et debitam reverentiam. Paternitati vestre significamus, quod cum effemus judices a Domino papa delegati, in quadam causa que vertebatur inter abbatem et conventum de Passelet ex parte una, et Gilbertum filium Samuelis de Renfrw ex altera; super illa terra de Monachkennaran quam dictus Gilbertus tenuit et adhuc tenet, lite coram nobis rite conteftata, testibus productis, attestationibus visis, allegationibus partium auditis, et totali causa sufficienter examinata: QUIA confabat nobis, dictum abbatem et conventum intentionem suam sufficienter probaffe, De confilio virorum prudentum et jurisperitorum, posseffionem petite terre eidem fententialiter adjudicavimus, et dictum Gilbertum in expensis legitimis eisdem condempnavimus, videlicet in triginta libris, a parte Monachorum juratis, et a nobis taxatis et moderatis: VESTRE igitur paternitati, auctoritate apostolica qua fungimur, Mandamus et Injungimus, quatinus ob reverentiam Domini pape, et obedientiam ei debitam, fententiam nostram contra predictum Gilbertum latain, ad executionem demandare dignemini: Resistentes per censuram ecclesiasticam conpefcentes. Valeat paternitas vestra femp̄ in Domino.

LITERA CONDEMPNATIONIS MISSA DOMINO REGI ALEXAN-
DRO, CONTRA GILBERTUM FILIUM SAMUELIS, DE TERRA
MONACHKENNARAN.

EXCELLENTISSIMO et reverendissimo Domino suo, ALEXANDRO Dei gratia illustri regi Scocie, fui devoti et fideles de Carric et de Cunigham Decani, et Magister Scolarum de Are, salutem in eodem qui dat salutem regibus; NOVERIT excellentia vestra Nos mandatum Domini pape, in hec verba suscepisse: "GREGORIUS Epifcopus fervus servorum Dei, Dilectis filiis de Carric, et de Cunigham Decanis, et Magistro Scolarum de Are Glasguensis dioecesis, salutem et apostolicam benedic-

tionem; Dilectorum filiorum abbatis et conventus monasterii de Passelet, Clunianensis ordinis, precibus inclinati, prefencium vobis auctoritate Mandamus, quatinus ea que de bonis ejusdem monasterii et ecclesiarum suarum alienata, inveneritis illicite distracta, ad jus et proprietatem ejusdem monasterii et ecclesiarum suarum legitime revocetis, contradictores per censuram ecclesiasticam, appellatione postposita, compescentes; Quod si non omnes hiis exequendis potueritis interesse, duo vestrum ea nihilominus exequantur. DATUM Spoleti vi idus Junij pontificatus nostri anno sexto." HUJUS igitur auctoritate mandati, cum dicti abbas et conventus, Gilbertum filium Samuelis de Renfrew laicum, coram nobis traxissent in causam, super tota illa terra de Monachkennaran, quam in Comitatu de Lévinax tunc tenebat, quam dicti abbas et conventus dicebant ad ecclesiam eorum de Kylpatrik de jure pertinere; et in eundem Gilbertum illicite alienatam, premisis citationibus, et datis induciis legitimis, post intentionem Monachorum fundatam, et post litem inter eos rite contestatam, partibus presentibus, et testibus ex parte Monachorum productis, admissis, et diligenter examinatis: Cum idem Gilbertus, primo et secundo per intervalla legitima citatus, ut die prefixa ad attestaciones publicandas compareret, quod jus dictaret facturus, per contumaciam se absentasset, ipsas attestaciones, nihilominus publicavimus et inspeximus, et eundem Gilbertum iterum ex abundanti citavimus; Quo nec per se, nec per procuratorem ad diem statutum comparente, sed in contumacia sua perseverante; Nos in nomine Domini nostri Jhesu Christi, ipsum solum habentes pre oculis, cum nobis de causa liqueret et sufficienter constaret, per testes fide dignos et omni exceptione maiores, intentionem dictorum abbatis et conventus plene fuisse probatam, de confilio virorum prudentum, et tam in jure Canonico quam Civili peritorum, nobis in judicio assidentium, dictis abbati et conventui de Passelet, nomine ecclesie eorum de Kylpatrik, possessionem predictae terre de Monachkennaran quam petebant, sententialiter adjudicavimus; et in legitimis expensis predictum Gilbertum eisdem condempnavimus; et Domino Episcopo Glasguensi executionem sententie nostre demandavimus. Et quoniam dictus Gilbertus, a die Jovis proxima ante festum Sancti Dunstani, huc usque sententie excommunicationis ligatus permanxit, quia sententie nostre parere contempserit, Vos in ipsum ob reverentiam Dei et ecclesie, secundum juris et consuetudinis approbate observantiam, brachium seculare extendistis; Super quo vobis gratiarum actiones, regie maiestati vestre significantes, quod cum alias ob contumaciam, aliquis excommunicatione innodatur, prestita cautione de parendo juri, absolvitur; Cum autem sententie diffinitive non paret condempnatus, et ob hoc excommunicatur, etiam prestita cautione de parendo juri non absolvitur, nisi primo satisfaciat judicatis; Hinc est quod excellentie vestre supplicamus, quatinus brachium seculare quod in ipsum Gilbertum extendistis, in excommunicata.

tione perseverantem non laxet, [laxes?] donec sententie paruerit et judicatis satisficerit. Valeat excellentia vestra semper in Domino.

CONVENTIO FACTA INTER MALDOVENUM COMITEM DE LEVANAX, ET GILBERTUM FILIUM SAMUELIS. [1235.]

ANNO ab incarnatione Domini millesimo ducentesimo tricesimo quinto, die Sancti Marci Evangeliste, apud Nigram aulam, facta est conventio inter Maldovenum Comitem de Levenax ex parte una, et Gilbertum filium Samuelis ex altera; CORAM Dominis Waltero filio Alani Senescallo, Justiciario Scocie, Wilelmo Abbatore de Passelet, Malcolmo filio Maldoveni Comitis de Levenax, Thoma Croc, Hugone filio Simonis, Simone filio Bercolf et aliis, videlicet; Quod dictus Gilbertus quietum clamat de se et heredibus suis imperpetuum, totum jus et totum clameum quod habuit et habere potuit, in quadam terra de Levenax que Monachkennaran nuncupatur; de qua terra idem Gilbertus predictum Comitem impetebat per literas Domini regis; Ita quod nec ipse Gilbertus, nec heredes sui, ullo tempore in posterum, predictum Comitem nec aliquem alium, super demanda ipsius terre de Monachkennaran, in aliquod molestatum: Et sciendum est, quod dictus Gilbertus reddidit predicto Comiti Cartam et Confirmationem quas de dicta terra de Monachkennaran habuit; Renuncians omnimodis instrumentis pro se et heredibus suis, si qua postmodum inventa fuerint aliquo tempore, facientia mentionem de dicto Gilberto vel heredibus suis: 'Que si invente fuerint, cassa erunt et vana, et nullum locum alicui optinebunt. Pro hac siquidem quieta clamatione, predictus comes ad solutionem sexaginta marcarum argenti dicto Gilberto tenetur; De quibus perfolvit dicto Gilberto viginti marcas in Nundinis de Glasgw proximis, et alias viginti marcas ad festum Sancti Martini in hyeme, et residuas viginti marcas ad Pentecosten anno incarnationis Dominico M°. cc°. tricesimo sexto. AD HANC conventionem, fideliter tenendam, predictus comes dicto Gilberto plegia invenit, scilicet Malcolmum filium suum, Thomam Croc et Hugonem filium Simonis, et Simonem filium Bercolf. IN HUJUS REI testimonium, Walterus filius Alani, Senescallus, Justiciarius Scocie, et Wilelmus Abbas de Passelet, figilla sua simul cum sigillo predicti Comitis, huic scripto apposuerunt.

LITERA URBANI PAPÆ QUA CONFIRMAT ECCLESIAM DE
RENFREW ECCLESIÆ GLASGUENSI.

URBANUS Episcopus servus servorum Dei, venerabili fratri Episcopo, et dilectis filiis Decano et Capitulo Glasguensi, salutem et apostolicam benedictionem. Significantibus vobis intelleximus, quod cum bone memorie David Rex Scottorum, tanquam princeps Catholicus et Christiane fidei ampliator, burgum de Reinfrui in fundo proprio construxisset, et ecclesia ejusdem loci, ex ejusdem regis concessione, ecclesie vestre canonice collata fuisset; Pie recordationis Johannes Glasguensis ecclesie tunc Episcopus, ordinatis in ea canonicis et prebendis, ecclesiam pretaxatam, uni prebendarum illarum in perpetuum assignavit: Porro, licet factum Episcopi auctoritate fuerit sedis apostolice roboratum, et tam ipse quam successores illius, et tu frater Episcope, liberam ipsius ecclesie ordinationem jugiter habueritis, et ecclesia vestra ipsam, haec tenus in pace tenuit; Quia tamen ecclesia de Passaled, infra cuius parochie terminos ecclesia sepe dicta constructa fuisse proponitur, quibusdam Monachis per nobilem quondam virum W. filium Alani postmodum tibi concessa; ne occasione illius, vobis aut ecclesie vestre aliquod prejudicium in posterum generetur, prescriptam ecclesiam de Reinfrui, cum omnibus pertinentiis suis sicut a prima sui fundatione, ecclesie vestre canonice collata fuisse dinoscitur: Et eam a multis retro annis et nunc pacifice possidet, et quiete; VOBIS et per vos eidem ecclesie, auctoritate apostolica confirmamus, et presentis scripti patrocinio communimus. Nulli ergo omnino hominum licet hanc paginam nostre confirmationis infringere, vel ei a usu temerario contrarie: Si quis autem hoc attemptare presumperit, indignationem omnipotentis Dei, et Beatorum Petri et Pauli apostolorum ejus, se noverit incursum. DATA Verone vi nonas Junii.

The church of Renfrew is included in papal confirmations of the possessions of the church of Glasgow in the years 1172, 1179, 1181, and 1186.

COMPOSITIO INTER WALTERUM EPISCOPUM GLASGUENSEM,
ET WILLELMUM ABBATEM DE PASSELET, SUPER ECCLESIA
DE RENFRIU.

UNIVERSIS Sancte matris ecclesie filiis has literas visuris vel audituris, WILLEL-

MUS Dei gratia dictus Abbas de Passelet; et ejusdem loci conventus, eternam in Domino salutem: NOVERIT universitas vestra, quod cum quefio mota esset aliquo tempore, inter venerabilem patrem nostrum Walterum Episcopum Glasguensem ex una parte, et Nos ex altera, super ecclesia de Reinfrui, Nos processu temporis intelligentes, nos nihil juris habere in ecclesia memorata, renunciavimus omni jure si quod in dicta ecclesia nobis competit vel competere potuit; vel quod etiam nobis competere credebamus, cause nostre renunciando, et jus petitum quietum clamando, et in manus ejusdem Episcopi in perpetuum resignando; Concedentes ut idem Episcopus et successores fui in perpetuum, ecclesiam de Reinfrui memoratam cum omnibus pertinentiis, tanquam prebendam ecclesie Glasguensis, ad ipsos omni jure spectantem, teneant et possideant in perpetuum, libere et pacifice, absque omni contradictione vel inquietatione: Et si penes nos vel successores nostros super dicta ecclesia de Reinfrui, aliqua reperiantur instrumenta, contra dictum Episcopum vel successores suos, seu Capitulum Glasguense, volumus et concedimus, Nos scripto presenti obligantes, ut omni tempore censeantur invalida, nec aliquam in perpetuum obtineant firmitatem nobis profutaram.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiae Glasguensis apud in pyxide lignea sub litera
Huic cartae quod erat olim appensum sigillum amissum est.

CARTA WALTERI FILII ALANI DAPIFERI DE DUOBUS SOLI-
DIS DE RANFRW.

UNIVERSIS Sancte matris ecclesie filii et fidelibus, clericis et laicis, Walterus filius Alani, Dapifer regis Scocie, salutem: SCIANT tam moderni quam futuri, Me Dediisse et hujus carte testimonio Confirmasse in perpetuam elemosinam, duos solidos de censu Ranfrui burgi mei, ecclesie Sancti Kentigerni Glasguensi, per singulos annos eidem ecclesie dandos ad pascha, ad luminare. HJS TESTIBUS Henrico Capellano, Roberto de Coftentine, Rollando filio Reinaldi, Roberto Presbytero de Ranfrui, Patricio Capellano de Glasgu, Roberto de Montgumbri, Waltero Camerario.

CHARTA ROBERTI III. REGIS, DE BURGO DE RENFREW, FIRMIS
BURGI, PARVIS CUSTUMIS, &c.

ROBERTUS Dei gratia Rex Scottorum, omnibus probis hominibus tocius terre sue, clericis et laicis, salutem; SCIATIS Nos assedasse, et ad feudifirmam dimisissé burgenibus et communitati burgi nostri de Renfrew dilectis et fidelibus nostris, totum et integrum burgum nostrum de Renfrew antedictum; Cum integris piscariis nostris aque de Clyde, ad eundem burgum de jure et consuetudine pertinentibus, secundum antiquas metas suas et divisas; Una cum firmis burgi, parvis custumis et toloneis ejusdem quibuscumque, tam infra dictum burgum quam extra, per totam baroniam nostram de Renfrew; Cum molendinis, multuris, et eorum sequelis; cum curiis et curiarum exitibus quibuscumque, curiis et exitibus curiarum nostrarum vite et membrorum duntaxat exceptis, Tenendis et Habendis de nobis et heredibus nostris, dictis burgenibus nostris et communitati, ac heredibus et successoribus suis, in feodo et hereditate imperpetuum, per omnes rectas suas metas antedictas, in aquis, stagnis, moris, maresis, pratis, pascuis et pasturis, aucupationibus, venationibus, et punctionibus; Necnon cum omnibus aliis et singulis libertatibus, commoditatibus, asilamentis et justis pertinenciis suis quibuscumque, ad dictum burgum de jure aut consuetudine spectantibus, seu juste spectare valentibus quomodolibet in futurum, tam extra dictum burgum quam infra, tam sub terram quam supra terram, tam non nominatis quam nominatis, adeo libere et quiete, plenarie, integre et honorifice, bene et in pace, in omnibus et per omnia, sicut aliquis burgus infra regnum nostrum, aliquibus burgenibus nostris, magis liberius, quietius, integrius seu honorificentius, ad feudifirmam assedatur seu conceditur; Reddendo inde annuatim Nobis et heredibus nostris, predicti burgenes et communitas, heredes et successores sui burgi nostri de Renfrew, octo marcas usualis monete regni nostri, et centum solidos ejusdem monete per Nos de firmis dicti burgi concessos, ad sustentationem unius Capellani divina celebrantis, et in perpetuum celebraturi, ad altare Beati Thome in ecclesia parochiali ejusdem burgi, pro anima nostra, et animabus omnium parentum nostrorum, predecessorum et successorum, ad duos anni terminos usuales, viz. Pentecostes et Sancti Martini in hyeme per equales portiones, tantum; Pro omnibus aliis oneribus, exactiōibus, seu demandis; Salvo nostro servitio; Concessimus etiam eisdem burgenibus nostris, heredibus et successoribus suis, quod nullum forum de cetero teneatur, nisi tantum forum dicti burgi, infra predicationem baroniam de Renfrew, sub pena nostre plenarie forisfacture, Salvo jure cuiuslibet. Concessimus insuper eisdem burgenibus, heredibus et successoribus suis,

Hæc Carta Confirmata est per Jacobum V. regem 28º Junij 1542.

INDENTURE BETWEEN THE BURGHS OF DUMBARTON AND
RENFREW, AS TO THE DETERMINATION OF DISPUTES BE-
TWEEN THE SAID BURGHS.

FRA the incarnacioun of oure Lorde Jm. cccc. twenty and four; In the decollacion of Saynt John the Baptiste, In the Kyrk of Saynt Patrik, quhare thare come twelffe of the burch of Dumbertane, that ar for to say, John Stute, John of Banachtyne that tyme bailzie, Donald Flemynge, John Sammale, John Waltir, John Henryson, Wilzam Stut, Wil of Hall, John Adamson, John Nevynson, Mackay Baxtar, and Sir Davy Rede; and uther twelffe of the burch of Renfrew, Necole Jonson, John Watson that tym balzeis, Sir Fynlaw Buntyn, Sir Robert of Edderdale, John of Stanhous, Fynlaw Gilcrifton, Rankyn Oglach, Wil Johnson, John Johnson, Robyn of Knok, John of Langnur, and Adam Hude. The quhilks xxijij of the forsayd burws, with consent and assent of bath thair communiteis; the quhilks considerande and zarnande the fredome of bath the burws to be suppleit, and frendship to be maynteinyt, made conventioun and ay lestand bande, betwix the forsayd partis and burws; the qwhilks conventioun and bande is thus as follows.

THAT IS FOR TO SAY in this manner: That the balzeis and the wyt of the faid town of Dumbertan, fal chefe fax of the worthiafte, discretas, and mast tretabile; And uther fwa the balzeis and the wyt of Renfrew fal tak uther fax of thair burch, in the famyn maner, with ane oureman, the quhilk ourman fal be takyn à tym of the ta burch, ane uther tym of the tother; the qwhilks xii, with the ourman succeedandly in thair tymis, fal determyt al playnts, iniuris and debats, done and to be done be the saids burws and partis, lelily and treuly, as in thair wyttis and powers extends, and as the cause requiris: And gif ony kind of personis of the

fayd burws, dois ony wrang or iniure til uther, thai fal cum to the balzeis, and to the wyt of the said tovnis, and mak their complaynts; the quhilks bailzeis and wyt, fal do thair lele befynes vnpartiabilly, to reform wrangs and plants done agayn thair fredomis; the quhilks giff thai may noct do as for cause, thai fal put it to the determinacioun and the summifioun of the xii personis and the owre man, at the fornemyt place of Saynt Patrik; the day of determinacion to be limite and set bi the consent of bath the partis. Alswa it is poynit and fully accordit betwix thir fayd partis, that giff ony thyngis happynis, that lyis nocth in the fayd partis power to be determyt, oþer be fee or be lande, thai fal pas with the consent of bath the partys, to that place qwhar thai trow that funnest remede and discussion fal be gottyn to thaim bath; and aþer partis fal gife til uther, the leleft and the treuaſt confale bi thair wytting, lelyly and treuly as thai wald do to yair awin nychtbur at hame, within thair awin fredom: And at al thir fredomis fal be kept in tyme for to cum, that nane fal forftall na by within vthiris schyris na fredom; withoutyn leve purchest of thaim that powar has, bot ilk an entercomovn with uther within thair burws, to by and sel as gude nychtburhede walde, frely and passabilliy. To the qwhilks al thyngis to be fulfillit, and to be haldyn in maner as is befor wryttyn aþer part til uther, the haly euangellis twechit, has giffyn bodylyk ath. IN THE WYTNES of al thir thyngis and syndry, the comovn fele of the burch of Dumbertane, to the ta part remaynand with the burges of Renfrew, is to put: And to the toþer part remaynand with the burges of Dumbertane, the comovn fele of the burch of Renfrew is to put, the faidis day and place before wryttyn. [1424.]

DECREE OF THE CHAMBERLAIN OF SCOTLAND, IN THE ACTION BETWEEN THE BURGHS OF RENFREW AND DUMBARTON. [1429.]

TIL AL THAIM til quhais knawlage thir prefentis lettrez fal to cum, Johne Forstar of Corftorfn Knycht, Chamberlane of Scotland, greeting in God; Syne mede and meritable thing it is, to beir witnes to suthfaþnes, WE mak it kende be thir our letters, That of mandiment and powar gefin til vs be our liege Lorde the King, anence the debate mouit betuix the burges and communite of the burgh of Dumbertane on the ta part; and the burges and communite of the burgh of Renfrewe on the toþer parte, anence certane fredomes and fyschingis belangand thaim; Efter the execucioun of our faide liege Lorde the Kingis bidding, We summonyt the burges of bathe the said burrowis to compere before vs, as commissaris hafand

ful pouar in that canſe, at Glaſgow, the tufday the xxii day of the moneth of No-
uembre, the zere of our Lord m.cccc. twenty and nine; And in the famyn maner
We gert the Sherifs of bathe the burrowis fumound the Lordis and the Gentilles
of the contree, to compere befor vs the ſaid day and place, to be apon an affize,
touchand the debats of the ſaid burrowis. The quhilk day, comperit befor vs the
Comiſſariis of bathe the burrowis, haſeand ful power be thair commiſſionis,
ſchawand thair charters, evidents, and thair complaints in writt. The quhilk beand
ſeyn, rede, and herde, and inforſyt, with conſents of bath the partis, put thaim til
..... d, and til ane gude affife of thir Lordis and Gentillis vndrewrityn, That
is to ſay, Sir Robert of Conynghamme Lord of Kilmaurs, Alexander of Mongumrij
Lorde of that ilk, Alane Stewart Lorde of Dernele, Patrik of Houſtoune Lorde of
that ilk, Thomas Maxwell Lorde of Netherpollok, W F Lord
of ane, Robert Stewart Lorde of , of Pollok Lord of
Overpollok, of Crawfurd, John of Langmore, Alexander Stewart, David
Stewart, Lorde of Fynnarde, John of Culquhone Lord of that ilke, Thomas Mal-
vil Lord of that ilk, John of Buchquhanan, Robert of Hamiltoune, Williame Lorde
of Badinhath, William of Dunlop, Johne Logane, Johne Naper Lorde of Kilmehewe,
Donaldbene M^cAlpi, James of Douglas, Murchou Makc , Johne
Broune of the Kennet, and Alexander of Narne of Sandforde, Tuechand thair
fredomez and fyſchingis befor ſaid is: The quhilk forſuth gude affife, beand wele
avifit, Decretit, Deponit, and Determitit, that the burges and communite of the
burgh of Renfrew ar in poſſeffioune of the fyſching of the Schotts, quhilk is callit
the Sand orde: Alſwa the faide affife deponit, that the burges and communite of
the ſaid burgh of Renfrew ar in poſſeffioune of the Mid[ſtream] of the water of
Clyde, and auch to have the cuſtom and ankerage of yt that cummys within thaym,
the quhilk water of Clyde thai fynde extendis til the [Eri]kſtane; And fra thine
downe, the affife decernys of yt that is debatable, the profit of yt to be devidit and
departit betwene thaim of bathe the burrowis: AND this til al thaim to quham it
affers, or may affer in tyme to cum, We mak it kende be thir preſentis lettres.
In witnes of the quhilk thing, to thir preſentis lettres our ſeel is to put; and to
the mare foverte and fekirte, the ſeel of Sir Robert of Conynghamme, Alexander of
Mongumry, Alane Stewart, John of Culquhone, John Logane, and Johne of
Buchanāne to thir lettres ar to put, at Edinburgh the thrid day of the moneth of
Januare, the zere of our Lord, a thouſand four hundredth twenty and nynt zere.

Seven tags annexed ;—On the back, The decreett appertens to us, gevin be the
Chamberland of Scotland, aganis Dumbartane.

CARTA JOHANNIS DOMINI SYMPILL ECCLESIE COLLEGIATÆ
DE LOCHWINNOCH.

UNIVERSIS Sanctæ matris ecclesiae filiis, ad quorum notitias presentes litere pervernerint, JOHANNES Dominus SYMPILL, patronus ecclesie collegiate infra septum five parcam de Lochvinzeck situatae, Glasguenfis diocefeos, In omnium Salvatore Salutem: Quoniam reverendissimus in Christo pater Robertus miseratione divina Archiepiscopus Glasguenfis, pie devotionis affectu, in divini cultus augmentum, et personarum ecclesiasticarum subventionem aspirans, nostroque rogatu inductus, ac sui capituli unanimi consensu et assensu, ad hunc effectum capitulariter vocati et congregati, predictam ecclesiam, infra septum five parcam de Lochvinzock, cuius patronatus jus ad Nos jure spectat et pertinet; In ecclesiam collegiatam, autoritate ordinaria creavit et erexit; ac nostræ fundationi desuper facienda, distributionem fructuum et emolumentorum dictæ ecclesiae reservavit; prout latius lucidiusque in dictis erectione et creatione cavitur: Plane ne in eorum numero reperiamur quibus in Exodo dictum est, "Gens absque confilio et providentia, Utinam saperent et intelligerent, ac novissima providerent;" animoque revolentes quod in Apocalypsi scriptum est, "Audivi vocem de cœlo dicentem mihi, Beati mortui qui in Domino moriuntur, a modo jam dicit spiritus, ut requiescant a laboribus suis, opera enim illorum sequuntur illos." Subscriptam itaque fundationem perpetuis futuris temporibus duraturam, omni solertia confecimus, cuius tenor talis est. AD LAUDEM Dei omnipotentis et gloriose Virginis Mariæ matris Dei, Jhesu Christi, quam in nostra ecclesiae collegiatæ patronam precipuam ex corde eligimus et fieri volumus, omniumque sanctorum cœlestis curia triumphantis, in honorem: Necnon pro salute illultrissimi principis Jacobi quarti Scotorum regis, ac suæ reginæ nobilissimæ, et utriusque antecessorum et successorum; Insuper nostra pro salute, et nostræ sponsæ Dominae Margaretæ Colvill, progenitorumque et successorum nostrorum, ac omnium fidelium defunctorum salute, conscribi, et in hanc publicam formam redigi et fieri causavimus. INPRIMIS, Volumus et ordinamus quod praepositus præfatae ecclesiae Collegiatæ cæterique ex fundatione presentes et futuri, omnia et singula in dictis erectione et creatione, per reverendissimum patrem contenta et expressata, ad unguem, et custodiant: Volumus insuper ut fructus et redditus dictæ ecclesiae parochialis de Glafford Glasguenfis diocefeos, cuius patronus indubitatus sumus, per obitum, cessionem, demissionem, resignationem, aut quovismodo alias rectoris moderni, in hunc modum, Deo famulautibus et fervientibus, in dicta nostra ecclesia collegiata dividantur et partiantur; Sic ut praepositus qui pro tem-

pore fuerit, sua pro sustentatione, decimas garbales omnes villagii de Glaffurde, a fonte puellæ usque ad agros de Kittemuir contiguos habeat; quæ decimæ ad quadraginta quinque libras usualis monetæ regni Scotiae annuatim se extendunt: Preterea et universam glebam dictæ ecclesiæ, in ejus partem fortietur; exceptis paucula terræ, et mansione vicario ecclesiæ de Glaffurde limitatis, ut de post latius expref-sabitur: Et volumus deinde, ut præpositus in ornamentis altaris, calicibus, fenebris vitreis, tecto, tegulis, cæterisque necessariis, chorum dictæ ecclesiæ suis impensis reparabit et reparatum custodiet, prout rectores dictæ ecclesiæ de Glaffurde antea fecere; Vicarius autem ecclesiæ de Glaffurde pro tempore ejus, pro viâ et sustentatione necessariis, altaram et mansionem dictæ ecclesiæ, unamque acram grani feracem habebit, jacentem juxta mansionem sœpe dictæ ecclesiæ, gramineaque five pasturam trium summarum, in quarta orientali villagii de Glaffurde; Cujus quartæ orientalis (cum) agris et pasturis, ante erectionem nostræ collegiatae ecclesiæ, rector de Glaffurd, jam præpositus nostræ ecclesiæ collegiatae, potitus est: Cujus vicariae pensio, singulis annis ad viginti marcas usualis monetæ regni Scotiæ se extendit; Pro quibus summa et emolumenis, vicarius, personaliter curae dictæ ecclesiæ de Glaffurde serviet, solvetque quotquot annis, procurations, finodalia, cæteraque ordinaria et extraordinaria quecunque, pro dicta ecclesia de Glaffurde debita et consueta. In quibus si negligens, quod absit, fuerit, prælato ecclesiæ Glasguensis qui pro tempore fuerit, dictum Præpositum distingere, fructusque ecclesiæ de Glaffurde sequestrare, pro ordinariis et extraordinariis debitibus licebit: Cujus ordinaria auctoritate, Vicarius compelletur Præpositum in præmissis relevare et indemnum servare. PRIMUS Capellanus in dicta ecclesia collegiata serviens, omnes decimas garbales de Nether Schelis, et de Seatounhill et Ridrane, et aggerem de Drumlall [Drumbervie?] nec non de Gruderland habebit, jacentes in parochia de Glaffurde, valore annuatim se extende ad decem et octo marcas usualis monetæ regni Scotiæ. SECUNDUS Capellanus in dicta ecclesia collegiata Deo serviens, in sui sustentationem fortietur, decimas garbales omnes villagii de Chaptoun ac de Nether Seahutton, et de West Ridrane, de Drumbou, et de Flat, Quæ Garbales decimæ, singulis annis valore se extendunt ad decem et octo marcas usualis monetæ regni Scotiæ. TERTIUS Capellanus in dicta nostra ecclesia collegiata Deo famulans, in sui sustentationem, fructus et emolumenta clericatus parochialis de Lochvinzok, ad nostram presentationem spectantis habebit; Cujus fructus quotquot annis, valore se extenderent ad decem et octo marcas usualis monetæ regni Scotiæ; deducitis etiam expensis, quas prædictus Capellanus cuidam idoneo parochiali clero in dicta ecclesia de Lochvinzok, Deo et populo ministranti dare, et cum effectu solvere, ex nostra hac fundatione obligabitur. QUARTUS Capellanus ubi supra Deo serviens, pro sui sustentatione omnes terras de Upper Pennale, lo-

cumque et mansionem quos olim Robertus Red inhabitavit, habebit; Insuper ortos et pomaria ejusdem cum pertinentiis; ac etiam quadraginta solidos in annuam pensionem de ly Eft Bryntschellis et West Bryntschellis, jacentibus infra parochiam de Kilberchan, ad decem et octo marcas usualis monetæ regni Scotiæ quotquot annis, in summa se extendentes: QUINTUS vero Capellanus ubi supra Deo obsequium præfans, in sui sustentationem, omnes et integras terras de Nether Pennale cum molendino ejusdem, ad viginti et sex marcas usualis monetæ regni Scotiæ se extendentes annis singulis [habebit?]; Eritque organista, ac infra septa dictæ ecclesiæ collegiatæ, scolam cantationis docebit dietim, pueros inibi in Cantu Gregoriano punctuato five pricato et descantu, juxta vires erudiendo; Sustentabitque suis impenis pueros duos in vietu et habitu necessariis et honestis, ad serviendum et cantandum in dicta ecclesia collegiata, prout in aliis hujus regni similibus ecclesiis fieri consuetum est: Pro quorum sustentatione dictus Capellanus habebit emolumenta clericatus parochialis de Kilbarchan, cuius presentatio ad Nos jure pertinet: Cujus etiam fructus se ad decem marcas singulis annis se extendunt, deducitis etiam expensis, quæ clero parochiali idoneo in dicta ecclesia de Kilbarchan parochianis servienti, per dictum Capellatum dabuntur: SEXTUS fane Capellanus in dicta nostra ecclesia collegiata Deo militans, omnes agros de Auchinlodmond, cum molendino, terris molendini ac pertinentiis ejusdem habebit: Qui Capellanus grammaticus eruditus et peritus in cantu Gregoriano, five plano et punctuato; docebitque infra septa dictæ ecclesiæ collegiatæ, primam et secundam partes grammaticæ ad minus; informabitque gratis pueros duos, qui in dicta ecclesia collegiata ut expressum est, divino servitio continuo insident; terræque cum molendino et pertinentiis ut expressum est, quotquot annis prædicto Capellano ad viginti duas marcas valore se extendentes. SACRISTA dictæ ecclesiæ collegiatæ eligetur in persona honestus, habebitque in sui sustentationem fructus, proventus, et emolumenta clericatus parochialis de Glaffurd, cuius presentatio ad nos jure pertinet; Qui fructus singulis annis fibi sacriftæ valore erunt sex marcarum usualis monetæ regni Scotiæ: Ipso etiam sacrifta inveniente clericum parochiale sufficiem, ad ministrandum in ecclesia de Glaffurd parochianis, ad quod etiam volumus ipsum obligari; Eritque sacriftæ officium, vestibulum, cappas et altaris ornamenta custodiare, ipsaque altaria prout decet cooperire, ferriludium et orologium temperare, campanas ad missam Dominicalem quæ octava hora cantabitur, et ad summam missam, ac singulas alias in collegio fundatas, ad matutinas, vesperas, completorium, necnon ignitegium et preces, campanas pulsare; Insuper et diebus festivis prout moris est pulsando duplicare; et demum, ecclesiam ab omnibus immunditiis et faecibus exacta diligentia, scoba purgare, ac graminibus et floribus venustare; perficiendo singula quæ ad sacriftæ officium spectant; Habebitque juxta præfatam ec-

clefiam collegiatam contigue, terram pro domo et orto edificando et construendo : Eritque etiam fibi officio, oblationes luminis dominicalis, ac etiam oblationes five procurationes minores, pro luminarium reparatione, ecclesiam pertransfundo temporibus debitum et consuetus congregare : PRÆFATI autem Præpositus et Capellani, infra septum five parcam de Lochvinzok juxta nostram ecclesiam collegiatam contigue, decem rodas terrarum pro eorum mansionibus et ortis edificandis, ex nostris terris habebunt ; Quos ortos propriis impensis claudent et sepient, sicut clausis et septis conservabunt, in quibus arbores fructiferas inserent, aut ortulos floribus aptos conficient et manurabunt : Habebit insuper dicta ecclesia collegiata in conviviis seu communis pro pane, vino, et cera inibi habendis, quinque marcas terrarum de Eſt Welland in parochia de Kilbarchan situatas, quas etiam ecclesiæ collegiatæ Beatæ Virginis de Lochvinzok pro nunc Damus ; Necnon cum terris quæ olim per nostros progenitores pro tempore, erant annexæ capellæ Sanctæ Brigidæ in villagio de Kenmuir, in eadem parrochia situatae ; Necnon cum terris quæ olim pro tempore specebant Capellæ Nostræ Dominae in parochia de Lochvinzok cum pertinentiis : Insuper cum terris quæ olim ut expressum est annexæ sunt capellæ Sancti Conalli situatae in villagio de Ferenenes, infra parrochiam de Paſlay ; Erigibiles tamen semper fuere autoritate ordinaria in fundationem excellentiorem ; preventusque et emolumenta omnium expressorum agrorum, si in unum conferantur ad octo marcas uusualis monetæ regni Scotiae se extendunt ; Quæ summa singulis annis per Capellanum de Nether Pennale elevabitur, et in usus supra dictos expendetur : Quiquidem Capellanus compotum de prescripta summa Domino fundatori aut suis successoribus, auditoribus deputatis, et Præposito qui pro tempore fuerint reddet ; sicut si resta aliqua fuerit, in usus magis necessarios dictæ ecclesiæ collegiatæ expendatur : Et volumus insuper et ordinamus, ut præpositus dictæ ecclesiæ collegiatæ et sex Capellani, perpetuis temporibus, per Nos Dominum Sympill aut nostros successores præsententur, collationemque ab ordinario Glasguensi recipient. Præpositus etiam Archiepiscopi Glasguensi ejus ordinarii, præsentiam dabit et respondebit ; necnon in Capitulis per Decanum Christianitatis de Ruglen tentis, præsentiam dabit et respondebit, a quibus fundationis dicti sex Capellani exempti sunt et erunt, nisi ob eorum maleficia aut certas querimonias ad dictas Synodas et Capitula specialiter citati fuere. ITEM, Volumus et ordinamus, quod omnes sex capellani et pueri et sacrifta, tempore divinorum habeant dietim superpellicia ex panno honesta ; Et quod Capellanorum unusquisque caputum habeat ex panno rubeo Anglicano, pellibus agninis nigris foderatum : Præpositus vero diebus festis ac aliis congruis, superpellicium de panno subtili, cui apud Scotos vocabulum de Larne [harne?] est. Habeat etiam Caputum de rubeo Scarleto, juxta condecentiam suæ honestatis, et almutum foderatum super brachium ut moris est Præpositi gerat ; Et idem

Præpositus honestam mansionem dictæ ecclesiæ collegiatæ contiguam in agro sibi assignato edificabit: ITEM, Volumus et ordinamus quod dicti Capellani, Præpositus, et Pueri in dicta ecclesia collegiata continuam residentiam tempore divinorum faciant, viz. Matutinarum, Missæ Dominicalis et Summae Missæ, Vesperarum et Completorii; Sic quod si Præpositum se absentare contingat, in unius anni quarta parte quindecim diebus continuis, absque patroni licentia petita et obtenta, licitum erit patrono qui pro tempore fuerit, prehabitus tamen juris processu et ordinarii deputatione, alium sufficientem ad dictam præposituram, sine quovis alio processu presentare; servata tamen forma prius expressa: Et idem sub eadem forma de Capellinis, duobus pueris et sacrifsta, si, quod absit, se absentaverint quindecim diebus continuo, licebit patrono qui pro tempore fuerit, alium idoneum ad defectuosi officium et beneficium presentare, servata tamen forma prius expressa: Et si quempiam ex prædicta fundatione, Præpositum videlicet, aut unum de sex Capellinis, diebus festis a servitio divino se contingat absentare, in poenam suæ absentie a matutinis, quatuor denarios solvet, quatuor pro magna missâ, quatuor pro vesperis, et pro completorio obolum unum; In feriis vero, pro matutinis denarium unum, pro missâ unum, pro vesperis unum, et pro completorio denarium unum dabit: In festis vero novem lectionum, si quis se absentaverit, pro matutinis duos denarios, pro missâ duos, pro vesperis duos, et pro completorio unum denarium solvet; Scribenturque dietim et septimanatim predicti defectus per Ebdomodarium; fiatque distributio pecuniae in benemeritos ad discretionem Præpositi, cui etiam officium erit omnes defectus Capellanorum, Puerorum et sacrificie in Capitulo mature punire, malis in terrorem, bonis vero in virtutis incitamentum. ITEM, Ordinamus quod prefati Præpositus et Capellani, quotquot annis, obitum illustrissimi principis Jacobi quarti, die sui deceffus celebrabunt exequias, videlicet mortuorum in vigilia, missamque in craftinum ut moris est de Requiem cantando, pro anima dicti principis et sui antecessoris et successoris, et idem pro sua nobilissima regina in omnibus observari volumus. ITEM, Ordinamus quod predicti Præpositus et Capellani, obitum faciant pro reverendissimo patre Roberto Archiepiscopo Glasguensi, die sui deceffus annis singulis, cum missa in craftinum ut moris est de requiem, pro se suisque antecessoribus et successoribus: Quod si Præpositus et Capellani prælibati negligentes fuerint, et ab obitu excellentissimi principis nostri memorati Jacobi ejusve reginæ, aut reverendissimi patris nostri Roberti Archiepiscopi Glasguensis se absentantes, luet in poenam quilibet, pro exequiis octo denarios, et duodecim pro missâ; De quorum tribus exequiis, regis videlicet, reginæ et reverendissimi patris Roberti, si quotquot annis rite fiat, Decanus de Ruglen inquisitionem in sua visitatione faciet præscriptam, quoisque summam a negligentibus levabit, quam etiam in usum pauperum prout coram Deo respondere voluerit, erogabit: ITEM, ordinamus quod

præfati Præpositus et Capellani, diebus singulis, finita summa missa, hanc cantabunt Antiphonam *Ave Gloriosa*, vel hanc *Angelus ad Virginem*, prout rata temporis requirit: Insuper post summam missam ad sepulturam fundatorum accedant dietim, ibique alta et intelligibili voce dicant omnes hunc Psalmum, viz. *De profundis*, pro animabus quondam Willelmi Sympill et Dominae Margaretæ Cathkert sua sponsæ, Domini Thomæ Sympill et Dominae Elizabeth Rosæ sua sponsæ, Domini Johannis Sympill et Dominae Margaretæ Coluille sua sponsæ, diætæ ecclesiæ collegiatæ fundatorum; Necnon pro animabus omnium antecessorum et successorum eorundem: ITEM, Si dispositi fuerint, expressati Præpositus et Capellani, qualibet septimana, pro animabus fundatorum ac predecessorum et successorum eorundem obitum cantabunt; et omni devotione qui ex saepediâ fundatione extant, obitum Domini Willelmi Sympill et Dominae Margaretæ Cathkert sua sponsæ decimo nono die mensis Augusti in craftinum, cum missa de requiem ut moris est, cantando celebrabunt, annis singulis; Et obitum Domini Thomæ Sympill et ejus sponsæ Elizabeth Rosæ in vigilia Sancti Barnabæ, cum missa in craftinum, ut moris est, cum nota, quotquot annis, qui ex fundatione sunt celebrabunt; Et obitum Domini Johannis Sympill et Dominae Margaretæ Colvill fundatorum die decepsus utriusque divisim, qui ex fundatione sunt, celebrabunt; Missamque ut moris est de requiem in craftino devote officiando: Et si ex fundatione Præpositus aut Capellanorum aliquis a præscriptis exequiis, se quod absit, absentaverit, pro vigiliis mortuorum, quatuor denarios dabit, et pro missa in craftinum si absens fuerit, etiam quatuor denarios solvet; quam summam Prepositus, prout eorum summo iudice respondere voluerit, in usus pauperum erogabit. ITEM, Ordinamus quod prædictæ ecclesiæ collegiatæ Præpositus eligendus, in cantu Gregoriano, necnon in cantu pricato, quem alii curiosum vocant, peritus sit, aut saltem virum talibus eruditum, pro quotidiano officio inibi habendo, suis expensis tenebit; Et si jure poterit fieri, aut apostolica gratia indulgeatur, volumus ut patrono pro tempore et suis successoribus liceat, ad hujusmodi præposituram, maxime ex fundatorum sanguine elatis, sexdecim annorum præsentare, præcipue si idoneum in prænotatis habeat substitutum: ITEM, Ordinamus et volumus, ut ex diætæ Capellanis per Præpositum, unus in turno suo ordinetur, qui in aëstate sexta hora missam celebrabit, in hyeme vero septima hora: Octava vero hora aliis missam celebrabit, alter vero novena hora idem faciet; sic quod Summa Missa cum cantu decima hora inchoetur. ITEM, Matutinæ, missa de Dominica et summa missa, vesperæ et completorium, ut decet, in die Nativitatis Domini, Circumcisionis, Epiphaniæ, Purificationis, Paschæ, Pentecostes, Trinitatis, Ascensionis, omnium Sanctorum, Dedicationis Ecclesiæ, et omnibus diebus nostræ Dominae, cum cantu Gregoriano, precato, et organorum melodia, ac omni solemnitate in Dei honorem et laudem terminentur; Sic quod missa summa singulis

diebus cum cantu precato celebretur, diebus duntaxat exceptis quibus de feria celebratur; Omni vero festo dupli ac festivo volumus, ut in organis ad Dei laudem ludatur: ITEM, Volumus, quod si aliquam Capellaniam nostræ fundationis, per obitum aut abscessum vacare contingat, ut unus puerorum nostræ ecclesiae collegiate idoneus, præ cæteris et citius, ad eam per nostros successores præsentetur et promoveatur: ITEM, Volumus et ordinamus quod si, quod absit, contingat, Nos Jo-hannem Dominum Sympill, aut quempiam de nostris successoribus, Capellatum minime peritum in cantu Gregoriano et precato, ad aliquem quatuor Capellaniarum præsentare, licebit Ordinario, vigore hujus erectionis, illum inidoneum amovere, et alium idoneum, juxta tenorem fundationis pro tempore illo substituere. ITEM, Ordinamus quod si præfatum Dominum Johannem Dominum Sympill aut sui successorum aliquem, ad Capellaniam de Nether Pennale, Capellatum in Gregoriano cantu precato, descantu et organis minime doctum; aut qui pueros fundationis ut expressum est in supradictis minime reformare noverit, præsentare contingat, pro tempore illo, Ordinario licebit, vigore hujus erectionis, illum inidoneum amovere, et alium aptum sufficere: ITEM, Si dictus Dominus aut successores sui, aliquem Capellatum præsentet ad Capellaniam de Auchinlodmond, qui cantum Gregorianum aut precatum minime callet, atque pueros ut expressum est in grammatica, maxime in prima et secunda partibus Alexandri, perfecte erudire non noverit; pro tempore illo licebit Ordinario, illum inidoneum amovere, et alium idoneum in prædictis, juxta tenorem fundationis dare. ITEM, Ordinamus et volumus, quod si per Nos aut nostros successores, aliquas indulgentias a Romana curia, pro oblationibus minutis in reparationem luminarium impetrare contingat, quod Capellanus Capellæ de Nether Pennale, hujusmodi oblationes recipiat, computum ut expressum est, semel in anno reddet. ITEM, Demum volumus et ordinamus, quod si Præpositum aut Capellorum aliquem nostræ fundationis, communem brigatorem, noctivagum, aut dietim ebriosum experiri contingat; si in prædictis tribus vicibus jure vincatur, patrono licebit, præhabitis tamen processu juris, et ordinarii, deponere, fine quovis alio processu, talem vitiosum, a sua ecclesia collegiata amovere, et alium virtuosum promovere: IN QUORUM omnium fidem et testimonium præmissorum, præsentibus nostris hujusmodi fundationis et erectionis litteris, sigillis dicti reverendissimi patris et sui Capituli minutis, sigillum nostrum est appensum, una cum subscriptione et signo ejusdem reverendissimi patris notarii, apud universitatem Glaguensem, die vigesimo primo mensis Aprilis anno Domini 1504. Indictione septima, pontificatus sanctissimi in Christo patris et Domini nostri Domini Iulij divina providentia Papæ undecimi, anno primo, præsentibus ibidem scientificis et magnæ scientiæ viris, Magistris et Dominis, Roberto Forman Cantore, Alexandro Inglis Thesaurario, Martino Red Cancellario, Roberto Blakaty Subdecano, Da-

vid Cunyngham officiali, Nicholayo Grenlaw, Canonicis Glasguenibus, Johanne Scherar Archidiacono Roffensi, Archibaldo Craufurd Vicario de Erfchen, Heriberto Gledstanis Rectore de Dronok, Roberto Sympill de Foulwood, Thoma Brilbane de Biachoptoun, Alano Sympill de Bar, Eumondo Auchinlek de Tuede, Roberto Cochren de Eodem, David Hall et Thoma Inglis, cum diversis aliis, Tefibus ad præmissa vocatis specialiter et rogatis.

Et ego Archibaldus Layng Artium Magister, Presbyter Sancti Andreæ dioceſeos, Publicus sacra auctoritate apostolica notarius, ac præscripti reverendissimi in Christo patris Roberti Glasguensis Archiepiscopi scriba principalis et notarius, &c.
Huic cartæ appensa sunt tria sigilla. Unum Archiepiscopi Glasguensis integrum: Secundum, Capituli Glasguensis integrum: Tertium amissum est.

Ex autographo in archivis ecclesiæ Glasguensis apud in facco lineo
sub litera

APPENDIX III.

B A R O C H A N C R O S S.

SEMPLE is the only individual, to our knowledge, who has alluded to this singular monument. In his continuation of Crawfurd's History of Renfrew, that single-hearted and pains-taking man states: "A few score yards south from this place, (Barochan mill,) stands a Danish stone, which is called Barochan Cross, being full of wreathed work, such as lions, and other wild beasts; but no letters are legible. The stone is about 20 inches broad and 9 inches thick, being about five feet to the cross, and about three feet above that to the top, standing upon a pedestal about three feet," * p. 108.

An accurate representation of this memorial stone is given in the plate which forms

* After this was written we happened to notice the following in the Statistical Account of Scotland:—
"In the Barony of Barochan, and on the side of the public road, stood an ancient cross, about 11 or 12 feet high, set in a large pedestal of undressed stone. The cross had been neatly hewn, with much wreathed carving on all sides. No letters appear on it. It is much defaced with ruin and storm. In a square part of the front are two rows of small images; in the upper row there are four with garments to their feet; and four in the under row. Each seem to hold, in their left hand, a club over their shoulders, that is thickest at the far end. In a square on the back part there are also two rows of small figures, four in each row, much defaced, and coarsely executed: but when, by whom, or on what occasion it was erected, there is no record or tradition. Some call it a Danish cross. Perhaps it might be intended as a devotional cross for travellers. The cross above-mentioned was lately removed by Malcolm Fleming, Esq. the present proprietor, to a neighbouring hill, where the old mansion-house of Barochan formerly stood."—*Statistical Account of Scotland*, vol. I. p. 326. *Vide Houston and Killellan.*

the frontispiece of this volume. Semple's account of the stone, so far as its dimensions are concerned, is tolerably accurate; but from the draughts we have made of the east and west sides, where the only sculptured figures are, it will be seen, that, although there is no lack of "wreathed work," not a vestige exists of "lions and other wild beasts." This writer, however, had a faculty of seeing beasts of the chase on these monuments which no other person has enjoyed since his day. In describing a cross at Stainly Castle, he mentions, that on its west side were sculptured "the figures of two lions near the base, and two boars a little above," p. 264. We have looked at the same stone, but, saving a little wreathed work on its edges, it has never yet been our good fortune, by any chance, to see the slightest resemblance to either lion or boar. "No letters are legible," says Semple. This phrase is a little ambiguous, and, therefore, we beg, from a close personal inspection, to say, that the Cross is at this moment totally letterless; nor does it bear the slightest indication of having at any period borne an inscription. Renfrewshire Antiquaries, like Semple, see further into stones than most others; for the same writer, in describing another "statue of Stone, with the effigy of a man riding upon an ass," which stood upon Calderhaugh, near the village of Lochwinnoch, says it had "letters and writing upon the same, in the old Saxon language." This ancient monument now forms an ornament to a kail-yard in the village of Lochwinnoch; and having also carefully scanned it, we can bear testimony to the effigy of a man upon an ass, or some such beast of burden, but must positively deny the existence of any "letters and writing upon the same, in the old Saxon language," or of any characters in any alphabet whatsoever.

The Cross of Barochan is greatly weather-wasted, and the sculptures upon it consequently rather indistinct. In the upper compartment of the east side there is a representation of four figures clad in garments reaching to the ground; and in the lower compartment other four men are sculptured, bearing spears or battle-axes in their right hands.

In the upper compartment of the west side a combat betwixt a knight on horseback and a person on foot is very distinctly traced. The knight is in the act of couching his lance, and the footman is prepared to meet the attaint on his shield. In the under compartment there are three figures, the centre one being more diminutive in stature than the other two,—and to our apprehension this little fellow appears to be the subject of dispute between them, the figure on the right hand evidently interposing a shield over the head of the stripling, to save him from the uplifted weapon of the figure on the left hand. Beneath this last mentioned compartment there are some sculptures, but what these are we pretend not to explain. They are faithfully delineated on the plate, and, thus preserved, some one more cunning in such antiquities may be enabled hereafter to decipher them.

It is to be remarked also, that in the costume of the figures there is an evident difference. The figure on horseback agrees in this particular with the one immediately below him on the left hand, and with the procession of four figures, marching with halberds or axes, on the eastern face of the Cross—while the dress of the person who opposes the knight, and of the other who defends the stripling in the compartment below, agree with the four figures represented in long robes on the other side of this curious monument.

History is silent regarding this ancient memorial; but we find there is a local tradition which ascribes its erection to a defeat sustained, at a very remote period, by the Danes in that neighbourhood. Some names in the vicinity of the Cross smell rankly of war. The Turning-shaw and the Brig of Weir are bloody names,—and from time to time, at a place not far distant, many stone coffins have been disinterred.

Were we to hazard any conjecture on this subject, we should be inclined to consider it as commemorative of the defeat of Sumerled, Lord of the Isles, when he made his descent upon Renfrew in 1164. We quote from Wyntoun, b. vii.:

Sowyrle of Argyle that yhere
Til hym gadryd a gret powere
As twelf yhere he oysyd in bataile
Hys Lord to warray and assaye,
The Kyng that wes of Scotland :
Than wyth a gret Ost of Ireland,
And of other steddys sere,
That by hym ware lyand nere
At Renfrew arrywyd swne.
That Were swn at the last was dwne
That he, and hys Swne bath was
Left dede slayne into that plas.
And mony wyth thame in that sted
Thare than ware slayne and left for dede.

Sumerled's armament was very considerable, and his route complete.* Opposed to this opinion, we know, is that which places the field of battle in the immediate neighbourhood of Renfrew. But the one guess is as good, if not better, than the other; and the evidence of tradition is, moreover, on our side, while history, at the same time, lends us a hand.

According to Fordun, Sumerled landed with his forces at the bay of St Law-

* Sumerlidus collegit classem CLX navium et applicuit apud Rinfrui volens totam Scotiam sibi subjugare. Sed, ultione divina, a paucis superatus, cum filio suo et innumerabili populo ibidem occisus est.—*Chronicon Mannie sub anno 1164.* MCLXIV Sumerlidus, regulus Eregeithel, jam per annos XII contra regem Scotiae Malcolmum dominum suum naturalem impie rebellans, cum Copiosum de Hibernia et diversis locis contrahens apud Renfriu applicavisset, tandem ultione divina cum filio suo, et innumerabili populo, à paucis comprovincialibus ibidem occisus est.—*Chron. de Mailros.*

rence, that is Greenock. His route, therefore, into the heart of the country, if he wished to march upon Renfrew, led in a line past Barochan. He would take the uplands to avoid the woods and morasses, almost impassable, which at that early period must have obstructed his march, had he pursued a route nearer the Clyde. Again, had he followed the coast, the debouchure of the united streams of the Black and White Carts would have presented a serious obstacle to his progress. Pursuing, however, the route which we suppose he took, he had none of these local disadvantages to overcome, and, moreover, enjoyed, as he skirted the rising grounds, a capital *coup d'œil* of the whole of Strathgryffe; and could thereby make every disposition for successful aggression, for retreat, or defence.

But, admitting that there was a conflict between him and the men of Renfrew, in the neighbourhood of that burgh, this is not irreconcilable with our notion, that there was a succession of contests. Perhaps he marched on unmolested till he neared that town, and was there repulsed. The check might have been so severe as to induce him to retreat upon Greenock, where his galleys were moored. Harassed in retiring, by the increasing number of assailants who would rise to avenge themselves on a flying foe, we imagine that, to secure his retreat, he first disputed the passage of the Gryffe at the "Brig of Weir," and then made a last desperate stand at the Turningshaw. Indeed, it is in this neighbourhood that we suppose both Sumerled and his son Gylle Colane were slain, and his forces finally scattered. The sculptures on the stone evidently refer to a conflict between parties diversely clad and diversely armed. According to our theory, the figures on the east side of the Cross would represent the retreat of one party, and their pursuit by another—while the figures in the upper compartment of the west side would refer to the death of Sumerled, and those in the under compartment to that of his son. He is evidently a youngling that is between the two taller figures; and his dress corresponds with that of the one who is represented as extending a shield, or something else, over his head for protection.

Pennant, who travelled in this quarter in 1772, is the only writer who mentions a different memorial stone as being that which conjecturally might be referred to this event; but we shall soon see that he refers to the Cross so frequently alluded to in this volume, as indicating the place where Marjory Bruce was thrown off her horse on Renfrew Muir. His words are: "Continue my journey towards Renfrew. "On the road see a mount, or tumulus, with a foss around the base, and a single "stone erected on the top. Near this place was defeated and slain Sumerled, "Thane of Argyle, who, in 1159 [1164], with a great army of banditti, collected "from Ireland and other parts, landed in the bay of St Lawrence, and led them in "rebellion against Malcolm IV. That this mount was raised in memory of so signal "an event, is not improbable, especially as we are told by a most respectable wri-

" ter, that his troops retired unmolested ; therefore might have leisure to fling up " this usual tribute to the honour of their leader," p. 172, vol. 2. Lond. 1790.

Pennant, in riding from Paisley to Renfrew, has never quitted his saddle, otherwise he would have observed that the upright stone was totally unconnected with the tumulus and its circumjacent foss. The tumulus and foss to which he obviously refers, lay to the west of the road, about 80 yards; and 160 yards farther west stood the Cross, which unvarying tradition says, was commemorative of the "woeful hunting" of Dame Marjory Bruce, mother of Robert II. The proximity of the Cross to the mound, and lying, as it does, in a straight line west of the mound, may have deceived his eye.

As we are talking of Crosses, we may as well bestow a word or two upon "Queen Blearie's Stane," as it was designated by the country folks of that neighbourhood.

This stone stood on the Farm of Knoc, midway betwixt Renfrew and Paisley, and about 240 yards to the west of the present road. It was an octagonal column, about ten feet in height, without any inscription or sculptures whatsoever. It was inserted in a solid pedestal, also eight-sided, and about six feet in diameter. Part of the shaft was seen by Semple serving the undignified purpose of a lintel to the barn door of the farm steading at Knoc; but that fragment, like the rest of it, has now disappeared. The pedestal was dug up in the year 1779, and the materials were used to mend fences. We have conversed with one who assisted in this piece of wanton sacrilege. From the same authority we learned with regret, that, had it not been for the indifference of the ancestor of the present Mr Campbell of Blythswood, on whose property the Cross stood, that monument might have remained there to this day. It had become loosened in the socket, and required a little repair. The tenant on the farm offered to repair it for a very slight consideration; this was refused, and time did its work. It either fell, or, to save it from breaking, it was removed and built into the barn a short time before the foundations of the pedestal were dug up.

The tradition of Queen Blearie's mishap has been ridiculed by Lord Hailes, and other smaller annalists have sneered in concert with him. It is not the purpose of the present writer to reconcile the discrepancies which the incredulous school have pointed out as existing between the traditional versions of this story itself, and the facts of history which run counter to it. He may, however, contend that it is altogether improbable that such a story took its rise wholly independent of some foundation in fact. The historical facts may be disguised by oral embellishment, or corrupted by being fused with other events prior or subsequent to their own era, but they can never be wholly suppressed. From Montgomerie's description of Renfrew, it will be seen that the tradition was much more ancient than Lord Hailes

was aware of.* Lord Hailes piques himself upon the historical fact, that Dame Marjory Bruce was never queen; and thereupon argues that it is wholly improbable the monument in question can be referred to her. To men acquainted with the changes which time produces in oral records, there can appear nothing startling, extraordinary, or irrefutable, in his lordship's argument. Lady Marjory Bruce, although no queen herself, was the mother of a king who went under the soubriquet of Bleareye. The vulgar have a wondrous aptitude to dignify and embellish their narratives; seldom do they deign to speak of characters under the degree of kings and princes. When Robert II. ascended the throne, and when they were speaking of the accident of his birth, is there any improbability, we would ask, in them designating his mother as a queen? We think not. As early as 1318 the child of the princess Marjory was designated by the Scottish parliament to the throne, in the event of his maternal grandfather dying without issue male. But the Bleareye, how is that accounted for? Though her son had a frightful scar, there is no mention of his mother being so disfigured. We remember that Lord Hailes scoffs at the notion of the redness of Robert II.'s eyes being occasioned, as tradition reports, by a scar received at the time of his birth. Now, the "reed bleered eyen" of Robert, which seemed as if they "were lyned with cendall," is an indisputable fact which Froissart vouches for; yet this circumstance, according to his lordship, affords no presumption in favour of the tradition: "A man bred up in war, as he was, might have had his eye hurt without the unskilfulness of a surgeon." So he might; but where is the historical evidence for this supposition? The authors whom his lordship quotes against the tradition are as silent respecting this guess, as they are with regard to the circumstances of his birth. While we are indulging in conjecture, why may we not as well suppose, that this remarkable inflammation was a hereditary malady, and that the same blemish existed in his mother's? This will remove one of Lord Hailes' conscientious scruples, when he asks why Marjory Bruce should be called Blear-eye because her son was wounded in the Ceasarean operation. We are aware this will be met by the assertion, that no such circumstance is alluded to by any historian. But the silence of history on this unimportant affair goes for nothing. We may ask, by way of retort, what writer of the period spends a word upon the height, figure, complexion, or even mental endowments, of this descendant of the martial Bruce—of this mother to an illustrious line of monarchs? They do not even mention where she was buried,

* Mr James Montgomerie was the son of the Ezekiel Montgomerie referred to in the note, p. 140. He was Sheriff-Depute of Renfrewshire, and Bailie-Depute of the Regality of Paisley, about the year 1642. The same offices were held, by his son, Ezekiel Montgomerie, also designer of Weithlands, a person who rendered himself sufficiently notorious in his day. Notices of him occur in Fountainhall's Decisions—and Diary. He is canonized as a conventicle hunter, in the Elegy upon Grierson of Lag.

although it is certain that this was within the church of Paisley, where her tomb is still to be seen. "Again," says his lordship, "it seems extraordinary that there should have been at hand any person so capable of performing the operation as not to hurt the child any farther than by a flesh wound in the eye-lid, or in the ball of the eye." When we find Robert II. granting charters of lands in the immediate vicinity of Renfrew to Thomas of the Hall, surgeon, for his faithful service, a great part of this counterfeited astonishment will evaporate.

Lord Hailes has perhaps been at too much pains in demolishing an interesting, an ancient, and by no means an inconsistent or improbable tradition. Traditions are only questionable when they go to flatter family pride. When there is any thing derogatory to the glory of an ancient name, or melancholy in the tissue of their family annals, we are disposed to consider them entitled to credit. The tradition now under review comes not under the description of those stories which record the superhuman feats of Wallace, or the marvels wrought by the bloody yoke of the Hays, although his lordship would fain blend it with such poetical figments, or heraldic inventions.

To follow out the various arguments, adduced by Lord Hailes, to shake this ancient tradition, we do not profess. But, before we have done, we may allude to another, to which he triumphantly appeals, as settling the manner in which the name Queen Blearie may have been attached to this stone. "Cuine Blair" in Gaelic, it seems, signifies "memorial of battle;" and hence, argues his lordship, this stone, or memorial of combat, has derived its name, and must refer to events more ancient than the birth of Robert II. It is singular enough, that the field whereon the stone stood is, to this day, named the Kemp knowe, or Kemp field, which is a fair rendering of "Cuine Blair" into the Scoto-Saxon. With the Kemp knowe, however, there is a tradition associated which has no reference to the stone. The stone refers to one distinct story, that of Dame Marjory Bruce; and the tumulus, with the fosse described by Pennant, to another, concerning a singular combat which tradition says took place there in very remote times. This traditional story has never appeared in print, and, to preserve it, we may be excused for here narrating it as succinctly as we can. We have another reason for doing so, inasmuch as it illustrates the tomb, copied from the inside of Renfrew church, raised to the memory of Sir John Ross, of Hawkeheide.* The stone effigy, which once rested under the arch, is now displaced, and removed into the burial aisle of the Earl of Glasgow, adjacent to the church. To this day it is called by the worthy burghers of Renfrew, Palmyarm Ross. The occasion of this epithet we knew not, till we fortunately met with some old people who remembered the traditional story which records the prowess of this stalworth knight, and which we give in nearly the same words as we received it :

* Vide plate 4, facing p. 126. This inscription in Crawford is erroneously printed "Josias Ros;" and after Editors, either from ignorance or indolence, have perpetuated the blunder.

THE STORY OF PALMYARM ROSS.

A LONG, long while ago—tradition seldom condescends to traffic in precise dates—when the Kings of Scotland and England were on excellent visiting terms, it happened that the King of Scotland, with his Queen, went to spend some weeks of summer in the Court of England. Here every description of splendid pageant, pastime, and knightly entertainment, befitting the quality of such exalted guests, was lavishly displayed, and, among the rest, various martial exercises formed no inconsiderable portion of each day's amusement. In the English Court there was a champion of surpassing height and strength, and so expert in wrestling and swordsmanship, that neither knight nor knave, in all merry England, could match him. He was in high esteem with the King of England, who never ceased jibing the Scottish King to produce any one of his subjects who would overthrow the English champion. Irritated at these repeated boasts, the Scottish King coolly said, that next year, when his royal cousin visited Scotland, he would prove to him that the smallest man in Scotland was more than a match for the biggest born of England. Wagers were accordingly laid between the rival sovereigns, and these, as may be supposed, were equal in amount to the ransom of seven kings. All preliminaries of the combat were arranged agreeably to certain articles. These principally consisted in a condition that the champions should fight within a circle out of which neither could escape. By fire or water the vanquished was to perish. The circle was to be surrounded by a deep and broad ditch, sufficient to drown the coward who would be so base as attempt flight; and in its centre was to be kindled “a bauld bane fire,” into which the victor might cast his antagonist to be consumed.

The King of Scotland had, in his pride, undertaken what his prudence told him was of difficult accomplishment. With a heavy heart he turned his back on London, and went home to find out a champion to redeem his pledge. But the fame of the Englishman had reached Scotland, and this was no ways diminished by the marvellous testimony which the King's retinue bore to the prowess of the gigantic wrestler, whose feats they had witnessed. Day after day passed away, and yet none of the Scottish knights offered to venture life and limb in the king's quarrel. In vain the King summoned his chivalry around him, and proffered vast honours to anyone that would redeem the regal, and the national honour. In vain the King said he would gladly bestow on the person who vanquished the English champion his own pleasant Inch and Castle of Renfrew, where he resided, and which he loved as the apple of his eye. All were silent; they had seen or heard of the Titan to whom they were to be opposed, and already heard, in imagination, their own bones crashing under his enormous bulk.

Meanwhile preparations were making for the combat on the Knoc, and for the accommodation of the respective Courts. A mound was raised—a deep ditch was dug around it, and filled with water, across which a single plank was thrown to give access to the combatants.

While almost in despair of finding one courageous enough to undertake the “adventure perilous,” Ross, of Hawkhead, offered himself, and he was gladly accepted by the King, while all the Court marvelled at his extraordinary temerity. The eventful day at last arrived. The gigantic Englishman stood within the circle—the “bauld bane fire” was crackling in the centre—and beside him stood the comparatively diminutive, but dauntless, laird of Ross. From neck to heel Ross had clad himself in a garment which fitted tightly to his body, made of the skin of some beast, the fleshy side outermost, and this glistering and smooth with oil. The English champion smiled at his antagonist, and both addressed themselves for the combat. Deafening cheers now rent the air; the heralds sounded their trumpets; and at the signal the Englishman attempted to pounce on Ross, and truss him up as a hawk would a sparrow. Here, however, he was disappointed; for Ross eluded his grasp, and leapt clean aside. Again and again the champion of England made a snatch at Ross, but the slipperiness of his skin armour, or his agility, saved him. For a long while they continued engaged in this manner, the Englishman endeavouring to get his favourite hold of Ross, and to toss him on the fire at once, and have done with such child’s play; but his attempts proved abortive. Despairing at length of accomplishing his object, the Englishman, almost breathless with anger and unavailing exertion, stood still, and invited Ross to take his favourite hold. “Palm my arm,” said the Englishman; and Ross, who waited for such an invitation, and depended upon the strength of his grasp, and a peculiar sleight he had, immediately sprung forward, seized the Champion by his wrists, and, by a desperate wrench, dislocated them, both at the shoulder joint. A scream of agony burst from the lips of the unsuspecting Englishman. Disabled in this summary fashion, he could offer no effectual resistance to his wily antagonist, who immediately made short work of him, and, with little difficulty, dragged him into the burning pile. Thus terminated the savage combat, to the immense contentment and glory of the King of Scotland; but to the inexpressible chagrin and sore dismay of him of England.

Having accomplished this splendid feat, Ross demanded the proffered reward. The King hesitated to surrender the Inch to his faithful vassal, for which, as mentioned above, he had a great local attachment. “Ross,” said the King, “for this Inch I will give thee a span in any other part of my realm.” “Nay, my liege,” retorted Ross indignantly, “I will content me with the *inch* even now, and when I have again to defend thy honour I shall expect the *span*.”

The King could not retract his royal promise; so, from that time, the gallant Ross

bruiked the lands and castle of the Inch, which he had so valiantly won, and ever after he was distinguished by the soubriquet of Palm-my-arm, in consequence of the circumstance above narrated.

Another version of the tradition says, that these kamps fought with swords, and that the catastrophe happened as described in the ballad of Johnie Scot :

“ The Italian, like a swallow swift,
O'er Johnie's head did flee ;
But on the point of his good sword
The Italian stickit he.”

And it is superfluous to add that the fundamental injury then received proved mortal. A love of truth also obliges us to state, that this version of the story records, that, in place of a beast's skin, Ross was sheathed in scaly armour, so exquisitely polished, that a fly could not walk upon it for very smoothness. Furthermore, it is said, that as Ross paced to and fro upon the battle-ground, “ shimmering in the sun,” all eyes were so dazzled with the excessive effulgence of his flexible scale-armour, that no one could look upon him steadfastly for any length of time. In other respects both versions of the tradition concur.

A story, something like the preceding, is narrated by Boece, lib. XIII.,* as having occurred under the reign of Alexander the Third; and, singular enough, it refers to the origin of the Earls of Ross.

The conclusions we would draw from the above desultory remarks are these : 1st. That Pennant is wrong in conjecturing that the stone pillar, which he saw on the Renfrew road, referred to Sumerled's defeat, as being, from its style of architecture, and the unvarying tradition of the country, wholly irreconcilable with that event. 2d. That this pillar is truly a memorial of the unhappy accident which tradition says befell Lady Marjory Bruce. 3d. That the name of “ Queen Blearie's Stane” may have been appropriated to it, in the course of that process of transmutation incident to all oral records which we have attempted before imperfectly to describe—a species of mental alchemy, by which names, facts, circumstances, and the occurrences and remembrances of various ages, are imperceptibly fused together in

* *Paulo deinde post fratres Eduardi Henrici regis Anglie filii, in Scotiam ad sororem sororiumque visendos venere, ac postea Alexandrum cum uxore Londinum, ut Eduardi coronationi interessent, adduxere : ubi quum plurimi omnis generis ludorum celebrarentur tum magna Scotorum gloria singularia edita sunt certamina. Erat ea tempestate in aula Eduardi haud ignobilis quidam genere vir natione Normanus, admiranda corporis virtute, ac rei equestris summa peditus peritia. Hunc, quum omnes magna gloria totam diem certando devicissent, Scotus quidam Ferquhardus nomine ex nobili familia ortus Rossus natione ad illam solemnitatem honoris gratia regem prosecutus tandem cum maximo Scotorum gaudio superavit. Quem rex Alexander victorio suorum laetus comitatu Rossie donavit. fol. ceci.*

Time's crucible, till oral tradition streams forth to posterity a current of imperishable bronze—a mixed, but a useful and right beautiful metal. 4th. That the field where the cross stood—when a dialect of the Celtic prevailed among the peasantry of this portion of Strathcluid—may have been denominated, from the singular combat above referred to, Cuimhne Blair, till it was gradually superseded by the Scoto-Saxon Kemp knowe; and, being retained to a comparatively recent period, it, at length, lost its primitive signification, and assumed a corrupted form after the accident to Dame Marjory Bruce, and the accession of her son, named the Bleareye, to the throne.

We are grave sticklers for the authority of oral traditions, and never like to see them rancorously impugned. But for the length to which these idle speculations on a couple of old grey stones have extended, we deem it right to offer an apology to those rigid antiquaries, whose sympathies for by-past times are circumscribed within an alphabet of written signs, and to whom all history appears fable until it is transferred to a sheep's back, or a piece of perishable rag. It is only necessary for us to add, that in the county of Renfrew there are not more than six individuals who can now point out the site of "Queen Blearie's Stane," and still fewer who can show the spot where Palmyarm Ross so signalily distinguished himself. We take the merit to ourselves of suggesting to the intelligent farmer in the Knoc the propriety of putting up a stake to mark the exact spot where the cross stood, and of saving the mound from further obliteration by the plough.*

The other engravings explain themselves. Some of the inscriptions having been inaccurately copied in other works, correct transcripts which rectify errors become of use. It was with some difficulty a perfect seal of the Convent of Paisley could be obtained, most of those appended to the charters which have come under the observation of the present writer being either broken or much effaced. Abbot Schaw's inscription, which records the erection of his famous wall around the orchard of the Abbey, forms the lintel of a dwelling-house at Wallneuk of Paisley, and seems not to have been removed from the spot where it originally was fixed. The wall ran from the northern transept of the church, along what is the present line of Lawn-street, to the Wallneuk, where it turned east, and ran along

* It was in the year 1782 that, in the course of some agricultural improvements, the first attempt was made to level the mound and fill up the fosse. Previous to that time, the ditch was about six yards in width, and four feet in depth. The mound was twenty yards in diameter.

the line of what is called Incle-street. At the extremity of this street, it then turned southwards, skirting what is still called the Mill-road, till it terminated at the *Columbarium*, which stood close to the brink of the Cart, opposite the waterfall at the Seedhill mills. The inscription of Abbot Lithgow, in the north porch of the church, has been sadly mangled by local antiquaries. They could not read it, and seeing a date upon it, they guessed that it referred to the building of the church, instead of being, as it is, the simple announcement of the place where a pious man wished to have his bones laid. No other monument appears of any of the Abbots of this once flourishing monastery. It occurs to us, however, that there has been at one time a mural tablet erected to the memory of John Hamilton, Archbishop of St Andrews, of which some vestiges still appear. Any person who visits the ruined portion of the church will see, on the west side of the north transept, a stone in the wall with the arms of Hamilton sculptured upon it, as also the words "Misericordia et Pax," and the initials "I. H." The rest of the monument has been destroyed; but, when entire, we believe it referred to this able scholar and ecclesiastic, but unfortunate statesman.

I N D E X I.

N A M E S O F P L A C E S.

- Aberbrothok, 49, 211, 226.
Abercarf (Abertarf?), 158.
Aberdeen, 212.
Abermelc, 156, 158.
Abington, 63.
Achcatmuir, 49.
Adamtoun, 92.
Affleck, 147.
Air, capitulum apud, 184.
— burgh, 188, 222, 271, 192, 193.
— parochialis ecclesia, 275.
— shire, 6, 10, 66, 129, 140.
Aikenhead, 24, 116.
—— bridge and miln, 135.
Aldhouse, 111, 114.
Aldlands, 87, 216.
Alith, 245.
Allantoun, 131.
Allarslie (Ellerslie), 141.
Alnecrumba (Ancrum), 156, 158, 174, 176.
Alton, 8.
Aloway, 88.
Almoushouse next the college of Glasgow,
 114.
Alvine water (Aven ?), 129.
Alyncreumble (Ancrum ?), ecclesia, 197.
Anagnia, 189.
Annandale, 5, 129.
Annyston, 130.
Ardawrig, 207.
Ardgray, 131.
Ardmor, 143.
Ardgowan, 80, 104, 141.
Ardrie, 35, 131.
Argyle, 142, 143, 145.
Arskine, *vide* Erskine, Hyreskine.
Aschechirca, 156.
Ascheby, 156, 158.
Askirk, 158, 197, *vide* Eskirk.
Astanesdene (Hassenden ?), 156, 158.
Auchinames, 102, 103, 141.
Auchincrue, 116.
Auchingoun, 74, 108.
Auchinhood, 119.
Auchinhose, 100.
Auchinlodmont, 287, 291.
Auchrinie, 149.
Aughterfardle, 67.
Aughtermuir, 49.
Auldcathe, 16.
Auld Inglis toun, 95, 120.
Auldston, 57.
Aven water, 7, 8, 9, 16, 17, 130, 133.
Avendale parish, 3, 6, 9, 11, 133, 134.
—— castle, 9, 10.
—— teinds of, 11, 37.
—— lands, 62.
—— burgh of barony, 131.
—— heads of, 131.
Auldlands, *vide* Aldlands.
Badenoul, 114.
Bader, Bademonoch, 32, 158, 164, 244.
Badernoch, 32.
Badinheath, 114.
Balach, 234.
Balgray, 14.
Ballantrae, 143.
Ballanrik, Ballanark, 158. (Pathelanarhe ?)
Ballernok, Ballornock, 158.
Ballayn (Bedlay ?), 158, 164, 245, 246.
Balshegry, 29.

INDEX I.

- Banheath, 36, 131.
 Barachnie, 34, 150.
 Barnhill, 87.
 Barnecluth, 17.
 Barns, 87.
 Barr, 107.
 Barrochan, 96, 140, 141.
 Barrowfield, 31.
 Barscuil, 88.
 Bartrumschottis, 41, 133, 139.
 Barony of Glasgow, 3, 6, 29, 33.
 —— church of Glasgow, 4, 30.
 —— teinds of, 31.
 Bedlae, 32.
 Bedlormie, 158.
 Beill, 7.
 Beircroft, 59.
 Beith, 79, 108.
 Bellswynd of Glasgow, 5.
 Belstain, 51.
 Beltrees, 123.
 Berewicum, hospitium Sanctæ Mariae Magdalena, juxta, 198.
 —— apud Twedam, 225.
 Bernys, 216.
 Bethlehem, terræ, 218.
 Between the Hills, 58.
 Biggar, 6, 58, 59, 131.
 —— water, 130.
 Birnockhead, 130.
 Bishop's Forrest, 149, 169.
 Bishopstoun, 89, 141.
 Bissieberryhill, 131.
 Bizziebiggar head, 130.
 Blackfriars church, Glasgow, 4.
 Black Cart water, 102, 131, 140, 144.
 Blackhall, 80.
 Blackhill, 131.
 Blackloch, 130, 134.
 Blackston, 84, 94, 130, 141, 144.
 Blacksolm, 123.
 Blackwood, 67.
 Blackyairds, 34, 150.
 Blaikburn, 130.
 Blairlinn, 36.
 Blairmucks, 44.
 Blantyre, 6, 11, 14, 15, 16, 19, 31, 131, 132,
 134.
 —— teinds, 15.
 Blawarhill, 86.
 Bockcleugh, 63.
 Boghall, 58, 97, 141.
 Boghouse of Crawfordjohn, 62.
 Bogtoun, 117.
 Bogtoun house, 115.
 Bogleshole, 34, 131.
 Boigs, 42.
 Bolannick, 94.
 Bonietoun, 55.
 Bonnitoun linn, 130.
 Bondington, 214, 215.
 Bontackhead, 130.
 Boogs, 138.
 Boot, 3, 265.
 Bornes, 7.
 Borthwick, 160.
 Botil ecclesia, 198.
 Bowhouse, 18, 66.
 Bothwell, 3, 6, 37, 39, 43, 45, 132, 133, 135,
 251, 252, 44, 57.
 —— castle, 15, 38, 130, 131, 134, 202,
 220, 247.
 —— barony, 16, 37, 43, 246, 247, 248,
 250.
 —— bridge, 16, 42, 134.
 —— wood, 131.
 —— park of, 131.
 —— provostry, 37, 99, 131, 133, 253,
 254.
 —— prebends of, 11.
 —— church, 39, 40, 132, 135, 136,
 137.
 Bothwellhaugh, 39.
 Bothwellschellis, 41.
 Bradisholm, 34, 134.
 Braidhirst, 138.
 Braidinhill, 36.
 Braidshielburn, 47.
 Braidwood, 52.
 Braxfield, 55.
 Brediland, 87, 123.
 Bresscat, 15.
 Bridgegate Street, Glasgow, 5.
 Bridgend of Partick, 110.
 —— of Glasgow, 114.
 Bridholm (Bradisholm ?), 137.
 Brigidae Sanctæ Capella, 288.
 Brisbanetoun, 89.
 Broadferry, 91.
 Bromilton, 18.

N A M E S O F P L A C E S.

- Broomhill, 7, 131.
 Broomielaw harbour, 4.
 Brumescheyd (Brownieside?) 156, 158.
 Brunadie, 16.
 Bruntschiells, 124.
 Bryntscheills, Est, 287.
 — West, 287.
 Budlornak, 158.
 Burgus apud Glasgu, 161, 166.
 — de Dunbretain, 167.
 Buthelule (Bonhill in Dumbartonshire,
 Bothwell?), 158.
 Byris of Ralston, 79.
- Cadder (Calder? *vide*) 244.
 Cadihou, 164, 166, 167, 192, 193, 201, 208,
 209, 210, 211, 212, 217, 218.
 — baronia, 213, 214, 215, 216.
 — ecclesia, 207, 216, 217, 218.
 — prebenda, 197.
 — chorus de, 216.
 Caerpentalloch, (Kirkintilloch?), 160.
 Calder parish, 2, 3, 5, 6, 30, 31, 33, 37, 158, 8.
 — bridge, 130, 139, 141.
 — new miln of, 135.
 — kirk of, 32.
 — teinds of, 32, 33, 35.
 — old tower of the house of, 32.
 — water, 8, 34, 35, 39, 40, 44, 45, 48,
 49, 134, 136, 137, 139.
 — water, Easter and Wester, 37.
 — East, 44, 46.
 Calder in Lothian, 57.
 Caldercleir, 40.
 Caldchapel water, 129.
 Calderside, 15.
 Calderwood, 131.
 Caldwell, 141.
 Caldwall, 109.
 — Little, 110.
 Caledon, 15.
 Caledonian wood, 145.
 Cambuslang barony, 19, 48.
 — parish, 3, 6, 11, 14, 19, 20, 21,
 26.
 — town, 22.
 — wood, 131.
 — old church of, 48, 219.
 — prebenda, 220.
 — teinds of, 47.
- Cambusnethan parish, 6, 8, 18, 42, 45, 46,
 50, 132, 137.
 — barony, 46, 49.
 — teinds, 47.
 — kirk, 137.
 Camcachetheyn (Cambusnethan?), 156.
 Camcar (Sanchar?), 156, 158.
 Camelekie (Camlachie) burn, 131
 Camnethan, See Cambusnethan.
 Cambridge, 138.
 Campe water, 129.
 Campsie, 2.
 Cander, 8.
 — water, 8.
 Candidæ casæ, diocesis, 197, 198.
 Candleriggs street, Glasgow, 5.
 Cantus Gregorianus, 287, 290.
 — precatus sive curiosus, 290, 291.
 Carbars, 48.
 Carelevien (Carcluie?), 156.
 Cardaroch, 32.
 Cardonell, 31, 78, 141.
 Cardros, 2, 168.
 Carfin, 40, 137, 138.
 Carlaverok, 111.
 Carluke, 6, 12, 46, 50, 53.
 Carmannock parish, 6, 11, 20, 23, 24, 26,
 147, 230.
 — barony, 23.
 — teinds, 24.
 Carmichael, 6, 65, 131.
 Carmichael hill, 130.
 Carmyle, 34.
 Carnbrue, 42, 131, 135, 136.
 Carncurran, 124.
 Carnwath parish, 6, 56, 57, 58, 130.
 — house, 131.
 — muir, 50.
 — burgh of barony, 56, 131.
 — loch, 131.
 — teinds of, 56.
 Carnewith (Carnwath?), 156, 159, 255.
 — prebenda, 197.
 Carnetale hill, 129, 130, 131.
 Carnethyn (Carntyne?), 156.
 Carnethan, in parochia de Troqueir, 159.
 Carnismolle, ecclesia, 198.
 Carrick, 2, 5, 143, 183, 185, 201.
 — Decanatus, 225.
 Carseburn, 80, 98.

INDEX I.

- Carsedyke, 98.
 Carseland (Kersland ?), 85.
 Carstairs, 6, 50, 53, 55, 64, 131, 149.
 Caruill (Carmyle ?), 156, 159.
 Cart water, 23, 24, 73, 78, 79, 80, 83, 84,
 113, 116, 117, 131, 143, 144, 145,
 146, 265.
 — black water of, 102, 131, 144.
 Castlehill, 54, 131, 216, 217.
 Castlemilk, *alias* Castleton or Cassilton, 23,
 99, 131.
 Castlemilk in Galloway, 158.
 Castlesemple house, 106, 141.
 — loch, 106, 140, 141.
 — provostry, 9, 107.
 Castletarras, 156, 159.
 Castlewards of Lanark, 3.
 Castlewood, 131.
 Castrum puellarum, 167, 209.
 Catheart, 6, 23, 24, 26, 72, 116, 141, 147.
 — barony, 24, 116.
 — teinds of, 25, 118.
 — castle, 116, 141.
 — kirk, 117, 230.
 — chorus sancti Oswaldi in, 117.
 Cathkin, 24, 99, 131.
 Cathkinhill, 131.
 Cathquhanne burn, 130.
 Cathedral kirk of Glasgow, 30.
 Chadehou, Castrum de, 16. *Vide* Cadihou.
 Chapel, 23, 136.
 — of Crosby, 147.
 Chapelton, villagium, decimæ de, 286.
 Cheshire, 157.
 Chiil (Kyle?), 201.
 Chapter of Glasgow, 2.
 Chefcarnenwat (over Carnwath ?), 156.
 Christwall, 105.
 Cladans, 207.
 Clakmanan, 88.
 Clastrum Fratrum Predicatorum de Glasgu,
 190.
 Cleandaghallagan, in Knapdale, 271.
 Cleghorn, 54, 131.
 Cleland, 40.
 Clelandtoun, 131, 136, 137.
 Cleland wood, 137.
 — miln, 137.
 Cloch, 144.
 Clochstane, 144.
 Clochanys, 207.
 Clonyschannach, 216.
 Clowburn, 64.
 — water, 130.
 — miln, 130.
 Clude, vallis de, 192, 201.
 Clyde river, 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 14, 15, 16, 17,
 19, 22, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 33, 37,
 39, 42, 45, 46, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53,
 55, 59, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67,
 71, 72, 73, 84, 85, 86, 89, 91, 94,
 98, 99, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133,
 134, 135, 137, 138, 139, 140, 142,
 144, 187, 274, 281, 284.
 — Firth of, 144.
 Clydeshill, Little, 6, 61.
 Clydesdale, 50, 60, 104, 129, 142, 144, 145,
 157.
 — Upper Ward, 50, 129.
 — forest of, 50.
 Clydesholme, 53.
 Cnokfubill, 246.
 Coats, 23.
 Cochrane, 81, 103, 141.
 Cochmannock (Cochnay ?), 275.
 Codquhen (Quothquen ?), 87.
 Coirlglas, 207.
 Colctain (Coltram ?), 156, 159.
 Colington, 130.
 Colmonel, 76, 271.
 Coltness, 47. *vide* Cultness.
 Comirnauld, 21.
 Comlongan, ecclesia, 198.
 Communia Decani et Capituli Glasguensis,
 259, 261.
 Communes distributiones Decani et Capituli,
 263.
 Conalli Sancti, Capella, 288.
 Conclud, 164.
 Conhatrig, 149.
 Connoblehill (Knowblehill ?), 136.
 Conyngham, 203. *vide* Cunningham.
 — Decanatus, 225.
 Corehouse, 67, 131.
 Coregium, ad opus Servientium qui Kethres
 vocabantur, 185.
 Corsbasket, 16.
 Corsbie, 103.
 Corswood hill, 130.
 Couendal (Quendal ?), 156, 159.

N A M E S O F P L A C E S.

- Coudon, 109.
 Coulterallers, 59, 130.
 Coulter Mayns, 59, 130.
 Coulterstane height, 129.
 Coulter heights, 131.
 Coulter water, 129.
 Cowhill, 94.
 Covington, 6, 63, 130, 131.
 Crafts' hospital of Glasgow, 150.
 Craggyn, ecclesia, 230.
 Cragnentalach (Kirkintilloch?), 275.
 Craig of Blantyre, 131, 134.
 Craiganes, 99, 141.
 Craigbet, 124.
 Cragie parish, 147.
 Craignethan, 68, 130, 131.
 Craigton, 124.
 Craik water, 129.
 Crawford parish, 6, 59, 60, 61, 264.
 — teinds, 61.
 — barony, 60, 61.
 Crawfordjohn, 8, 6, 61, 62, 65.
 — castle, 61, 129, 131.
 — kirk, 61.
 — teinds of, 61, 62.
 — burgh of barony, 61, 131.
 Crawford Lindsay parish, 60, 61.
 Crawford dykes, 145.
 Crawfords ferm, 26.
 Creighton, lordship, 37.
 Crimpcramp, 62.
 Croceford, 130.
 Crocerig, 66.
 Crookdyke, 67.
 Crookedsheill, 22.
 Crookedshot, 95, 103.
 Crookedstanes, 129.
 Crosby kirk, 39.
 — chapel of, 147.
 Crossmyghell, ecclesia, 198.
 Crookston wood, 141.
 Croxton, 75, 77.
 Croxton castle, 78, 141.
 Cruiller dyke, 47.
 Cudely, 56.
 — loch, 131.
 Culbuthe (Culbowy?), 274.
 Culter, 6, 58, 59.
 Cultness, 18, 47, 48, 131.
 Cumbria regio, 155.
 Cumbriæ provincia, 156, 200.
 Cumberland, 157, 158, 200.
 Cumbrisia parochia, 156.
 Cuming tower, 39.
 Cummerheads, 130.
 Cumray in Bute, 147.
 Cunningham, 2, 5, 71, 73, 140, 142, 144,
 201.
 Cunegan, *vide* Cunningham.
 Cunclut, Conclud, 156, 244.
 Dair water, 61, 129.
 Dalbeth, 31.
 Daldowie, 34.
 — Easter, 34, 150.
 Dalkarn, 159.
 Dalmuneh (Dalmarnock?), 159.
 Dalserf parish, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 13, 16, 66.
 — church, 7.
 — house, 131.
 — vicarage teinds of, 8, 16, 19.
 — parsonage teinds of, 8, 19.
 — burn, 130.
 Dalswynton, ecclesia, 198.
 Dalzel parish, 2, 6, 45, 46, 132.
 — teinds of, 45.
 — house of, 46, 131, 138, 247.
 — lands, 247.
 — wood, 131.
 — kirk, 138.
 Daniel burn, 130.
 Danscalliscroft, 217.
 Darngavel, 67, 124.
 Darngavil hill, 131.
 Darnly, 77.
 Darnoch heights, 131.
 Davidshall, 130.
 Deserf, Diserf, *vide* Dalserf.
 Decanatus in ecclesia Glasguensi, 197.
 Denside, Medowel, in, 190.
 Dechmont hills, 131.
 Dilenvie, 130.
 Dinedim water, 129.
 Dinrod, 104, 141. *vide* Dunrod.
 Dolfinton parish, 6, 57, 58.
 — teinds, 57.
 Dominae nostræ Capella, 288.
 Douchall, Duchill, 86, 95, 141.
 Douglas, parish, 6, 62, 64, 66, 254.
 — lordship, 60, 66.

INDEX I.

- Douglas, barony, 64.
 ——— church, 65.
 ——— water, 65, 130.
 ——— teinds, 65.
 ——— castle, or house, 65, 131.
 ——— burgh of barony, 65, 131.
 ——— tower, 39.
 Douglasdale, 65.
 Dowcathill, 18.
 Draffin, 66.
 Dreva, 149.
 Dripps, 113.
 Drilton (Dirleton), 159.
 Drumalzeart, 130.
 Drumbou, decimæ de, 286.
 Drummen (Drymen?), teinds of, 151.
 Drumshargat, 19.
 Drumtall (Drumbervie?), decimæ de, 286.
 Drumteblay, (Duntiblae?), 159.
 Dryburgh, abbacy, 53.
 Drygate Street of Glasgow, 4, 36.
 Dryvesdail (Drysdale?), 156, 159.
 Dublin, 74, 85.
 Dumbarton (Dunbretane), 2, 5, 6, 31, 74,
 117, 129, 140, 143, 145, 168,
 169, 187, 188, 235, 283.
 ——— castle, 6, 91.
 ——— parochia, 103.
 ——— burgus de, 167, 190, 210, 226,
 227.
 ——— baillies and wyt of, 282.
 Dumfries, 61, 62, 104, 129, 183.
 ——— commissariat, 151.
 Dumysyston, nether, 41.
 Dundonald, 147.
 ——— kirk, 111.
 ——— in Ireland, 33.
 Dunedin, 62,
 ——— water, 63.
 Dundrinans, 91.
 Dungeon, 39.
 Durgundiston, 67.
 Dunlop, parish, 108.
 Dunrod, 12, 104, 141.
 Dunsyre, 6, 57.
 ——— teinds of, 57.
 Dunsyston, 44.
 Duntechglunane (Duntiglenan?), 274.
 Earnoch, 9, 17.
 Earnoch, Little, 18.
 Eastend, 66.
 East Calder water, 44.
 Easter Dalldowie, 34, 150.
 Easter Kilpatrick, 32.
 Easterton burn, 130.
 East Shiell, 56.
 Eastwood parish, 72, 102, 110, 113, 114,
 141, 146, 147.
 ——— lands, 113.
 ——— teinds of, 116.
 Eboracum, 197, 198.
 Eccleston, 149.
 Edilwood, 16, 18, 213.
 Edinburgh, 4, 134, 139, 162, 165, 170, 171,
 189, 191, 213, 215, 221, 228,
 236, 249, 284.
 ——— west port of, 21.
 ——— shire, 6, 215.
 ——— bishoprick, 61.
 ——— castrum, 241.
 Edinbernan (Edinbarnet?), 275.
 Edinburgi castri, capella occidentalis, 241.
 Edmiston, 58.
 Edulfiston (Edilstoun?), 159.
 Edyngaham (Ednam?), 156.
 Eglesham, parish, 11, 72, 110, 118, 141,
 144, 146.
 ——— muir, 144.
 Eglington, 120.
 Eisiilside burn, 130.
 Elderslie, Ellerslie, 8, 141.
 ——— bridge, 141.
 Elging, 261.
 Elsrickle bog, 130.
 Encarrach (supposed blunder for In Carrick), 159.
 England, 50.
 Ergadia, 167.
 Erickhill, 6, 129.
 Erickstane, 5, 129, 145, 284.
 Erskine parish, 72, 86, 88, 91, 96, 99, 141,
 146, 147.
 ——— kirk of, 89, 91.
 ——— barony, 88.
 ——— house, 141.
 Eskirk, 149.
 Espadie, 120.
 Est Bryntscheills, 287.
 Est Welland, 288.

N A M E S O F P L A C E S.

- Evindale, heads of, 131, *vide* Avondale.
 Eusdale, 145.
- Fairholme, 18.
 Farley, 203.
 Farnyayes (Fereneze?), 107.
 Faskine, 34, 131, 136.
 Fawsdie, conflictus de, 89.
 Fawslane, 94.
 Ferguslie, 80.
 Ferm, 26, 131.
 Fernenes, villagium, 288, Fereneze.
 Ferrineis, forest of, 143.
 Fidderburn, 130.
 Fimbelach, 275.
 Fingerton (Fingalton?), 111.
 Finlayston, 91, 93, 141.
 Flat, decimæ de, 286.
 Flatterton, 104.
 Foresta de Glasgu, 164.
 Forest of Clyde, 50.
 Forest kirk, 50.
 Forest kirk burn, 130.
 Forfar, 223.
 Forum de Glasgu, 164, 166, 167, 168.
 Forth river, 145.
- Fraternitas constituta ad constructionem ecclesiae Glasguensis, 162.
- Freeland, 90.
 Frewston, 8.
 Friermure, 60, 61.
 Fullonum vicus in Glasgu, 219.
 Fulton, 76, 78.
 Fulwood, 103.
 Furcarum via in Glasgu, 228.
 Fynglas, prebenda, 197.
- Gairin, 48, 49, 130, 149, 224
 Gairingill burn, 49.
 Gallowgate street of Glasgow, 4.
 Galloway, 143, 157.
 Galwaith (Galloway), 159.
 Galweia (Galloway), 183.
 Gardinum Episcopi apud Glasgu, 209.
 Garnkirk, 32.
 Garroch, 118, 150.
 Gartqueme (Gartqueine?) loch, 131.
 Gartan, 160.
 Gartness, 44, 136.
 Gartsherrie, 34.
- Gartsherrie loch, 131.
 Garvach, 164.
 Garvin, 36.
 Garvirie loch (Gartferry?), 131.
 Gavin, 108.
 Gavok, 36.
 Gerff, water, 130.
 Gilbertfield, 21, 131.
 Gilkerscleugh, 63.
 Gillemoristoun, 159.
 Gladestanes, 58.
 Glanderston, 109.
 Glasgow, city, 3, 4, 5, 6, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29,
 31, 36, 37, 40, 89, 94, 131, 133,
 134, 139, 144, 145, 151, 168, 169,
 187, 188, 199, 200, 203, 212, 219,
 237, *vide* Glasgu.
 ——— barony, 151, 169, 171, 239, 244.
 ——— regality, 3, 27, 29, 30, 32, 34,
 169, 170.
 ——— castle of, 4, 175, 194, 195, 196.
 ——— barony parish, 3, 6, 29.
 ——— diocese, 6, 30, 146, 185, 199, 203,
 229, 240.
 ——— kirk of, 171.
 ——— archbishoprick, 5, 31.
 ——— commissariat, 2, 72, 151.
 ——— chapter of, 2, 56, 86, 91, 119.
 ——— cathedral, 4, 30, 196.
 ——— greens of, 5.
 ——— crofts of, 21.
 ——— parsonage, 31.
 ——— subdeanry, 31.
 ——— college, 4, 14, 21, 29, 32, 35, 45,
 58, 86, 152.
 ——— common kirk of, 45, 58.
 ——— Blackfriars' church of, 4.
 ——— Laigh kirk of, 4.
 ——— presbytery of, 6, 72, 141.
 ——— Hutcheson's hospital of, 29.
 ——— new, 94.
 ——— market, 171.
 ——— Drygate street of, 4.
 ——— Gallowgate street of, 4.
 ——— High street of, 4.
 ——— Bell's wynd, 5.
 ——— Bridgegate street, 5.
 ——— Candleriggs street of, 5.
 ——— Rattoonraw, 5.
 ——— Stockwell street, 5.

INDEX I.

- Glasgow, Wyndhead, 5.
 —— bridge, 27, 28.
- Glasgu, 157, 158, 169, 175, 180, 186, 191, 201, 203, 223, 225, 227, 231, 243, 252, 253, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 284.
 —— civitas, 169, 227.
 —— burgus apud, 161, 166, 167, 168, 186, 190.
 —— nundinae apud, 161, 162, 165, 167, 208, 271, 278.
 —— forum, 167, 168.
- Glasguensis ecclesia, 155, 169, 174, 176, 177, 178, 179, 182, 185, 197, 199, 200, 203, 204, 205, 207, 208, 210, 211, 212, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 223, 225, 226, 227, 230, 231, 239, 240, 245, 247, 248, 249, 251, 252, 254, 255, 262, 263, 280.
 —— ecclesia, igne consumpta, 162.
 —— alma universitas, 219, 291.
 —— ecclesia major, 243.
 —— ecclesia inferior, 263.
 —— Episcopatus, 180, 181, 183, 197, 236, 244.
 —— officialitas, 187, 217, 271, 272.
 —— ecclesiæ, terræ, 156.
 —— ecclesiæ, fraternitas ad constructionem, constituta, 162.
 —— ecclesiæ, decanus et capitulum, 190, 239, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262.
 —— episcopi, Roberti, obitus, 289.
- Glasford, parish, 6, 9, 10, 16.
 —— ecclesia parochialis, 203, 285, 286.
 —— ecclesia communis capituli, 203.
 —— clericatus parochialis de, 286, 287.
 —— ecclesiæ, jus patronatus, 203.
 —— teinds, 107, 286.
 —— terra de, 204.
 —— barony, 11.
 —— villagium, 286.
- Glastonbury, 157, 158.
- Glastun, 157, 158.
- Glendaruel, 105.
- Glenesk, 60.
- Glengavils, 130.
- Glengonas, water, 129, 131.
- Glenhooffe, 36.
- Glennuchan water, 129.
- Glens, 74, 107.
- Glenshinnoch, 87.
- Glespin, 63.
 —— water, 129.
 —— hill, 129.
- Golyn, in Lothian, 159.
- Gorbals, 4, 28, 150.
- Goseford, in Northumbria, 197.
- Goselington, 9.
- Govan parish, 2, 3, 6, 26, 27, 84, 114, 159, 231, 232, 244.
 —— village, 27.
 —— Little, 29.
 —— teinds of, 29.
 —— Over, 131.
 —— prebenda, 197.
 —— parva, 233.
- Gourock, 99, 141, 142, 145.
- Graham's dyke, 32, 50.
- Grange, 74.
- Grayns, 7.
- Green, 48.
- Green of Rutherglen, 26.
- Greenhead, 47, 48.
- Greenhill, 48.
- Greenlees, 22.
- Greenock parish, 72, 96, 97, 104, 141, 142, 146.
 —— house, 97, 141.
 —— town, 97, 99, 142, 143, 145.
 —— teinds of, 99.
- Greens, 57.
- Greenside, 38.
- Groundless loch, 131.
- Grundesland, decimæ de, 286.
- Gryph, Greiff water, 83, 84, 86, 99, 140, 141, 144, 145, 265.
- Guven, *vide* Govan.
- Hachinkerach (Auchinreoch ?), 159.
- Haddington, 7.
 —— custodia hospitalis Beatae Mariæ de, 198.
- Haggs, 29, 33, 135.
 —— walk miln, 135.
 —— corn miln, 135.
- Halkheid, 77, 126.
- Hallcraig, 52.
- Hamilton, 2, 130, 133, 134, 138.

N A M E S O F P L A C E S.

- Hamilton parish, 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 14, 16.
 ——— regality, 3, 5.
 ——— lordship and barony, 16, 79, 131.
 ——— castle, house, or palace, 16, 71, 131.
 ——— town, 16, 17, 18.
 ——— tower, 39.
 ——— wood, 131.
 ——— hospital, 17.
 ——— provostry, 8, 16, 19.
 ——— presbytery, 6, 132.
 ——— kirk, 17.
 ——— vicarage teinds of, 16, 19.
 ——— parsonage teinds of, 19.
 ——— obits in the kirk of, 19.
 ——— burn, 16, 17.
 ——— haugh, 16.
 Hamilton's farm, 16.
 Hamilton and Campsie, Commissariat, 2, 151.
 Hanshaw, Henshaw, 53.
 ——— water, 130.
 Harbour, (error for Larbert, *quod vide*), 16.
 Hairs Pennel, (Kilbarchan), 125.
 Harschaw, 44, 62.
 Hardingstrona, Hardingstrena, 159, 199.
 Hartcleuch water, 129.
 ——— hills, 129.
 Hartonhill, 130.
 Hartside, 59.
 Hartside burn, 130.
 Hassendene, 158.
 Hawkwood, 140, 141.
 Hawyk, ecclesia, 253, 254.
 Heads, 53.
 Headloch, 131.
 Herring fishing, 142.
 Hesleyside, 65.
 Hillhead, 137.
 Hills, Easter and Wester, 57.
 Hodelm (Hoddam), 156, 159.
 Holyrood-house, 147, 264.
 Hopetoun, 61.
 Horda (Orde?), 159.
 Hotun (Hutton?), 159.
 Housle, 83.
 Houchiltre (Ochiltree?), 159.
 Houston parish, 72, 96, 99, 141, 146, 147.
 ——— wood, 140.
 ——— castle, 141.
 Howgate, 130.
 Hundishill, 217.
 Hurilbury heights, 131.
 Hutcheson's Hospital, Glasgow, 29.
 Hyreskyn (Erskine?) ecclesia, 230.
 Jacobi quarti regis, obitus, 289.
 Jarriswood (Jervieswood), 54, 131.
 Jedburgh, abbacy, 15.
 Jeddeburgh, Jeddewurth, 182, 223, 224.
 Jermistoun, 30.
 Jerrieston, 40, 55, 131, 137, 138.
 Jerusalem, 156.
 Inch of Renfrew, 73.
 Inchegall, 266.
 Inchinan, parish, 72, 86, 141, 144, 146, 160.
 ——— lands, 77, 87.
 ——— teinds of, 87.
 Inchnoch, 36, 131.
 Ineuill, (error for In Kyle?), 160.
 Indulgientiae a Romana curia, 291.
 Ingliston, 92, 160.
 Ingoliston (*vide* Ingliston).
 Innenschadden, Innienschadden (Inchinan?), 160.
 Innerkyp, parish, 72, 80, 95, 100, 104, 141,
 ——— 142, 146, 147.
 ——— teinds of, 106.
 ——— bay, 144.
 Innerweek, parish, 76, 88, 100, 112, 120, 147.
 Insulae inter Guvan et Perdeyc, 232.
 Intoll et Outtoll, 187.
 Inverkyp, *vide* Innerkyp.
 Johnston, 45, 102.
 ——— bridge, 141.
 Jordanhill, 85.
 Ireland, 157.
 Irwin, burgh, 188, 229, 274.
 Kapilrig, 109.
 Karnebuth, 224.
 Karnewid (Carnwath?), 160.
 ——— ecclesia, 254, 255, *vide* Carnewith.
 Karric, 201.
 Karun, 224.
 Katkert, ecclesia, 230.
 Kathconen, 275.
 Kelkeran in Kintyre, ecclesia, 269, 270, 271.
 Kellebride, *vide* Kilbryde.
 Kellie, 105.
 Kelliebridge, 141.
 Kellieburn, 140.

INDEX I.

- Kelso abbacy, 50, 57, 66.
 Kelvin, river, 29, 30, 32, 37, 224.
 Keneard (Kinnaird), 160.
 Kenegyrd, carucata et ecclesia in, 156.
 Kenmure, Kemmor, 34, 164.
 — villagium, 288.
 Kennock, 65.
 Kentigerni beati altare, 211.
 Keppoch, 150.
 Kerkentulacht, 246, *vide* Kirkintilloch
 Kerss, 68.
 Kersland, 85.
 Kert, water, 73, 265, (Cart).
 Kerswell, 56.
 Kevergylt, 156, 159.
 Kevergyrd, 160.
 Keveronum (Kennaran ?), 156, 159.
 Kevertrold, 156, 159.
 Kiil, *vide* Kyle.
 Kilbryde, parish, 2, 3, 6, 10, 11, 14, 20,
 23, 104, 107, 110, 119, 144,
 205.
 — ecclesia, 205, 206.
 — castellum de, 205.
 — mains of, 12, 131.
 — Kirkton of, 12.
 — teinds of, 14.
 — glebe of, 14.
 — prebenda, 197.
 Kilbryde and Torrence, 11.
 Kilbarchan, parish, 72, 96, 99, 103, 125, 141,
 146, 147, 287, 288.
 Kilbirnie, 85.
 — loch, 144.
 Kilcolmanel, 147.
 Kilfinan, Killinan, 107, 147.
 Kilkegow law, 130.
 Kilkerran, 147, *see* Kelkerran.
 Killairne, 100.
 Killellan, parish, 72, 96, 99, 146, 147.
 Killington (Hillington ?), 100, 120.
 Kilmalcolm, 72, 91, 94, 96, 99, 141, 144,
 146, 147.
 — teinds of, 96.
 Kilmarnock, barony, 62.
 Kilmarnock, error for Kilmaurs, 21.
 Kilmaronock, 91.
 Kilmaurs, 21, 91, 92, 93.
 Kilpatrick, 50, 91, 100, 107, 147, 230, 237,
 274, 275, 276, 277.
 Kilpatrick barony, 72, 74, 75.
 — Easter, 32, 42, 87.
 Kilwinning, 7, 262.
 Kincaidzen, for Kincaidzou, 53.
 Kingaif, ecclesia, 265.
 Kingsbeckhead, 130.
 Kingsbeckheight, 131.
 Kinkegolaw, 130.
 Kingslaw, 130.
 Kings meadow, 86.
 Kinkyvell, 37.
 Kinneil, 16.
 Kintyre, 268, 269, 271.
 — mull of, 142.
 Kirkburn, 130.
 Kirkcudbright, 5, 159, 188.
 Kirketum (error for Kirkintullach ?), 164.
 Kirketun super Stryvelin, ecclesia, 198.
 Kirkfield, 67.
 Kirkhill, 49.
 Kirkhopehead, 129.
 Kirkinner, 62.
 Kirkintilloch, 32, 160, 164, 246.
 Kirkoswall, 40.
 Kirktonholm, 13.
 Kittiemuir, 286.
 Knapdale, 271.
 Knock, 141, 146.
 Knockewart, 109.
 Knockfubill, 247.
 Knockhobohill, 40.
 Knockindail, 79.
 Knowhoblehill, 44.
 Kowdames, 109.
 Kydow, aqua, 207.
 Kyle, 2, 5, 65, 147, 160.
 — Decanatus, 225.
 Kype, 10.
 Kypebyre, 36.
 Lamington, 6, 59, 60, 61, 130, 131.
 — burn, 130, 131.
 — teinds, 59.
 Lanark, shire, 1, 2, 5, 24, 29, 61, 72, 99,
 129, 132, 140, 213, 214, 215, 216,
 248.
 — upper ward of, 1, 61, 129.
 — nether ward of, 1, 6, 71, 129, 132.
 — burgh, 1, 3, 53, 131, 134, 184, 205,
 236.

N A M E S O F P L A C E S.

- Lanark commissariat, 3, 150.
 ——— presbytery, 6.
 ——— parish, 6, 50, 53.
 ——— outerkirk, 53.
 ——— innerkirk, 53.
 ——— custodia hospitii de, 198.
 ——— justice ayr of, 244.
 ——— Grayfriars of, 53.
 Lanerikloch, 181.
 Laodonia, 160.
 Landie muir burn, 130.
 Langcorslie, 96.
 Langside, 25, 117, 141, 146.
 ——— burn, 131.
 Larbert, 16.
 Largs, parish, 73, 89, 103, 104, 106, 107, 147.
 ——— battle of, 79.
 Largs, kirk of, 92, 272.
 Lateran, 180, 181.
 Lauchope, 41, 131, 136, 137, 139.
 ——— water, 136.
 Lead mines, 131.
 Lee, 53, 131.
 Legatland, 207.
 Legerwood, 76, 88, 100, 120, 147.
 Leinzie, parish, 35.
 Lennox, Levinax, 5, 142, 145, 278.
 Lenyes, Easter and Wester, 37.
 Lengartheyn, 156, 160.
 Lemahago, parish, 3, 6, 65, 66.
 ——— abbey, 66, 131.
 ——— woods, 131.
 Letham, 10.
 Leven water, 92.
 Levenax, Decanatus, 225.
 Levenax, Comitatus (Lennox), 77, 167, 183,
 275, 277.
 Levenaiche, Lennox, 160.
 Leyes, 164.
 Liberton and Quodquan parishes, 6, 58.
 Liberton parish, 58, 130, 255.
 ——— jus patronatus ecclesiae, 262.
 ——— ecclesia parochialis de, 263.
 Lickprivick, 13, 131.
 Liddisdale, Lordship, 38.
 Lilliesleaf, 149.
 ——— ecclesia, 197.
 Lillescliva (Lilliesleaf?), 156.
 Linlidqu, 245.
 Linlithgow, 3, 6, 33, 129, 256, 282.
 Lintseed lands, 58.
 Little Caldwall, 110.
 Little Clydeshill, 6, 61, 129.
 Little Earnoch, 18.
 Littlegill, 59.
 Little Govan, 29.
 Lochcoats, 131.
 Lochheads, 130.
 Lochlibo, 144.
 Lochwood, 36.
 Lochorwar, ecclesia, (Lochorward,) 160.
 Lochwinzeoch parish, 72, 74, 79, 106, 140,
 141, 146, 147, 288.
 ——— loch, 144.
 ——— fishing, 88.
 ——— ecclesia collegiata infra par-
 cam de, 285, 286, 288.
 ——— teinds, 108.
 Lockerby, 124.
 Lockart hill, 55.
 London, 50.
 Londors, 214.
 Lothian, 11, 44, 50, 59.
 ——— East, 7.
 ——— West, 36, 37, 129.
 ——— Mid, 129.
 Loudoun, 224.
 Lowis, 188.
 Lugdunum, 177, 178, 179.
 Luggie water, 36, 37.
 Lunderston, 106.
 Luthers, 129.
 ——— hill of, 129, 131.
 Machan, Machanshire, 6, 16, 156, 160, 201,
 203.
 Maclain (error for Machan?) teinds of, 76.
 Maidwoon water, 56, 57, 58.
 Mains of Edilwood, 18.
 ——— Cambusnethan, 48.
 ——— Braxfield, 55.
 ——— Kilbryde, 131.
 Maiden castle, 168.
 Malindonar, torrens, 228.
 Malmegate's bour, 130.
 Manerium, de Glasgu, 164.
 ——— de Lacu, 225, 237, 243.
 Manse, parson's, of Glasgow, 36.
 Maphehim, 264.
 ——— foresta de, 265.

INDEX I.

- Mauchlane, 120.
 Mauchlinhole, 13.
 Mauldslie, 51, 130, 131.
 — forest, 50.
 Maulsey, 12.
 Maulsmire, 145.
 Mayvoix (Myvet?), 36.
 Mearns parish, 72, 95, 108, 110, 119, 141,
 146, 147.
 — church, 76, 112, 230.
 — miln of, 111, 114.
 — castle, 141.
 — tower of, 111.
 — barony, 113, 114.
 — muir, 144.
 — Newton of, 111.
 — teinds of, 112.
 Mecheyn (Machan?), 156, 160.
 Medane waters, 130, (Medwin?).
 Medow well in Densyde, Glasgow, 190.
 Medrois (Medrox?), 36.
 — parsonage teinds of, 36.
 Meitines water, (Medwin?), 129.
 Melros, Monachi de, 264.
 Melvin's orchard, 228.
 Mensal kirks, 47.
 Menenschadden (error for Inenschadin, Inch-inan?), 160.
 Mereboda (error for Morbattle?), 160.
 Mereboda carucata terræ et ecclesia in, 156.
 Merchants and Crafts' Hospital Glasgow, 152.
 Mermeer water, 131.
 Methrox (Medrox), 36.
 Midding Coats, 129.
 Middeby (Middelby?), ecclesia, 199.
 Mid Lothian, 129.
 Milk, water, 158.
 Milnbourn, 8.
 Milnbank, 125.
 Milnheugh, 15.
 Milntoun, 30, 51, 52, 130, 131.
 — wood, 131.
 Moat, 60.
 Moffat, 18.
 Mola, 112.
 Monachkennaran, Monakennaran, 91, 100,
 274, 275, 276, 277, 278.
 Monkland parish, Old, 2, 3, 6, 30, 132, 135.
 — New, 2, 6, 33, 35, 132,
 134, 135.
 Monkland barony, 32, 39.
 — place of, 35, 131, 136.
 — wood, 131.
 — teinds of, 35.
 Monkton, 22, 39, 147.
 — Lordship in Kyle Stewart, 74, 75.
 — parish, 75, 116.
 — miln of, 92.
 Monkton and Prestwick, 115.
 Montjadeford hill, 130.
 Montinervar, 131.
 Monyabrok, 88.
 Moravia, 261.
 Moriestoun, 23.
 Mossminning, 67.
 Motherwell miln, 138.
 Morthewic (error for Borthwick?), 160.
 Mouse water, 54, 130.
 Munktoun (error for Monkland?), 39.
 Muckraht, Muncrath, (Muckcroft?), 160, 246.
 Mungo, Saint, freedom of, 171.
 Murdieston, 44, 131.
 Murray, 49.
 Murrayes, 59, 131, 207.
 Murrows (Murrayes?), 131.
 Mussilburgh, 33, 42.
 Mylnebank, 125.
 Myvettis, 36.
 Neilsland, 18.
 Neilston lands, 77.
 — parish, 72, 108, 110, 141, 146, 147.
 — kirk, 76, 100.
 — teinds of, 110.
 Neilstonside, 110.
 Nelestun, ecclesia, 230.
 Nathan water, 66, 67, 68, 130, 224.
 Nathanfoot, 66.
 Nether Dunsyston, 41.
 Netherfield, 10.
 Nether Hawkhead, 102.
 Nether Newton, 129.
 Nether Pollok, 13.
 Nether Possil, 150.
 Nether Pennale, 287, 291.
 Nether Seahutton, decimæ de, 286.
 Nethershieills, decimæ de, 286.
 Nethertoun of Hamilton, 130.
 Nether Ward of Lanarkshire, 6, 129.
 Newark, 93, 141, 142, 145.

N A M E S O F P L A C E S.

- Newark, bay of, 94.
 Newbottle abbey, 33, 60.
 New Glasgow (Port Glasgow), 94.
 Newhouse, 13, 22.
 Newholm, 57.
 Newhall, 66.
 Newlands, 87, 109, 118.
 New Monkland parish, 2, 6, 33, 35, 132, 134, 135.
 — kirk, 136.
 — teinds of, 33.
 Newton, 22, 61, 125, 164.
 Newton of Mearns, 111.
 Newyards, 143.
 Neveht ecclesia, 230.
 Niddrie Forrester, 149.
 Nigra Aula (Blackhall ?), 278.
 Nisbet, 59.
 Nithsdale, 5, 129.
 North bar, 90.
 North Calder water, 130, 132, 134, 135.
 North Woodside, 30.
 Northumberland, 157.
 Nundinæ apud Glasgu, 161, 162, 165, 208, 214, 271, 278.

 Oakshawhead, 145.
 Obits to be founded in the kirk of Hamilton, 19.
 — of James Kneland in Bothwell kirk, 41.
 Obitus regis Jacobi quarti, 289.
 — Roberti Episcopi Glasguensis, 289.
 — Pro animabus fundatorum ecclesie collegiatae de Lochwinnoch, 290.
 — Domini Willielmi Sympill, 290.
 — Dominæ Margaretae Cathkert, 290.
 — Domini Thomæ Sympill, 290.
 — Elizabeth Ross, 290.
 — Domini Johannis Sympill, 290.
 — Dominæ Margaretae Colville, 290.
 Ochilttrie, 10, 159.
 Odingstoun (Uddistoun), 248, 249, 250.
 Officialatus curiae Glasguensis, 187, 217, 271, 272.
 Old Monkland parish, 2, 3, 6, 30, 33, 132, 135.
 — kirk, 135.
 Old Patrick, 95, 120.
 Orbiston, 39, 131, 137, 138.
 — miln of, 99, 138.
 Orda, 159.
 — Over Govan, 131.
 — Overton, 10, 47, 48.
 — of Cambusnethan, 59.
 — Over Pollok, 112.
 — Over Ward of Lanarkshire, 129.

 Paisley Lordship, 25, 74, 75, 84, 96, 97, 99, 100, 106, 110.
 — abbacy and monastery, 26, 53, 73, 74, 75, 77, 78, 79, 82, 91, 92, 95, 96, 101, 103, 107, 114, 141, 147, 225, 229, 230, 268, 274.
 — regality, 72, 74, 107.
 — burgh, 72, 73, 86, 95, 123, 141, 143, 144, 145, 146, 270, 273, 274.
 — presbytery, 72, 141.
 — parish, 72, 75, 84, 99, 108, 114, 141, 146, 147, 288.
 — Cartulary, 90, 91.
 — bridge, 141, 144.
 — kirk, 146.
 Paris, 28.
 — Scotch college at, 5.
 Parisii, 207.
 Park, 65, 207.
 Parkhead, 43, 138.
 Parkburn, 130.
 Parsonage teinds of Dalserf, 8.
 Parsonage of Glasgow, 31.
 Parson's manse of Glasgow, 36.
 Partick, 6, 29.
 — bridge end of, 110.
 — wheat miln of, 151.
 — bridge, 129.
 Pasleket, 273.
 — ecclesia, 279.
 — Monachi de, 264.
 — Domus de, 265, 266, 267, 269, 270, 271.
 — Molendinum de, 264.
 Parva Govan, 233.
 Pathelanarhe, 156.
 Patrick, Saint, kirk of, 282, 283.
 Patrick holm, 8, 131.
 Pearls, fishing of, 143.
 Peddersburn, 35.
 Peebles shire, 6, 57, 58, 61, 129.
 — commissariat of, 150.
 — ecclesia, 230.
 — carucata terræ et ecclesia, in, 156.

INDEX I.

- Peil, 13, 144.
 Penfeich, 65.
 Pennale, Upper, 286.
 —— Nether, 287, 288.
 Pentnacob (error for Penjacob), 156, 159.
 Penjacob, 156, 159, 160.
 Person lands, 58.
 Perdeyc, Perdehic, Pertheic (Partick), 160,
 200, 231, 232.
 Perth, 191.
 —— Parliament apud, 213.
 —— treaty of, 108.
 Pether, 47, 48.
 Pettienain, 6, 64.
 Phinnick in Cuningham, 119.
 Phinhaven in Angus, 60.
 Piscaria, aquæ de Clyde, 281.
 Planmichel, 156, 160.
 Pollok, Over, 112, 141.
 —— Nether, 113, 141.
 —— kirk of, 112, 120, 230.
 —— wood, 140.
 —— bridge, 141.
 Polmadie, 140, 160, 224.
 —— custodia hospitii Sancti Johannis
 de, 198.
 —— terræ elymosinariæ de, 232, 233.
 —— hospitale de, 233, 234, 235, 236,
 237, 238, 239, 241, 242, 243.
 Pomario, terræ de, 217.
 Pomilin water, 9.
 Ponoun (Polnoun), 119, 141.
 Poole, 57.
 Porterfield, 86.
 Port Glasgow, 145.
 —— burn, 131.
 Portincross, 115.
 Portrail water, 129.
 Possle, 30, 164.
 —— Nether, 150.
 Powcorse burn, 131.
 Presbytery of Glasgow, 6.
 —— Hamilton, 6.
 —— Lanark, 6.
 —— Biggar, 6.
 —— Paisley, 6.
 Prebends' yards, 133.
 Predicotorum Fratrum de Glasgow, ecclesia,
 192.
 Prenteneith, 224.
 Prestwick, Prestick, 114, 147, 230.
 Prestwick Monachorum, ecclesia, 230.
 Preston, 50.
 Priestfield, 15.
 Principality of Scotland, 11, 71.
 Provan, 30, 131.
 —— loch, 131.
 Provostry of Hamilton, 8.
 Quarrelton, 82.
 Quathquannelaw, 131.
 Quendall (Couendall?), 156, 159.
 Querani, Sancti, ecclesia in Kintyre (Kilkerran), 268, 270.
 Quhitcart water, 140.
 Quhitcleuch, 129.
 Quhite barony, 149.
 Quhithill, 130.
 Quodquain (and Liberton) parish, 6, 58.
 Raggedgill, 129.
 Raggedgill heights, 131.
 Raith, 43, 138.
 Raith (Rais?), 82.
 Ralston, 78.
 Ramforlie, 100, 125, 141.
 —— bridge, 141.
 Rammishoren, 164.
 Ranfield, 85.
 Ranfrew, *vide* Renfrew.
 Raploch, 7, 131.
 Ratheu baronia, 215.
 Ratonraw street, Glasgow, 5, 219.
 Reezoch water, 130.
 Regality of Glasgow, 3.
 Reidhill, 89.
 Renfrew, Sheriffdom, 1, 2, 5, 6, 24, 25, 29,
 30, 71, 107, 129, 131, 140.
 —— barony, 1, 71, 148, 216, 281.
 —— parish, 2, 27, 72, 84, 140, 141, 146.
 —— burgh, 72, 78, 84, 85, 86, 96, 103,
 107, 126, 140, 141, 145, 171,
 188, 273, 274, 279, 280, 281,
 283, 284.
 —— Inch of, 73.
 —— muir of, 86.
 —— prebenda, 197.
 —— justice ayr of, 244.
 —— ecclesia, 279, 280, 281.
 —— baillies and wit of, 282.

NAMES OF PLACES.

- Riccartoun, 147.
 Ridrane decimæ de, 286.
 — West, decimæ de, 286.
 Risk, 108.
 Rivenscraig, 45.
 Roberton regality, 3.
 — parish, 6, 59, 61, 62.
 — teinds, 60.
 — burn, 130.
 Rokele (error for Possele?), 160.
 Rokesburgh, 163, 166, 246.
 — Custodia hospiti regis Sanctæ
 Mariæ Magdalenaæ de, 198.
 Roma Sancta Maria major in, 199.
 Romam, Sancti Apostoli, apud, 240.
 Roman camp at Paisley, 145.
 Rosneth parish, 147.
 Ross, 17.
 Rossaven, 17, 130, 131.
 Rosehall, 33, 135.
 Rosland, 90.
 Rottin Calder water, 12, 14, 130.
 Rouchsoillis, 35.
 Ruchselloch, 35.
 Ruglen, *vide* Rutherglen.
 Rutherglen burgh, 1, 2, 3, 26, 71, 131, 171,
 208, 210, 211, 212, 214, 220,
 221, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227,
 228, 229, 233.
 — parish, 6, 20, 23, 24, 26, 27, 147.
 — castle, 26.
 — teinds of, 26.
 — green, 26.
 — burn, 131.
 — prebenda, 197.
 — decanatus, 225.
 — ecclesia, 230.
 — visitatio decani de, 289.
 Rylandside, 10.
 Rydale muir de Largis, 203.
 Sadinstoun villa filiaæ Sadin (Shuttleston?),
 160, 164.
 Salmbras, 131.
 Saltmarket street, Glasgow, 4.
 Sanchir, 111.
 Sancta Maria Major, in Roma, 199.
 Sanctæ Mariæ terra, 218.
 Sanctæ Mariæ de Bethlehem, terra, 218.
 Sanctæ Crucis, abbacia, 241.
 Sancti Andreæ diocesis, 259.
 Sancti Patricii ecclesia, (Kilpatrick), 274,
 282, 283.
 Sanctæ Brigidæ, capella, 288.
 Sandiesburn, 130.
 Sandorde fishing, 284.
 Sandyford, 139.
 Sarisbiria, 173.
 Sarisibriense capitulum, 171, 172.
 Sarisibriensis ecclesia, 171, 172, 174, 176,
 177, 178, 179.
 Sauchy in Clackmannanshire, 98.
 Schallhill, 130.
 Schedinstoun, *vide* Sadinstoun.
 Schedinstoun, Crux de, 223.
 Scona, 168, 184, 257.
 Scotch college at Paris, 5.
 Scotstoun, 85.
 Seahutton Nether, decimæ de, 286.
 Seatoun hill, decimæ de, 286.
 Selekirke, *vide* Selkirk.
 Seleschirca, *vide* Selkirk.
 Selcraig (Selkirk?), 111.
 Selkirk, 5, 160, 163.
 Selviland, 125.
 Sempringham, 100, 120, 121.
 Shawfield, 26.
 Sheriffmuir, 134.
 Shiells, 13, 58.
 Shielhill, 58.
 Sherrel, 38, 135.
 Shirol, 42.
 Shuttleston, 31.
 Shotts parish, 3, 6, 38, 43, 46, 132, 137.
 — kirk of, 136, 139.
 Silverton hill, 9, 18.
 Skeach, 207.
 Skipnage in Kintyre, 82.
 Skirling, 130.
 Sleindaff, 160.
 Slewmanshill, 117.
 Smallgillhill, 130.
 Smallham, ecclesia, 259, 260, 261.
 Sonnum (error pro Sundrom?), ecclesia, 197.
 Souchall (Southall?), 126.
 South Calder water, 130, 132, 136, 137.
 Southennan, 107.
 Southwood, 129.
 Southbar, 90.
 — Wester, 100.

INDEX I.

- Spittel, 22, 56.
 Spittleholm, 216.
 Spoletum, 277.
 Spyne castle, 108.
 Spyrlak, 65.
 Stain, 47.
 Stainly, 82, 83.
 Stainholl, 18.
 Steinston, Stevenston, 41, 137.
 Stewarton, 77, 110.
 Stirling shire, 3, 6, 31, 129, 145.
 town, 134, 183, *vide Striveline*.
 Stobcarse, 30.
 Stobo, 149, 156.
 Stockwell street, Glasgow, 5.
 Stonebyres, 67, 130, 131.
 wood, 131.
 Stonehouse, Stenhouse, 3, 6, 8, 9, 10, 17, 66,
 131, 133.
 teinds of, 11, 37.
 St Evox, 147.
 St Nicholas hospital, Glasgow, 152.
 St John's kirk, 59.
 Strathaven, 9.
 Strablahane (Strathblane?), 160, 232, 234,
 239, 241.
 Strabathy (Strathblane?), 233.
 Strathgriva, 201.
 Stragryfe, Strathgryfe, 79, 120, 144.
 kirks of, 100, 112, 230.
 Stratherne, 114.
 Striveline (Stirling), 207, 211, 228, 245.
 Stubbehou (Stobo?) prebenda, 197.
 Subdeanry of Glasgow, 31.
 Sunrom (Sundrom?), 116.
 Symontoun, 6, 63, 81, 120, 130, 131.
 teinds of, 63.
 Syxle convent (Thixel?), 79, 120.

 Tannochside, 43, 135.
 Tarbart, 77.
 Teiling, 44, 94.
 Teiling burn, 44, 136.
 Tenev sanctæ, capella, 249, 251, 252.
 Teviotdale, 5.
 Thankerton regality, 3.
 parish, 6, 59.
 teinds of, 59.
 barony, 38, 42.
 Thixel, 79, 120.

 Thomæ Beati, altare, 281.
 Thornly, 92.
 Teinds of the parish of
 Avendale, 11, 37.
 Blantyre, 15.
 barony of Glasgow, 31.
 Carmannock, 24.
 Calder, 32, 33, 35.
 Cambuslang, 47.
 Cambusnethan, 47.
 Carluke, 50.
 Carnwath, 56.
 Cathcart, 25, 118.
 Crawfurd, 61.
 Crawfurd John, 61, 62.
 Dalsarf, parsonage, 8, 19.
 vicarage, 8, 16, 19.
 Dalzell, 45.
 Dol fintoun, 57.
 Douglas, 65.
 Drumen, Dryman, 151.
 Dunsyre, 57.
 Eastwood, 116.
 Glasford, 107, 286.
 Govan, 29.
 Greenock, 99.
 Hamilton parsonage, 19.
 vicarage, 16, 19.
 Inchinan, 87.
 Innerkip, 106.
 Kilbride, 14.
 Kilmacolm, 96.
 Lamington, 59.
 Lochwinnoch, 108.
 Mearns, 113.
 Monkland, 35.
 Neilston, 110.
 New Monkland, 33.
 Roberton, 60.
 Ruther Glen, 26.
 Stonhouse, 11, 37.
 Symontoun, 63.
 Thankerton, 59.
 Walson, 58.
 Wiston, 63.
 Teinds of the lands of
 Medroix parsonage, 36.
 Chapelton, 286.
 Drumbou, 286.
 Drumtall (Drumbervie?), 286.

N A M E S O F P L A C E S.

- Teinds of West Ridrane, 286.
 Todholeburn, 45.
 Tolneum, 166.
 Torphichen, 3, 38, 42.
 —— preceptory, 87.
 Torrence, 11, 13, 130, 207.
 —— glebe of, 14.
 Touchadam, 52.
 Towcorse, 30.
 Traquair, Traviquer, Traverquer, 160, 161,
 184, 206.
 Taverenni, Taverenni, 160.
 Treloss, 62.
 Trongate street, Glasgow, 4.
 Troqueer, 160.
 Turnbyry, ecclesia, 230.
 Tweed river, 130.
 Tweedale, 5.
 Twedyside, 9.
 Twitt water, 130.
 Two mile burn, 130.
 Twyngham, ecclesia, 198.
 Tynto, Tyntoch hill, 130, 131.

 Udston, Uddingston, Udiston, 17, 134, 248,
 249, 250, 251, 252.
 —— burn, 130.
 —— villa, 250.
 Urbanston (Orbiston ?), 138.
 Universitas Glasguensis, 219, 291.
 Upper Pennale, 286.

 Valence tower, 39.
 Vattelin street, 49.
 Verona, 255, 279.
 Vicarage teinds of Dalserf, 8, 16.
 Vicar's yard, 133.

 Wales, 158.
 Walkerston, 8.
 Walkinshaw, 83.
 Walston, Walyston, parish, 6, 57, 58, 261.
 —— barony, 58.
 —— teinds, 58.

 Walston rectoria ecclesiae de, 258, 259, 260,
 261.
 —— ecclesiae Jus patronatus, 257, 258.
 Wandel or Hartside, 59.
 Wandel burn, 130.
 Wardheid, 36.
 Watlin Street (Vattelin street), 14, 49, 145.
 Watstoun, 47, 49.
 Watstoun head, 49.
 Welland, East, 288.
 Wellpethe, 129.
 Wenloch, fratres de, 147.
 West Bryntschiellis, 287.
 Westburn, 22.
 Wester Calder water, 33, 42.
 Westhall, 57, 215.
 West Lothian, 35, 37.
 West Kilbride, 109.
 West Shiell, 56.
 Westhorn, 31.
 Whistlebury, 18.
 Whyte Cart water, 140, 143, 144.
 Whyte Castle, 58.
 Whytford, 79.
 Wicketshaw, 52.
 Wigton burgh, 188.
 —— ecclesia, 197.
 Williamwood, 126.
 Wilthona, Wiltona, 160.
 Wineford, 139.
 Wishaw, 47, 48, 137.
 Wiston parish, 63.
 —— teinds of, 63.
 Wolfroods, 57.
 Woodhall, 42, 85, 108, 131, 135, 136.
 Woodnook of Ferguslie, 81.
 Woodside, 30, 80.
 —— North, 30.
 —— in Cunningham, 78, 79.
 Wyndhead of Glasgow, 5.

 Yoker, 86.
 Yrewin, 274.

INDEX II.

NAMES OF PERSONS.

- A. de Galweia, 185.
 A. Capellanus Episcopi Glasguensis, 185, 186.
 Aad cum Barba, 200, 231.
 Abercorn, earls of, 84, 107.
 —— family of, 140.
 —— James earl of, 10, 11, 48, 75, 125.
 —— James earl of, son of the former,
 74, 75.
 Aberdeen, Rogerus de, canonicus Glasguensis, 175.
 Aberdonensis episcopus, Gilbertus Cancellarius, 282.
 —— Gilbertus, 229.
 —— Henricus, 168.
 —— Thomas, 249.
 Aberbrothok, Bernardus, abbas de, 168, 192,
 224.
 Abernyth, David de, vicarius de Drysdale,
 233.
 Acheson, John, merchant in Glasgow, 35.
 Ada filius Huchtredi, 273.
 Adam abbas de Kylvinine, 262.
 Adam filius Alani, burgensis de Dumbar-
 thane, 235.
 Adam, Bessie, spouse of James Hamilton of
 Aikenhead, provost of Glasgow, 25.
 Adam Capellanus episcopi, 230.
 Adam, filius Gilleberti, 163, 205, 206.
 Adam de Holdeno (Hodelmo?), rector ec-
 clesiae de Kirkpatrick-Donaldo, 233.
 Adam, Robert, merchant, burgess of Glasgow,
 25.
 Adamson, John, 282.
 Agnes filia Johannis, 217.
 Aikin, Elizabeth, in Hairs Pennel, 125.
 Aikin, Matthew, merchant, burgess of Glas-
 gow, 124.
 Aikinhead, laird of, 117.
 Ailsi, 200, 231.
 Aird, Mr Francis, minister of Dalserf, 7, 8,
 9, 52.
 —— William in Spyrlak, 65.
 Alan, son of Walter Dapifer, 73, 76, 112,
 120, 181, 264, 265.
 Alanus Dapifer regis, 205, 206, 220.
 Alanus filius Rollandi constabularius, 246.
 —— Ergadiensis episcopus, 268, 269, 270.
 —— magister scolarum de Are, 276.
 Alan dominus Andreas, 53.
 Albany, Alexander duke of, 37.
 Aldin, 156.
 ALEXANDER I., rex Scotorum, 156, 157, 158.
 ALEXANDER II., king of Scots, 15, 16, 79,
 92, 100, 111, 112, 120, 163, 164, 165,
 166, 167, 168, 183, 184, 208, 211, 221,
 222, 224, 268, 276.
 ALEXANDER III., king of Scots, 16, 77, 92,
 111, 112, 120, 168, 190, 201, 210, 211,
 223, 225, 226, 227, 234, 256, 257, 268.
 Alexander Stewart of Scotland, 76, 147.
 Alexander, duke of Albany, 37.
 ALEXANDER III. vel IV. papa.
 Alexander filius Willielmi regis, postea rex,
 221.
 ALEXANDER VI., papa, 249.
 Alexander Vicecomes de Strivelin, 162, 183.
 —— frater Angusii filii Dovenaldi, 268.
 —— de Hyle, filius Angusii domini de
 Hyle, 269.
 —— filius Hugonis, 274.
 —— filius Thore (Thomæ?), 221.
 Algeo, Margaret, wife of John Wallace, bail-
 lie of Paisley, 102.
 Allason, John, 124.

I N D E X I I.

- Almous house next adjacent to the college of Glasgow, men of the, 114.
 Alstan, 156.
 Alva, laird of, 51.
 Alwynus Comes, 275.
 —— Mac Archill, 201.
 —— Rennere, 231.
 Alwyn, magister, 265.
 Ambrosius, magister, organista, 270.
 Ameleus filius Gillecolmi, 266, 267.
 Anderson, James, of Stobcorse, 30.
 —— William of Stobcorse, 30.
 Andreas, clericus episcopi Glasguensis, 186.
 Andro, bishop of Glasgow, 187.
 Anekol, 275.
 Anglicus, dominus Robertus miles, 269.
 —— Simon, 255.
 Angus, earls of, 52, 60.
 —— earl of, 38, 52, 57, 60.
 —— daughter married to Lord Somervill, 46.
 —— Archibald, earl of, 52, 77, 250.
 —— Douglas, earl of, 64.
 —— William, earl of, 38, 65.
 Angus filius Dovenaldi, 267, 268.
 Anlaghby, Johannes de, 198.
 Archibald, son of William, earl of Angus, 38.
 Archibaldus, abbas de Dunfermeline, 162, 163.
 Ardena, Osber de, 156.
 Areskine, lords of, 87, 88.
 Areskine, James, earl of Buchan, 56, *vide* Erskine.
 Areymyne, Willielmus de, 197.
 Argyle, Andro, bishop of, 23, 116, 119, *vide* Ergyle, Ergadiensis.
 Arous, magister Johannes, archidiaconus Glasguensis, 170, 171.
 Arran, James, earl of, 62.
 Arskine, Arthur, of Scotsraig, 51.
 Ascelinus, archidiaconus Glasguensis, 200, 231.
 Athol, earl of, 77.
 Atholiæ, David de Strabology, comes, 212.
 Auchinleck, Eumondus de Twede, 292.
 Aula, Nicolaus de, 219.
 Avendale, Andrew Stewart, lord, 10.
 —— Andreas dominus, cancellarius, 249.
 Avenel Gervasius, 221, 246.
 —— Robertus, 181.
 —— Rogerus, 167, 209.
 Badinheath, William, lord of, 284.
 Bailye Joneta, domina de Cruddildykes, 8.
 Bailye of Jerriston, 40, 138.
 Baizie, James of Jerriston, 17, 40, 55.
 —— John of Jerriston, 40, 55.
 —— Robert of Jerriston, 55.
 —— James, son of James of Jerriston, 55.
 —— Robert, son of James of Jerriston, 55.
 —— Mr John, minister of Cambuslang, 21.
 —— John of Castlecary, 38, 42.
 —— of Carfin, 40, 137.
 —— James of Carfin, 40.
 —— James, son of James of Carfin, 40.
 —— Margaret, sister to the laird of Carfin, 40, 129.
 —— William of Carfin, 40, 129.
 —— James, younger of Carfin, 55.
 —— Margaret, spouse of William Cleland of Knowhobilhill, 44.
 —— of Lamington, 47, 59.
 —— Sir William of Lamington, 129.
 —— Margaret, spouse of Mr Thomas Muirhead, 46.
 —— George of Jerviswood, 55.
 —— of Cairnbrue, 135.
 Baillie, —— merchant, son to St Johnskirk, 58.
 Bailliol, John, 107.
 —— H. de, camerarius, 167, 222.
 —— Henricus de, camerarius, 164, 166, 168, 184, 223.
 —— Alexander de, camerarius, 211.
 —— Ingelramus de, 222, 246.
 Balcleuch, laird of, 38.
 Ballantyne, Bannatyne, Johannes de Corhouse, 53.
 —— Sir John of Corhouse, 67.
 —— William of Corhouse, 67.
 —— Dougal, 104, 105.
 —— James of Kellie, 105.
 —— Hew, sailor, brother to the laird of Kellie, 105.
 —— Agnes, sister of Hew, 105.
 —— William, brother to James of Kellie, 105.
 —— John, Fiar of Kellie, 105.
 —— Jeallis, daughter of James of Kellie, 105.
 —— Matthew, younger, laird of Kellie, 105.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Ballantyne, James, brother to Kellie, 106.
 Banachtyne, John of, 282.
 Balfour, Laurentius de, 241.
 Baptister, Johannes, 252.
 Barbour, Mr George, 46.
 Bargeny, Lord, 75.
 Barry, Thomas de, notarius, 238.
 Baxter, Christian, relict of James Crawford
of Mylnetoun, 30.
 Baxters of Glasgow, 151.
 Baxtar, Mackay, 282.
 Beaton, James, archbishop of Glasgow, 5,
28.
 Beda, Canonicus Glasguensis, 208.
 Bedeferdan, 274.
 Bedeford, W. de, clericus Episcopi, 210.
 Belhaven, Lord, 7, 47.
 Belhe (Baillie?), Jacobus de Carfin, 252.
 Bell, Mr John, minister of Calder, 32.
 —— John of Dunsyston, 44.
 —— Mr John, 151.
 Bellomonte, Henricus de, Comes de Boughan,
212.
 Ben, Jacobus, 179.
BENEDICTUS XIII. papa, 237.
 Berkeli, Walterus de, camerarius, 161, 205,
206, 224.
 —— Robertus de, 161, 245.
 Bernardus, abbas de Aberbrothok, 168, 192,
224.
 Berwyc, Magister Johannes de, 233.
 Bidun, Walterus, cancellarius, 161, 245.
 Bigeris, Baldwin de, 100.
 Biggart, —— in Gillisyard, 125.
 Bigre, Robertus de, 185.
 Bigris, —— of Biggar, 58.
 Binning, Mr Hugh, minister at Govan, 27.
 Birsbane, Brisbane.
 —— William, ffar of Middle Walkin-
shaw, 84.
 —— Mr Matthew, 88.
 —— Mr William, parson of Erskyn, 88.
 —— John, son of Mr William, 88.
 —— Marie, 88.
 —— Matthew, 88.
 —— William, 88.
 —— Mr Robert, 88.
 —— Simon of Selviland, 88.
 —— Laird of Bishoptoun, 89.
 —— John of Bishoptoun, 89, 90.
- Birsbane, Brisbane.
 —— Janet, } children of John of Bi-
 —— Grissel, } shoptoun, 89.
 —— Marie, } Robert of Bishoptoun, 89.
 —— Hannibal, 89.
 —— William, } children of John of Bi-
 —— John, } shoptoun, and Jean
 —— James, } Anna, Semple his wife, 89.
 —— Barbara, }
 —— Marie, 90.
 —— Robert, 90.
 —— John, brother to the laird of Bishop-
ton, 90.
 —— John, younger of Brisbane or Bi-
shoptoun, 90.
 —— Robert, son of Brisbane of Bishop-
ton, 123.
 —— Thomas de Bishoptoun, 292.
 —— Matthew of Rosland, 90.
 —— Matthew,
 —— Mr George, } children of Matthew
 —— Robert, } of Rosland, 90.
 —— Christian,
 —— John of Rosland, 90.
 —— Jonet,
 —— Elizabeth, } children of John of
 —— Sarah, } Rosland, 90.
 —— Geillis,
 —— George,
 —— Matthew, son of John of Rosland, 90.
 —— Marion, spouse of John Freeland of
that ilk, 90.
 —— Jonet, relict of James Flemyn of
Boghall, 97.
 —— Robert, in Boghall, 97.
 Biset, Walterus, 164, 209, 222, 223.
 Biset, Willielmus, 184.
 Black, Alexander, of Silvertonhill, 18.
 Blackburn, Mr John, minister of the Barony
parish of Glasgow, 31.
 Blackhall, laird of, 113.
 Blair, laird of, 117.
 —— Alexander, son to the laird of Blair,
afterwards Cochrane, 82.
 —— John, younger of that ilk, 117.
 —— Bryce of that ilk, 118, 150.
 —— Mr John, son of Bryce Blair of that
ilk, 118, 150.

INDEX II.

- Blair, Grissel, } daughters of John Blair,
 — Isobel, } younger of that ilk, 117.
 — Annas, }
 — Margaret, }
 — Thomas, servant gentleman to John
 Blair younger of that ilk, 118.
 — Sir John, 92.
 — Sir Adam, 117.
 — Robert of Lochwood, 83.
 — Gavin of Hailie, 109.
 — Mr David, one of the ministers of
 Edinburgh, 137.
 — Mr Hew, minister of Eastwood, 113.
 — Mr Hew, son of Mr Hew minister at
 Glasgow, 113.
 — Mr William, minister at Dumbarton,
 118.
 — Annas, spouse of John Brisbane of Bi-
 shopton, 89.
 — Grissel, spouse of Sir John Maxwell of
 Nether Pollok, 114.
 — Jean, spouse of William Muir of Gлан-
 derston, 109.
 — Margaret, spouse of Archd. Stewart of
 Ardgowan, 80.
 Blairquhan, laird of, 151.
 Blakater, Robert, bishop of Glasgow, 5.
 — Robertus subdecanus Glasguensis,
 291.
 — Magister Rolandus, subdecanus
 Glasguensis, 45.
 Blantyre, Lord, 89, 134, 141.
 — Priors of, 134.
 — Walter, Lord, 14, 15, 31, 78.
 — Walter Stewart, Lord, 78.
 — Walter, commendator of, 28.
 Blundus, J. canonicus Glasguensis, 174.
 Boed, 156.
 Bogill, William, of Bogleshole, 34.
 — William, 31.
 — William of Chapel, 23.
 — Jonet, spouse of John Woddrop elder
 portioner of Dalmarnock, 3.
 Boill, Boyll, David of Kelburn, 88.
 — John of Kelburn, 152.
 — Ann, 98.
 — Sarah, 98.
 — James, procurator fiscal, 22, 151.
 — Marioun, spouse of James archbishop of
 Glasgow, 152.
 Borthwick, Lord, 93.
 Boscho, Willielmus de, clericus regis Williel-
 mi, 162.
 Bosevilla, Robertus de, 245.
 Bothwell, earl of, 57, 66.
 — James, earl of, 38.
 — Adam Hepburn, earl of, 37, 38.
 — Murray lord, 19.
 — Andrew Murray, lord, 37.
 — provost and prebends of, 24.
 Bothwyl, dominus Johannes de, vicarius chorii
 Glasguensis, 187.
 Bothville, dominus Johannes de, 260.
 Boyd, lord, 62, 74, 108, 119.
 — Robert lord, 36.
 — of Badinraith, 35.
 — Robert of Portincross, 106.
 — a daughter of Boyd of Portincross, 119.
 — of Trochrig, 51.
 — Mr Andrew, bishop of Argyle, 115.
 — Mr Adam, son of Mr Andrew Boyd,
 bishop of Argyle, 115, 119.
 — George, son of the bishop of Argyle,
 119.
 — James, son of the bishop of Argyle,
 119.
 — Adam, Kilwinning, 117.
 — Andrew, parson of Eglisham, 119.
 — Mr Alexander, one of the regents of
 the college of Glasgow, 119.
 — Mr Robert, minister at Bothwell, 133.
 — Mr Zacharie, 151.
 — Jonet, spouse to Robert Gillies of Cran-
 berrymoss, 7, 8.
 — Bessie, spouse of Patrick Maxwell of
 Aldhouse, 115.
 — Elizabeth, relict of Mr Adam Boyd,
 115.
 — Isobel, relict of John Blair, younger,
 of that ilk, 117.
 Brade, Magister R. de, 186.
 Bradie, Magister R. de, canonicus Glasguen-
 sis, 230.
 — Radulfus de, 230.
 Brady, Johannes, burgensis de Striveleng, 219.
 Braidwood, Johannes, junior, 251, 252.
 — Patricius, 251.
 Braifut, Robertus, notarius, 204.
 Brausa, Paganus de, 156.
 Braylon, Thomas de, 197.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Brechyn, Willielmus de, 223.
 Bret. Hugo, 200.
 Bretone, Hugo, 200, 201, 231.
 Briggewater, Johannes de, 197.
 Brock, Edwardus, 19.
 Brown, Mr Andrew, of Dolfintoun, 57.
 —— William, of Dolfintoun, 57.
 —— John of the Kennet, 284.
 —— Robertus, apud Cambuslang, 20.
 —— Mr Thomas, minister of Paisley, 84.
 Brouster, Johannes, 219.
 Broy (Broys?) Walterus de, 156.
 Brownlie, Bessie, wife of John Weir of Darn-gavil, 67.
 Brun, Johannes de, 176.
 Brus, Bruce. See Robert I.
 —— Christian, sister of Robert I., 76.
 —— Marjory, daughter of Robert I., 11,
 86, 146, 148, 202.
 —— Robert de, 76.
 —— Robertus de, 182, 200, 231, 245.
 —— comes de Carric, 269.
 —— Robertus filius et haeres Roberti comitis
 de Carrick, 269.
 —— Edwardus de, comes de Carryc, 192,
 202.
 —— Elionora, comitissa de Carric, 247.
 Buchan, James Areskine, earl of, 56.
 —— Willielmus Cummin, comes de, justiciarius Scotiae, 165.
 Buchquhanan, John of, 284.
 —— Joneta, sponsa Roberti Symple de Fulwood, 104.
 Buet, filius Eldredi, 163.
 Buntny, Sir Finlaw, 282.
 Buquhoune, Johannes, notarius, 284.
 Bur, Robertus, vicarius de Peblis, 242.
 Burnevilla, Robertus de, 156.
 Burntone, dominus David, sacrista ecclesiae
 Glasguensis, 219.
 Cadiou, W. de, canonicus Glasguensis, 174.
 —— dominus Willielmus, canonicus Glas-
 guensis, 209.
 —— David de, precentor, 219.
 —— David de, officialis Glasguensis, 219,
 240.
 —— Johannes de, 225.
 Cady, Thomas, 242.
 Calanteria, Dufoter de, 200, 231.
 Calderwood, laird of, 50, 51, 63, 113.
 Calderwood, lady, 51.
 Caldwell, Cauldwall, Thomas, of that ilk, 110.
 —— William, } children of Thomas
 —— Adam, } Caldwell of that ilk,
 —— Thomas, } 110.
 —— Gavin, }
 —— Margaret, daughter of Thomas of
 that ilk, wife of John Cupar, 110.
 —— Jean, daughter of Thomas of that
 ilk, wife of — Wallace, 110.
 —— Agnes, daughter of Thomas of that
 ilk, 110.
 —— Constantine, brother of Thomas of
 that ilk, 110.
 —— Johannes, 250, 251, 252.
 Cambrun, Robertus, thesaurarius Glasguen-
 sis ecclesiae, 179.
 Cambusnethan, lady, 47.
 Camera, Jacobus de, rector de Collace, 242.
 Camera, Johannes de, 242.
 Camerarius, Walterus, 280.
 Camerarius Scotiae, 210.
 Campan, Walterus, 185.
 Campbell, Colin, of Renfield, merchant in
 Glasgow, 85.
 —— Colin, baillie of Glasgow, 25.
 —— Charles, of Horsecleugh, 97.
 —— of Ardkinlas, 123.
 —— Daniel, of Shawfield, 135.
 —— Annabil, spouse of Daniel Ker of
 Kersland, 85.
 —— John, of Woodside, 30.
 —— Agnes, 97.
 —— Egidia, domina de Craigans, 101.
 —— Dame Isobel, spouse of Sir John
 Maxwell of Nether Pollok, 114.
 Candide Casas episcopus, 197, 203.
 Capitulum Glasguensis ecclesiae, 190.
 Cancellarius, Robertus, 185.
 Carmichael, lord, 51, 55, 64, 65.
 —— Sir Daniel, second son of lord
 Carmichael, 51.
 —— Daniel, son of the earl of Hynd-
 ford, 51.
 —— Sir James, 55.
 —— Sir James of Bonniton, 59.
 —— Sir James of that ilk, 65.
 —— John, lord, 65.
 —— of Meadowflat, 60.

INDEX II.

- Carmichael, Walter, of Park, 65.
 ——— lairds of that ilk, 65.
 ——— Thomas, of Eastend, 66.
 ——— Catherine, spouse of Sir John Somerville, 47, 52.
 ——— Catherine, lady Cambusnethan, 7.
 Carnwath, earl of, 45, 56, 58.
 ——— Robert lord Dalzell, earl of, 56.
 ——— laird of, 66.
 Carpenter, Adam, 120.
 Carpentarius, Thomas, son of Adam, 92.
 Carrick, David comes de, primogenitus Roberi III., 281.
 ——— John earl of, 11.
 ——— dominus Dunecanus de, 185.
 ——— T. Decanus de, 185.
 ——— Magister Hugo de, 185.
 ——— Decanus de, 225.
 Castlehill, lord, 8.
 Cathcart of that ilk, 116.
 ——— lords of, 116.
 ——— Alan, lord, 116.
 Cathkert, Domina Margareta sponsa Willielmi Sympill, 290.
 Caynes, Guido de, 156.
 Cerne, Johannes de, 198.
 CHARLES I. King of Great Britain, 2, 56.
 CHARLES II. King of Great Britain, 77, 133.
 Chancellor of Sheillhill, 58.
 Chartres, Thomas de, 221.
 Chatelherault, James duke of, 74, 148.
 Cheisly, of Kerswell, 56.
 ——— Sir John, of Carsewell, 56.
 Chirnsyde, Robert, of Over Possil, commissary of Glasgow, 30.
 Christian, sister of King Robert I., 37.
 Christiana, sponsa Symonis de Govan, 187.]
 Christianus, Magister, clericus, 229.
 Christinus filius Bedæ, 275.
 Clelands of that ilk, 137.
 Cleland, William of that ilk, 41.
 ——— James of that ilk, 41, 44.
 ——— Captain William, 136.
 ——— Alexander fair of that ilk, 41.
 ——— William, brother of Alexander, fair of that ilk, 41.
 ——— Sir James of Monkland, 35, 136.
 ——— James of Monkland, 35.
 ——— Ludovick of Monkland, 35.
 Cleland of Foscan, 136.
 ——— John of Foscan, 34, 41.
 ——— James of Foscan, 34.
 ——— William of Knowhobillhill, 41, 44.
 Archibald of Knowhobillhill, 44.
 John, { children of William Cleland of Knowhobillhill, 44.
 ——— James, land of Knowhobillhill, 44.
 ——— Andro,
 ——— Grissal,
 ——— William,
 ——— James, { children of William Cleland of Knowhobillhill, 44.
 ——— Elizabeth, John, Jonet, Grissal, William younger of Knowhobillhill, 44.
 ——— George, 35.
 ——— George of Glenhuiff, 36.
 ——— William of Hairshaw, 44.
 ——— John in Banhaith, 36.
 ——— Andro, 41.
 ——— Archibald, 41.
 ——— John, burgess of Edinburgh, 44.
 ——— Robert, burgess of Glasgow, 34.
 ——— Christian, spouse to George Anderson of Woodside, 35.
 ——— Jean, 41.
 ——— Margaret, 31.
 ——— Marion, 41.
 ——— Walter, 41.
 Clemens episcopus Dunblanensis, 164.
 Clark, Robertus vicarius Chori Glasguensis, 204.
 Clerk, Johannes, 253.
 Clericus, Hugo, 205.
 ——— Laurentius, 268.
 ——— Petrus, 268.
 ——— Walterus, 185.
 Clerk, Robertus, sacrista ecclesiæ Glasguensis, 250.
 Cludesdale, Petrus, decanus de, 255.
 Clyff, Robertus de, 197.
 ——— Willielmus de, 197.
 Cliddisdale, Mr George, minister at Glassfurd, 9.
 ——— Richard, weaver, 36.
 Cochrane, family of, 140.
 ——— Lord, 141.
 Robertus de Eodem, 292.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Cochrane, Willielmus de, 229.
 ——— William of Kilmarnok, 94.
 ——— William, of Rouchsoillis, 36.
 ——— William, lord, 75.
 ——— Sir William, earl of Dundonald, 82.
 ——— Sir Bryce, 82.
 ——— Sir John, 82.
 ——— Mungo, of Mains of Braxfield, 55.
 ——— William, of Ferguslie, 80.
 ——— Waldevus de, 82.
 ——— William de, 82.
 ——— John de, 82.
 ——— Alexander, Cornell, 82.
 ——— Hugh, Cornell, 82.
 ——— Gavin, of Craigmuir, 82.
 Cokate, Peris, Franschman, 187.
 Coleville, Colvil, Robert of Hilton, 93.
 ——— Robert, curate of Cathcart, 116, 117.
 ——— Philippus de, 181, 245, 246.
 ——— Willielmus de, 184.
 ——— Thomas de, 221, 246.
 ——— Domina Margareta, sponsa Johannis Domini Sympill, 285, 290.
 Colevine, Colvin, Agnes, spouse of Mr John Howison, 20.
 ——— Esther, 20.
 Colquhoun, Annabell, spouse of James Woddrop in Dalmarnock, 31.
 ——— Arthur of Kenmure, 34.
 ——— Matthew,
 ——— Elizabeth, } children of Arthur
 ——— Annabell, } Colquhoun of Ken-
 ——— Kathrine, } mure, 34.
 ——— Grissal,
 ——— Walter, 34.
 ——— John, of Kenmure, son of Walter, 34.
 ——— Arthur,
 ——— Umphray,
 ——— John, } children of John
 ——— Alexander, } Colquhoun of
 ——— Margaret, } Kenmure, 34.
 ——— Jonet,
 ——— Grissal,
 ——— Colquhoun, Johannes de Eodem, 249, 284.
 Cokburn, Alexander de, de Langton, 229.
 Constantine, Nigellus de, 120.
- Corbet, John, of Towcorse, 31.
 ——— Mr James, of Towcorse, 31.
 ——— Walter, of Towcorse, 31.
 ——— Robertus, 156, 200.
 ——— Hew, of Hardgray, 31.
 ——— Walterus, 162, 165, 224.
 Cormanoe, Henricus de, 162, 208, 246, 264.
 Corry, Dominus Willielmus de, canonicus Glasguensis, 225.
 Corsby, Johannes, 251.
 ——— Thomas de, 241.
 Corston, laird of, 55.
 Cospatrick filius Alden, 156.
 ——— frater Dalfin, 156, 231.
 ——— filius Uctred, 156.
 Costentine, Galfridus de, 265.
 ——— Robertus de, 280.
 ——— Walterus de, 265.
 Cottingham, Thomas de, 197.
 Coucy, Robertus de, 197.
 Craig, Nicolas, spouse of John Hamilton of Latham, 11.
 ——— Elizabeth, wife of George Huchison, 86.
 Craufurd, David Comes de, Dominus Lindsay, 249.
 Craufurd, earl of, 60, 93.
 Craufurd, captain of, 60, 62.
 Crawfurd, Reginaldus de, vicecomes de Are, 222.
 Craufurd, laird of Cartsburn, 98.
 ——— David of Cartisburn, 98.
 ——— Patrick, elder, of Cartsburn, 98.
 ——— David, eldest son of Patrick Crawfurd of Cartisburn, 98.
 ——— Malcolm of Cartisburn, 99.
 ——— Mr Thomas, son of Malcolm Craufurd of Cartisburn, 99.
 ——— Anna, sister of Mr Thomas Craufurd, 99.
 ——— Nans, daughter of Patrick Craufurd of Cartisburn, 13.
 ——— James, of Mylntoun, 13, 30.
 ——— John, of Mylntoun, 29, 30.
 ——— John, son of James Craufurd of Mylntoun, 30.
 Crawfurd of Jordanhill, 85.
 ——— Hew, of Jordanhill, 85.
 ——— Cornelius, of Jordanh ill, 85.

INDEX II.

- Crawfurd, Malcom, of Newton, 98, 125.
- Willielmus, de Newton, 125.
- George, of Newton, 125.
- Hew, of Newton, 125.
- Thomas, son of Malcolm Crawfurd of Newton, 125.
- Thomas, of Newton, 125.
- Anna, sister of Thomas, 125.
- Elizabeth, daughter of George Crawfurd of Newton, 125.
- Crawfords of Kilbirnie, 98.
- Marion, daughter of Crawfurd of Kilbirnie, 152.
- Crawfurd, James, of Ferm, 26, 27.
- Christian,
- Agnes,
- Margaret, } daughters of James Crawfurd of Ferm,
- Jonet, 26.
- Elizabeth,
- Grissal,
- Crawfurd, Hew, of Cloberhill, 30.
- Robert, } children of Hew Crawfurd of Cloberhill, 30.
- John, }
- James, of Kypbyres, 36.
- William, of Beircroft, 59.
- Catherine, daughter of William Crawfurd of Beircroft, 59.
- Crawfords of Rouchsel'loch, 85.
- Crawfurd, Robert, of Auchinames, 103.
- Patrick, of Auchinames, 103.
- William, of Auchinames, 103.
- Elizabeth, daughter of William Crawfurd of Auchinames, 103.
- Jean, spouse of Patrick Crawfurd of Auchinames, 103.
- William,
- John,
- Mr Hew,
- Patrick,
- James, notary publick,
- Robert, of Nether Mayns,
- James, of Flatterton, 104, 105.
- James, younger of Flatterton, 105.
- John, brother to James Crawfurd, younger of Flatterton, 105.
- Archibald, son of James Crawfurd of Flatterton, 105.
- Crawfurd, Archibald,
- Bryce,
- James,
- William,
- Jean,
- Elspeth,
- Robert, of Nether Possil, 30.
- Hugh, of Woodside, 80.
- Andro, baillie of Paisley, 125.
- Archibaldus, vicarius de Erschen, 292.
- Agnes, spouse of Mr Alexander Woddrop, portioner of Carntyne, 31.
- Catherine, relict of Mr David Veatche, 28.
- Janet, lady, Stanelie, 83.
- Margaret, spouse of David Boyle in Largs, 98.
- Marion, spouse of Hew Crawfurd in Bannochray, 98.
- Nans, spouse of James Hamilton of Peill, 98.
- Janet, spouse of James Bannatyne of Kellie, 105.
- James, in Hagtounhill, 98.
- James, in Shaw's, 98.
- John, in Cass , 98.
- John, in Ardgowan, 98.
- John, cuik to John Blair, younger of that ilk, 118.
- 284.
- Creighton, lord, son to chancellor Creighton, 37.
- Willielmus, dominus, cancellarius regis, 170.
- Georgius de, admirallus regni, 170.
- Crocket, Janet, spouse of Andrew Hamilton of Westburn, 22.
- Crok of Croxton, 75.
- Robert, 76, 100, 264.
- Robert de, 76, 265.
- Alan, son of Robert, 76, 264.
- Sir Thomas, 76.
- Thomas, 278.
- Crossibi, Ivo de, 245.
- Croyton, Rogerus de, clericus, 198.
- Crystiswell, John, younger, portioner of Lunderston, 106.

NAMES OF PERSONS.

- Cumin, Comyng, John, 7, 104.
 — Red John, 12.
 — Willielmus, comes de Buchan, justiciarius Scotiæ, 165.
 — W. comes de Menteth, 166, 167.
 — Walterus, comes de Meneteth, 209.
 — Jordanus, 165.
 — Johannes, miles, 201, 202, 211.
 — Matthew, merchant in Glasgow, 32.
 — Ricardus, 161, 181.
 — Willielmus, cancellarius Glasguensis, 179.
 — Willielmus, cancellarius, 200, 201.
 — Willielmus, 162, 183, 221, 224, 245, 246.
 Cunningham, Conyngham,
 Cunningham, earl of Glencairn, 21, 91.
 — Sir William de, vicecomes de Are, 92.
 — Sir Robert, lord of Kilmauris, 284.
 — Johannes de Bonnitoun, 53.
 — of Bonnitoun, 55.
 — Sir Robert, of Gilbertfield, 21.
 — of Quarrelton, 82.
 — Robert, of Quarrelton, 82.
 — William, of Quarreltoun, 83.
 — Robert, William, } children of William
 — John, Cunningham of
 — Margaret, Quarrelton, 83.
 — Isobel,
 — Fergus de, 91.
 — Malcom, son and heir of Fergus
 — de Cunningham, 91.
 — Fergus filius, 91, 92.
 — Sir Robert de, 92.
 — Robert, son of Sir Robert de Cunningham, 92.
 — Sir James of, 92.
 — William, of Craigens, 101.
 — Alexander, of Craigens, 101.
 — Elizabeth, spouse of Alexander
 — of Craigens, 101.
 — Gabriel, brother of Alexander
 — Cunningham of Craigens, 101.
 — William, son of Alexander Cun-
 — ington of Craigens, 101.
 — William, brother of Alexander
 — Cunningham of Craigens, 101.
 — William, elder of Craigens, 101.
- Cunningham, William, laird of Craigens, 101.
 — Archibald, son to the laird of Craigens, 101.
 — Alexander, of Craigens, 101.
 — William, brother to the laird of Craigens, 101.
 — Gabriel, of Cairncurran, 124.
 — Daniel, son of Gabriel of Cairn-
 — curran, 124.
 — William, of Cairncurran, 124.
 — Mr John, son of Gabriel of
 — Cairncurran, 124.
 — William, younger of Cairncur-
 — ran, 124.
 — Gabriel, late provost of Glasgow,
 — 30.
 — Laird of Waterston, 21.
 — John of Cambuskeith, 93.
 — John, son of John Cunningham of
 — Cambuskeith, 93.
 — Anna, } children of John
 — Margaret, Cunningham of
 — Elizabeth, } Cambuskeith, 93.
 — David of Robertland, 101.
 — Mr Daniel, minister at Kilma-
 — colmkirk, 91.
 — Adam, advocate, commissary of
 — Dumfries, 150.
 — Umfridus, quondam decanus de,
 — 185.
 — Decanus de, 225.
 — David, archidiaconus Ergadien-
 — sis, 227.
 — et prepositus ecclesiæ
 — collegiatæ de Hamil-
 — ton, 250.
 — Willielmus de, 238.
 — Dominus Willielmus de, vica-
 — riis de Dundonald, 242.
 — David, officialis Glasguensis, 292.
 — Dominus Jacobus de, Miles, 272.
 — Dame Anna, 10.
 — Elizabeth, Lady Barrochan, 97.
 — Elizabeth, spouse of Mr Andro
 — Boyd, bishop of Argyle, 119.
 — Jean, relict of William Hamil-
 — ton of Blantyrefarm, 15.
 — Jonet, Lady Houston, 100.
 — Margaret, 83.
 — James, 83.

INDEX II.

- DAVID I. king of Scots, 66, 147, 156, 183, 200, 201, 207, 224, 231, 232, 244, 265, 279.
 DAVID II. king of Scots, 45, 56, 212, 213, 226, 227.
 D. episcopus, Sancti Andreæ, 184.
 Dd. Sancti Andreæ episcopus, 191.
 Dalfin, 156.
 Dalkeith, earl of, 17.
 — Archibaldus de Douglas, dominus de, 229.
 — Jacobus de Douglas, dominus de, 282.
 Dalziell, lord, 45.
 — Robert, lord, 56.
 — laird of, 138.
 — Thomas, of Beanes, 152.
 — William, of Chisholm, 46.
 — John, of Rylandsde, 68.
 — Mr Thomas, of Johnston, 46.
 — James, of Johnston, 46.
 — Sir Robert, of that ilk, 45.
 Danby, Willielmus capellanus, 253.
 Danielstons, 51.
 Danielston, 91.
 — Walterus de, canonicus Glasguensis, 237.
 Darnley, family of, 99.
 Darnley, lord, 76, 86, 108.
 — Henry, 77.
 David frater germanus Alexandri primi regis, postea rex, 156, 157, 158, 199.
 — Comes, frater Willielmi regis, 161, 245, 275.
 — filius Walteri, miles, 212, 213, 216.
 — dominus, filius Walteri domini de Machan, 217.
 — comes de Carrick, primogenitus Roberi III., 282.
 — episcopus Sancti Andreæ, 167.
 — serviens episcopi, 186.
 — clericus ecclesie Glasguensis, 208.
 — magister de Cadyhou, precentor, 219.
 — officialis Glasguensis, 219.
 — dominus de Abernyth, perpetuus vicarius de Drisdale, 223.
 Davidson, W. 53.
 Decanus et capitulum Glasguense, 203.
 Denham, Sir William, of Westsheill, 56.
 Denniston, Walter, of Colgrain, 100.
 Denniston, John, of Colgrain, 104.
 — Dercungal, Odo abbas de, 185.
 — Deriford, Adam de, canonicus Glasguensis, 175, 209, 210.
 — Dikson, Georgius, curatus de Covington, 64.
 — Dinwiddie, Robert, merchant in Glasgow, 30.
 — Donecastre, Johannes de, 198.
 — Douglas, family of, 132, 134.
 — marquis of, 3, 39, 44, 57, 59, 60, 61, 62, 65.
 — James, marquis of, 52, 57.
 — William, marquis of, 60, 61, 65.
 — earls of, 8, 10, 23, 44, 52, 60, 64.
 — James, earl of, 19.
 — Archibald, earl of, 99, 219, 247, 282.
 — Archibald the Grim, earl of, 19, 37, 133.
 — Willielmus, comes de, 170.
 — Johanna, comitissa de, 247.
 — et Avendale, Willielmus, comes de, 253, 254.
 — Jacobus, dominus de, 168, 192, 224.
 — Archibaldus de, dominus de Dalkeith, 229.
 — Jacobus, dominus de Dalkeith, 282.
 — James of, 284.
 — Sir Robert, 28.
 — Lady Margaret, 77.
 — Mr Robert, bishop of Dunkeld, 133.
 — Mr Robert, minister of Bothwell, 133.
 — Mr Robert, minister of Bothwell, son of Mr Robert, minister of Bothwell, 133.
 — Hugo de, canonicus Glasguensis, 179.
 — Samuel, of Hesleyside, 65.
 — William, of Glenbervie, 52.
 — James, taylor, 78.
 — Janet, relict of Gabriel Maxwell, minister of Inchinan, 110.
 Dovenaldus filius Reginaldi filii Sumerled, 266.
 Dovenaldus frater Dunegalli, 200, 201, 231.
 Dovenaldus clericus de Kilduffbenin, 269.
 Dubb. Johannes serviens villa de Glasgu, 187.
 Duffgall, son of 76.
 Duffgallus filius Savin, 82.
 — filius comitis, 275.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Dufoter de Calanteria, 200, 231.
 Dugall, Thomas, in Nether Dunsyston, 41.
 Dumbartane, sheriff, provost, and baillies of,
 168.
 ______ provost, baillies, and commun-
 ity of, 187.
 ______ baillies and wyt of, 282.
 Dummie porter at the yate of James archbi-
 shop of Glasgow, 151.
 Dunbars of Enterkin, 15.
 Dunbar, Patricius, comes de, 165.
 ______ Johannes de Knokshimnoch, 15.
 ______ Marjorie, spouse to Edward Wallace
 of Shewalton, 119.
 Dunblanensis, Clemens episcopus, 164.
 ______ ecclesiæ episcopus, 177, 178.
 Duncanus comes de Levenax, 219.
 Duncanus frater Ferchardie de Buit, 268.
 Dundas, lairds of, 44.
 ______ John, of New Liston, 152.
 Dundonalds, earls of, 24, 25, 84, 94, 97, 102,
 107, 108, 110, 143, 148.
 ______ Sir William Cochrane, earl of,
 82.
 Dunecanus comes, justiciarius regis Williel-
 mi, 220.
 Dunecanus comes, 161, 162, 200, 231, 245.
 Dunfermeline, earl of, 74.
 ______ Archibaldus abbas de, 162,
 163.
 Dunfermelitanus abbas, Gaufridus, 231.
 Dunkeld, lord of, 19.
 ______ Mr Robert Douglas, bishop of,
 133.
 Dunkeldensis episcopus, Hugo, 165.
 ______ G. 167, 184.
 ______ Willielmus, 168,
 224.
 ______ Johannes, 162.
 Dunlop, James, of Garnkirk, 32.
 ______ Mr John of Gartinkirk, 32.
 ______ William, of Housle, 83.
 ______ of Hapland, 115.
 ______ William of, 284.
 ______ Mr William, principal of the college
 of Glasgow, 142.
 ______ Robertus de, vicarius chorii Glasgu-
 ensis, 204.
 ______ Robert, 14.
 Dunne, Willielmus, 225.
 E. abbas de Kelcho, 246.
 Eadmar, 156.
 Earnock, laird of, 9.
 Edderdale, Sir Robert of, 282.
 Edenhall, magister Robertus de, 185.
 EDGAR, king of Scots, 157, 158.
 Edinburgh, commissaries of, 151.
 Edinburgo, R. de, canonicus Glasguensis,
 174.
 Edmeston, Sibilla, spouse of John Stewart of
 Barscube, 90.
 ______ Jacobus, 228.
 Edulf, 156.
 EDWARDUS rex Scottorum, 211.
 EDWARD II. king of England, 202.
 Eggefled, Thomas de, 198.
 Eglintoun, earls of, 92, 118, 119, 141.
 ______ Alexander, earl of, 72.
 ______ dominus Hugo de, dominus ejus-
 dem miles, 120.
 ______ Hugo de, miles, 121.
 Eiston, Troyalus, 44.
 Elphinston, Sir George, of Blythswood, 123,
 150.
 ______ Geillis, lady Bultrees, wife of
 Sir James Semple of Bultrees,
 123.
 ______ Marion, relict of John Stewart
 of Barshagrie, 29.
 Engain, Berengarius, 156.
 Engelramus episcopus Glasguensis, 182, 245,
 254, 264.
 Engus filius Dovenaldi, 268, 269, 270.
 Engus filius Dovenaldi, domini de Hyle,
 269, 270.
 Eoginus (Rogerus vel Eugenius?), 210.
 Ergadiensis ecclesiæ episcopus, 177.
 Ergadiensis episcopus, Laurentius, 268, 269.
 ______ Alanus, 268, 269, 270.
 Ergyle, Colinus comes de, 249.
 Ernaldus abbas de Chelgho, 207, 224.
 ______ abbas de Mailros, 255.
 Erskyne, Robertus de, miles, 214, 215.
 ______ Thomas de, 229, 282.
 Eschina, wife of Walter dapifer regis, 112,
 120, 265.
 EUGENIUS IV. papa, 240.
 Evindail, lady, daughter of the earl of Glen-
 cairn, 51.
 Eywud, R. de, canonicus Glasguensis, 230.

INDEX II.

- Ferchardus de Buit, 268.
 — filius Nigelli de Buit, 268.
 Fergus de Galweia, 200, 201, 231.
 — filius Cunigham, 91, 92, 275.
 Fergusii, Ricardus, notarius, 250.
 Fimboga, Gilbertus de, 200, 231.
 Finlay, Helen, spouse of Thomas Dougal in
 Nether Dunsyston, 41.
 Flandrensis, Malcolmus, miles, 272.
 Fleming, lord, 58.
 — Sir William, of Ferm, 26.
 — William, of Barruchan, 96.
 — Patrick, of Barruchan, younger,
 96.
 — Alexander, of Barruchan, 96, 124.
 — Mr James, son of Alexander Fle-
 ming of Barruchan, 96.
 — William, } bairns of Alexander
 — Archibald, } Fleming of Barruch-
 — Anna, } an, 96.
 — James of Boghall, 97.
 — James } children of James Fle-
 — Frances, } ming of Boghall, 97.
 — Anna, }
 — Jean,
 — John, appearand of Boghall, 97.
 — Robert, of Clydesmiln, 48.
 — George, of Kilmacolm, 94.
 — James, in Langcorslie, 96.
 — George, of Covanie, 101.
 — David, son of George Fleming of
 Covanie, 101.
 — Willielmus, 242.
 — Donald, 282.
 Floker, dominus Patricius, 236.
 Florencia, Robertus de, decanus Glasguen-
 sis, 179.
 Florentius, Elect bishop of Glasgow, 120.
 Forbes, John, writer in Edinburgh, 30.
 Forest, Elizabeth, 78.
 Fonia uxor Reginaldi filii Sumerled, 266.
 Forfar, earl of, 44, 134.
 — Archibald Douglas, earl of, 39, 59,
 134.
 Forman, Robertus, canonicus Glasguensis,
 238, 240, 291.
 Forrester, George, lord, 149.
 — Sir John, 141.
 Forstar, John, of Corstorfyn knight, cham-
 berlain of Scotland, 282.
 Forsyth, David, of Dykes, commissary of
 Glasgow, 96.
 — Mr David, minister at Cathcart, 116.
 Foster, David, 83.
 — Duncan, of Kilmoir, 83.
 Franche, John, in Thowhill, 33, 42.
 — John, 42.
 Fraser, Alexander, camerarius Scotiæ, 168,
 224.
 — Agnes, daughter of Fraser of Knok,
 105.
 Freeland, John, of that ilk, 90.
 — Robert, } children of John Free-
 — James, } land of that ilk, 90.
 — George, }
 Fulbar, Hall of, 85.
 Fullarton, Mr John, bishop of Edinburgh,
 105.
 Fultoun, Thomas of, 92.
 G. episcopus Dunkeldensis, 167, 184.
 G. clericus comitis de Levenax, 186.
 Gairgrave, Thomas de, 198.
 Gaillardus, 240.
 Galfrit, Alanus de, miles, 272.
 Galloway, lord of, 66.
 Galterus filius Alani, 207.
 Galweia, dominus A. de, 185.
 — Fergus de, 200, 201, 231.
 Gaskell, Thomas, 274.
 Galbreath, Euphame, relict of John Knok of
 Renfurie, 102.
 Gaufridus abbas Dunfermelitanus, 231.
 — abbas de novo monasterio, 255.
 Gawan, prepositus ecclesiae de Bothevile, 253.
 Gemmil, Mr David, preacher of God's word
 at the kirk of Mearns, 111.
 George, abbot of Paisley, 273.
 Gibson, Walter, 45.
 — Walter, late provost of Glasgow, 29.
 — Johannes, camerarius Glasguensis,
 250.
 Giffard, Willielmus, 183, 221.
 Gilbert, Sir, de Hamilton, 87.
 — son of Henry of St Martin, 76.
 Gilbertus de Kethkert, 185.
 — vicarius et clericus ecclesiae Glas-
 guensis, 186.
 — Fimboga, 200, 231.
 — de Strivelin, 200, 231.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Gilbertus, Walteri, 219.
 —— Aberdonensis episcopus, 229, 282.
 —— filius Ricardi, 245.
 —— filius Samuelis, 268, 274, 276, 277,
 278.
 Gilebertus comes, 161, 220.
 Gilbertson, Schir Walter, 201, 202, 203.
 Gilbethoc, 275.
 Gilchriston, Finlaw, 282.
 Gill. filius Boed, 156.
 Gilleclerist, comes de Meneth (Menteth?), 161.
 Gillecolumus filius Gil Michel, 266, 267.
 Gillekonel Manthac, frater comitis de Carric,
 275.
 Gillemachoi de Conglud, 163.
 Gillemill filius Bowein, 163.
 Gillemor filius Gillemill, 163.
 Gil Michel, 231.
 Gillemor, 275.
 Gillescop, Nuncius, 269.
 Gillies, Robert, of Cranberrymoss, 8.
 Gilliseus de Estwood, 272.
 Gilon, 275.
 Gillys filius Eldredi, 163.
 Glammys, Patricius, dominus, 170.
 Glasgow, my lord of, 36.
 —— Robert, bishop of, 88, 95, 190, 202,
 236, 257, 258, 259, 260.
 —— Matthew, bishop of, 120, 229, 237,
 242, 243.
 Glasguensis episcopus, Walterus, 163, 165,
 166, 168, 185, 223, 229.
 —— Willielmus, 164, 165, 168, 176,
 177, 178, 206, 225.
 —— (Turnbull), 169.
 —— ecclesiae minister, Willielmus,
 175.
 —— Jocelinus, 182.
 —— Johannes, 182, 189, 205, 238,
 219, 239.
 —— Herbertus, 182.
 —— Engelramus, 182, 245, 254,
 264.
 —— W. cancellarius, 166, 167.
 —— W. 191.
 —— J. 197.
 —— R. 260.
 Glasgow, Wilzam, bishop of, 171.
 —— James, archbishop of, 34, 48, 52,
 148, 151, 194.
 Glasgow, Robert, archbishop of, 244, 250,
 251, 252.
 Glasguensis, W. decanus et capitulum, 171,
 177, 178.
 —— R. archidiaconus, 174.
 —— S. precentor, 174.
 —— R. thesaurarius, 174.
 —— R. cancellarius, 174.
 —— J. sacrista, 174.
 —— Walterus, decanus, 178.
 —— capitulum, 190, 203, 204.
 —— decanus et capitulum, 257, 258,
 259, 260, 261, 262, 263.
 —— M. archidiaconus, 164.
 Glasgow, George, merchant in Glasgow, 113.
 —— provost, baillies, and community of,
 187.
 Gledstanis, Herbertus, rector de Dronok, 292.
 Glen of Barr, 107.
 —— William, of Barr, 42, 108.
 —— James, of the Barr, 107.
 —— Alexander, of Barr, 108.
 —— Meggie, 126.
 —— David, 23, 108.
 —— James, 108.
 —— John, 108.
 —— Thomas, 23.
 —— Mr Archibald, minister at Carmunnock,
 23.
 —— Thomas, merchant burgess of Glasgow,
 23.
 Glenaigis, laird of, 114.
 Glencairn, earl of, 21, 51, 91, 92, 93, 141.
 —— Alexander, earl of, 92.
 —— James, earl of, 93.
 —— Robert, earl of, 92.
 Glendonyne, Thomas de, 238.
 Godefridus Magister, de Wintonia, 270.
 Gordon, earl of, 17.
 —— Lady Mary, 61.
 —— Maria de, 201, 202.
 Govan, Simon de, 187.
 —— Willielmus de, canonicus Glasguen-
 sis, 242, 253.
 Governor, the lord, 19.
 Graham, of Fereneze, 22.
 —— David de, 88.
 —— Henricus de, 88, 162.
 —— Johannes de, 246.
 —— John, of Dugaldston, 87.

INDEX II.

- Graham, Patricius dominus de le, 170.
 —— Patrick de, miles, 88.
 Gray, Jonet, 43.
 —— Andreas, dominus le, 171.
 Gregg, Mr James, minister at Loudon, 113.
 —— Isobel, spouse of Mr William Wallace, minister at Eastwood, 113.
GREGORIUS IX. papa, 276.
GREGORIUS X. papa, 176, 177, 178.
 Grenlaw, Nicholayus, canonicus Glasguensis, 292.
 Grymesby, Elias de, 197.
 Guido Novariensis, 177, 179.

 H. de Pottoun, 186.
 H. Capellanus episcopi Glasguensis, 186.
 Haddington, earl of, 33.
 Hailes, Adam Hepburn, lord, 37.
 Hair, William, 125.
 Hair, Margaret, 125.
 —— William, of Pennel, 125.
 Haistie, John, in Park of Erskine, 125.
 Halden filius Edulf, 156.
 Haliburton, Mr Thomas, advocate, 30.
 Hall, James, of Fulbar, 85.
 —— Robert, of Fullbar, 85.
 —— Arthur, son to George Hall in Dumbartane, 85.
 —— George, in Dumbartane, 85.
 —— Will, of 282.
 —— David, 292.
 Halliwell, Robertus de, clericus, 197.
 Hamilton, Sir Gilbert de, 16, 17.
 —— Sir Walter, son of Sir Gilbert, 16.
 —— Lord, I, 4, 8, 23, 37, 62, 66, 79, 87.
 —— James, lord, 16, 19, 76, 249.
 —— James, duke of, 2.
 —— William, duke of, 63.
 —— Duke of, 24, 35, 38, 39, 42, 43, 67, 133, 134, 138.
 —— Marquis of, 67.
 —— James, marquis of, 10, 38, 62.
 —— John, marquis of, 10.
 —— William, earl of Selkirk, duke of, 61.
 —— Hamilton, lord Claud, 74, 148.
 —— John, son of Sir Gilbert de, 17.
 —— Dutchess of, 23, 35, 44, 48, 61, 63, 68.
 Hamilton, Anna, dutchess of, 63.
 —— Elizabeth, countess of Lennox, 76.
 —— David de, 216.
 —— Robert of, 284.
 —— Sir John de, 7.
 —— David, son of Sir John, 7.
 —— Sir James, 10.
 —— Sir James, of Jeliston (Eliston ?), 22, 26, 27.
 —— Sir William, of Illeston, 26.
 —— Sir Thomas, king's advocate, 33.
 —— Sir Alexander, of Haggs, 33.
 —— John, of Haggs, 33.
 —— of Orbiston or Urbanston, 138.
 —— Sir John, of Orbiston, 39, 75, 81, 89.
 —— William, of Orbiston, 39, 72, 138.
 —— Sir James, of Phineart, 62, 68.
 —— James, of Avendale, 62.
 —— of Orbiston, 80.
 —— Sir Claud, of Eliston, 74.
 —— Sir Frederick, of Manor Hamilton, 74.
 —— Sir Alexander, 74.
 —— Sir George, 74.
 —— Sir William, 74.
 —— Sir James, of Rosehall, 135, 138.
 —— Archibald, of Rosehall, 33, 42.
 —— John, of Udston, sheriff-depute, 2, 79.
 —— John, of Udston, 17, 18, 47.
 —— John, younger of Udiston, 18.
 —— James, brother to John, younger of Udiston, 18.
 —— James, son of John of Udiston, 18.
 —— William, son of John of Udiston, 18.
 —— Margaret, daughter of John of Udiston, 18.
 —— James, oye to John of Udiston, 18.
 —— William, oye to John of Udiston, 18.
 —— John, oye to John of Udiston, 18.
 —— John of Udston, 46, 57.
 —— of Barncluth, 17, 18.
 —— John of Barncluth, sheriff-depute, 2.
 —— Robert, of Barncluth, 18.
 —— Margaret, daughter of Robert of Barncluth, 18.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Hamilton, of Woodhall, 3.
 ——— Jacobus, de Vodhall, 252.
 ——— James, of Woodhall, 42.
 ——— John, of Woodhall, 42, 108.
 ——— Thomas, of Woodhall, 42.
 ——— Laird, of Raploch, 9.
 ——— Gawan, of Raploch, 7.
 ——— Hugh, of Raploch, 7.
 ——— Gavin, elder and younger of Raploch, 7.
 ——— Archibald, in Raploch, 7.
 ——— Archibald, of the Raploch, 19.
 Hamiltons of Silvertonhill, 30.
 ——— Robert, of Silvertonhill, 87.
 ——— Alexander, tutor de Silvertonhill, 7, 9, 10, 18, 19.
 ——— Katherine, spouse of Alexander Hamilton, tutor of Silvertonhill, 19.
 ——— Gavin, abbot of Kilwinning, 7.
 ——— William, of Dalserf, 8.
 ——— of Latham, 8.
 ——— Andro, of Latham, 10, 11, 19.
 ——— John, of Latham, 10.
 ——— Andro, younger of Latham, 11, 19.
 ——— James, brother to Andrew Hamilton of Latham, 11.
 ——— James, of Cander, 8.
 ——— of Milbourn, 8.
 ——— Robert, of Milbourn, 43, 57.
 ——— Laird of Stenhouse, 8.
 ——— Johannes, de Stanhouse, 8.
 Hamiltons of Avington, 63.
 ——— John, of Avington, 10.
 ——— Robert, of Torrence, 13, 25, 102.
 ——— James, of Oversheills, 13.
 ——— James, of Peil, 13.
 ——— James, in the Peil, 13, 19.
 ——— Katherine, daughter of James Hamilton in the Peil, 13.
 ——— William, son of Isobel Ross, spouse of James Hamilton of Peil, 13.
 ——— John, of Peil, 13.
 ——— James, of Kirkton of Kilbride, 13.
 ——— James, of Kirktonholm, 13.
 ——— Robert, of Kirktonholm, 13.
 ——— Robert, of Newhouse, 13, 23.
 ——— James, son of Robert Hamilton of Newhouse, 13.
 ——— of Newton (Newhouse?), 22.
- Hamilton, Sarah, daughter of Robert Hamilton of Newhouse, 23.
 ——— Robert, in Priestfield, 14.
 ——— of Blantyre farm, 15.
 ——— William, of Blantyre farm, 15.
 ——— John, of Blantyre farm, 15.
 ——— William, son of John Hamilton of Blantyre farm, 15.
 ——— of Neilsland, 18.
 ——— John, of Ardrie, 18.
 ——— Robert, of Ardrie, 35.
 ——— William, of Wishaw, 18, 36, 48, 137.
 ——— William, son lawful to William Hamilton of Wishaw, 18.
 ——— John, of Edilwood, 18.
 ——— Andro, of Westburn, 22.
 ——— Mary, daughter of Andro Hamilton of Westburn, 22.
 ——— Robert, of Cathkin, 22, 24.
 ——— Robert, { children of Robert Hamilton of Cathkin, 24.
 ——— William, }
 ——— James, Jean,
 ——— James, of Turnlaw, 22.
 ——— John, of Spittel, 22.
 ——— Mr William, son of John Hamilton of Spittel, 22.
 ——— John, of Carsland, 22.
 Hamilton of Aikenhead, 30, 101.
 ——— James, of Aikenhead, 23, 24.
 ——— James, of Aikenhead, provost of Glasgow, 25.
 ——— Robert, { children of James Hamilton of Aikenhead, provost of Glasgow, 25.
 ——— James, John, Agnes, Elizabeth, Mary,
 ——— John, of Aikenhead, 41.
 ——— James, of Aikenhead, 116.
 ——— John, of Bardowie, 25.
 ——— John, of Eldershaw, 62.
 ——— John, of Gilkerscleugh, 63.
 ——— John, of Auchnaglen, 67.
 ——— Allan, of Ferguslie, 80.
 ——— James, provost of Glasgow, 83.
 ——— James, of Mylnton, 31, 87.
 Hamilton of Barr, 107.
 ——— of Monkland, 136.

INDEX I.

- Hamilton, William, of Monkland, 35.
- Murdiston, 137. *vide* Inglis.
- Gavin, one of the under clerks of Session, 137.
- of Dalziell, 36.
- James, of Dalziell, 35, 45, 46, 49, 138.
- of Parkhead, 138.
- James, of Parkhead, 43.
- Arthur, of Parkhead, 43.
- of Raith, 138.
- Mr Thomas, of Raith, 43.
- Mr John, of Raith, 43.
- Claud, of Gairin, 48, 149.
- James, of Gairin, 48.
- John, of Grainge, 34.
- James, of Bothwellhaugh, 39.
- David, of Bothwellhaugh, 39.
- David, elder of Bothwellhaugh, 39.
- Claud, second son of David of Bothwellhaugh, 39.
- David, son of David elder of Bothwellhaugh, 39.
- James, of Boggs, 45.
- of Adderston, 48.
- John, of Greenhill, 48.
- James, of Green (Greenhill?), 48.
- Sir John, of Halcraig, 51.
- Archibald, of Halcraig, commissary of Lanark, 52, 150.
- James, of Halcraig, 52.
- Robert, of Bridgend of Partick, 110.
- laird, of Preston, 111.
- John, of Preston, 111.
- of Avendale, 55, 58.
- Mr Claud, minister at Monkton, 22.
- Mr Alexander, minister at Lochwinnoch, 25.
- Mr Gawan, minister at Calder, 32.
- Mr Gawin, provost of Bothwell, 133.
- Mr James, minister at Lesmahagow, 13.
- Mr James, minister at Cambusneithan, 46.
- John, son of Mr Robert, minister at Cathcart, 116.
- Mr John, minister at Innerkip, 104.
- Mr Patrick, minister at Cambuslang, 21.
- Hamilton, Mr Robert, minister at Glasfurd, 9.
- Mr Robert, minister at Cathcart, 116.
- Mr Thomas, minister at Bothwell, 133.
- Mr William, minister at Glasfurd, 9.
- Mr William, minister at Bothwell, 132, 133.
- Andro, 19.
- Arthur, 43.
- Claud, 48.
- Cuthbert, 117.
- James, 26.
- John, 80.
- John, Falconer, burgess of Hamilton, 41.
- Matthew, 25.
- Patrick, 48.
- Willielmus, 15.
- Hamilton, Anna, 43.
- Annabell, wife of James Crawford of Ferm, 26, 27.
- Barbara, spouse of William Ralston of that ilk, 79.
- Bethia, spouse of Gavin Stewart of Allantoun, 49.
- Christian, 26.
- Cristina, 43.
- Ellison, lady Ernock, 17.
- Elizabeth, 34.
- Elizabeth, relict of Thomas Faulis of Brounieside, 133.
- Grissal, 43.
- Jean, 43, 87.
- Dame Jean, lady Ross, 77.
- Jean, wife of John Maxwell of Southbar, 90.
- Jonet, spouse of Hugh Ralston of that ilk, 79.
- Jonet, wife of Robert Wallace of Leitchland, 102.
- Dame Jonet, relict of Sir Robert Cunningham of Gilbertfield, 22.
- Margaret, relict of Alexander Steinston of that ilk, 41.
- Margaret, daughter of John Hamilton of Auchnaglen, 67.
- Margaret, spouse of John Wallace of Ferguslie, 81.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Hamilton, Dame spouse of Hew lord Sempill, 107.
 Hardie,, in Byris of Ralston, 79.
 Hangpudyn, Ricardus, 186.
 Harper, Sir John, advocate, 47.
 Hartford, William de, 76.
 Hauden, Bernardus de, 246.
 Hawik, Johannes, notarius, 263.
 —— Johannes de, precentor ecclesiae Glasguensis, 206, 207.
 —— Johannes de, canonicus Glasguensis, 237, 242.
 Hay, Mr John, of Inchnoch, 36.
 —— Mr Johu, parson of Renfrew, 84, 85.
 George, } children of Mr Johu Hay,
 —— Jonet, } 85.
 —— Jean, }
 —— Mr John, minister at Paisley, 85.
 —— Alexander, of Mounton, 151.
 —— Elizabeth, spouse of James Hamilton of Gairn, 48.
 —— Mr Andrew, 68.
 Haya, Haia, Thomas de, 165.
 —— Willielmus de, 220.
 —— David de, 221.
 —— Willielmus de, Pincerna, 245.
 Hebron, William, vicar of Linlithgow, 93.
 Helias, son of Fulbert, 76, 112.
 Helias Walensis, miles domini Duncanii de Carric, 185.
 Helias de Perthe, 208.
 Helias, canonicus de Glasgu, 208.
 Help, clericus episcopi Herberti, 231.
 Hemmynburgh, Robertus de, 197.
 HENRY, father of king James VI., 38, 76.
 HENRY VII., king of England, 77.
 HENRICKUS II., rex Angliae, 147, 156.
 Henry, lord Darnly, 38, 76.
 Henricus, comes filius Davidis I. regis, 147, 158, 200, 207, 231, 244.
 —— Aberdonensis episcopus, 168.
 —— perpetuus vicarius de Cadhou, 216, 217, 218.
 —— de Cormanok, 264.
 —— rector ecclesiae de Cuthquhen, 270.
 —— capellanus, 286.
 Henryson, William, Paisley, 112.
 —— John, 282.
 Herbertson, Mr Robert, commissary clerk of Hamilton, 41.
 Herbertus, episcopus Glasguensis, 182, 231.
 —— abbas de Rokesburg, 200, 231.
 —— camerarius regis Davidis I., 200, 207, 231.
 —— decanus de Glasgu, 208.
 —— cancellarius regis David I., 231.
 —— decanus, 264.
 Heriot, Mr John, minister at Blantyre, 14.
 —— Henricus de, 255.
 Herlaston, Willielmus de, 197.
 Herteshevid, Willielmus de, vicecomes de Lanark, 164, 166, 168.
 Hertford, earl of, 201, 202.
 Hesh, magister Adam de, 255.
 Heugonis, Ricardus, filius, 100.
 —— Alexander, filius, 100.
 Hill, Ninian, of Lambhill, 116.
 —— Helen, spouse of John Maxwell, merchant, burgess of Glasgow, 116.
 Hilarius, 275.
 Hoome,, lady Ardgowan, 80.
 Holdeno (Hodelmo?), Adam de, rector de Kirkpatrick-Domando, 233.
 Hope, Charles, of Hopetoun, 61.
 Hopetoun, earl of, 60, 61.
 Hostarius, Thomas, 165.
 —— Alanus, 167, 209.
 Houk, Willielmus de, 198.
 Houston, Sir John, of that ilk, 100.
 —— Mr Peter, 100.
 —— Mr James, 100.
 —— Sir Ludovick, of that ilk, 100.
 —— Patrick, lord, of that ilk, 284.
 Houston of Johnston, 102.
 —— George, of Johnston, 102.
 —— Patrick, of Colt, 100.
 —— Elspeth, lady Lawchope, 42.
 —— Bessie, or Elizabeth, lady Quhytfuird, 77.
 —— Margaret, relict of William Crawford of Auchnames, 103.
 How, John, of Dampton, 103.
 Howison, Mr John, minister at Cambuslang, 20.
 —— John, at the Westport, Edinburgh, 21.
 Hude, Adam, 282.
 Hugo de Morville, 156, 200.
 —— cancellarius, regis Willielmi, 162, 163.
 —— episcopus Dunkeldensis, 165.

INDEX II.

- Hugo Magister, de Carric, 185.
 — vicarius chorii Glasguensis, 204.
 — Magister, archidiaconus Glasguensis, 229.
 — capellanus, 230.
 — abbas de Newbottle, 255.
 — filius Simonis, 278.
 Hume, Mr John, minister at Bartrumshottis, 43.
 Huntare, Robert, younger, of Hunterston, 103.
 Hutchison, George, of Lambhill, 150.
 — Mr John, of Scotstoun, 86.
 — George, founder of Hutchisons' hospital, 29, 86.
 — Mr James, minister at Carmunnok, 23.
 — Mr James, minister of Killellan, 97.
 Hyndford, earl of, 51, 55, 64, 65.
 Hyndman, John, in Lunderston, 106.
 — Archibald,
 — Hector,
 — Violet, } children of John
 — Jonet,
 — Katherine, Hyndham in Lun-
 — Margaret,
 — Mareoun,
 — Alexander, derston, 106.
 J. Glasguensis episcopus, 197, 209.
 J. Blundus, canonicus Glasguensis, 174.
 J. de Rainfrew, canonicus Glasguensis, 174.
 J. capellanus episcopi, 185.
 J. sacrista ecclesiae Glasguensis, 174.
 Jack, Mr William, minister at Carlouk, 50.
 JACOBUS II. rex, canonicus ecclesiae Glasguensis, 169.
 Jacobus, episcopus Sancti Andreæ, 170.
 — senescallus Scotiæ, 268.
 Jak,, 40.
 — Andro, of Tannochside, 43.
 — Gilbertus, 251, 252.
 Jakson, Jonet, 41.
 JAMES II., king of Scots, 1, 4, 16, 19, 23, 37, 56, 62, 66, 76, 79, 92, 169, 198.
 JAMES III., king of Scots, 5, 10, 17, 37, 92, 93, 111, 119, 248, 250.
 JAMES IV., king of Scots, 37, 77, 92, 95, 119, 188, 285, 289.
 JAMES V., king of Scots, 38, 62, 131, 257.
 JAMES VI., king of Scots, 15, 38, 56, 74, 77, 78, 111, 141.
 JAMES, prince of Scotland, son of ROBERT III., afterwards king, 1, 71.
 James, archbishop of Glasgow, 194.
 James, Robert, 78.
 Jameson, James, portioner of Lunderston, 106.
 Jedburgh, Osbertus, abbas de, 245.
 Jerdane, of Aplegirth, 59.
 Inglis, Sir John, of Cramond, 44.
 — Alexander, alias Hamilton Murdiston, 137.
 — Alexander, thesaurarius, canonicus Glasguensis, 291.
 — Thomas, 292.
 — Thomas, of Eastshiell, 56.
 — Thomas, of Murdiston, 44.
 Ingelram (or Engelram), bishop of Glasgow, 264.
 Ingelramus, magister, 230.
 Innerpehtfer, Hugo de, canonicus Glasguensis, 179.
 Insula, Rodolphus de, 95.
 Jocelinus, episcopus Glasguensis, 161, 162, 163, 165, 166, 168, 182, 205, 206, 208, 221, 245, 254, 264.
 — archidiaconus Dunkeldensis, 224.
 JOHANNES rex Scottorum, 211.
 Johannes episcopus Glasguensis, 182, 189, 205, 233, 238, 263, 279.
 — episcopus electus Glasguensis tempore Davidis principis Cumbriae, 156, 232, 233.
 — Dunkeldensis episcopus, 162.
 — abbas de Kilwinning, 185.
 — abbas de Kelcho, 245.
 — de Yle, comes Rossiæ et dominus insularum, 271.
 — frater domini David, filii Walteri domini de Machan, 217.
 — vicecomes de Strivelin, 164.
 — rector ecclesiae de Hodtoun, 176.
 — rector de Castlemile, 176.
 — vicarius et clericus ecclesiae Glasguensis, 186.
 — vicarius chorii Glasguensis, 204.
 — vicarius de Pebblis, 230.
 — de Pasleto, canonicus Glasguensis, 233, 235.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Johannes de capellanus ecclesiae de Bothevile, 253.
 —— de Sancto Andrea, 270.
 —— capellanus, 270.
 Johnston, of Westraw, 64.
 Johnson, Nicole, 282.
 —— John, 282.
 —— Will, 282.
 Jousie, Margaret, spouse of John Stark of Auchinvoie, 35.
 Irvine of Bonshaw, 53.
 Irwein, Mr Francis, commissar clerk of Dumfries, 151.
 Isle, William de, 95.
 Isles, lords of, 147.
 JULIUS XI, papa, 291.
 Justiciarius regis, Willielmus de Lindesia, 163.
 Justiciarius Laodoniae, Walterus Olifard, 164.
 Justiciarius Scotiae, Willielmus Cumin, comes de Buchan, 165.
 Karleol, Willielmus de, 185.
 Kalentir, P. haynes, serviens episcopi, 186.
 Kathel, 275.
 Keir, laird of, 32.
 Kelcho, O. abbas de, 162, 255, 265.
 —— E. abbas de, 246.
 —— Johannes, abbas de, 245.
 Kellie, the laird of, 105.
 Kelso, abbot of, 67.
 —— Jonet, spouse of John Brisbane of Rosland, 90.
 Kennedy, Robert, of Aughterfardell, 67.
 —— Magister Alexander, canonicus Glasguensis, 268.
 —— Sir Andrew, conservator, 64.
 Kentegernus, Sanctus, 155, 157, 162, 163.
 —— vicarius et clericus ecclesiae Glasguensis, 186, 208.
 Ker, Robert, of Tiarne, 85.
 —— Daniel, of Kersland, 85.
 —— Hew, of Kersland, eldest son of Daniel Ker of Kersland, 85.
 —— John,
 —— Isobel,
 —— Margaret,
 —— Marion,
 —— Jonet,
 —— Jean, lady Ralston, 79.
 —— children of Daniel Ker of Kersland, 85.
 Kerneille, (Kermile ?) Rogerus de, 221, 246.
 Kessin, 275.
 Kethkert, Gilebertus de, 185.
 Ketkert, Ranulfus de, 265.
 Kethres, servientes Maldoveni comitis de Lenvenax, 185.
 Kethres, servientes Dunecani domini de Carric, 185.
 Kilmarnock, earl of, 36.
 Kilmaurs, lord of, 92.
 Kilmaurs, Sir Robert, of Conyngham, lord of, 284.
 Kilkennet, magister W. de, 185.
 Kilwymning, lord of, 19.
 —— Johannes, abbas de, 185.
 Kincaid, Mr Francis, reader at Cambusnethan, 46.
 Kinnaird, John, vicar of Carstairs, 55.
 Kinnier, Mr Alexander, 133.
 Kirkpatrick, Adam de, 176.
 Kirkton, Willielmus, 252, 253.
 Kirkyntulach, dominus Willielmus de, 236.
 Kneland, James, of that ilk, 40.
 —— Alexander, eldest son of James Kneland of that ilk, 40.
 —— Arthur, { sons of James Kneland
 —— Robine, } of that ilk, 40.
 —— John, {
 Knicht, John, in Prestwick, 39.
 Knox, John of, 92.
 —— of Ramforly, 101.
 —— William, of Selviland, 125.
 —— Thomas, of Selviland, 125.
 —— Robert, son of Thomas Knox of Selviland, 125.
 —— Alexander, of Selviland, 126.
 —— Margaret, spouse of John Cumingham of Cambuskeith, 93.
 —— Jean, lady Caldwell, 109.
 —— Thomas, burgess of Paisley, 126.
 —— Jean, 126.
 —— George, 126.
 —— Andro, burgess of Renfrew, called Brounboy, 126.
 Knock, John of, 101.
 —— John, of Renfurlie, 102.
 —— Patrick, 102.
 —— Jean, daughter of William Knock of Selviland, 125.
 —— Robin of, 282.

INDEX II.

- Kuninghams of Bonnietoun, 55. *vide* Cunningham.
 Kyle, Decanus de, 225.
- Lamington, laird of, 53, 63.
 Lamond, laird of, 107.
 Lanark, Willielmus de Hertisheved, vicecomes de, 164, 166, 168.
 Vicecomes de, 211.
 R. de canonicus Glasguensis, 174.
 Decanus Christianitatis de, 260.
- Lang, Mr James, son of Mr John Layng, minister at Greenock, 97.
 Langmur, John of, 282.
 Laodonia, W. archidiaconus, 167.
 Lauchope, laird of, 18.
 Lauder, Robertus de filius domini Roberti de Lauder de Bass, 241.
 Alanus de, 241.
 Ricardus, 250.
 Lauderdale, viscount, 52.
 Laurentius, Ergadiensis episcopus, 268, 269.
 Decanus de Carric, 276.
- Laurie, David, 49.
 James, of Shirrel, 135.
 Law, James, archbishop of Glasgow, 87.
 Mr Thomas, minister at Inchinan, 87.
 Robert, James, sons of Mr Thomas Law, John, minister at Inchinan, 87.
 Thomas, Mr Andro, minister at the kirk of Neilston, 108.
 John, 148.
 Mr Thomas, 148, 151.
 Mr George, 148, 151.
 Mr Andro, 151.
 James, son of James, archbishop of Glasgow, 152.
- Lawmond, Elizabeth or Elspeth, sponsa Kentigerni Maxwell de Newark, 94.
 Layng, Archibaldus, notarius, 292.
 Mr John, minister at Greenock, 97.
 Leche, Patricius, cancellarius ecclesiae Glasguensis, 219, 242.
 Lee, lord, 8.
 laird of, 50, 53, 54, 55, 63.
 Leill, Robert, lord, 95, 103.
 Rodolphus de, 95.
 Lena, Johannes de, 210.
- Lennox, duke of, 3, 28, 87, 88, 100, 112, 141.
 Lennox and Richmond, Charles duke of, 77.
 dutchess of, 89.
- Lennox, earl of, 76, 87, 93, 147.
 Matthew, earl of, 76, 77.
 John, earl of, 76, 77, 78, 107.
 Esme, earl of, 77.
 Malcolm, earl of, 88, 107, 109, 234.
 Maldovin, earl of, 91, 92, 120, 185.
 vide Levenax.
- Lennox, Agnes, spouse to Robert Schaw of Bargarran, 90.
 Lermond, John, of Newholm, 57.
 Leslie, Alexander, of Lauchop, 136.
 Lesmahaggu, dominus Willielmus, prior de 21.
- Lestelrech, Edwardus de, 245.
 Levenax, comes de, 242.
 Maldovenus comes de, 91, 92, 120, 185, 278.
 Duncanus comes de, 219, 241.
 Decanus de, 225.
 M. Decanus de, 186.
- Levingstons of Belstain, 51.
 Levingstons, 55.
 Levingston, Mr William, minister at Lanark, 10, 66.
 Levingston, Alexander, of Belstain, 51.
 Jonet, wife of John Hamilton, 80.
 Margaret, 87.
- Lincoln, Johannes de, 198.
 Lindsay, earl, of Crawford, 60.
 lord, of the Byres, 60.
 earl of, 60.
- Lindsay of Dunrod, 12, 104.
 Alexander, of Dunrod, 12.
 of Blacksholm, 12.
 John, of Blacksholm, 123.
 Robert, son of John Lindsay of Blacksholm, 123.
 Mr George, of Blacksholm, minister at Rosneth, 123.
- Mr Robert, sons of Mr George Walter, holm*, 123.
 George, of Westerside, 124.
 Magister Jacobus, 254.
 Willielmus, rector ecclesiae de Largin, 272.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Lindsay, Magister Willielmus de, archidiaconus Glasguensis, 178.
 Lindeseria, Walterus de, 156, 181, 200, 207.
 — Willielmus de, 162, 167, 179, 245.
 246.
 — Willielmus de, Justiciarius, 163.
 W. de, 207.
 Lindsay, lord Crawford, 60.
 — Sir David, of Crawford, 60, 114.
 lairds of Covington, 63.
 — John, of Covington, 64.
 — Alexander, } sons of John Lindsay.
 — Bernard, } say of Covington,
 John, } 64.
 — John, } natural sons of John Lindsay of Covington,
 Roland, } 64.
 — George, of Covington, 66.
 — Johannes, curatus de Cambusnethan,
 46.
 — Mr John, minister at Carling, 46.
 — Helen, relict of James Muirhead,
 younger ef Lauchope, 42.
 — Isobel, spouse of Sir John Maxwell
 of Pollok, 114.
 — Margaret, spouse of James Wallace
 of Johnston, 102.
 Linlithgow, earl of, 17.
 Linn, Mr Robert, indweller in Carrail, 152.
 Lipperfolk at the Bridgend of Glasgow,
 114.
 Lismorensis episcopus, 203.
 Locard, Jordanus, 185.
 Lockhart of Lee, 66.
 — Sir of Lee, 54.
 — Sir James, of Lee, 55.
 — of Cleghorn, 54.
 — Alan, of Cleghorn, 54.
 — James, of Cleghorn, 54.
 — Alan, son of Alan Lockhart of
 Cleghorn, 54.
 — Alan, younger of Cleghorn, 63.
 — Sir William, eldest son of Sir James
 Lockhart of Lee, 55.
 — laird of Carnwath, 58.
 — George of Carnwath, 64.
 — of Castlehill, 47.
 — Walter, of Kirkton, 52.
 — William, of Wicketshaw, 52.
 — Stephen, of Wicketshaw, 52.
 Lockhart, Sir George, of Carnwath, 52, 56,
 57, 63, 64.
 — Alan, of Hinshelwood, 54.
 — Martha, 47.
 — Martha, daughter of lord Castle-
 hill, 8.
 — Katherine, relict of Arthur Col-
 quhoun of Kenmure, 34.
 — Thomas, 54.
 — Malcolmus, 265.
 Logans, John, elder and younger, of Rais, 83.
 John, 284.
 Loggart, Simon, 220.
 Lombard, Sir Anthony, 78.
 London, Edwardus de, 197.
 — Johannes de, 206, 224.
 — Robertus de, 224.
 Lothian, earl of, 60.
 — Mr John, minister at Dundonald in
 Ireland, 33.
 Loudon, Hew, lord, 114.
 Lowk, Johannes, 250.
 Luggie, William, merchant, burgess of Glas-
 gow, 34.
 Luif, Quintin, 78.
 Lund., Johannes de, 197.
 Lundin, Philippus de, 221.
 Lundoniarium, Thomas, 207.
 Lundoniis, Robertus de, filius regis Scotorum,
 208, 246.
 Lyle, lord, 93, 95.
 Lyon, Dame Mary, spouse of Robert Sem-
 ple of Beltrees, 123.
 Lyon, Sir Thomas, of Auldbar, 123.
 — Dame Margaret, relict of John, marquis
 of Hamilton, 10.
 — Elizabeth, spouse of Robert Brisbane,
 90, 123.
 M. Magister, archidiaconus Glasguensis, 164.
 M. decanus de Levinax, 186.
 Mac....., Murcho, 284.
 MacAlpi, Donald Bane, 284.
 MacAndro, Robert, cuijk, 78.
 MacArchill, Alwinus, 201.
 MacBrair, Robert, 149.
 MACBETH, king of Scots, 157, 158.
 MacDunsyth, Gillis, 269.
 MacGill, Dame Elizabeth, lady Culyeane, 40.
 MacGirruth, Kennauch, 269.

INDEX II.

- MacGub, dominus Thomas, presbyter, 219.
 MacKell, Mr Matthew, minister at Bothwell,
 133.
 MacFarlane, laird of, 123.
 MacLouis, Mr Duncan, alias Fullarton, minister at Glendaruel, 105.
 MacMichael, John, merchant, Glasgow, 29.
 MacMorran, Claud, of Glespin, 63.
 Maccus filius Undwin, 156.
 Maccuswell, Makeswell, Johannes de, vicecomes de Rokesburgh, 164, 166, 184.
 ——— Herbertus de, 245, 246.
 ——— Johannes de, 222, 223.
 Maidi, Willielmus filius, 265.
 Maitland, chancellor, 52.
 MALCOLM III., king of Scots, 157, 158.
 MALCOLMUS IV., rex Scotorum, 33, 67, 73, 147, 181, 183, 244, 265.
 Malcolmus rector ecclesiae Sancti Querani, 270.
 Malcolmus beg, 275.
 Malcolmus filius Maldoveni comitis de Lenivax, 278.
 Malduveni Mac Murdac, 200, 231.
 Malevilla, Philippus de, Justiciarius Scotiae, 167.
 ——— Galfridus de, Justiciarius, 245.
 Malisius comes, 200, 231.
 Malklevere, Johannes de, de Castlehill, 216.
 Malodenii de Scona, 200, 231.
 Malodenii marescallus, 200, 231.
 Malvil, Thomas, lord of that ilk, 284.
 Manuel, John, 54.
 Marescallus, David, 167, 209, 223, 246.
 ——— Henricus, 166, 168, 184, 223.
 ——— Philippus, 246.
 ——— Simon, 176.
 ——— Thomas, 263.
 Mareschall, Ricardus, 220.
 Margareta, regina Scotiae, 235.
 Margaret, reliet of king JAMES IV., 77.
 Marjoria, sponsa Walteri Senescalli Scotiae, 272.
 Marr, earls of, 58, 89.
 ——— comes de, 218.
 ——— John, earl of, 56.
 ——— W. comes de, camerarius, 191.
 Marshall, earl, 17.
 MARTINUS V., papa, 238, 240, 263.
 MARY, queen of Scotland, 24, 74, 98, 117, 141, 146.
 Mary, daughter of king ROBERT II., 114.
 Matildis comitissa, 156, 199.
 Matthew, William, gardner, 78.
 Mattheus episcopus Glasguensis, 229, 237, 242, 243.
 Maule, Mr Henry, 10.
 Mauricius capellanus Reginaldi filii Sumered, 266, 267.
 Mauricius, dominus, vicarius de Arran, 269.
 Maxwell, lord, 111.
 ——— Herbert de, 111, 114.
 ——— Herbertus, dominus de, 111.
 Maxwells of Nether Pollok, 111.
 Maxwell, Sir John, of Nether Pollok, 29, 113, 114.
 ——— Sir George, of Nether Pollok, 29, 113, 114.
 ——— Sir John, of Pollok, 114.
 ——— John, of Nether Pollok, 111, 114.
 ——— William, in Kowglen, brother to Sir John Maxwell of Nether Pollok, 114.
 ——— Jean, spouse of William Maxwell in Kowglen, 114.
 ——— Isobel, daughter of Sir John Maxwell of Nether Pollok, 114.
 Geills, } sisters of Sir John Max-
 Jonet, } well of Nether Pol-
 Grissel, } lok, 114.
 Agnes, }
 Maxwell of Calderwood, 51.
 Sir William, of Calderwood, 12.
 of Bulros, 123.
 John, of Bulwryis (Bullerhouse, Bulross), 79, 91, 101.
 Robertus, de Bulross, 94.
 Robert, of the Bulross, 94.
 Jean, } daughters of Maxwell of
 Mary, } Bulross, 124.
 Johannes de, vicecomes de Rokesburgh, 168.
 Thomas, lord of Nether Pollok, 284.
 John, of Stainlie, 83.
 John, younger of Stainlie, 83.
 John, elder of Potterhill, 87.
 John, younger of Potterhill, 87.
 Thomas, of Southbar, 90.
 John, fair of Southbar, 90.
 Maxwell of Newark, 93.
 Sir Patrick, of Newark, 93.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Maxwell, Kentigernus (Mungo), de Newark, 94, 124.
 — Georgius, filius Kentigerni, 94.
 — Marjory, } daughters of Mungo Agnes, } Maxwell of Newark, 94.
 — John, uncle to Mungo Maxwell of Newark, 124.
 — John, of Dargavel, 94.
 — Patrick, of Dargavel, 124.
 — Rebecca, } children of Patrick Max- John, } well of Dargavel, 124.
 — Annas, } children of Patrick Max- Jean, } well of Dargavel, 125.
 — Marion, } George, of Auldhouse, minister at Mearns, 110.
 — Patrick, of Auldhouse, 115.
 — John, of Auldhouse, 115.
 — George, } children of Patrick Max- Agnes, } well of Auldhouse, 115.
 — John, of Bosfield, 114.
 — John, son of John Maxwell of Bos- field, 114.
 — Arthur, of Breadiland, 123.
 — Hew, of Brediland, 123.
 — Gavin, of Brediland, 123.
 — Mr Thomas, minister at Codquhen, 87.
 — Mr Gabriel, minister at Inchinan, 87, 110.
 — George, } Hew, } children of Mr Gabriel Gabriel, } Maxwell, minister at David, } Inchinan, 110.
 — Robert, } Mr John, minister at Eastwood, 113.
 — Mr Robert, minister at Monkton and Prestick, 115, 116.
 — Robert, son of Mr Robert Maxwell, 115.
 — Mr Patrick, minister at Inchinan, 115.
 — Mr Thomas, minister at Stewarton, 115.
 — Homer, 111.
 — John, merchant, burgess of Glas- gow, 35, 109, 115.
 — Ninian, } children of John Max- Bessie, } well, merchant in Glas- Janet, } gow, 116.
- Maxwell, James, 83.
 — Alexander, 87.
 — John, 90.
 — Matthew, 94.
 — George, 115, 116.
 — Mr John, 151.
 — Grissal, 25.
 — Nicolas, lady Cleghorn, 54.
 — Mary, wife of James Stewart, tutor of Blackhall, 80.
 — Margaret, lady Giffin, 83.
 — Jonet, spouse of George Fleming of Kilmacolm, 94.
 — Margaret, spouse of William Knock of Selviland, 125.
 — Mayn (Marescallus?), Henricus, 223.
 — Melros, Andreas, abbas de, 170.
 — Monachi de, 264.
 — Menteth, Meneteth, Meneth, Gillecrist comes de, 161.
 — W. Cumin, comes de, 166, 167, 184, 191.
 — Walterus Cumyn, comes de, 209.
 — Johannes de, 168.
 — Merins (Mearns?), Rolandus de, 265.
 — Meyners, Robertus, camerarius, 166.
 — Michael, clericus de Berewic, 255.
 — Miklegate, Willielmus de, 198.
 — Miller, John, professor at Glasgow, 15.
 — John, in Cathkin, 23.
 — John, of Kenmure, 34.
 — John, gardner to John Blair younger of that ilk, 118.
 — William, at Barscuib, 88.
 — Minzies, Sir William, of Gladstanes, 58.
 — Mitchel, James, taylor, 151.
 — Moderall, Robert, 126.
 — Modardus, clericus A. de Galweia, 185.
 — Monthray, Alexander de, 212.
 — Mongumry, Alexander of, lord of that ilk, 284.
 — Mont, Jacobus, curatus de Avendale, 9.
 — Montgomery, lord, 93, 119.
 — Robert, vicecomes de Lanark, 120.
 — Johannes de, dominus de Egils- ham, 120.
 — Sir Robert, of Skelmurlie, 106.
 — Sir John, 119.
 — dominus Johannes de, miles, 120.

INDEX II.

- Montgomery, John of, miles, 120.
 ——— of Kirktonholm, 13.
 ——— John, of Bridgend, 24.
 ——— Hew, of Auchinhood, 119.
 ——— of Auchinhood, 119.
 ——— Mr James, of Weitlands, 140.
 ——— Ezekiel, servitor to lord Sem-
 ple, 140.
 ——— Ezekiel, of Weitlands, 140.
 ——— William, son of Ezekiel Mont-
 gomery, 140.
 ——— Hew, 119.
 ——— Alan de, 120.
 ——— Robert de, 120.
 ——— Robertus de, 280.
 ——— John, brother of Robert de
 Montgomery, 120.
 ——— Hector, 120.
 ——— Jean, wife of Robert Boyd of
 Portincross, 106.
 ——— Elizabeth, relict of Mr David
 Gemmil, 111, *vide* Mungumri.
 Monteith, Walter Stewart, earl of, 82, *vide*
 Menteth.
 Montrose, marquis of, 87.
 ——— duke of, 93.
 Monypenny, lord, 37, 62.
 Moravia, Thomas de, dominus de Bothwyll,
 247.
 ——— Willielmus de, Panetarius Scotiae,
 257, 258, 259, 260, 261.
 ——— Andreas de, frater Willielmi de Mo-
 ravia, 257, 258.
 ——— Johannes de, 257.
 More, Sir Reginald, 121.
 ——— Sir William, 121.
 ——— Archibald, 136.
 Moreville, Willielmus de, 220.
 ——— Hugo de, 156, 200, 201, 207, 231.
 ——— Ricardus de, constabularius, 161,
 163, 181, 183, 205, 206, 220, 245.
 Morton, Maxwell, earl of, 111.
 ——— earl of, regent, 111.
 ——— Johannes de, 197.
 Mortuomari, Rogerus de, 165.
 Moubray, Galfridus, miles, 211, 223.
 ——— Mr James, minister at Carmun-
 nock, 23.
 Mous (Arous?), Magister Johannes, archi-
 diaconus Glasguensis, 170.
 Mowat, Anna, 25.
 ——— John, 55.
 ——— spouse of Agnes Hamilton,
 25.
 Mubray, Philippus de, 162. *vide* Moubray,
 Montbray, Munbray.
 Muffald, Johannes, presbyter ac notarius, 242.
 Mungo, Saint, first bishop of Glasgow, 5.
 Muir, Mure, William, of Rowallan, 14.
 ——— of Rowallan, 25.
 ——— William, servant to Rowallan, 14.
 ——— of Glanderston, 109.
 ——— William, of Glanderston, 79, 109, 152.
 ——— Jean, daughter of William Muir of
 Glanderston, 109.
 ——— Barbara, daughter natural of William
 Muir of Glanderston, 109.
 ——— Sir William, 114.
 ——— of Caldwell, 108, 109.
 ——— Willielmus frater domini de Cauldwoll,
 108.
 ——— Robert, of Caldwell, 109, 110.
 ——— Robert, natural son of Robert Muir of
 Cauldwoll, 109.
 ——— James, fir of Cauldwoll, 109.
 ——— Margaret, wife of James Muir, fir of
 Cauldwoll, 109.
 ——— Marion, daughter of James Muir of
 Cauldwoll, 109.
 ——— Alexander, brother of Robert Muir of
 Cauldwoll, 109.
 ——— Margaret, daughter of James Muir of
 Cauldwoll, 109.
 ——— Isobel, sister of Margaret Muir, 109.
 ——— Euphame, sister of Robert Muir of
 Cauldwoll, 109.
 ——— Margaret, relict of James Muir of
 Cauldwoll, 109.
 ——— John, of Caldwell, 194, 196.
 ——— of Abercorn, 108.
 ——— Margaret, 118.
 ——— Frere John, vicar-general of the order
 of preachers, 194.
 ——— Elizabeth, lady Raploch, 7.
 ——— Johannes, mercator, 9.
 ——— John, 19.
 ——— Alexander, in Quhytfuird, 77.
 ——— Janet, wife of John Miller in Cathkin, 23.
 ——— Elizabeth, spouse of Robert Hamilton
 of Cathkin, 24.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Muir, Mure, Margaret, spouse of James Hamilton, 25.
 — Dame Mary, spouse of John Brisbane younger of Bishoppton, 90.
 — Elspeth, spouse of Robert Stewart of Christiswoll, 105.
 Muirhead, James, of Lauchope, 36.
 — William, of Lauchope, 42.
 — James, of Lauchope, elder, 42.
 — James, his son, 42.
 — Sir James, of Lauchope, knight, 42.
 — John, of Brydenhill, 36, 42.
 — James, of Stevenston, 41.
 — George, of Stevenston, 137.
 — James, elder, of Shawfute, 41, 42.
 — of Bredisholm, 135.
 — James, of Bredisholm, 137.
 — Mr Thomas, Brownhill, 46.
 —, of Whytecastle, 58.
 — Mr Thomas, minister of Cambusnethan, 42, 46.
 — Christian, } children of Mr Tho-
 — Elizabeth, } mas Muirhead, 46.
 — John, }
 — Jacobus, 8.
 — Margaret, spouse of John Hamilton of Udiston, 18.
 Munfort, Willielmus de, 183.
 Munstertoun, Radulphus de, clericus episcopi, 210.
 Munbray, Philippus de, 246.
 Mungumri, Alanus de, 265.
 Murdach, Walterus, 246.
 Murray, earl of, 17, 24, 39.
 — earl of, regent, 117, 141, 146.
 — lord Bothwell, 19.
 — Sir David, of Stanhope, 149.
 — Sir, of Dernhill, 149.
 — David de Tullibardyn, 170.
 — Helena, 228.
 Murrays of St John's-kirk, 59.
 Muscans, Reinaldus de, 156.
 Myrton, Thomas de, decanus Glasguensis, 242, 253.
 N. Tevidaliæ archidiaconus, 174, 175.
 — Nairn, Magister, David, 219.
 — Alexander, of Sandyford, 284.
 — Alexander, 241.
 — Napier, John, lord, of Kilmahew, 284.
 — Robert, of Kilcreugh, 88.
 — Alexander, brother of Robert of Kilcreugh, 88.
 —, of Blackston, 84.
 — Elizabeth, ey of William Craufurd of Auchnames, 103.
 — Helen, spouse of Mr Matthew Brisbane, 88.
 Neilson, George, weaver, 36.
 Neish, Walter, of Dubheads 33.
 — Walter, son of Walter Neish of Dubheads, 33.
 — Agnes, spouse to Mr John Lothian, 33.
 Nemias, 275.
 Nes, Henricus de, 264, 265.
 — Alanus filius Henrici de Nes, 264, 265, 269.
 — Rogerus de, 265.
 Nesbeht (Nisbet), Johannes, de Dalzeill, 252, *vide* Nisbet.
 Nevynson, John, 282.
 Newark, laird of, 84.
 Newport, Magister Rogerus de, 255.
 NICOLAUS V., papa, 198.
 Nicholaus serviens episcopi, 186.
 — dominus, filius Petri, rector de Lyne, 233, 235.
 — Magister, de Sancto Andrea, clericus, 257.
 — Magister Thomas, subdecanus Glasguensis, 268.
 — dominus, monachus de Crossragal, 269.
 Nichole, Magister Adam de, 255.
 Nigillus, frater Walteri de Costentine, 265.
 Nisbet, Archibald, of Carphin, 40, 137.
 — Johannes, 250.
 — Euphame, relict of Mr David Blair, one of the ministers of Edinburgh, 137.
 Nisbet (West), laird of, 45.
 Nithsdale, earls of, 111, 113, 141.
 Noirmont, Mr Archibald, minister of Evedall, 10.
 Normanville, Walramus de, 164.
 Northumberland, earl of, 37.
 O. abbas de Kelcho, 162.
 Odardus filius Ricardi Hangpudyng, 186, 187.
 u u 2

INDEX II.

- Odo, abbas de Dercungall, 185.
 Oggio, Cumbrensis Judex, 156.
 Oglach, Rankin, 282.
 Officialitus curiae Glasguensis, 272.
 Olifard, W. justiciarius Laodoniae, 167.
 Walterus, 163, 183, 220.
 Walterus, Justiciarius Laodoniae, 164,
 166, 168, 209, 222.
 David, 245.
 Dunkanus, 253.
 Oliphant, Mr John, minister at Stanhouse, 8.
 Oliverus, prepositus civitatis Glasguensis, 186.
 Orchadensis episcopus, Willielmus, 249.
 Ormond, earl of, 74.
 marquis of, 74.
 Orr, Mr John, minister at Bothwell, 133.
 Marion, 19.
 Marion, wife of Dougal Bannatyne in
 Overtoun, 105.
 Osber de Ardena, 156.
 Osbertus, abbas de Jedburgh, 245.
 abbas de Chalkou, 255, 265.
 Osmundus fundator, et episcopus ecclesiae Sa-
 risberiensis, 172, 173.
 Osolf filius Eadmer, 156.
 Oxonia, Johannes de, 198.
- Paganus de Brausa, 156.
 Paisley, Claud Hamilton, lord, 74.
 George, abbot of, 95.
 Robert, abbot of, 107.
 , Shaw, abbot of, 147.
 abbas de, 225.
 John, minister of Lochwinnoch, 108,
 vide Passelet.
 Parcar, Nigellus, 250.
 Park, Gilbertus de, 263.
 William, of Gilbertfield, 99.
 Parco, Johannes de, 257.
 Passeleht, Willielmus, abbas, et conventus de,
 229.
 Passeleto, Johannes de, canonicus Glasguen-
 sis, 233.
 Passelay, dominus Johannes de, canonicus
 Glasguensis, 235.
 Passelet, monachi de, 265.
 Willielmus de, 265.
 abbas et conventus de, 274, 277.
 Pasleto, abbas de, 203.
 PASCHALIS apostolicus (papa), 156.
- Paterson, Robert, of Craigton, 124.
 Jonet, daughter of Robert Paterson
 of Craigton, 124.
 John, 78.
 Paton, Euphame, spouse of Mr Robert Max-
 well, 115.
 Patrick, Saint, 157.
 Patricius comes, 205, 206, 220, 246.
 comes de Dunbar, 165.
 filius Ade, 216.
 abbas de Crossraighl, 269.
 vicarius ecclesiae Glasguensis, 186.
 clericus de Kentyir, 269.
 capellanus de Glasgow, 280.
 Peblis, Robertus de, canonicus Glasguensis,
 179.
 Jonet, spouse of Hew Montgomery,
 119.
 Pembroke, Eymer de Vallance, earl of, 37.
 Perci, Alanus de, 156.
 Perth, John, earl of, 151.
 Perthic, Philippus de, 229.
 Petticrew, Pettygrew, John, of Shettleston,
 31.
 Agnes, wife of Robert Adam, mer-
 chant in Glasgow, 25.
 Jacobus, 250, 251, 252.
 Petir, John, commissary of Peblis, 150.
 Petrus, vicarius ecclesiae Glasguensis, 186.
 decanus de Cledesdale, 255.
 Frater Fulberti, 265.
 Philippus de Valloniis, 161.
 de Perthec, rector de Rotherglen,
 229.
 camerarius, 245.
 capellanus, 270.
 Pincerna, Malcolmus, 165.
 Pistor, Thomas, 268.
 Pollok, Sir Robert, of Over Pollok, 112.
 Robert, son of Robert, laird of Pollok,
 112.
 Pollocks of Balgray, 112.
 Pollok, Alexander, of Balgray, 112.
 Geils, spouse of Alexander Pollok of
 Balgray, 112.
 David, of Balgray, 112.
 Robert, } sons of David Pollok of
 John, } Balgray, 112.
 Charles, }
 Jean, spouse of John Pollok, 112, 113.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Pollok, John, of Balgray, 112.
 — Willielmus de eodem dominus de Col-
 dane, 117.
 — Helias, 112.
 — Peter or Perez de, 112.
 — Thomas de, 112.
 — Johannes de Eodem, 117.
 Porter, Robertus, dominus de Porterfield, 95.
 — Steven, 95.
 — William, 95.
 Porterfield of that ilk, 95.
 — Alexander, appearand of that ilk,
 95.
 — Jean,
 — Agnes, } daughters of Alexander
 — Marion, } Porterfield, 95.
 — Mary,
 — William, of that ilk, 96.
 — Alexander,
 — Gabriel, } oyes of William Por-
 — George, } terfield of that ilk,
 — Marion, } 96.
 — Mary,
 — Daniel, } bairns natural of Alex-
 — John, } ander Porterfield, son
 of William, 96.
 — Alexander, of that ilk, 102, 104.
 — Agnes, sister of Alexander of that
 ilk, 102.
 — Jean, relict of Robert Hamilton
 of Torrence, 13, 102.
 — Marion, relict of Patrick Maxwell
 of Dargavel, 124.
 Pottoun, Magister H. de, 186.
 Pratis, Reginaldus de, canonicus Glasguen-
 sis, 179.
 Prebenda, Johannes de, 179.
 — Magister R. de, 186.
 — Ricardus de, clericus domini regis,
 246.
 Preachers, order of, 194.
 Predicatores Fratres de Glasgu, 190, 191,
 192, 193.
 Prenderguest, Robertus de, rector de Glas-
 furd, 242.
 Preston, laird of, 17.
 — Barbara, spouse of Robert Muir of
 Cauldwell, 108.
 Prior et conventus Fratrum predicatorum de
 Glasgu, 191.
 Prior and convent of Glasgu, 194.
 P'hayno de Kalentir, serviens episcopi, 186.
 Quhitelaw, Archibaldus de, archidiaconus
 Laudoniæ, 249.
 Quhitefurd, John of, baillie to the abbot of
 Paistlay, 273.
 Quinci, Robertus de, 161, 163, 182, 183.
 — Rogerus de, 223.
 — Seirus de, 220.
 Quhytfurd, Helen, spouse of John Hamil-
 ton of Udiston, 18.
 — John, of that ilk, 79, *vide Whytford*.
 — Walter, parson of Moffat, 18.
 — Mr Walter, 79.
 R. decanus et capitulum ecclesiae Sarisberi-
 ensis, 171.
 R. Dunblanensis electus, ecclesiae Glasguen-
 sis canonicus, 174.
 R. Glasguensis archidiaconus, 174.
 R. thesaurarius Glasguensis, 174.
 R. cancellarius Glasguensis, 174.
 R. de Edinburgo, canonicus Glasguensis,
 174.
 R. de Lanark, canonicus Glasguensis, 174.
 R. Magister, de prebenda, 186.
 R. Magister, de Brady, 186.
 R. episcopus Glasguensis, 260, 261.
 Raa, dominus Walterns, 240, 241.
 Radulfus, vicarius et clericus ecclesiae Glas-
 guensis, 186.
 — capellanus, 222, 229.
 — filius Dunegalli, 200, 201, 231.
 Rae,, baillie of Glasgow, 43.
 Ralston, Nicolaus de, 78.
 — laird of, 108.
 — Jacobus de, dominus ejusdem, 78.
 — John de, 78, 79.
 — John, of that ilk, 78.
 — Ricardus de, 79.
 — John, son of Richard, 79.
 — William, brother of Richard, 79.
 — Hugh, of that ilk, 79.
 — Hugh, son of Hugh of that ilk,
 79.
 — John, son of Hugh of that ilk,
 79.
 — William, younger, of that ilk, 79.

INDEX III.

- Ralston, Jonet,
 —— Barbara,
 —— Isobel,
 —— Jean,
 —— Margaret,
 —— Katharine,
 —— William, of that ilk, 79.
 Ramsay, Alexander, de Dalwolsy, 170.
 —— John, 37.
 Renfrew, baillies, burgess and community of, 273, 281.
 —— J. de canonicus Glasguensis, 174.
 Ranulphi, Thomas, comes Moraviæ, 192.
 Red, Martinus, cancellarius, canonicus Glas-
 guensis, 291.
 —— Robertus, 287.
 —— Sir Davy, 282.
 —— Robert, baillie of Glasgow, 29.
 —— Alexander, merchant burgess of Glas-
 gow, 18.
 —— John, 118.
 Reginaldus filius Sumerled, dominus de Inch-
 gall, 266.
 Renfrew, baillies and wyt of the town of, 282.
 Rennere, Alwinus, 231.
 Reston, Johannes de, clericus, 242.
 Revel, Ricardus, 246.
 Rex, dominus, testis in compositione inter
 Jocelimum episcopum et Rogerum de Val-
 loniis, de ecclesia de Kellebride, 205.
 Ricardus, capellanus, 245.
 —— decanus of Tevidalia, 255.
 —— clericus Ergadiensis episcopi, 270.
 —— decanus of Cunningham, 276.
 —— vicarius de Askirk, 176.
 Ridal, Hugo, 182.
 Ridale, Walterus de, 207.
 Ride, David, notary, 204.
 Ridel, Gervasius, 156.
 Ritchie, Hugo, in Knokindail, 79.
 ROBERT I., king of Scots, 11, 12, 16, 37, 53,
 86, 87, 95, 104, 106, 111, 146, 167, 168,
 191, 192, 193, 201, 210, 224, 225, 234,
 256.
 ROBERT II., king of Scots, 60, 71, 73, 86, 99,
 114, 121, 133, 141, 146, 148, 214, 215,
 228.
 ROBERT III., king of Scots, 1, 11, 12, 60, 71,
 72, 80, 91, 104, 229, 281.
 Robert, the Great Stewart, 45.
 Robert, archbishop of Glasgow, 244, 250,
 251, 252, 259, 285, 288.
 —— abbot of Paisley, 107.
 Robertson of Earnock, 17.
 —— James, of Earnock, 17, 55.
 —— Archibald, of Bediae, 32.
 —— Mr James, of Bediae, 32.
 —— Archibald, son of Mr James Ro-
 bertson of Bediae, 32.
 —— Mr James, commissary of Glasgow,
 32.
 —— John, 47.
 —— Willielmus, 50.
 —— Jonet, spouse of Janes Baillie of
 Jerrestoun, 55.
 Robertson, Barbara, spouse of William Blair,
 minister at Dumbartane, 118.
 Robesone, Sir John, 94.
 Robertus de Londenii, filius regis Scotie,
 208.
 —— de Fyf et de Menteth frater regis
 Roberti III., 229, 282.
 —— Glasguensis episcopus, 190, 202,
 236, 258, 260, 261.
 —— episcopus Sancti Andreæ, 231.
 —— filius Fulberti, afterwards called
 Pollok, 112, 265.
 —— filius Werneburc, 162.
 —— filius Walteri, 176.
 —— filius Nigelli, 200.
 —— filius Wernebaldi, 245.
 —— magister, de Edenhall, 185.
 —— decanus ecclesie Sarisberiensis, 173.
 —— precentor Glasguensis, 229.
 —— archidiaconus Tevidaliae, 264.
 —— thesaurarius Glasguensis, 268.
 —— presbyter de Ranraw, 280.
 —— clericus episcopi Glasguensis, 186.
 —— clericus Ergadiensis episcopi, 270.
 —— de Sancto Andreæ, canonicus Glas-
 guensis, 233.
 —— capellanus, 205, 206.
 Rogerus, filius Philippi, serviens villæ de
 Glasgu, 187.
 Rokesburg, Herbertus abbas de, 200, 231.
 Rolandus filius Reinaldi, 280.
 —— filius Uctredi, 162.
 Ross, earl of, 17.
 Rossie, Johannes de Yle comes, dominus
 Insularum, 271.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Ross, lady dowager of, 72.
 —— domina Elizabeth, sponsa domini Thomas Sympill, 290.
 —— Dame Jane Hamilton, lady, 77.
 —— Godfridus de, 77.
 —— Sir Godefride de, 77.
 —— Sir James, 77.
 —— Robert de, 77.
 —— William de, 77.
 —— William, of Muireston, 77.
 —— William, 77.
 —— Sir John, of Halkhead, 95.
 —— lord, 141.
 —— Mr A., professor of Humanity, Glasgow, 119.
 —— Matthew, of Hayning, 152.
 —— George, son of Matthew Ross of Hayning, 152.
 —— Annas, daughter of Dame Marion Boyll, 152.
 —— Jean, daughter of Dame Marion Boyll, 152.
 —— Isobel, spouse of James Hamilton of Peil, 13.
 —— Margaret, spouse of James Hamilton of Aikenhead, 25.
 Roule, magister Thomas, 220.
 —— Walterus de, precentor ecclesiae Glasguensis, 179.
 Rowat, Mr Alexander, minister of Calder, 32.
 Roxburgh, earl of, 50, 67.
 —— laird of, 38.
 —— Johannes de, camerarius Scotiae, 227.
 Rotheric beg de Carric, 275.
 Ruglen, decanus Christianitatis de, 288, 289.
 Russel, Henricus, 268.
 —— James, of Gartness, 44.
 —— John, Shotts, 40.
 Rutherglen, decanus de, 225.

 S. precentor ecclesiae Glasguensis, 174.
 Saint Martin Henry de, 79, 120.
 Sammale, John, 282.
 Sancti Andreae episcopus, 198.
 —— D. episcopus, 184.
 —— Da. bishop of, 88.
 —— Dd. episcopus, 191.
 —— David episcopus, 167.
 —— Jacobus episcopus, 170.
- Sancti Andreæ, Willielmus episcopus, 168, 224, 264, 265.
 —— Robertus episcopus, 231.
 —— W. archidiaconus, 175.
 —— Walterus episcopus, 282.
 Sancto Andrea, Robertus de, 233.
 —— Johannes de, 270.
 Sancto Claro, Robertus de, 166, 168. *vide Seynt Cler.*
 Sancto Martino, Henricus de, 265.
 —— Gilbertus filius Henrici de, 265.
 Sandilands, Sir, 45.
 Sangster, Mr John, minister at Blantyre, 14.
 Salsarus, magister Willielmus officialis archidiaconi, 178.
 Sarisheriensis ecclesiæ, R. decanus et capitulum, 171.
 Saunders, James, reider, 151.
 Schaw, Joneta, sponsa Willielmi Wallace de Ellirslie, 81.
 —— of Bargarran, 89.
 —— Robert, of Bargarran, 90.
 —— William, }
 —— Robert, } children of Robert Schaw
 —— James, } of Bargarran, 90.
 —— Agnes,
 —— Elspeth,
 —— Sir John, of Greenock, 98.
 —— James, of Greenock, 98.
 —— William, son of James Schaw of Greenock, 98.
 —— Jeallis, wife of James Craufurd of Flatterton, 105.
 —— abbot of Paisley, 147.
 Scheirer, Elison, spouse of John Hyndman in Lunderston, 106.
 —— Johannes, archidiaconus Rossensis, 292.
 Schorswood, Georgius de, rector de Cultyr, 170, 171.
 Scot, 156.
 —— Alexander, clerk register, 93.
 —— Janet, relict of Mr James Corbet of Towcarse, 31.
 —— Johannes, 250, 251, 252.
 —— Robertus, 251.
 Scorm (Forman?), Robertus, canonicus Glasguensis, 238, 240.
 Scougal, Helen, 78.

INDEX II.

- Seatoun, lady Margaret, 74, *vide* Setoun.
 Seierus de Quinci, 220.
 Selkirk, earl of, 65.
 ——— William, earl of, 61.
 ——— Charles, earl of, 61, 63.
 Semple, Sempill, Sympill.
 ——— lord, 9, 11, 72, 106, 107, 141, 144.
 ——— Hew, lord, 107.
 ——— Gulielmus dominus, 107.
 ——— John, lord of Elzotston, sheriff of Renfrew, 244.
 ——— Johannes dominus, 285, 291, 203, 204.
 ——— William (or John), lord, 107.
 ——— Sir Bryce, of Cathcart, 72.
 ——— Gabriel, of Cathcart, 101.
 ——— Sir William, of Cathcart, 117.
 ——— Thomas, of Cathcart, 117.
 ——— Bryce, of Cathcart, 117.
 ——— William, of Cathcart, 117.
 ——— Robert, of Craigbait, 88, 124.
 ——— Gabriel, of Craigbait, 88, 124.
 ——— Katherine, sister to the laird of Craigbait, 124.
 ——— laird of Foulwood, 103.
 ——— William, of Fulwood, 103, 104.
 ——— John, of Fulwood, 103.
 ——— Robertus de Fulwood, 103, 104, 292.
 ——— Johannes, frater Roberti Sympill de Fulwood, 104.
 ——— Katherina soror Roberti Sympill de Fulwood, 104.
 ——— John, far of Fulwood, 104.
 ——— Marion, } daughters of Hew lord Anna, } Semple, 107.
 ——— Malcolmus,
 ——— Willielmus, } children of Jonet, lady
 ——— Gabriel,
 ——— Jonet,
 ——— Bessie,
 ——— Semples of Beltrees, 123.
 ——— Semple, Sir James, of Beltrees, 123.
 ——— Robert,
 ——— George,
 ——— Margaret,
 ——— Isobel,
 ——— Marion,
 ——— Geillis,
 ——— Robert, of Beltrees, 123.
 ——— Robert, vicar of Erskyn, 88.
- George, son of Robert Semple, vicar of Erskyn, 88.
 ——— Mr George, minister at Killellan, 96.
 ——— Mr George, minister at Paisley, 96.
 ——— Mr Andro, minister at Ballul, 126.
 ——— Robert, 107.
 ——— William, 107.
 ——— John, 107.
 ——— Robertus, 273.
 ——— Willielmus, 290.
 ——— dominus Thomas, 290.
 ——— dominus Johannes, 290.
 ——— Alanus de Bar, 292.
 ——— Jean, spouse of John Brisbane of Bishopton, 89.
 ——— Katherine, 118.
 ——— Jonet, 118.
 ——— William, of Bruntschiellis, 124.
 ——— Hew, } sons of William Semple of James, } Bruntschiellis, 124.
 ——— Andro, of Bruntschiellis, 124.
 ——— Marion, spouse of Robert Paterson of Craigton, 124.
 ——— James, of Mylnbank, 125.
 ——— Robert, of Mylnbank, 125.
 ——— Barbara, relict of Ezekiel Montgomery, 140.
 ——— Senescallus Scotiae, Walterus, 168.
 ——— Jacobus, 268.
 ——— Senescallus, Alexander, 165.
 ——— Senescalli, A., 166.
 ——— Seton, Alexander de, 166, 168.
 ——— Robertus de, 168.
 ——— Session, lords of, 151.
 ——— Sevilland, Hugo, 217.
 ——— Seyntcler, Robertus de, 165.
 ——— Sharp, Mr David, provost of Bothwell, 130.
 ——— Jean, spouse of Mr Robert Glen, minister at Carmunnock, 23.
 ——— Mr James, 23.
 ——— David, persone of Kilbryde, 23.
 ——— Mr Patrick, minister at Govan, 27.
 ——— Mr John, minister at Kilmany, 27.
 ——— Mr John, 27.
 ——— Shawfute, the goodwife of, 42.
 ——— Sigillo, Hugo de, clericus regis W., 206.
 ——— Silverton, Patricius, 251.
 ——— Simon archidiaconus Glasguensis, 255.
 ——— Cuthbertus, vicarius de Daliell, 45.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Simon vicarius et clericus ecclesiae Glasguensis, 186.
 — filius Bercolf, 278.
- Sinclair, Alison, relict of David Hamilton of Bothwellhauch, 39.
 — John, younger of Stevenston, 8, 47,
 — Helen, 78.
- Smalhy, Ricardus, prepositus civitatis Glasguensis, 186.
- Small, Ricardus dictus, canonicus Glasguensis, 179.
- Smith, Alanus, 242.
- Smyth, Johannes, vicarius de Campsy, 204.
- Solis, Randolphus de, 181.
- Soulis, Willielmus de, Justiciarius Laodoniae, 223.
- Sommerville, Summerville, lord, 46, 56.
 — John, eldest son of lord Somerville, 46.
 — Gilbert, lord, 56.
 — Willielmus, dominus, 170.
 — Willielmus de, 254, 255, 257.
 — Willielmus pater Willielmi de Sumerville, 254.
 — James, 36.
 — James, elder of Cambusnethan, 41.
 —, de, 46.
 — of Peil, 13.
 — Sir John, of Cambusnethan, 47.
 — James, in Overton of Cambusnethan, 59.
 — Thomas de, 56.
 — William, son and heir of Thomas de Somerville, 56.
 — James, of Drum, 47.
 — William, of Kennoch, 65.
 — William, of Corehouse, 67.
 — of Carnwath, 56.
 — of Wolfroods, 57.
 — Mr Robert, minister at Coulter, 59.
 — Gilbert, of Bockleugh, 63.
 — John, 78.
 — Agnes, spouse of Mr John Hay, parson of Renfrew, 84.
 — Margaret, 78.
- Southayx, dominus Willielmus de, rector de Kirkpatrick Croe, 223.
- Spruiles of Cowdoun, 109.
- Spruile, John, elder of Colden, 110.
 — Walter, seneschal of Malcolm earl of Lennox, 109.
 — Valterus, 117.
 — Joneta, domina, de Cathcart, 117.
- Stanford, Adam de, 161, 245.
- Stanhouse, John of, 282.
- Stanipeth, Robertus de, canonicus Glasguensis, 179.
- Stark,, of Auchinvole, 35.
 — John, of Auchinvole, 35.
 — James, fair of Auchinvole, 35.
 —, of Kidermont, (Killermont?) 85.
- Steinson, Alexander, of that ilk, 41.
 — John, eldest son of Alexander, 41.
 — John, of that ilk, 41.
- Stevenson,, younger of Cambusnethan, 48.
 — Mr John, minister of Cathcart, 118.
 — of that ilk, 137.
- Sterling, Hew, serjeant-major to colonel Crawford, 85.
- William, of Law, 85, *vide* Stirling, Striving.
- Stewart of Scotland, Walter, 11.
 — Robert the Great, 45.
 — John, earl of Carrick, afterwards king ROBERT III., 12.
 — Sir John, ancestor of the family of Bute, 29.
 — Alan, lord of Dernele, 284.
 — Robert, lord of, 284.
 — David, lord of Fynnard, 284.
 — lady Mary, eldest daughter of king James II., 76.
 —, daughter of the earl of Athole, 77.
 — Elizabeth, lady Lamington, 125.
 — Andrew, lord Avendale, 10.
 — Andreas, dominus de Uchiltie,
 — John, abbot of Kelso, 38.
 — Francis, son to John, abbot of Kelso, 38.
 — Sir Walter, of Minto, 26, 34, 150.
 — Walter, son to the laird of Minto, 15.
 — Walter, eldest son of Sir Matthew Stewart of Minto, 78.
 — Sir Matthew, of Minto, 78.
 — Archibald, of Castlemilk, 18, 80.
 — Sir William, of Castlemilk, 23, 99.

INDEX II.

- Stewart, John, oye to Archibald Stewart of
 Castlemilk, 80.
 —— Jonet, oye to Archibald Stewart of
 Castlemilk, 80.
 —— Matthew, laird of Castlemilk, 194.
 —— Andrew, third son of Sir John Stew-
 art, 29.
 —— Mr Patrick, of Balshagrie, 29.
 —— John, of Barshagrie, 29.
 —— Gavine, younger of Allantoun, 40.
 —— William, of Allantoun, 49.
 —— Sir Walter, of Allantoun, 49.
 —— Gavine, eldest son of Sir Walter
 Stewart of Allantoun, 49.
 —— Margaret, daughter of Sir Walter
 Stewart of Allantoun, 49.
 —— Allan, younger of Allantoun, 56.
 —— Sir Alexander, of Tarbolton, 76.
 —— Allan, of Cardonell, 78.
 , heiress of Cardonell, 78.
 , younger of Allantoun, 84.
 —— of Christiswoll, 41, 105.
 —— Robert, of Christiswoll, 105.
 —— James, eldest son of Robert Stewart
 of Christiswoll, 105.
 —— Alexander, second son of Robert
 Stewart of Christiswoll, 105.
 —— Sir Archibald, of Blackhall, 80, 104.
 —— Archibald, father brother to the laird
 of Blackhall, 80.
 —— James, tutor of Blackhall, 80, 81.
 —— Patrick, } brothers of James Stew-
 Archibald, } art of Blackhall, 80.
 —— James, of Blackhall, 80.
 —— Sir Michael Shaw, of Blackhall,
 111.
 —— John, of Ardgowan, 80.
 —— John, brother to Archibald Stewart
 of Ardgowan, 80.
 —— Annabell, daughter of Archibald
 Stewart of Ardgowan, 80.
 —— Archibald, of Ardgowan, 80.
 —— Thomas, ffar of Barscube, 81, 91.
 —— John, of Barscub, 90.
 —— Robert, son of John Stewart of Bars-
 cube, 90.
 —— John, younger of Barscube, 91.
 —— John, elder of Barscube 91.
 —— Robert, younger of Barscube, 91.
 —— Robert, of Barscube, 91.
 —— Stewart, Walter, brother of Robert Stewart of
 Barscube, 91.
 of Scotstoun, 86.
 Andro, of Woodside, 87.
 William, son to Andro Stewart of
 Woodside, 87.
 Thomas, of Galston, 152.
 Magister Willielmus, rector de Glas-
 furd, 203, 204.
 Alan, baillie of George abbot of Pais-
 ley, 273.
 Alexander, 284.
 Robert, servant to James archbishop
 of Glasgow, 152.
 Sir Alexander de, 46.
 Sir James, 47.
 Sir David, 47.
 Sir David, of Culness, 48.
 Alexander, 78.
 James, merchant burgess of Glas-
 gow, called of Buitt, 82.
 Francis, 88.
 John, 80.
 Matthew, 80.
 Margaret, 80.
 Agnes, spouse of John Lindsay of
 Blacksholm, 123.
 Christian, spouse of Matthew Bris-
 bane of Rosland, 90.
 Elizabeth, spouse of William Cun-
 ingham of Craigns, 101.
 Elizabeth, spouse of Gabriel Cun-
 ingham of Cairncurran, 124.
 Jonet, Lady Culyane, 108.
 Jonet, relict of Gavin Graham in
 Glasgow, 118.
 Jonet, Lady Bishoppton elder, 89.
 Margaret, spouse of William Wallace
 of Johnston, 102.
 Vide Stuart.
 Stirling, James, 55.
 Margaret, wife of Sir John Houston
 of that ilk, 100.
 Stobbou, W. de, canonicus Glasguensis, 174.
 Strabolgy, David de, comes Atholie, 212.
 Stragrif, Willielmus de, 268.
 Strabane, Claud, lord viscount of, 74.
 Strang, principal of Glasgow col-
 lege, 113.
 Strathern, earl of, 17.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Strathern, Robert, earl of, 82.
 —— Robert, earl of, Great Stewart, 114, 121.
 Strivelin, Alexander, vicecomes de, 162, 183.
 —— Johannes, vicecomes de, 164.
 —— Gilebertus de, 200, 231.
 —— Johannes de, 212.
 —— Henricus de, filius comitis David, 222.
 —— Thomas de, cancellarius, 223.
 Stuart, laird of Torrence, 9, 13.
 Stute, John, 282.
 —— William, 282.
 Swyneford, Willielmus de, clericus episcopi, 176, 210.
 Symmers, Barthilmo, in Holmeburn, Blantyre, 13.
 Symontoun, laird of, 63.
 Sympson, Mr Patrick, minister of Renfrew, 86.
 —— Mary, relict of Mr Hugh Binning, 27.
 T. decanus de Carric, 185.
 Tailzeor, James, portioner of Lunderston, 106.
 Talbot, Ricardus, 212.
 Tevidaliae, N. archidiaconus, 174, 175.
 —— Robertus, archidiaconus, 264.
 Thankard, Thomas, 264.
 Thomas Ranulphi, comes Moraviæ, 192.
 —— Londoniarum, 207.
 —— capellanus archidiaconi, 230.
 —— episcopus Aberdonensis, 249.
 Thomson, Mr Alexander, 46.
 —— Jean, Lady Cathcart, 117.
 —— Isobel, spouse to Andro Hamilton of Overton, 10.
 —— Mr William, minister at Erskine, 88.
 Thornton, Johannes, notarius, 204.
 Throsinus, 268.
 Tocca, 200, 231.
 Tokkenham, Johannes de, 198.
 Treveman, Robertus, 176.
 Turnbull, Andro, 151.
 Turnet (Turner?), Mr Patrick, parson of Dalkeith, 152.
 Tweddale, marquis of, 49.
 Twynham, Walterus, canonicus Glasguensis, 179.
 Uctred, 156.
 Uchtred filius Scot, 156.
 Uchtred filius Fergus, 200, 231.
 Ughtred, Thomas, 212.
 Uhtred filius Waldef, 156.
 Ulchil filius Alstan, 156.
 Umframville, Gillebertus de, 245.
 —— Odinelus, 181.
 —— Robertus de, 231.
 Umfridus quondam decanus de Cunningham, 185.
 Undwyn, 156.
 Uniet Albus, 231.
 Unloin (Buland?), Johannes de, 210.
 URBANUS, papa, 255, 279.
 Vallibus, Johannes de, 182.
 Valloniis, Philippus de, 161, 163, 205, 206.
 —— Philippus de, Camerarius, 183, 221.
 —— Rogerus de, 205, 206.
 Vallunis, Philippus de, 245.
 Vaux, Magister Johannes de, 263.
 Veatche, Mr David, minister at Govan, 28.
 Venator, Willielmus, 156.
 Veteri ponte, W. de, 161.
 —— Willielmus de, 183, 245.
 W. Glasguensis episcopus, Cancellarius, 166.
 W. Glasguensis episcopus, 191.
 W. decanus et capitulum ecclesiæ Glasguensis, 171.
 W. decanus ecclesiæ Glasguensis, 174.
 W. filius Alani, Senescallus, Justiciarius Scottiæ, 209.
 W. Cumyn, comes de Meneteth, 191.
 W. comes de Mar, Camerarius, 191.
 W. filius Alani, 279.
 W. de Veteri ponte, 161.
 W. archidiaconus Sancti Andreæ, 175.
 W. archidiaconus Laodonice, 167.
 W. de Cadiou, canonicus Glasguensis, 174.
 W. de Stobbou, canonicus Glasguensis, 174.
 W. de Bideford, clericus episcopi, 210.
 W. Magister de Kilkenni, 185.
 Waldef, 156.
 Waldef, frater Dalfin, 156.
 Waldevus comes, 245.
 Walensis, Helias, miles domini Duncani de Carric, 185.

INDEX II.

- Walkinshaw of that ilk, 83.
 - John, of that ilk, 83, 84.
 - James, of that ilk, 84.
 - John, of Barrowfield, 31.
 - Peter, of Bornhill, 84.
 - John, of Garturk, 84.
 - James, of Kirklie, 84.
 - William, of Scotstoun, 85.
 - James, merchant in Glasgow, 83.
 - Gavin, 84.
 - John, 89.
- Wallace, Matthew, of Dundonald, 80, 84.
 - Jonet, } daughters of Matthew Wal-
 - Agnes, } lace of Dundonald, 80.
 - John, son of Elderslie, 81.
 - Sir William, of Elderslie, 81, 141.
 - John, younger of Elderslie, 81.
 - William, younger of Elderslie, 81.
 - Helen, Lady Elderslie, 81.
 - William, of Elderslie, 81.
 - William, elder of Elderslie, 81.
 - John, ffar of Ferguslie, 81, 91.
 - Allan, son of John Wallace of Fer-
 - guslie, 81.
 - of Neilstonside, 110.
 - William, of Neilstonside, 81.
 - Hugh, of Ingliston, 81.
 - of Johnston, 96, 102.
 - William, of Johnston, 102, 113.
 - James, of Johnston, 102.
 - Robert,
 - John, } children of James Wal-
 - Elizabeth, } lace of Johnston, 102.
 - Jean,
 - Robert, of Leitchland, baillie of Paisley, 102.
 - Edward, of Shewalton, 119.
 - Duncanus dominus de Cnocfubill, 246.
 - John, baillie of Paisley, 102.
 - Robert,
 - John,
 - William, } children of John Wal-
 - Bryce, } lace, baillie of Paisley,
 - Hugh, } 102.
 - James,
 - Marion,
 - Hugh, baillie of Paisley, 102.
 - Brys, 102.
- Wallace, William, burgess of Glasgow, 110.
 - Mr Alexander, minister of Galston, 110.
 - Mr William, minister of Eastwood, 119.
 - Allan, 81.
 - Andrew, 78.
 - Bessie, wife of Thomas Cauldwell of that ilk, 110.
 - Esther, 81.
 - Hugh, 81.
 - James, 81, 82.
 - Margaret, relict of James Stewart of Blackhall, 80.
 - Thomas, 113.
 - Willielmus, 81.
 - Willielmus, 81.
- Walramus de Normanvilla, 164.
- Walter, Great Stewart of Scotland, 11, 76, 86, 87, 92, 111, 146, 192.
 - son of Alan, dapifer regis, 73, 76, 147, 183, 95, 100, 111, 112, 120, 200, 265.
 - son of Alan, Senescallus Scotiae, 73, 76, 120, 272.
 - Senescallus Scotiae, 168.
 - filius Alani, 200, 201, 280.
 - filius Alani, Senescallus, 222, 265, 278.
- Walterus Senescallus Scotiae tempore Roberi I., 224.
- cancellarius regis David I. 207.
- Walter, son of Sir Gilbert de Hamilton, 87.
- Walterus filius Gilberti, 201, 213.
- Walteri, Gilbertus, 219.
- Walterus filius Winemari, 156, 200.
 - Glasguensis episcopus, 163, 164, 166, 168, 184, 185, 229, 264, 280.
 - episcopus Sancti Andree, 282.
 - Glasguensis ecclesie decanus, 178.
 - clericus Glasguensis episcopi, 186, 230.
 - dominus, vicarius de Peblis, 210.
 - capellanus regis Willielmi, 221.
 - de Southayx, rector de Kirkpatrick Croe, 233.
- Walter, John, 282.
- Wardrop, John, of Dalbeth, 31.
- Warinus clericus episcopi, 230.

N A M E S O F P E R S O N S.

- Watson, John, 282.
 Waux, Gilliana de, 243.
 Weir, John, of Burnside, 23.
 —— Laird of Newton, 61.
 —— of Clowburn, 64.
 —— Sir George, of Blackwood, 67.
 —— Rothold de, 67.
 —— William, of Stonebyres, 67.
 —— John of Dargavel, Cambusnethan, 67.
 —— James, of Kerss, 68.
 —— John, minister of Dalserf, 7.
 —— Major, 52.
 Wenlock, Fratres de, 147.
 Werneburch, Robertus filius, 162.
 Whytfoords of that ilk, 51.
 —— Walter de, 79.
 —— bishop of Brechin, 79,
 vide Quhyifurd.
 Widdrow, Annas, relict of Mr George Cliddisdale, 9.
 —— Gavin, in Aikenhead, 133.
 Wigton, Fleming, earl of, 58, 59.
WILLIELMUS rex Scotorum, 3, 4, 54, 79, 88,
 95, 100, 111, 112, 120, 158, 161, 162,
 165, 166, 182, 183, 184, 205, 211, 220,
 221, 222, 224, 244, 245, 246, 265.
WILLIAM, king of Great Britain, 48, 61, 65.
Willielmus, nepos principis David, postea rex
 Scottorum, 156.
 —— (Walterus?), filius A. Senescalli,
 Justiciarius Scotiae, 166.
 —— cancellarius, regnante David I.,
 200, 231.
 —— filius Dunecani, 200, 231.
 —— de Lindeseria, 162.
 —— de Karleol, 185.
 —— dominus de Kirkytulach, 236.
 —— filius Maidi, 265.
 —— episcopus Glasguensis, 164, 165,
 174, 219, 221, 225, 241, 246,
 276.
 —— (Turnbull), Glasguensis episcopus,
 169, 241.
 —— ecclesiae Glasguensis, minister,
 i. e. episcopus, 175, 246.
 —— Sancti Andreas episcopus, 168,
 224, 264, 265.
 —— Dunkeldensis episcopus, 168,
 224.
- Willielmus, Orchadensis episcopus, 249.
 —— abbas et conventus de Passeleht,
 229, 278, 279.
 —— dominus, prior de Lesmahagg, 218.
 —— canonicus Glasguensis, 208.
 —— de Swyneford, clericus episcopi,
 210.
 —— capellanus regis Willielmi, 221.
 —— Wilson, Jacobus, 251.
 Wilton, Johannes de, 246.
 —— Rogerus de, 221.
 Wiltona, magister Willielmus de, 260.
 Windesour, Walterus de, 182.
 Winraham, of Wiston, 63.
 Winton, earl of, 74.
 Wintonia, magister Godefridus de, 270.
 Woddrop, Alexander, portioner of Carnynte,
 31.
- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| —— Adam, | } | children of Alexander |
| —— Agnes, | | Woddrop, portioner of |
| —— James, of Dalmar- | Carntyne, 31. | |
| —— James, younger, | nock, 31. | |
| —— John, elder, portioner of Dalmar- | nock, 31. | |
| —— Alexander, | children of John | |
| —— William, | Woddrop elder, | |
| —— Jonet, | portioner of Dal- | |
| —— Margaret, | marnock, 31. | |
| —— Mr Alexander, 31. | | |
| —— James, in Dalmar- | nock, 31. | |
| —— Walter, | | |
| —— John, | } | |
| —— Alexander, | children of James | |
| —— Margaret, | Woddrop, 31. | |
| —— Marion, | | |
| —— Jean, | | |
| —— Jonet, 34. | | |
- Wood, Margaret, spouse of Robert Cuningham of Quarrelton, 83.
 Wottenhull, Johannes de, 198.
 Wright, Dr William, 34.
 —— of Fascan, 136.
 Wylie,, in Bothwellsheills, 40.
 Wylykynsone, Johannes, 251, 252.
 Wylziam, bishop of Glasgow, 171.
 Wyshard, Johannes, archidiaconus Glasguensis, 179.

I N D E X I I.

- Yester, lord of, 49.
Yetham, Willielmus de, archidiaconus Thevi-
daliæ, 179.
Yle, Johannes de, comes Rossiæ, et dominus
Insularum, 271.
- Young, James, notary, 10.
Younger, Mr Thomas, minister at Innerkip,
104.
——— Tobias, son of Mr Thomas Young-
er, 104.

PRINTED FOR THE MAITLAND CLUB BY HUTCHISON AND BROOKMAN.

3597

<http://stores.ebay.com/Ancestry-Found>

<http://stores.ebay.com/Ancestry-Found>

<http://stores.ebay.com/Ancestry-Found>



Thank you for your order !

This media compilation, our respective advertisements and marketing materials are protected under U.S. Copyright law. The Federal Digital Millennium Copyright Act and various International Copyright laws prohibit the unauthorized duplication and reselling of this media. Infringement of any of these written or electronic intellectual property rights can result in legal action in a U.S. court.

If you believe your disc is an unauthorized copy and not sold to you by
[Rockyiguana](#) or [Ancestry Found](#) please let us know by emailing at

<mailto:dcclark4811@gmail.com>

It takes everyone's help to make the market a fair and safe place to buy and sell.