

Frost, (d) John, (e) Mattie m. Dr. Thomas Hall, (f) Melissa m. Rucker Bryant Mauldin, (g) Hester J. m. Charles Frost, and (h) Samuel Moses.

Submitted by Tim Howard

The Preston Hampton Glover Family

Most Glover researchers believe that Preston Glover was the son of Drury Glover, a Revolutionary soldier and resident of Edgefield and Abbeville Counties, S.C. Drury was born around 1740 and his wife, Mary, signed a deed with him in 1773. Drury was named as the son of William and Catherine Glover in William's will in 1782, Camden District (Old 96), S.C.

According to the census records in Georgia, Preston was born between 1775 and 1780. It is possible that Preston was named after Preston Hampton, who, along with members of his family, was massacred by Indians in S.C. in 1776.

Preston Glover first appeared in the Georgia records in 1807 and in 1814 he was on the Jackson County Militia roster of soldiers detached from the 25th regiment commanded by Lt. Col. Tandy Key for U.S. service during the War of 1812. The list included Preston, John, and Wyley Glover.

Preston married Elizabeth (?) b. ca. 1788 in Virginia. The family of Preston Glover was in Gwinnett County in the 1840 census and appearing in the 1850 Murray County census were his widow, Elizabeth, and five of their children. In 1850 Elizabeth Glover H.H. No. 528, had Eli J —, William M., Preston H., Matilda, and Elizabeth C. in her household. Her son, Jackson (John Jackson) Glover, lived in dwelling No. 529, and her son, Wiley Glover, in dwelling No. 530. At least two daughters married in Gwinnett County. Augustus L. Glover, a son and my ancestor, married in Murray County in 1848 but was in Forsyth County when the 1850 census was taken. Elizabeth recorded in the 1850 census that she owned \$1500 worth of real estate. No legal records have been found on this in Gwinnett or Murray County but it could have passed to her heirs without benefit of legal papers. She does not appear on the 1860 census and there is no record of her burial in Whitfield or Murray County, so she may have been buried in a family cemetery without a stone.

John Jackson Glover, b. ca. 1812, was probably Preston's oldest son and he seemed to be the pioneer of the family. He may have been named for John Jackson of S.C. and Wilkes Co., Ga. In theory, Elizabeth, Preston Glover's wife, was the daughter of John Jackson. In 1838 J.J. Glover served in Capt. Thomas Hamilton's company in the "military service of the United States in the gathering up and removal of the Cherokee Indians."

On 18 May 1845 he married Katharine Johnson in Murray County. On 27 May 1869 he married Permelia Jane Moore in Whitfield County. John Jackson Glover named his first son Eli J? Glover, perhaps after his brother or his uncle? (not proven) Eli Glover of Jasper Co., Ga. John J. Glover's second son was named Drury, reinforcing the theory that Drury Glover of S.C. was his paternal grandfather. John J? Glover names his third son Preston, presumably after his father. In the 1860 Murray County census, John J. and Cathren appear in the Spring Place district.

In 1862 J.J. Glover bought 160 acres, LL No. 286, 9th District, 3rd Section, Whitfield County, from J.E. Glover of Jasper Co. In 1868 he sold this land to William H. Tibbs (now the site of Tibbs Bridge across the Conasauga River). In June of 1868 he bought LL No. 294 and No. 319, 9th District, 3rd Section, Murray County, from William H. Tibbs. In 1869 he sold LL No. 294 to Samuel J. Walls. In Dec. 1871 he deeded 1 acre of LL No. 319 to the Methodist Episcopal Church and in October 1872 he sold more of LL No. 319 to Sarah Moore. Land Lot No. 319 seems to be the present location of the New Hope Baptist Church and, according to the records, this church was built on the location of an old Methodist church.

Evidently he moved to Arkansas shortly after selling this land.

Augustus (Gus) Lawrence Glover was born 13 April 1823 in Georgia (probably Gwinnett County) and died 20 Oct. 1898 in Greenbrier, Faulkner Co., Ark. He was believed to be the son of Preston H. and Elizabeth Glover (not proven) and married Evaline Bagley on 8 Mar. 1848 in Murray Co. In 1850 Augustus and Evaline appear in the Forsyth County census with a daughter, Adaline, 1 yr. old. They were in the same household as Evaline's twin sister, Adaline Bagley, who married Samuel (Sanford) Venable.

Augustus Glover appears in the Whitfield County 1860 census in the 9th district. In the 1870 census he is in the 12th district but he moved to Arkansas before the 1880 census.

This Augustus Glover should not be confused with another man of the same name who was born 24 Oct. 1813 in Jasper Co., Ga., and was the son of Eli Glover. This other Augustus died, a murder victim, on 2 Mar. 1838 near Arkansas Post, Ark. He was a fugitive from justice after killing James J. Ross on 8 Oct. 1833 in Monticello, Ga. It is possible that the two Augustuses were cousins but this has not been proven.

Evaline and Adaline Bagley, the twins, had an older sister named Agnes who married Wiley Glover (b. ca. 1822), a brother of Augustus L. Glover. Agnes and Wiley raised a large family in Murray County but he died around 1864. Agnes and her children were enumerated in Whitfield County in 1870. According to family tradition, Wiley refused to serve in the Confederate Army and was imprisoned in Charleston, S.C. When he became seriously ill, he was sent home to die.

In 1861 when the Civil War began, Augustus was approximately 38 years old. The name Gus Glover appeared on the roll in Phillip's Legion, Ga. Infantry, Co. B, but it is not known if he saw active duty with this unit. In compliance with a Ga. law passed on 14 Dec. 1863, all men not on active duty were listed. An A.L. Glover is listed in Spring Place, Ga., with his age as 50 yrs., 1 month. If this was Augustus L. Glover born in 1823, the war had aged him as rapidly as it did many other men.

Augustus lived through the Civil War in Whitfield and Murray Counties and in his old age told many stories to his grandchildren about the experience. One story related that the family had to hide in a cave during a battle or military skirmish. (John J. Glover probably lived on LL No. 319, 9th and 3rd, Murray County when they bought that land. An 1889 map of that county shows a large cave in LL No. 320, adjacent to LL No. 319, which lends credence to the story.)

In another story Augustus told of watching the Confederate Army pass by and cross a creek as he watched from his front porch. At age 92, Samuel F. Glover, my grandfather and the grandson of Augustus, still remembered the story. "The army was so large that it took them all day to march by, and by nightfall there wasn't a drop of water left in the creek." This may have been the evacuation of the Confederate Army as they retreated toward Atlanta, or it could have been the Union Army in pursuit. The event may have taken place in either Whitfield or Murray County where J.J. Glover owned land. Since A.L. Glover was listed in Spring Place, Murray County, in 1863, with his brother, it is more likely to have been in Murray County.

Inman Glover, a resident of Winder, Ga., and a grandson of Wiley Glover, remembered stories of the bushwhackers who plagued the families in Whitfield and Murray Counties during and after the Civil War.

Eli Glover, another son of Preston and Elizabeth, served in the Confederate Army and died in a hospital in Strawberry Plains, TN, on 16 July 1862.

Francis Marion Glover was born 27 Mar. 1856 in Georgia. He lived in Whitfield County until sometime after 1870 when his family joined the mass migration westward. On 4 Nov. 1877 he married Ruth C. Childers in Faulkner County, Ark., but by 1880 he appears in the Faulkner County, Ark., census with a 9-mo.-old infant as a widower. On 16 Nov. 1881, Frank married Odessa (Dessie) A. Sims of Faulkner County, Ark., and they raised a large family in that county, including their oldest son, Samuel Franklin Glover (b. 1889) who was my grandfather. Frank d. 8 Nov. 1934 in Guy, Ark. Frank and Dessie are buried in the Coppras Springs Cemetery, Guy, Ark.

In 1910 Samuel Glover married Florence L. Montgomery, the descendant of another Murray County family. Their only daughter, Imogene Glover (b. 1917), married Tom (A.T.) Swaim in 1938 and they are my parents. I moved to Atlanta, Ga., in 1971, 101 years after my Murray County ancestors left Georgia for Arkansas. Many of the Glover descendants still live in Faulkner County, Ark., and they have a reunion every June in Guy, Ark. Samuel Glover died in 1983 at the age of 94.

Submitted by Judy Swaim Kratovil, Atlanta, Ga.

The Oscar C. Goins Family

Oscar C. Goins, farmer, Spring Place, Murray Co., was born in Grainger County, Tenn., Feb. 24, 1830. In 1833 his parents moved to Hamilton County, in that state, and settled on a farm among the Cherokee Indians. There Mr. Goins resided until he was sixteen years old, and received his education in such schools as Hamilton County then offered its youth. His father died when he was eleven and the management of the farm fell to him. He moved to Chattanooga when he was sixteen and engaged as a clerk in a mercantile house where he remained for thirteen years. In 1858 he married Esther Reynolds, a daughter of Anderson Reynolds of Chattanooga. He established a grocery and supply house which he ran until the commencement of the war when he entered the Confederate

service, enlisting in Co. B, Nineteenth Tenn. regiment, Col. J.C. Cummins. He was commissioned Lieutenant and was engaged in many of the battles of the Western Campaign including the fall of Vicksburg. In the winter of 1863-64 he was ordered home due to sickness and was obliged to retire. He settled in Chattanooga where he engaged as a traveling salesman. In 1873 he settled in Murray County, Ga., near Spring Place, on the plantation formerly owned by Chief Vann. He developed this estate into a beautiful productive farm.

Excerpt from "Memoirs of Georgia" pub. 1895

The Abner Harrison Green Family

Abner Harrison Green (b. 12-24-1858 Ga., d. 12-4-1934 Ga.) came to Murray County in the early 1880's from Polk Co., Tennessee, the Cookson Creek community. He was the oldest son of George W. Green (b. 3-7-1836 N.C., d. 3-11-1917 Tenn.). George married twice, once to Martha A. Reece (b. 6-3-1836 Ga., d. 5-6-1881 Ga.) and once to Josephine Millsap. He had 11 children by each wife. Martha A. Reece Green is buried at the Hopewell Church Cemetery in the Alaculsey Valley of Murray County. Her marker was hand-made by her son, Abner Harrison "Ab" Green. George is buried in the Green family cemetery near his homeplace in the Cookson Creek community of Polk County, Tenn. His second wife is buried there also. George's father was Ansel Green (b. 1796 S.C.).

Ab Green married Alice Olella Coxey (b. 7-18-1859, d. 4-18-1933). Her parents were George A. (b. 1823 Tenn.) and Martha (b. 1826 Tenn.) Coxey, who moved to the Cookson Creek area of Polk Co. from near Knoxville, Tenn. They were already married when they moved to Cookson Creek and had seven children besides Alice Olella who was the youngest. George A. and Martha Coxey and all the other children later moved to Texas. Ab and Alice Olella meant to go but got a letter telling of the long, hard trip from her brother, so they stayed on in the Alaculsey Valley. George A. Coxey was a well educated man, a professor. Ab Green owned land lots 122, 132, 158, 159 and 196 of the 27th district, 2nd section. He also owned mineral rights to several other tracts. He and Alice Olella were the parents of 12 children. They were:

(1) John Franklin (b. 2-15-1878, d. 10-9-1968), m. Lou Ella Witzel. They were the parents of Hoyt, Nora, Hershel, Bert, Gladys, Ola Lee and Lester. They are buried at Fairy Valley.

(2) Martha (b. 11-16-1880, d. 12-29-1950), m. a Payne first, then a Pickle. Children were Annette, Ed, and Cecil Payne and Audie, Ollie, Tommy and Charlie Pickle. They are buried at Hopewell.

(3) Mary (b. 6-3-1882, d. 4-29-1967), m. John Green. Children were Luther, Marvin, Clyde, Alice, Houston, Olin, Lizzie, Sarah, Mamie and Carl. They are buried at Cookson Creek.

(4) Minerva Ella "Ellie" (b. 12-29-1884, d. 2-21-1967), did not marry. She is buried at Hopewell.

(5) Joseph Taylor (b. 12-7-1886, d. 12-31-1954), m. Sarah Eliza Harbison. Children were Estelle, Dennis, Lucille, Inez and Kenneth. They are buried at Benton.